



700+ Antonyms and Synonyms PDF

1. Word: (Mercurial) (अस्थिर)

- **Pronunciation:** mer-kyoo r-ee-uh /मर्क्युरीअल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** subject to sudden or unpredictable changes of mood or mind/animated; lively; sprightly; quick-witted
- **Synonyms:** capricious, fickle, unstable
- **Antonyms:** consistent, calm, reliable
- **Use in a Sentence:** His mercurial and inconstant temperament left him with few friends.

2. Word: (Hyped-up) (उत्तेजित)

- **Pronunciation:** hahypt-uhp
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** too excited or nervous and unable to rest or be calm.
- **Synonyms:** adrenalized, excited, intense
- **Antonyms:** calm, impassive, placid
- **Usage in a sentence:** He was hyped-up about his performance in the fest.

3. Word: (Septuagenarian) (सत्तर वर्ष की अवस्था का मनुष्य)

- **Pronunciation:** sep-choo-uh-juh-nair-ee-uhn
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** of the age of 70 years or between 70 and 80 years old.
- **Synonyms:** senior citizen, oldster, seventy something
- **Antonyms:** immature, infant, junior, juvenile
- **Usage in a sentence:** The septuagenarian grandfather had more energy than his adolescent grandson.

4. Word: (Perceived)

- **Pronunciation:** per-seev
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** to become aware of, know, or identify by means of the senses.
- **Synonyms:** discern, recognize, notice
- **Antonyms:** misunderstand, ignore, misperceive
- **Usage in a sentence:** Despite telling the truth, he was perceived as a liar

5. Word: (Viable) (व्यवहार्य)

- **Part of Speech:** adjective
- **Meaning:** capable of working successfully; feasible.
- **Pronunciation:** vahy-uh-buhl
- **Synonyms:** feasible, tenable, doable
- **Antonyms:** futile, incredible, hopeless
- **Use in a Sentence:** None of the projects shown were economically viable.

6. Word: (Grievance) (शिकायत)

- **Pronunciation:** gree-vuhns
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a wrong considered as grounds for complaint, or something believed to cause distress.
- **Synonyms:** complaint, objection, grudge
- **Antonyms:** compliment, praise, peace
- **Usage in a sentence:** Despite the meeting, the main grievance remained unaddressed.

7. Word: **(Crusade)** (धर्मयुद्ध)

- **Pronunciation:** kroo-seyd
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** any vigorous, aggressive movement for the defense or advancement of an idea, cause.
- **Synonyms:** campaign, drive, fight
- **Antonyms:** prevent, halt
- **Usage in a sentence:** The crusade for equality continues.

8. Word: **(Vulnerability)** (आलोचनीयता)

- **Pronunciation:** vuhl-ner-uh-bil-i-tee
- **Parts of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning** - the quality or state of being exposed to the possibility of being attacked or harmed, either physically or emotionally
- **Synonyms** - liability, weakness
- **Antonyms** - aid, asset, strength
- **Usage in a sentence** - The earthquake highlighted the vulnerability of elevated highways.

9. Word: **(Milieu)** (स्थिति)

- **Pronunciation:** mil-yoo
- **Parts of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning** - a person's social environment
- **Synonyms** - environment, atmosphere, setting
- **Antonyms:** no place
- **Usage in a sentence** - As the son of a legendary pianist, Henry grew up in a musical milieu.

10. Word: **(Inequity)** (असमता)

- **Pronunciation:** in-ek-wi-tee
- **Part of Speech:**
- **Meaning:** lack of equity; unfairness; favoritism or bias.
- **Synonyms:** unfairness, injustice, discrimination
- **Antonyms:** fairness, justice, impartiality
- **Usage in a sentence:** The gender-based inequity in wages is blatantly noticeable.

11. Word: **(Contention)** (विवाद)

- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-ten-shuh n/कन्टेन्शन



- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a) heated disagreement. b) an assertion, especially one maintained in an argument.
- **Synonyms:** conflict, dispute, discord
- **Antonyms:** affection, peace, friendship
- **Use in a Sentence:** There is no evidence to support her contention.

12. Word: **Stubble** (चारा) -

- **Pronunciation:** Stub-bl
- **Parts of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the cut stalks of cereal plants left sticking out of the ground after the grain is harvested -
- **Synonyms:** stalks, straw
- **Usage in a sentence:** A field of stubble.

13. Word: **Flexible** (लचीलापन)

- **Pronunciation:** flek-suh-buhl
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the quality of bending easily without breaking
- **Synonyms:** resilience, elasticity, compliance
- **Antonyms:** rigidity, inflexibility
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The **flexibility** of distance learning would be particularly suited to busy managers.

14. Word: **Reconciliatory** (संधि)

- **Pronunciation:** rek-uhn-sil-ee-uh-tawr-ee, -tohr-ee
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** to win over to friendliness; cause to become amicable
- **Synonyms:** harmonizing, placating, patching up
- **Antonyms:** alienate, antagonize, annoy
- **Usage in a sentence:** The reconciliatory hug between the brothers following their misbehaviour became the highlight of the evening.

15. Word: **Facilitation** (सुगमता)

- **Pronunciation:** fuh-sil-i-tey-shuhn
- **Parts of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the action of facilitating something
- **Synonyms:** benefit, assistance
- **Antonyms:** damage, delay
- **Usage in a sentence:** According to the contract, a mediator will facilitate the settling of our dispute.

16. Word: **Lopsided** (एकतरफा)

- **Pronunciation:** lop-sai-did
- **Parts of speech:** adjective



- **Meaning:** with one side lower or smaller than the other.
- **Synonyms:** uneven, unequal, one-sided.
- **Antonyms:** Balanced , even , straight
- **Usage in a sentence:** Not realizing the table was lopsided, the patron placed his drink on it and water went everywhere.

17. Word: **Agitation** (आंदोलन) -

- **Pronunciation:** A-je-ta-tion
- **Parts of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the arousing of public concern about an issue and pressing for action on it
- **Synonyms:** campaigning, striving
- **Antonyms:** harmony, peace
- **Usage in a sentence:** Small shopkeepers carried on a long agitation against the big department stores.

18. Word: **Notwithstanding** (बावजूद)

- **Pronunciation:** not-with-standing
- **Parts of speech:** Preposition
- **Meaning:** in spite of
- **Synonyms:** despite, regardless, nevertheless
- **Antonyms:** Besides, along, amid
- **Usage in a sentence:** Notwithstanding his injured knee, Virat became man of the match after scoring massive runs.

19. Word: **Reluctant** (अनिच्छुक)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-luhk-tuhnt
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** unwilling and hesitant; disinclined.
- **Synonyms:** unwilling, hesitant, disinclined
- **Antonyms:** eager, desirous, enthusiastic, willing
- **Usage in a Sentence:** She was reluctant to admit that she was wrong.

20. Word: **Remunerative** (लाभकारी)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-myoo-ner-uh-tiv
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. financially rewarding; lucrative.
- **Synonyms:** profitable, worthwhile
- **Antonyms:** unpaid, harmful
- **Use in a Sentence:** A doctor advised the man to seek remunerative employment.

21. Word: **Opacity** (अस्पष्टता)

- **Pronunciation:** oh-pas-i-tee
- **Parts of speech:** Noun



- **Meaning:** the quality of lacking transparency or translucence.
- **Synonyms:** Obscurity, cloudiness, opaqueness
- **Antonyms:** Transparency , clarity , clearness
- **Usage in a sentence:** During the rainstorm, condensation created the **opacity** on the front windshield making it impossible to drive safely.

22. Word: **Hesitancy** (हिचकिचाहट)

- **Pronunciation:** hez-i-tuhn-see
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the failure to do something immediately or quickly because you are nervous or not certain
- **Synonyms:** uncertain, unsure, reluctant
- **Antonyms:** certain, sure, decisive
- **Usage in a sentence:** Her **hesitancy** to become class captain hinted at her lack of confidence.

23. Word: **Precedent** (उदाहरण/ अग्रगामी)

- **Pronunciation:** pres-i-duh nt/ प्रेसिडन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. an earlier event or action that is regarded as an example or guide to be considered in subsequent similar circumstances. [Noun]
 - b. preceding in time, order, or importance. [Adjective]
- **Synonyms:** model, example, preceding
- **Antonyms:** after, following, later
- **Usage in a sentence:** The judgment on pension rights has established a **precedent**.

24. Word: **Evaluate** (मूल्यांकन करना)

- **Pronunciation:** ih-val-yoo-eyt
- **Part of Speech:** verb
- **Meaning:** to judge or calculate the quality, importance, amount, or value of something
- **Synonyms:** assess, appraise, judge
- **Antonyms:** misjudge, undervalue, reject
- **Usage in a sentence:** She had to be thoroughly **evaluated** before she could be offered the position.

25. Word: **Credential** (प्रत्यय-पत्र)

- **Pronunciation:** kri-den-shuh l
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a qualification, achievement, quality, or aspect of a person's background, especially when used to indicate their suitability for something.
- **Synonyms:** certificate, legitimation, recognition
- **Antonyms:** derecognition
- **Usage in a sentence:** The commissioner presented his **credentials** to the State Department.

26. Word: **Efficacy** (प्रभावोत्पादकता)



- **Pronunciation:** ef-i-kuh-see/एफिकैसी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the ability to produce a desired or intended result.
- **Synonyms:** effectiveness, potency
- **Antonyms:** failure, feebleness
- **Use in a Sentence:** Fortunately, the medicine had the **efficacy** to reduce the amount of pain Rashi was feeling.

27. Word: **Convalescence** (अच्छा हो जाना)

- **Pronunciation:** kon-vuh-les-uhns
- **Parts of speech:** verb
- **Meaning:** recover one's health and strength over a period of time after an illness or medical treatment -
- **Synonyms:** recuperate, improve
- **Antonyms:** break, damage
- **Usage in a sentence:** **Convalescence** is generally slow, and recovery may be imperfect.

28. Word: **Peril** (जोखिम)

- **Pronunciation:** Per-il
- **Parts of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** Serious and imminent danger
- **Synonyms:** danger, jeopardy, risk, hazard,
- **Antonyms:** safety, security, immunity
- **Usage in a sentence:** Everyone knows smoking is an act that will put your life in **peril**.

29. Word: **Idealize** (आदर्श रूप में प्रस्तुत करना)

- **Pronunciation:** ahy-dee-uh-lahyz
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** to think of or represent someone or something as better than that person or thing really is
- **Synonyms:** deify, glorify, glamourise
- **Antonyms:** denigrate, deprecate, belittle
- **Usage in a sentence:** The children used to **idealize** their grandfather and saw him as a hero.

30. Word: **Evoke** (उत्पन्न करना)

- **Pronunciation:** ih-vohk
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** bring or recall (a feeling, memory, or image) to the conscious mind.
- **Synonyms:** provoke, elicit
- **Antonyms:** suppress, halt
- **Use in a Sentence:** His appearance is bound to **evoke** sympathy.

31. Word: **Scepticism** (संदेहवाद)

- **Pronunciation:** skep-tuh-siz-um



- **Parts of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** doubt as to the truth of something.
- **Synonyms:** doubt, doubtfulness, lack of conviction.
- **Antonyms:** trust, definiteness, certitude
- **Usage in a sentence:** The forecast of a booming economy by the Agency was initially received with great **scepticism** by the government.

32. Word: Ensure (पक्का करना)

- **Pronunciation:** en-shoor, -shur
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** to make something certain to happen
- **Synonyms:** guarantee, assure, ascertain
- **Antonyms:** gamble, baffle, bewilder
- **Usage in a sentence:** The teacher carried the attendance sheet with her to **ensure** that everyone was present.

33. Word: Mandate (आदेश देना)

- **Pronunciation:** man-deyt/मैन्डेट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. an official order or commission to do something. [Noun]
 - b. give (someone) authority to act in a certain way. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** order, command, instruction
- **Antonyms:** prohibit, abolish, denial
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The organization was chosen with a mandate to reduce the size of government.

34. Word: Cite (प्रमाण देना)

- **Pronunciation:** sahyt/ साइट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. refer to (a passage, book, or author) as evidence for or justification of an argument or statement, especially in a scholarly work.
 - b. praise (someone, typically a member of the armed forces) in an official report for a courageous act.
- **Synonyms:** quote, commend
- **Antonyms:** hide, enclose
- **Use in a Sentence:** Please **cite** my gratitude to him.

35. Word: Plenary (परिपूर्ण)

- **Pronunciation:** ple-na-ry
- **Parts of speech:** adjective
- **Meaning:** attended by all members of a group
- **Synonyms:** unconditional, unlimited, unrestricted



- **Antonyms:** incomplete, restricted, partial
- **Usage in a sentence:** At the **plenary** meeting, all shareholders can vote on the proposal.

36. Word: Stringent (सख्त)

- **Pronunciation:** strin-juh nt/ स्ट्रिन्जन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** (of regulations, requirements, or conditions) strict, precise, and exacting
- **Synonyms:** harsh, rigorous, severe
- **Antonyms:** tolerant, flexible, lenient
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He failed to convene the **stringent** selection criteria.

37. Word: Reprieve (दण्डविराम)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-preev/ रिप्रीव
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. cancel or postpone the punishment of (someone, especially someone condemned to death). [Verb]
 - b. a cancellation or postponement of a punishment. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** pardon, release, respite
- **Antonyms:** punish, charge, blame
- **Usage in a sentence:** The family has won a temporary **reprieve** from eviction.

38. Word: Prosecute (मुकदमा चलाना)

- **Pronunciation:** pros-i-kyoot/ प्रासक्यूट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to institute legal proceedings against (a person)
 - b. to seek to enforce or obtain by legal process
 - c. to conduct criminal proceedings in court against
 - d. to follow up or carry forward something undertaken or begun, usually to its completion
 - e. to carry on or practice
- **Synonyms:** pursue, continue, trial, accuse
- **Antonyms:** liberate, pardon, halt
- **Usage in a sentence:** Shoplifters will be **prosecuted**.

39. Word: Avert (टालना)

- **Pronunciation:** uh-vurt
- **Parts of speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** turn away (one's eyes or thoughts)
- **Synonyms:** avoid, turn aside
- **Antonyms:** allow, assist
- **Usage in a sentence:** The government is going to decrease taxes to **avert** an economic depression.

40. Word: Concurrent (समवर्ती)



- **Pronunciation:** Cun-current
- **Part of speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** existing, happening, or done at the same time
- **Synonyms:** simultaneous, coincident
- **Antonyms:** disagreeing, divergent
- **Usage in a sentence:** Two video games were developed and released concurrent with the film.

41. Word: **Moribund** (अन्त के करीब)

- **Pronunciation:** mawr-uh-buhnd/मॉरबन्ड
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. (of a person) at the point of death.
 - b. (of a thing) in terminal decline; lacking vitality or vigour.
- **Synonyms:** dying, stagnant, weak
- **Antonyms:** alive, fresh
- **Use in a Sentence:** The region's heavy industry is still inefficient and **moribund**.

42. Word: **Solatium** (क्षतिपूर्ति राशि)

- **Pronunciation:** soh-ley-shee-uhm
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. something given in compensation for inconvenience, loss, injury, or the like; recompense.
 - b. Law. damages awarded to a plaintiff as compensation for personal suffering or grief arising from an injury.
- **Synonyms:** recompense, amends, atonement
- **Antonyms:** loss, damage, default
- **Usage in a sentence:** The government gave a **solatium** to the families affected by the wildfire.

43. Word: **Distraught** (परेशान)

- **Pronunciation:** dih-strawt/डिस्ट्रॉट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** very worried and upset.
- **Synonyms:** agitated, distressed, anxious
- **Antonyms:** calm, pleased, tranquil
- **Use in a Sentence:** My parents were terribly **distraught** at the news of my brother's accident.

44. Word: **Destitute** (विहीन)

- **Pronunciation:** des-ti-toot
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** extremely poor and lacking the means to provide for oneself
- **Synonyms:** penniless, poor, impoverished
- **Antonyms:** rich, wealthy, prosperous



- **Usage in a Sentence:** Everywhere he went, people were **destitute**, and all of those people offered him something to eat.

45. Word: Alacrity (उत्साह)

- **Pronunciation:** uh-lak-ri-tee/ अलैक्रीटी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** brisk and cheerful readiness.
- **Synonyms:** willingness, eagerness, readiness, preparedness
- **Antonyms:** laziness, reluctance, indifference, disinclination, aversion
- **Usage in a sentence:** It was an interesting challenge and I responded with **alacrity**.

46. Word: Appall (स्तंभित कर देना)

- **Pronunciation:** uh-pawl
- **Part of Speech:** Verb (transitive)
- **Meaning:** to fill or overcome with horror, consternation, or fear; dismay
- **Synonyms:** horrify, scandalize, shock, dismay
- **Antonyms:** encourage, comfort, embolden
- **Usage in a sentence:** She was **appalled** by the insolence of the student.

47. Word: Deplorable (निंदनीय)

- **Pronunciation:** dih-plawr-uh-buh / डिप्लोरबल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. deserving strong condemnation; completely unacceptable.
 - b. shockingly bad in quality.
- **Synonyms:** disgraceful, shameful, dishonourable, disreputable, discreditable
- **Antonyms:** admirable, happy, pleasing
- **Use in a Sentence:** The remark showed a **deplorable** lack of taste.

48. Word: Laggard (सुस्त व्यक्ति / निस्तेज)

- **Pronunciation:** lag-erd
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a) a person who makes slow progress and falls behind others. (Noun)
 - b) slower than desired or expected. (Adjective)
- **Synonyms:** sluggish, dawdler, lazy
- **Antonyms:** expeditious, prompt, speedy
- **Usage in a Sentence:** My manager advised me to warn the **laggard** in my team to not bring the team down with his laziness.

49. Word: Deterrence (निवारण)

- **Pronunciation:** dih-tur-uh ns/ डिटरन्स
- **Part of Speech:** Noun



- **Meaning:** the action of discouraging an action or event through instilling doubt or fear of the consequences.
- **Synonyms:** obstruction, prevention, dissuasion
- **Antonyms:** incentive, support, encouragement
- **Usage in a sentence:** The author argues that **deterrence** is no longer the best way to prevent war.

50. Word: **Culpable** (आपराधिक)

- **Pronunciation:** kuhl-puh-buhl/ कल्पबल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** deserving blame
- **Synonyms:** guilty, blameworthy, responsible, sinful
- **Antonyms:** innocent, blameless, inculpable, faultless
- **Usage in a sentence:** He's more **culpable** than the others because he's old enough to know better.

51. Word: **Vista** (पेड़ों के बीच का पथ)

- **Pronunciation:** vis-tuh
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a view or prospect, especially one seen through a long, narrow avenue or passage, as between rows of trees or houses.
 - b. a possible future action or event that you can imagine
- **Synonyms:** view, panorama, prospect
- **Antonyms:** worm's eye view, implausibility, unlikelihood
- **Usage in a sentence:** The new plan opened up new **vistas** that could be further explored or improved upon.

52. Word: **Indelible** (अमिट)

- **Pronunciation:** in-del-uh-buh l/ इन्डेलबल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. (of ink or a pen) making marks that cannot be removed.
 - b. not able to be forgotten.
- **Synonyms:** unerasable, permanent, lasting, imperishable, unforgettable
- **Antonyms:** erasable, delible, forgettable
- **Usage in a sentence:** All wars change society and hence leave an **indelible** imprint on literary culture.

53. Word: **Infirm** (कमजोर)

- **Pronunciation:** in-furm/इन्फर्म
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. ill or needing care, especially for long periods and often because of old age
 - b. not firm, solid, or strong:



- c. unsound or invalid, as an argument or a property title
- d. to invalidate (Verb)

- **Synonyms:** disabled, invalid, faulty, weak
- **Antonyms:** strong, robust, healthy
- **Usage in a sentence:** She was too elderly and **infirm** to go out of her home.

54. Word: **Edifice** (भवन(जटिल संरचना का))

- **Pronunciation:** ed-uh-fis
- **Part of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a complex system/structure.
- **Synonyms:** Building, architecture, skyscraper
- **Antonyms:** Cabin, cell, tenement
- **Usage in a sentence:** As I stared at the gigantic **edifice**, I knew I would get lost once I entered the largest mall in the country.

55. Word: **Colossal** (भारी)

- **Pronunciation:** Col-o-sal
- **Part of speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** extremely large or great
- **Synonyms:** immense, huge, gargantuan
- **Antonyms:** little, minute, minuscule
- **Usage in a sentence:** It took twelve men to carry the **colossal** pie to the pie festival.

56. Word: **Germane** (सार्थक)

- **Pronunciation:** ger-mane
- **Part of speech:** adjective
- **Meaning:** relating to a subject in an appropriate way
- **Synonyms:** appropriate, suitable, pertinent
- **Antonyms:** irrelevant, unrelatable
- **Usage in a sentence:** The councilman tried to steer the discussion back to **germane** topics that were actually on the agenda.

57. Word: **Weal** (कल्याण)

- **Pronunciation:** weel
- **Part of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** well-being, prosperity, or happiness
- **Synonyms:** welfare, prosperity, happiness
- **Antonyms:** tragedy, unhealthiness, unsoundness
- **Usage in a sentence:** The common **weal** should be the ultimate target of any democratic government.

58. Word: **Fetter** (बेड़ी, बाधा)

- **Pronunciation:** fet-er
- **Part of speech:** Noun



- **Meaning:** something that confines
- **Synonyms:** shackles, handcuffs/chains, restrain/constrain.
- **Antonyms:** free, release
- **Usage in a sentence:** The budget crisis is a **fetter** to the city's plan for repairing the highways.

59. Word: **Ameliorate** (सुधरना)

- **Pronunciation:** uh-meel-yuh-reyt
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** make (something bad or unsatisfactory) better.
- **Synonyms:** improve, better, alleviate, enhance
- **Antonyms:** aggravate, deteriorate, exacerbate, worsen
- **Usage in a Sentence:** This medicine should help **ameliorate** the pain.

60. Word: **Rationale** (कारण विवरण)

- **Pronunciation:** rash-uh-nal
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a set of reasons or a logical basis for a course of action or belief.
- **Synonyms:** justification, explanation
- **Antonyms:** discouragement
- **Use in a Sentence:** The plan was criticized for its lack of **rationale**.

61. Word: **Cower** (झुकना या पीछे हटना)

- **Pronunciation:** kou-er
- **Part of Speech:** verb
- **Meaning:** to lower your head or body in fear, often while moving backwards
- **Synonyms:** grovel, shrink, flinch
- **Antonyms:** stand tall, flourish, swagger
- **Usage in a sentence:** The dog whimpered and **cowered** when it was being scolded for tearing the leather couch.

62. Word: **Civic** (नगर-विषयक)

- **Pronunciation:** siv-ik
- **Part of Speech:** adjective
- **Meaning:** of a town or city or the people who live in it
- **Synonyms:** municipal, public, town, urban
- **Antonyms:** uncivilised, private
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **civic** body decided against dumping sewage water into the local canal.

63. Word: **Contentious** (कलहप्रिय)

- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-ten-shuh s
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. causing or likely to cause an argument; controversial.
 - b. involving heated argument.



- **Synonyms:** quarrelsome, combative, belligerent
- **Antonyms:** pacifist, friendly, amicable
- **Usage in a Sentence:** She has some **contentious** opinions on education.

64. Word: **Tantamount** (बराबर)

- **Pronunciation:** tan-tuh-mount
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
a. equivalent, as in value, force, effect, or signification
- **Synonyms:** equivalent, equal, same, identical
- **Antonyms:** diverse, different, opposite
- **Usage in a sentence:** Her refusal to answer was **tantamount** to an admission of guilt.

65. Word: **Vicious** (अनैतिक)

- **Pronunciation:** vish-uh s
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** deliberately cruel or violent/immoral
- **Synonyms:** wicked, sinful, brutal
- **Antonyms:** kind, benevolent
- **Use in a Sentence:** He suffered a **vicious** attack by a group of thieves.

66. Word: **Vitriol** (अपशब्द)

- **Pronunciation:** vi-tree-uhl
- **Part of Speech:** noun
- **Meaning:** violent hate and anger expressed through severe criticism
- **Synonyms:** vituperation, bitterness, hostility, rancor, malice
- **Antonyms:** kindness, affection, amity
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **vitriol** she spewed made it hard to believe that she was talking about her best friend.

77. Word: **Disenchantment** (निराशा)

- **Pronunciation:** dis-en-chant
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a feeling of disappointment about someone or something you previously respected or admired; disillusionment.
- **Synonyms:** disappointment, disillusionment, frustration, discontent
- **Antonyms:** lust, trust, satisfaction
- **Usage in a sentence:** This **disenchantment** reflects an unpalatable truth about their country.

78. Word: **Blue-collar** (शारीरिक परिश्रम करने वाला)

- **Pronunciation:** bloo-kol-er
- **Part of Speech:** adjective
- **Meaning:** of or relating to wage-earning workers who wear work clothes or other specialized clothing on the job, as mechanics, longshoremen, and miners. Blue-collar workers do work needing strength or physical skill rather than office work.



- **Synonyms:** manual labourer, proletarian, wage-earner
- **Antonyms:** elite, white-collar, bourgeoisie
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **blue-collar** workers' request for a better wage went unheard.

79. Word: **Rhetoric** (शब्दाडम्बर)

- **Pronunciation:** ret-er-ik
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** language designed to have a persuasive or impressive effect, but which is often regarded as lacking in sincerity or meaningful content.
- **Synonyms:** Elocution, Discourse, Bombast
- **Antonyms:** Conciseness, Quiet
- **Use in a Sentence:** As the elections are just one week away, the **rhetoric** on both parties is building.

80. Word: **Bipartisan** (द्विदलीय)

- **Pronunciation:** bahy-pahr-tuh-zuh n
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
a. representing, characterized by, or including members from two parties or factions
- **Synonyms:** two-party, double, bipartite
- **Antonyms:** partial, one-sided
- **Usage in a sentence:** The reform enjoyed **bipartisan** support in most states.

81. Word: **Avian** (पक्षी संबंधी)

- **Pronunciation:** ey-vee-uhn
- **Part of Speech:** adjective
- **Meaning:**
a. of or relating to birds
- **Synonyms:** poultry, fowl, aviary
- **Antonyms:** grounded, invertebrate
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **avian** migration in December makes the salt lakes a popular tourist attraction.

82. Word: **Epicentre** (उपरिकेंद्र)

- **Pronunciation:** ep-uh-sen-ter/ एपिसेन्टर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
a. the central point of something, typically a difficult or unpleasant situation.
b. the point on the earth's surface vertically above the focus of an earthquake.
- **Synonyms:** centre, hotbed, core, locus
- **Antonyms:** periphery, margin
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The earthquake had its **epicentre** two-hundred kilometres north-east of the capital

83. Word: **Cull** (चुनना)



- **Pronunciation:** kuhl
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to choose; select; pick (Verb)
 - b. to gather the choice things or parts from (Verb)
 - c. to kill weaker ones (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** select, pick, extract, choose
- **Antonyms:** scatter, deselect, disperse
- **Usage in a sentence:** She went to strange lands to **cull** recipes for her book.

84. Word: Vigilant (सचेत)

- **Pronunciation:** vij-uh-luh nt
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. keeping careful watch for possible danger or difficulties.
- **Synonyms:** watchful, attentive
- **Antonyms:** careless, negligent
- **Use in a Sentence:** The thief was spotted by **vigilant** neighbours.

85. Word: Biosecurity (जैव सुरक्षा)

- **Pronunciation:** bai-ow-suh-kyoo-ruh-tee
- **Part of Speech:** noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the methods that are used to stop a disease or infection from spreading from one person, animal, or place to others
- **Synonyms:** bio-safety, security
- **Antonyms:** massacre
- **Usage in a sentence:** To prevent the disease from becoming an epidemic, several **biosecurity** measures were adopted.

86. Word: Rearing (पालन-पोषण करना)

- **Pronunciation:** reeuh-ruhng
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to care for young animals or children until they are able to care for themselves
- **Synonyms:** breeding, raising, nurturing
- **Antonyms:** uncaring, debasing
- **Usage in a sentence:** Animal **rearing** is one of the primary sources of employment in the county.

87. Word: Predominant (प्रधान)

- **Pronunciation:** pri-dom-uh-nuhnt
- **Part of Speech:** adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. more noticeable or important, or larger in number, than others



- **Synonyms:** paramount, chief, principal, foremost
- **Antonyms:** minor, unimportant, insignificant
- **Usage in a sentence:** Wage inequality continues to be a **predominant** topic for discussion.

88. Word: **Captive** (नियंत्रित (एक संगठन के द्वारा))

- **Pronunciation:** cap-tive
- **Part of speech:** adjective
- **Meaning:** a person or animal whose ability to move or act freely is limited by being kept in a space; a prisoner, especially a person held by the enemy during a war
- **Synonyms:** restricted, confined, imprisoned
- **Antonyms:** free, independent, uncuffed
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **captive** was being held in a high-security prison.

89. Word: **Reassortment** (आनुवंशिक पुनर्मूल्यांकन)

- **Pronunciation:** re-uh-sawrt-muhnt
- **Part of Speech:** noun
- **Meaning:**
a. mixing of the genetic material of a species into new combinations in different individuals.
- **Synonyms:** realignment, reallocation, redistribution
- **Antonyms:** unchanged, static
- **Usage in a sentence:** The genetic **reassortment** of poultry is giving rise to a lot of unforeseen diseases among them.

90. Word: **Mutation** (परिवर्तन)

- **Pronunciation:** myoo-tey-shun
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a significant genetic change
- **Synonyms:** modification, variation, alteration
- **Antonyms:** uniformity, sameness, regularity
- **Usage in a sentence:** A **mutation** in the virus was the cause of several new cases of Measles.

91. Word: **Bolster** (सहारा)

- **Pronunciation:** bohl-ster
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** support or strengthen.
- **Synonyms:** reinforce, brace, fortify
- **Antonyms:** obstruct, weaken, hinder
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He is making a strong effort to **bolster** the territory's confidence.

92. Word: **Comorbidity** (सहसंरुग्णता)

- **Pronunciation:** kow-maw-bi-duh-tee
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
a. the fact that people who have a disease or condition also have one or more other diseases or conditions



- **Synonyms:** (of a disease) related, associated, coexisting
- **Antonyms:** autonomous, detached, independent
- **Usage in a sentence:** People with **comorbidities** have a weaker immune system due to fighting more than one disease at a time.

93. Word: **Under a cloud** (कलंकित होकर)

- **Pronunciation:** uhn-duh-a-klawd
- **Meaning:** under suspicion or discredited.
- **Synonyms:** disgraced, discredited
- **Antonyms:** honoured, respected
- **Usage in a sentence:** The butcher is **under a cloud** because the inspectors found that his scales were not honest.

94. Word: **League** (परस्पर मिले हुए)

- **Pronunciation:** leeg
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a covenant or compact made between persons, parties, states, etc., for the promotion or maintenance of common interests or for mutual assistance or service.
- **Synonyms:** association, union, alliance
- **Antonyms:** separation, expulsion, isolation
- **Usage in a sentence:** The cousins formed a **league** to help their brother get into the baseball team.

95. Word: **Mortality** (मर्त्यता)

- **Pronunciation:** mawr-tal-i-tee
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the way that people do not live for ever (death)
- **Synonyms:** death, fatality, lethality
- **Antonyms:** immortality, eternity, life
- **Usage in a sentence:** He contemplated his **mortality** after having nearly died in the accident.

96. Word: **Dire** (अत्यंत)

- **Pronunciation:** dahyuhr
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. causing or involving great fear or suffering; dreadful; terrible
 - b. indicating trouble, disaster, misfortune, or the like
- **Synonyms:** dreadful, awful, terrible
- **Antonyms:** fortunate, good, trivial
- **Usage in a sentence:** He gave a **dire** warning that an earthquake was imminent.

97. Word: **Surge** (प्रवाह के कारण आगे बढ़ना)

- **Pronunciation:** surj
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb



- **Meaning:**
 - a. a sudden powerful forward or upward movement. [Noun]
 - b. move suddenly and powerfully forward or upward. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** Rise, Gush, Overflow
- **Antonyms:** Decline, Diminish, Deteriorate
- **Use in a Sentence:** After listening to the song, she felt a **surge** of excitement.

98. Word: **Inoculate** (टीका लगाना)

- **Pronunciation:** ih-nok-yuh-leyt
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to give a weak form of a disease to a person or animal, usually by injection, as a protection against that disease
- **Synonyms:** vaccinate, immunize, inject
- **Usage in a sentence:** My children have been **inoculated** against polio.

99. Word: **Dry run** (पूर्व परीक्षण)

- **Pronunciation:** drai-run
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** an occasion when you practise a particular activity or performance:
- **Synonyms:** dymmy-run, trial, rehearsal
- **Usage in a sentence:** The drama professor was very satisfied with the **dry run**, and expected a great show the following day.

100. Word: **Dispensation** (वितरण)

- **Pronunciation:** dis-puh n-sey-shuh-n
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. exemption from a rule or usual requirement.
 - b. a political, religious, or social system prevailing at a particular time.
- **Synonyms:** liberty, distribution
- **Antonyms:** denial, limitation
- **Use in Sentence:** They saw signs of new **dispensation** everywhere.

101. Word: **Reconciliation** (मिलान)

- **Pronunciation:** rek-uh n-sil-ee-ey-shuh-n
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the restoration of friendly relations.
- **Synonyms:** reunion, accord, compromise
- **Antonyms:** conflict, breakup, feud, estrangement
- **Usage in a sentence:** There was little hope of **reconciliation** between the two groups.

102. Word: **Feud** (कलह)

- **Pronunciation:** fyood
- **Part of speech:** noun



- **Meaning:** a state of long-standing mutual hostility
- **Synonyms:** quarrel, squabble, dispute, conflict, hostility
- **Antonyms:** agreement, friendship, accord, harmony, comradeship
- **Usage in a sentence:** My grandfather once had a **feud** with the mayor of his city and they settled it with a duel.

103. Word: Impose (लागू देना)

- **Pronunciation:** im-pohz
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. force (an unwelcome decision or ruling) on someone.
 - b. take advantage of someone by demanding their attention or commitment.
- **Synonyms:** enforce, inflict, levy
- **Antonyms:** agreeable, coax
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The court can **impose** a fine or a prison sentence.

104. Word: Sever (विच्छेद कर लेना)

- **Pronunciation:** sev-er
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to separate (a part) from the whole, as by cutting or the like.
 - b. to divide into parts, especially forcibly; cleave.
 - c. to break off or dissolve (ties, relations, etc.).
 - d. Law. to divide into parts; disunite (an estate, titles of a statute, etc.).
 - e. to distinguish; discriminate between.
- **Synonyms:** separate, rupture, split, disunite, detach
- **Antonyms:** attach, unite, conjoin
- **Usage in a sentence:** The dispute led to the sisters **severing** all ties with one another.

105. Word: Concession (रियायत में दी गई वस्तु)

- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-sesh-uh-n
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a thing that is granted, especially in response to demands
- **Synonyms:** allowance, grant, privilege, permission, exemption
- **Antonyms:** denial, difference, fighting, protest
- **Usage in a Sentence:** As a **concession** to her inexperience they allowed her to have some help.

106. Word: Rift (मनमुटाव/ फाड़ना)

- **Pronunciation:** rift
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a crack, split, or break in something. [Noun]
 - b. a serious break in friendly relations. [Noun]
 - c. form fissures or breaks, especially through large-scale faulting; move apart. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** split, break, rupture, breach



- **Antonyms:** closure, blend
- **Usage in a sentence:** Efforts to heal the **rift** between the two countries have failed.

107. Word: Scuttle (बिगाड़ना/तीव्र गति)

- **Pronunciation:** skuht-l
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. run hurriedly or furtively with short quick steps. [Verb]
 - b. to abandon, withdraw from, or cause to be abandoned or destroyed (as plans, hopes, rumors, etc.). [Verb]
 - c. a metal container with a handle used to fetch and store coal for a domestic fire. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** dash, scurry, scamper, hasten, wreck
- **Antonyms:** decelerate, dawdle, linger, creep
- **Use in a Sentence:** **Scuttling** the peace process will do neither country any good.

108. Word: Reel under (भार तले दबना)

- **Pronunciation:** reel uhn-der
- **Meaning:** to suffer because of a burden/to stagger under the weight of something
- **Synonyms:** stagger under, suffer, keel
- **Antonyms:** stabilize, steady, comforting
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Gary **reeled under** the responsibilities he had been given.

109. Word: Ill-thought-out (बिना अधिक सोच समझकर)

- **Pronunciation:** il-thawt-out
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. not carefully considered and planned.
- **Synonyms:** absurd, cockamamie, impractical, foolhardy
- **Antonyms:** accountable, practical, responsible
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **ill-thought-out** planning resulted in the teacher losing control of her students on the field trip.

110. Word: Coercion (ज़बरदस्ती)

- **Pronunciation:** koh-ur-shun
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the action or practice of persuading someone to do something by using force or threats.
- **Synonyms:** force, compulsion, constraint, duress, oppression
- **Antonyms:** liberty, option, choice
- **Usage in a sentence:** The restaurant owner said that it wasn't slavery by the little boy because no **coercion** was used.

111. Word: Interim (मध्यकाल/अंतरिम)

- **Pronunciation:** in-ter-uh m
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun



- **Meaning:**
 - a. in or for the intervening
 - b. the intervening time. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** meanwhile, cessation
- **Antonyms:** perpetual, everlasting
- **Usage in a Sentence:** During the **interim** period, air quality has deteriorated.

112. Word: Contestation (प्रतिवाद)

- **Pronunciation:** kon-te-stey-shuhn
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the act of contesting; controversy; dispute
 - b. an assertion contended for
- **Synonyms:** argument, controversy, disputation
- **Antonyms:** acquiesce, peace, harmony
- **Usage in a sentence:** There is still considerable **contestation** over various mining projects.

113. Word: Laudable (प्रशंसनीय)

- **Pronunciation:** law-duh-buh l
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** deserving praise and commendation.
- **Synonyms:** praiseworthy, commendable, admirable
- **Antonyms:** disgraceful, outrageous, undeserving
- **Use in a Sentence:** My father's work for charity is highly **laudable**.

114. Word: Assuage (शांत करना)

- **Pronunciation:** as-suage
- **Part of speech:** noun
- **Meaning:** to provide relief; causing to feel better
- **Synonyms:** relieve, ease, alleviate, soothe, mitigate
- **Antonyms:** intensify, aggravate, agitate
- **Usage in a sentence:** In an effort to **assuage** angry customers, the store issued everyone a full refund.

115. Word: Spearheading (नेतृत्व करना)

- **Pronunciation:** speer-hed-ing
- **Part of speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** leading something such as an attack or a course of action
- **Synonyms:** pioneering, groundbreaking, avante-garde
- **Antonyms:** following, pursuing, tracing
- **Usage in a sentence:** Former UN Secretary-general praised the Prime Minister for **spearheading** many global initiatives.

116. Word: Traverse (आरपार)

- **Pronunciation:** trav-ers/ truh-vurs



- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to move or travel through an area
- **Synonyms:** cross, span, wander
- **Antonyms:** dwell, stay, stop
- **Usage in a sentence:** Having **traversed** the garden, the toddler decided it had fallen in love with it.

117. Word: **Adjudicative** (निर्णय करना)

- **Pronunciation:** uh-joo-di-keyt-iv
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the function of legally settling disputes
- **Synonyms:** conciliating, judging, arbitrating
- **Antonyms:** inciting, challenging, aggravating
- **Usage in a sentence:** The jury was made aware of their **adjudicative** responsibilities before they were let into the court.

118. Word: **Sanguine** (विश्वासपूर्ण)

- **Pronunciation:** sang-gwin
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** optimistic or positive, especially in an apparently bad or difficult situation.
- **Synonyms:** hopeful, confident, optimistic
- **Antonyms:** pessimistic, unhappy, hopeless
- **Usage in Sentence:** The man tends to take a **sanguine** view of the problems involved.

119. Word: **Zeal** (उत्साह)

- **Pronunciation:** zeel
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a lot of energy, effort, and enthusiasm
- **Synonyms:** enthusiasm, eagerness, passion
- **Antonyms:** Laziness, indifference, neglect
- **Usage in a sentence** - Ramya's **zeal** made her stand above all the other candidates during the interview process.

120. Word: **Ample** (यथेष्ट)

- **Pronunciation:** am-puhl
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. enough or more than enough; plentiful.
 - b. large and accommodating.
- **Synonyms:** large, abundant, plentiful, extensive, substantial
- **Antonyms:** limited, insufficient, little, meagre
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The police found **ample** evidence of wrongdoing.



121. Word: Streamline (सरल बनाना)

- **Pronunciation:** streem-lahyn
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. make (an organization or system) more efficient and effective by employing faster or simpler working methods. [Verb]
 - b. a line along which the flow of a moving fluid is least turbulent. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** rationalisation, simplify, order
- **Antonyms:** complexify, entangle
- **Usage in a Sentence:** They're making efforts to **streamline** their normally cumbersome bureaucracy.

122. Word: Designate (प्राधिकृत करना)

- **Pronunciation:** dez-ig-neyt
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** appoint (someone) to a specified office or post.
- **Synonyms:** appoint, nominate, depute
- **Antonyms:** dethrone, displace
- **Usage in a sentence:** The directive requires member states to **designate** sites of special scientific interest.

123. Word: Extortion (धमकी देकर मांगना)

- **Pronunciation:** ik-stawr-shuhn
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. oppressive or illegal exaction, as of excessive price or interest
 - b. the crime of obtaining money or some other thing of value by the abuse of one's office or authority
- **Synonyms:** blackmail, coercion, force
- **Antonyms:** reparation
- **Usage in a sentence:** He was found guilty of **extortion**.

124. Word: Trafficking (गैरकानूनी व्यापार करना)

- **Pronunciation:** traf-ik-ing
- **Part of Speech:** Noun/Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the act of buying or selling goods illegally: arms/drug trafficking (noun)
 - b. the act of buying or selling people, or of making money from work they are forced to do, such as sex work (noun)
 - c. (of vehicles or persons) to move over or through (a place) (verb)
 - d. to trade or deal in (a commodity or service) (verb)
- **Synonyms:** smuggling, contraband, trading
- **Antonyms:** legal, legitimate, fair



- **Usage in a sentence:** There has been a long-standing **trafficking** in illegal drugs across the border.

125. Word: Loopholes (बचाव का रास्ता)

- **Pronunciation:** loop-hohl
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** an ambiguity or inadequacy in the law or a set of rules.
- **Synonyms:** alternatives, escape, way out, flaw
- **Antonyms:** accurate, perfect, flawless, foolproof
- **Use in a Sentence:** They removed the **loopholes** in the required acts

126. Word: Safe Haven (आश्रय)

- **Pronunciation:** seyf hey-vuh n
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a place where you are protected from harm or danger
- **Synonyms:** sanctuary, harbor, refuge
- **Antonyms:** hazard, risk, danger
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The river banks are a **safe haven** for wildlife.

127. Word: Affinity (आकर्षण)

- **Pronunciation:** uh-fin-i-tee
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a natural liking for and understanding of someone or something.
- **Synonyms:** sympathy, attraction, rapport, similarity
- **Antonyms:** dislike, dissimilarity, distaste
- **Usage in a sentence:** A house design should have some **affinity** to the surrounding architecture.

128. Word: Import (महत्व/आयात सामग्री)

- **Pronunciation:** im-pawrt, -pohrt
- **Part of Speech:** Noun/Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to bring in (merchandise, commodities, workers, etc.) from a foreign country for use, sale, processing, reexport, or services.
 - b. to bring or introduce from one use, connection, or relation into another.
 - c. to convey as meaning or implication; signify:
- **Synonyms:** significance, connotation, implication, trade
- **Antonyms:** export, insignificance, irrelevance
- **Usage in a sentence:** It took him a while to fully understand the **import** of the decision.

129. Word: Impending (आसन्न)

- **Pronunciation:** im-pen-ding
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** about to happen.
- **Synonyms:** imminent, approaching, forthcoming, looming
- **Antonyms:** distant, afar, improbable, unlikely, doubtful



- **Usage in a sentence:** Scientists rely on the satellite signals for hints of **impending** earthquakes and volcanic eruptions.

130. Word: Walk the talk (कार्य करके दिखाना)

- **Pronunciation:** wawk-thuh-tawk
- **Meaning:**
 - a. To do what one said one could do, or would do; not just making empty promises.
- **Synonyms:** lead by example, exemplary, role model
- **Antonyms:** empty vessel makes much noise
- **Usage in a sentence:** It remains to see whether he simply preaches or if he actually **walks the talk**.

131. Word: Vigilante (निगरानी समिति सदस्य)

- **Pronunciation:** vij-uh-lan-tee
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a member of a self-appointed group of citizens who undertake law enforcement in their community without legal authority, typically because the legal agencies are thought to be inadequate.
- **Synonyms:** guard, watchmen, avenger
- **Antonyms:** endangerer, assailer, ransomer
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The growth of such **vigilante** gangs has worried community leaders, police and politicians.

132. Word: Unambiguous (अमिश्रित)

- **Pronunciation:** uhn-am-big-yoo-uh s
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** not open to more than one interpretation.
- **Synonyms:** clear, explicit, unmistakable, obvious, distinct, definite
- **Antonyms:** ambiguous, dubious, indefinite, obscure
- **Usage in a sentence:** He tended toward literal interpretations and preferred **unambiguous** answers.

133. Word: Primacy (प्रधानता)

- **Pronunciation:** prahy-muh-see
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the state of being important or most important
- **Synonyms:** priority, supremacy, precedence, superiority
- **Antonyms:** inferiority, minority
- **Usage in a sentence:** **Primacy** to a part reduces flexibility for the whole.

134. Word: Autonomy (स्वराज्य)

- **Pronunciation:** aw-ton-uh-mee
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the right or condition of self-government.



- **Synonyms:** freedom, self-government, independence
- **Antonym:** dependence, captivity, subjugation
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Branch managers have full **autonomy** in their own areas.

135. Word: Ordinance (अध्यादेश)

- **Pronunciation:** awr-dn-uhns
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. an authoritative order.
 - b. a religious rite.
- **Synonyms:** order, decree, law, regulation, statute
- **Antonyms:** judgement call, individualism, personal choice
- **Usage in a Sentence:** A local **ordinance** forbids all street parking during snowstorms.

136. Word: Reckless (लापरवाह)

- **Pronunciation:** rek-lis
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. doing something dangerous and not worrying about the risks and the possible results
 - b. taking risks and not caring about the possible dangers
- **Synonyms:** rash, careless, thoughtless
- **Antonyms:** prudent, cautious, careful
- **Usage in a sentence:** They made increasingly **reckless** investments.

137. Word: Communitarian (सम्मिलित अधिकार)

- **Pronunciation:** cuh-myoo-ni-tair-ee-uhn
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. of or relating to social organization in small cooperative partially collectivist communities
- **Synonyms:** collective, coadjutant, community-centred, communal
- **Antonyms:** at-odds, contrarian, incompatible
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **communitarian** outlook of the newly formed cabinet is expected to facilitate the rise of socialism in the country.

138. Word: Draconian (कठोर)

- **Pronunciation:** drey-koh-nee-uh n
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** (of laws or their application) excessively harsh and severe.
- **Synonyms:** severe, harsh, strict
- **Antonyms:** mild, lenient
- **Usage in a sentence:** He criticized the **draconian** measures taken by the police in controlling the demonstrators.

139. Word: Meddle (दखल देना)

- **Pronunciation:** med-l



- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** interfere in something that is not one's concern.
- **Synonyms:** obtrude, hinder, interrupt
- **Antonyms:** ignore, avoid, neglect
- **Usage in a Sentence:** She had no right to **meddle** in somebody's affairs.

140. Word: Bulwark (बांध, रक्षण-साधन)

- **Pronunciation:** bool-werk
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. something that protects you from dangerous or unpleasant situations (Noun)
 - b. to fortify or protect with a bulwark(barrier) (Verb)
 - c. any person or thing giving strong support or encouragement in time of need, danger, or doubt (Noun)
 - d. a wall of earth or other material built for defense (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** wall, rampart, dike, barrier
- **Antonyms:** fragility, massacre, expose
- **Usage in a sentence:** My savings were to be a **bulwark** against unemployment.

141. Word: Delegation (प्रत्यायोजन, प्रतिनिधि मंडल)

- **Pronunciation:** del-i-gey-shuhn
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a body of delegates or representatives; a deputation.
 - b. the action or process of delegating or being delegated.
- **Synonyms:** deputation, commission mission, assignment
- **Antonyms:** retention, discharge, acquisition
- **Usage in a sentence:** He's been chosen to lead the **delegation** to the conference.

142. Word: Regime (शासन)

- **Pronunciation:** ruh-zheem
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a government, especially an authoritarian one
 - b. a system or ordered way of doing things.
- **Synonyms:** administration, jurisdiction
- **Antonyms:** disorder, confusion
- **Use in a Sentence:** The **regime** got rid of most of its opponents.

143. Word: Pilot (चालक/मार्गदर्शन करना/प्राथमिक)

- **Pronunciation:** pahy-luht
- **Part of Speech:** Noun/Verb/Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to steer. (verb)



- b. to lead, guide, or conduct, as through unknown places, intricate affairs, etc. (verb)
- c. a person duly qualified to steer ships into or out of a harbor or through certain difficult waters. (noun)
- d. Aeronautics. a person duly qualified to operate an airplane, balloon, or other aircraft. (noun)
- e. serving as an experimental or trial undertaking prior to full-scale operation or use (adjective)

- **Synonyms:** navigate, steer, conduct, experimental, lead
- **Antonyms:** underdog, follower, chase
- **Usage in a sentence:** It was difficult, but he managed to **pilot** his team out of the intricate situation.

144. Word: Stakeholder (हिस्सेदार)

- **Pronunciation:** steyk-hohl-der
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the holder of the stakes of a wager.
 - b. a person or group that has an investment, share, or interest in something, as a business or industry.
 - c. Law. a person holding money or property to which two or more persons make rival claims.
- **Synonyms:** stockholder, shareholder, discussant
- **Antonyms:** intermediary, middleman, arbitrator
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **stakeholders** withdrew their shares before the company filed for bankruptcy.

145. Word: Wary (एहतियाती)

- **Pronunciation:** wair-ee
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** feeling or showing caution about possible dangers or problems.
- **Synonyms:** cautious, careful, vigilant
- **Antonyms:** naive, reckless
- **Usage in a sentence:** All authors need to be **wary** of inadvertent copying of other people's ideas.

146. Word: Ceasefire (युद्धविराम)

- **Pronunciation:** sees-fahyuh r
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a temporary suspension of fighting.
- **Synonyms:** truce, armistice, peace
- **Antonyms:** struggle, war, conflict
- **Usage in a sentence:** Federal leaders continued their efforts to secure a **ceasefire**.

147. Word: Allay (कम कर देना)

- **Pronunciation:** uh-ley
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. diminish or put at rest (fear, suspicion, or worry).
 - b. relieve or alleviate (pain or hunger).



- **Synonyms:** reduce, decrease, alleviate
- **Antonyms:** provoke, intensify, aggravate
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The government is enthusiastic to **allay** the public's fears.

148. Word: **Cosy** (आरामदेह)

- **Pronunciation:** koh-zee
- **Part of Speech:** Noun/ Verb/ Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. snugly warm and comfortable (adjective)
 - b. convenient or beneficial, usually as a result of dishonesty or connivance (adjective)
 - c. suggesting opportunistic or conspiratorial intimacy (adjective)
 - d. discreetly reticent or noncommittal (adjective)
 - e. a padded covering for a teapot, chocolate pot, etc., to retain the heat (noun)
 - f. to make more cozy (often followed by up) (verb)
- **Synonyms:** comfortable, snug, warm, convenient, intimate
- **Antonyms:** agitating, uncomfortable, dreary, gloomy, grouchy
- **Usage in a sentence:** The siblings were being conspiratorily **cosy** before playing the prank on their mother.

149. Word: **Fungibility** (प्रतिमोच्य)

- **Pronunciation:** fuhn-juh-buhl-ity
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. (especially of goods) Possessing the property of being freely exchangeable or replaceable, in whole or in part, for another of like nature or kind.
- **Synonyms:** substitutability, interchangeability, exchangeability
- **Antonyms:** inconvertibility, unexchangeability
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **fungibility** of the vegetables allow for them to be consumed without having to worry about additional calories.

150. Word: **Consulate** (वाणिज्य दूतावास)

- **Pronunciation:** kon-suh-lit
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the building in which a consul's duties are carried out.
 - b. the office or position of a consul.
- **Synonyms:** embassy, presidency, chancellery, administration
- **Usage in a sentence:** Russia retaliated by closing the U.S. **consulate** in St. Petersburg.

151. Word: **Prowess** (कौशल)

- **Pronunciation:** prou-is
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. skill or expertise in a particular activity or field.
 - b. bravery in battle.



- **Synonyms:** courage, valour, heroism, bravery, skill
- **Antonyms:** weakness, inability, cowardice, failure
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He was famous for his **prowess** as an athlete.

152. Word: **Disseminate** (प्रसारित करना)

- **Pronunciation:** Dis-semi-nate
- **Part of speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** spread (something, especially information) widely
- **Synonyms:** advertise, publish
- **Antonyms:** conceal, collect
- **Usage in a sentence:** These days news is **disseminated** through not just traditional media like the newspaper, but also through the social media channels, including Facebook and Twitter.

153. Word: **Tranche** (भाग)

- **Pronunciation:** trahnch
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a portion of something, especially money
- **Synonyms:** portion, share, chunk
- **Antonyms:** whole, complete, total
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The first **tranche** of \$500 million was disbursed last month.

154. Word: **Sanitation** (स्वच्छता)

- **Pronunciation:** san-i-tey-shuhn
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the systems for taking dirty water and other waste products away from buildings in order to protect people's health
 - b. the system used to keep healthy standards in a place where people live, esp. by removing waste products and garbage safely
- **Synonyms:** hygiene, cleanliness, sewerage, salubrity
- **Antonyms:** pollution, filth, unhygienic
- **Usage in a sentence:** For an ancient civilization, the Roman cities boasted of excellent **sanitation**.

155. Word: **Lag** (अंतराल, पिछ)

- **Pronunciation:** lag
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. fail to keep up with another or others in movement or development. (Verb)
 - b. a period of time between one event and another. (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** linger, delay, trail, loiter
- **Antonyms:** hasten, rush, bustle, bolt, hustle
- **Usage in a Sentence:** We're now in the **lag** end of the project.

156. Word: **Upheaval** (कायापलट)



- **Pronunciation:** uhp-hee-vuhl
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
a. a violent or sudden change or disruption to something.
- **Synonyms:** upset, disturbance, trouble, turbulence
- **Antonyms:** consonance, peace, harmony, calm
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The company underwent a massive **upheaval** after the takeover.

157. Word: **Licensure** (अधिकार प्राप्ति)

- **Pronunciation:** lahy-suhn-sheer, -shoor
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
a. the granting of licenses, especially to engage in professional practice.
- **Synonyms:** authorisation, permission, clearance
- **Antonyms:** sanction, embargo, censure, ban, prohibition
- **Usage in a sentence:** The company needed to be **licensed** before it could start hiring officials.

158. Word: **Sagacity** (विलक्षणता)

- **Pronunciation:** suh-gas-i-tee
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
a. the quality of having or showing understanding and the ability to make good judgments
- **Synonyms:** judiciousness, intelligence, shrewdness, discernment, wisdom
- **Antonyms:** foolishness, silliness, ignorance, stupidity
- **Usage in a sentence:** Despite having differences of opinion, the team was saved by the **sagacity** of its leader.

159. Word: **Monger** (विक्रेयी)

- **Pronunciation:** muhng-ger
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
a. a person who is involved with something in a petty or contemptible way (usually used in combination). [Noun]
b. a dealer in or trader of a commodity (usually used in combination) [Noun]
b. to sell; hawk. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** trader, dealer, merchant
- **Antonyms:** customer, payer, buyer
- **Usage in a Sentence:** **Warmongers** are contemptible insofar as they do not take into account the toll wars take on lives and property.

160. Word: **Percolate** (रिसना)

- **Pronunciation:** pur-kuh-leyt
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**



(of a liquid or gas) filter gradually through a porous surface or substance.

- **Synonyms:** permeate, leach, seep, strain, trickle
- **Antonyms:** flood, pour, gush, surge
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Rumors **percolated** throughout the town.

161. Word: Unencumbered (भारमुक्त)

- **Pronunciation:** uhn-en-kuhm-berd
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. not impeded, slowed down, or retarded; free to move, advance, or go forward.
 - b. having few or no burdens or obligations.
 - c. not burdened or weighed down, as with bulky or heavy objects.
- **Synonyms:** unimpeded, unobstructed, unhindered
- **Antonyms:** encumbered, burdened, constrained
- **Usage in a sentence:** The poison ivy was allowed to grow **unencumbered**.

162. Word: Entity (तत्त्व)

- **Pronunciation:** en-ti-tee
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a thing with distinct and independent existence.
 - b. existence; being.
- **Synonyms:** being, body, unit, individual, creature
- **Antonyms:** abstract, concept, idea
- **Usage in a sentence:** One division of the company has broken off as a separate **entity**.

163. Word: Sustainable (कायम रहने वाला)

- **Pronunciation:** suh-stey-nuh-buh l
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. able to be maintained at a certain rate or level.
 - b. able to be upheld or defended.
- **Synonyms:** enduring, tenable
- **Antonyms:** unstable, unbearable
- **Usage in a Sentence:** **Sustainable** development implies a long-term perspective.

164. Word: Ambit (क्षेत्र)

- **Pronunciation:** am-bit
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the scope, extent, or bounds of something.
- **Synonyms:** Range, Scope, Periphery, Orbit
- **Antonyms:** Center, Forefront, Area
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The new topics fell within the **ambit** of the syllabus.

165. Word: Repercussions (प्रतिक्रिया)



- **Pronunciation:** ree-per-kuhsh-uh n
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. an unintended consequence of an event or action, especially an unwelcome one.
 - b. the recoil of something after impact.
- **Synonyms:** effect, outcome, by-product
- **Antonyms:** causes
- **Usage in Sentence:** There were serious **repercussions** of his digressions on his career.

166. Word: **Revive** (पुनः प्रचलित करना)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-vahyv
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. restore to life or consciousness.
 - b. give new strength or energy to.
- **Synonyms:** renew, refresh
- **Antonyms:** destroy, abolish
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Now, the economy is starting to **revive**.

167. Word: **Taper** (शंकु)

- **Pronunciation:** tey-per
- **Part of speech:** Verb/ Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. diminish or reduce in thickness towards one end (Verb)
 - b. a slender candle (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** lessen, subside
- **Antonyms:** enlarge, extend
- **Usage in a sentence:** The more I sketched my drawing, the more my pencil began to **taper**.

168. Word: **Systemic** (सर्वांगी)

- **Pronunciation:** si-stem-ik
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. of or relating to a system, especially when affecting the entirety of a thing
 - b. relating to or noting a policy, practice, or set of beliefs that has been established as normative or customary throughout a political, social, or economic system: systemic inequality; systemic racism.
 - c. Physiology, Pathology: relating to or affecting the body as a whole.
 - d. (of a pesticide) absorbed and circulated by a plant or other organism so as to be lethal to pests that feed on it.
- **Synonyms:** routine, persistent, consistent
- **Antonyms:** isolated, local
- **Usage in a sentence:** The problem of **systemic** violence against women should be dealt with immediately and with an iron fist.



169. Word: Incentive (प्रोत्साहन)

- **Pronunciation:** in-sen-tiv
- **Part of Speech:** Noun/ Adjective
- **Meaning**
 - a. a thing that motivates or encourages someone to do something (Noun)
 - b. inciting, as to action; stimulating; provocative. (Adjective)
- **Synonyms:** encouragement, motivation, stimulant, provocative
- **Antonyms:** discouragement, hindrance
- **Usage in a sentence:** Many studios are coming here to make movies because of the large tax **incentive** that is being offered by the state.

170. Word: Inherent (अंतर्निहित)

- **Pronunciation:** in-heer-uhnt
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** existing in something as a permanent, essential, or characteristic attribute.
- **Synonyms:** innate, intrinsic, natural, inborn, ingrained
- **Antonyms:** acquired, extrinsic, external, accidental
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The system is rife with many **inherent** problems, which have long been ignored.

171. Word: Sedition (राजद्रोह)

- **Pronunciation:** si-dish-uhn
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** conduct or speech inciting people to rebel against the authority of a state or monarch.
- **Synonyms:** insurrection, mutiny, treason, revolt, rebellion
- **Antonyms:** loyalty, allegiance, obedience, submission
- **Usage in a sentence:** The leaders of the group have been arrested and charged with **sedition**.

172. Word: Insinuate (संकेत करना)

- **Pronunciation:** in-sin-yoo-eyt
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** to suggest, without being direct, that something unpleasant is true
- **Synonyms:** imply, hint, indicate, adumbrate
- **Antonyms:** conceal, hide, withhold
- **Usage in a sentence:** To **insinuate** that he is a thief is doing a great injustice against him.

173. Word: Infiltrate (घुसपैठ करना)

- **Pronunciation:** in-fil-treyt
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** enter or gain access to (an organization, place, etc.) surreptitiously and gradually, especially in order to acquire secret information.
- **Synonyms:** penetrate, permeate, enter, insinuate, pervade
- **Antonyms:** seal, stamp, block
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Attempts to **infiltrate** undercover agents into the gang have failed.



174. Word: Foreclose (कब्ज़ा करना/रोकना)

- **Pronunciation:** fawr-klohzh
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. take possession of a mortgaged property when the mortgagor fails to keep up their mortgage payments.
 - b. rule out or prevent (a course of action).
- **Synonyms:** preclude, seize, rule out, prevent, exclude
- **Antonyms:** cooperate, devote, empower
- **Usage in a Sentence:** They tried to **foreclose** the possibility of his meeting with the chairman.

175. Word: Proffer (निवेदन करना)

- **Pronunciation:** prof-er
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. hold out or put forward (something) to someone for acceptance.
 - b. an offer or proposal.
- **Synonyms:** offer, tender, present, propose
- **Antonyms:** discourage, dissuade, withdraw
- **Usage in a sentence:** He **proffered** advice on how best to proceed.

176. Word: Dissenter (विरोधी)

- **Pronunciation:** dih-sen-ter
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a person who disagrees in matters of opinion, belief, etc.
- **Synonyms:** Nonconformist, Protestant, freethinker, rebel
- **Antonyms:** believer, conformer
- **Use in a Sentence:** At the conference table, everyone agreed to the terms of the deal except the **dissenter** who absolutely refused to sign the document.

177. Word: Federalism (संघवाद)

- **Pronunciation:** fed-er-uh-liz-uhm
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the system of giving power to a central authority
- **Synonyms:** socialism, feudality, communism
- **Antonyms:** anti-federalism
- **Usage in a sentence:** To bring unity among its diverse citizens, the United States opted for **federalism**.

178. Word: Diaspora (प्रवासी)

- **Pronunciation:** dahy-as-per-uh
- **Part of Speech:** Noun



- **Meaning:**
 - a. the dispersion or spread of any people from their original homeland.
 - b. people who have spread or been dispersed from their homeland.
- **Synonyms:** migration, dissolution, dispersal, separation, banishment
- **Antonym:** concentration
- **Usage in a sentence:** The Indian **diaspora** in London will soon surpass the English population.

179. Word: **Threshold** (सीमा)

- **Pronunciation:** thresh-ohld
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a strip of wood or stone forming the bottom of a doorway crossed when entering a house or room.
 - b. the magnitude or intensity that must be exceeded for a certain reaction, phenomenon, result, or condition to occur or be manifested.
- **Synonyms:** limit, boundary, door, brink, verge
- **Antonyms:** end, closure, finish
- **Usage in a sentence:** If your income rises above a certain **threshold**, your tax rate also rises.

180. Word: **Prudent** (चतुर)

- **Pronunciation:** prood-nt
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** acting with or showing care and thought for the future.
- **Synonyms:** careful, wise
- **Antonyms:** foolish, careless
- **Use in a Sentence:** It would be **prudent** to save some of the money.

181. Word: **Furore** (उत्तेजना)

- **Pronunciation:** fyoor-awr
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** an outbreak of public anger or excitement.
- **Synonyms:** commotion, uproar, outcry, disturbance, hubbub
- **Antonyms:** pleasure, docility
- **Usage in a Sentence:** His resignation passed almost unnoticed amid the **furore** of the elections.

182. Word: **Ensnare** (परिणामस्वरूप होना)

- **Pronunciation:** en-soo
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** happen or occur afterwards or as a result of (something)
- **Synonyms:** result, follow, succeed
- **Antonyms:** precede
- **Usage in a sentence:** It was feared that a severe liquidity crisis might **ensue** and that the world economy would be plunged into economic recession.

183. Word: **Implementation** (लागू करना)



- **Pronunciation:** im-pluh-muhn-tey-shuhn
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the act of starting to use a plan or system
- **Synonyms:** execution, application, enforcement
- **Antonyms:** rumination, rehearsal
- **Usage in a sentence:** While the law looked good on paper, its effective **implementation** was still doubtful.

184. Word: **Invasive** (आक्रामक)

- **Pronunciation:** in-vey-siv
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** tendency to spread in an uncontrollable way
- **Synonyms:** encroaching, intrusive, trespassing
- **Antonyms:** defensive, noninvasive, restrictive
- **Usage in a sentence:** The surgery was supposed to be quite **invasive**.

185. Word: **Infringe** (उल्लंघन करना, अतिक्रमण करना)

- **Pronunciation:** in-frinj
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. actively break the terms of (a law, agreement, etc.).
 - b. act so as to limit or undermine (something); encroach on.
- **Synonyms:** violate, breach, break, transgress, violation
- **Antonyms:** obey, comply, follow, observe
- **Usage in a sentence:** They claim that his use of the name **infringes** their copyright.

186. Word: **Acquisition** (अधिग्रहण)

- **Pronunciation:** ak-wuh-zish-uhn
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the process of getting something
- **Synonyms:** attainment, procurement, gain, accession
- **Antonyms:** loss, disposal, elimination
- **Usage in a sentence:** The museum was due to categorise its latest **acquisitions**.

187. Word: **Under the scanner** (बारीकी से देखना)

- **Pronunciation:** uhn-der/the/skan-er
- **Meaning:** being put under scrutiny, keep an eye on (something), be under surveillance
- **Synonyms:** surveillance, monitoring, supervised, inspected
- **Antonyms:** avert one's gaze, turn a blind eye to, ignore, disregard
- **Usage in a sentence:** The rising popularity of the cryptocurrency brought it **under the scanner**.

188. Word: **Delve** (खोज करना)

- **Pronunciation:** delv
- **Part of Speech:** Verb



- **Meaning:**
 - a. reach inside a receptacle and search for something.
 - b. dig; excavate.
- **Synonyms:** explore, probe
- **Antonyms:** conceal, acquire
- **Use in a Sentence:** We should not **delve** too deeply into this painful matter.

189. Word: **Perturbed** (उद्धिग्न)

- **Pronunciation:** per-turb-ed
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** worried or troubled
- **Synonyms:** disturbed, troubled, anxious
- **Antonyms:** relaxed, calm, composed
- **Usage in a sentence:** He seemed quite **perturbed** by the news of his favourite teacher's death.

190. Word: **Inference** (अनुमान)

- **Pronunciation:** in-fer-uhns
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a guess that you make or an opinion that you form based on the information that you have
- **Synonyms:** conclusion, deduction, conjecture
- **Antonyms:** fact, truth
- **Usage in a sentence:** The experiment led to clear **inferences** regarding the theory.

191. Word: **Partisan** (पक्षपाती)

- **Pronunciation:** pah-r-tuh-zuhn
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a strong supporter of a party, cause, or person. [Noun]
 - b. prejudiced in favour of a particular cause. [Adjective]
- **Synonyms:** supporter, biased, prejudiced
- **Antonyms:** opponent, unbiased
- **Usage in a Sentence:** You must listen to both points of view and try not to be **partisan**.

192. Word: **Rancour** (अतिद्वेष)

- **Pronunciation:** rang-ker
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** bitterness or resentfulness, especially when long-standing
- **Synonyms:** bitterness, spite, hate, resentment
- **Antonyms:** benevolence, charity
- **Usage in a Sentence:** She learned to accept criticism without **rancour**.

193. Word: **Flamboyant** (अत्यलंकृत)

- **Pronunciation:** flam-boi-uh nt
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective



- **Meaning:**
 - a. (of a person or their behaviour) tending to attract attention because of their exuberance, confidence, and stylishness.
 - b. bright, colourful, and very noticeable.
- **Synonyms:** dazzling, flashy, glamorous, glitzy
- **Antonyms:** dull, quiet, restrained, conservative
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Penny has red hair and a rather **flamboyant** appearance.

194. Word: **Dais (मंच)**

- **Pronunciation:** dey-is
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a raised platform, as at the front of a room, for a lectern, throne, seats of honor, etc.
- **Synonyms:** podium, rostrum, stage, platform
- **Usage in a sentence:** The principal took to the **dais** to inaugurate the convocation.

195. Word: **Expedient (उचित)**

- **Pronunciation:** ik-spee-dee-uhnt
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. (of an action) convenient and practical although possibly improper or immoral. (Adjective)
 - b. a means of attaining an end, especially one that is convenient but possibly improper or immoral. (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** convenient, advantageous, prudent
- **Antonyms:** useless, inappropriate, fruitless
- **Usage in a Sentence:** It might be **expedient** not to pay him until the work is finished.

196. Word: **Deportation (निर्वासन)**

- **Pronunciation:** dee-pawr-tey-shuh n
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the action of deporting a foreigner from a country.
- **Synonyms:** expulsion, removal, eviction, ejection, exile
- **Antonyms:** recruitment, approval, acceptance, absorption, admission
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The **deportation** of the Jews from Spain in 1492 is a landmark event in the history of the world.

197. Word: **Egregious (प्रबल)**

- **Pronunciation:** ih-gree-juh s
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. outstandingly bad; shocking.
 - b. remarkably good.
- **Synonyms:** outrageous, glaring
- **Antonyms:** insignificant, concealed
- **Usage in a Sentence:** It was an **egregious** error for a representative to show such disregard.



198. Word: Dismantle (टुकड़े टुकड़े करना)

- **Pronunciation:** dis-man-tl
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. take (a machine or structure) to pieces
 - b. to disassemble or pull down; take apart
- **Synonyms:** take apart, annihilate
- **Antonyms:** assemble, construct
- **Usage in Sentence:** The man had to **dismantle** the engine in order to repair it.

199. Word: Unhinged (पागल)

- **Pronunciation:** uhn-hinjd
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. having no hinge or hinges, or with the hinges removed
 - b. unsettled, disordered, or distraught
- **Synonyms:** unbalanced, demented, deranged, delirious
- **Antonyms:** peaceful, collected, together, composed, as cool as a cucumber
- **Usage in a sentence:** The boy seemed **unhinged** with rage when his crimes were being outlined at the court.

200. Word: Ostensible (प्रत्यक्ष)

- **Pronunciation:** o-sten-suh-buhl
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. appearing or claiming to be one thing when it is really something else
 - b. apparent, evident, or conspicuous
 - c. outwardly appearing as such; professed; pretended
- **Synonyms:** apparent, seeming, outward, superficial
- **Antonyms:** genuine, profound, real, obscure
- **Usage in a sentence:** Their **ostensible** goal was to clean up government corruption, but their real aim was to unseat the government.

201. Word: Exodus (पलायन)

- **Pronunciation:** ek-suh-duh s
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a mass departure of people.
- **Synonyms:** withdrawal, evacuation, exit, departure, egress
- **Antonyms:** arrival, influx, inflow, entry
- **Use in a Sentence:** There has been a mass **exodus** of workers from the villages to the cities.

202. Word: Patron (ग्राहक)

- **Pronunciation:** pey-truhn
- **Part of speech:** Noun



- **Meaning:**
 - a. a person who is a customer, client, or paying guest, especially a regular one, of a store, hotel, or the like.
 - b. a person who supports with money, gifts, efforts, or endorsement an artist, writer, museum, cause, charity, institution, special event, or the like:
 - c. a person whose support or protection is solicited or acknowledged by the dedication of a book or other work.
 - d. Ecclesiastical. a person who has the right of presenting a member of the clergy to a benefice.
- **Synonyms:** customer, client, frequenter, benefactor
- **Antonyms:** detractor, owner, antagonist
- **Usage in a sentence:** Being an avid reader herself, Laura decided to become a **patron** at the local library.

203. Word: **Seamlessly** (सीवनहीन)

- **Pronunciation:** seem-lis-ly
- **Part of Speech:** Adverb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. smoothly and continuously, with no apparent gaps or spaces between one part and the next.
- **Synonyms:** perfectly, coherently
- **Antonyms:** defectively, faultily
- **Use in Sentence:** The man has moved **seamlessly** from theory to practice.

204. Word: **Metadata** (मेटाडेटा)

- **Pronunciation:** met-uh-dey-tuh
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. higher-level data that describes or annotates a data set, as tags in a programming code that describe the hierarchical structure and the relationships among discrete pieces of data
 - b. information that is given to describe or help use other information
- **Synonyms:** extra information, additional disclosure
- **Usage in a sentence:** The prospect of authors adding their own **metadata** has become the current trend.

205. Word: **Behemoth** (विशालकाय)

- **Pronunciation:** bih-hee-muh th
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. something enormous, especially a large and powerful organization.
 - b. a huge or monstrous creature.
- **Synonyms:** giant, monster, colossus
- **Antonyms:** dwarf
- **Usage in a sentence:** Shoppers are now more loyal to their local shops than to faceless **behemoths**.

206. Word: **Algorithm** (गणित के सवालों को हल करने के नियमों की प्रणाली)

- **Pronunciation:** al-guh-rith-uhm



- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a set of mathematical instructions or rules that, especially if given to a computer, will help to calculate an answer to a problem:
- **Synonyms:** computation, formula, calculation
- **Usage in a sentence:** Once you understand the **algorithm**, solving a rubik's cube is actually a piece of cake.

207. Word: **Stringent** (सख्त)

- **Pronunciation:** strin-juh nt
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** (of regulations, requirements, or conditions) strict, precise, and exacting
- **Synonyms:** harsh, rigorous, severe
- **Antonyms:** tolerant, flexible, lenient
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He failed to convene the **stringent** selection criteria.

208. Word: **Onus** (दायित्व)

- **Pronunciation:** oh-nuhs
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the responsibility or duty to do something
 - b. a difficult or disagreeable obligation, task, burden, etc
 - c. blame or responsibility
- **Synonyms:** burden, load, responsibility, duty
- **Antonyms:** advantage, help, aid, exoneration
- **Usage in a sentence:** We are trying to shift the **onus** for passenger safety onto the government.

209. Word: **Robust** (मजबूत)

- **Pronunciation:** roh-buhst
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. strong and healthy; vigorous.
- **Synonyms:** powerful, persistent
- **Antonyms:** weak, feeble
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The organization is taking a more **robust** approach to management.

210. Word: **Proviso** (नियम)

- **Pronunciation:** pruh-vahy-zoh
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a condition or qualification attached to an agreement or statement.
- **Synonyms:** condition, provision, qualification, prerequisite
- **Antonyms:** deficiency, withdrawal, deficit, dispossession
- **Usage in a sentence:** Should not that **proviso** apply to anybody serving on any committee?

211. Word: **High and dry** (निस्सहाय)



- **Pronunciation:** hahy-and-drahy
- **Meaning:**
 - a. stranded
 - b. to do something that is not at all convenient for someone and puts them in a very difficult situation
- **Synonyms:** in a lurch, stranded, helpless
- **Antonyms:** well provided for
- **Usage in a sentence:** Despite being a very helpful person, he was left **high and dry** by his friends during his hour of need.

212. Word: Renege (त्यागना)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-nig
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** go back on a promise, undertaking, or contract.
- **Synonyms:** repudiate, revoke, deny
- **Antonyms:** fulfill
- **Usage in a sentence:** The government had **reneged** on its election promises.

213. Word: Unravel (सुलझाना/ स्पष्ट करना)

- **Pronunciation:** uhn-rav-uh l
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. undo (twisted, knitted, or woven threads).
 - b. investigate and solve or explain (something complicated or puzzling).
- **Synonyms:** disentangle, untangle
- **Antonyms:** entangle, tangle
- **Usage in a sentence:** Detectives are still trying to **unravel** the mystery surrounding his death.

214. Word: Catalyst (उत्प्रेरक)

- **Pronunciation:** kat-l-ist
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a person or thing that precipitates an event.
- **Synonyms:** accelerator, incentive, agitator
- **Antonyms:** prevention, obstruction, block
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The riots were later seen as the **catalyst** for the new political developments.

215. Word: Solvency (सम्पन्नता)

- **Pronunciation:** sol-vuh n-see
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the possession of assets in excess of liabilities; ability to pay one's debts.
- **Synonyms:** capacity to pay, wealth, stability
- **Antonyms:** bankruptcy, inabilities, failure
- **Use in a Sentence:** Financial **solvency** can be a reflection of your sense of responsibility.



216. Word: Nimble (कुशल)

- **Pronunciation:** nim-buhl
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. quick and light in movement or action; agile.
 - b. (of the mind) able to think and understand quickly.
- **Synonyms:** agile, quick, swift, clever
- **Antonyms:** clumsy, slow, awkward, sluggish
- **Usage in a sentence:** A nimble mind backed by a degree in economics gave him a firm grasp over financial matters.

217. Word: Laissez-faire (अहस्तक्षेप)

- **Pronunciation:** les-ey -fair
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. unwillingness to get involved in or influence other people's activities
 - b. the theory or system of government that upholds the autonomous character of the economic order, believing that government should intervene as little as possible in the direction of economic affairs.
- **Synonyms:** nonintervention, noninterference, capitalism, free trade
- **Antonyms:** intervention, collectivism
- **Usage in a sentence:** The government's promise of maintaining a laissez-faire state encouraged the entry of numerous new foreign investors.

218. Word: Arbitrage (विवाचन)

- **Pronunciation:** ahr-bi-trahzh
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the simultaneous purchase and sale of the same securities, commodities, or foreign exchange in different markets to profit from unequal prices.
- **Synonyms:** speculation, liquidation
- **Usage in a Sentence:** To avoid significant arbitrage profits, the futures prices must converge.

219. Word: Envisage (परिकल्पना करना)

- **Pronunciation:** en-viz-ij
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. contemplate or conceive of as a possibility or a desirable future event.
 - b. form a mental picture of (something not yet existing or known).
- **Synonyms:** imagine, envision, anticipate, visualize
- **Antonym:** withdraw
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Nobody can envisage the consequences of a nuclear war.

220. Word: Fledgling (अनुभवहीन)

- **Pronunciation:** flej-ling



- **Part of Speech:** noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a person or organization who is just starting out in a field of activity
 - b. an individual or group that is inexperienced or not fully mature
- **Synonyms:** emerging, amateur, learner
- **Antonyms:** expert, master, pro, professional
- **Usage in a sentence:** The current economic climate is particularly difficult for **fledgling** businesses.

221. Word: **Secession** (संबंध-विच्छेद)

- **Pronunciation:** si-sesh-uh n
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the action of withdrawing formally from membership of a federation or body, especially a political state.
- **Synonyms:** separation, withdrawal, isolation, division
- **Antonyms:** bond, alliance, coalition, commitment
- **Usage in a sentence:** After Lincoln became the president in 1860, Johnson broke away from his party to vehemently oppose the Southern **secession**.

222. Word: **Jeopardize** (खतरे में डालना)

- **Pronunciation:** jep-er-dahyz
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** put (someone or something) into a situation in which there is a danger of loss, harm, or failure.
- **Synonyms:** endanger, hazard, menace
- **Antonyms:** protect, defend
- **Usage in a Sentence:** I don't think that he would **jeopardize** his future by taking illegal medications.

223. Word: **Bedrock** (आधार)

- **Pronunciation:**
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** the fundamental principles on which something is based.
- **Synonyms:** core, basis, base, foundation, root
- **Antonyms:** acme, auxiliary
- **Usage in a sentence:** Honesty forms the **bedrock** of a good relationship.

224. Word: **Silo** (कोष्ठागार)

- **Pronunciation:** sahy-loh
- **Part of Speech:** Noun/Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a structure, typically cylindrical, in which fodder or forage is kept. (Noun)
 - b. a pit or underground space for storing grain, green feeds, etc. (Noun)
 - c. Military. an underground installation constructed of concrete and steel, designed to house a



ballistic missile and the equipment for firing it. (Noun)

d. to put into or preserve in a silo. (Verb)

- **Synonyms:** bin, granary, repository
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **silo** was brimming with grain after the harvest.

225. Word: **Notorious** (कुख्यात)

- **Pronunciation:** noh-tawr-ee-uh s
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** famous or well known, typically for some bad quality or deed.
- **Synonyms:** infamous, ill-famed, disreputable
- **Antonyms:** unknown, reputable, anonymous
- **Usage in a sentence:** He is **notorious** for making unexpected, often self-contradictory, comments.

226. Word: **Pathogen** (रोगाणु)

- **Pronunciation:** path-uh-juhn, -jen
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. any small organism, such as a virus or a bacterium that can cause disease
- **Synonyms:** germ, microbe, disease-causing agents
- **Antonyms:** beneficial microorganism
- **Usage in a sentence:** It was hard to determine the **pathogens** causing the latest epidemic.

227. Word: **Pander** (दलाली करना)

- **Pronunciation:** pan-der
- **Part of Speech:** Verb/Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a person who furnishes clients for a prostitute or supplies persons
 - b. a person who caters to or profits from the weaknesses or vices of others
 - c. a go-between in amorous intrigues
 - d. to act as a pander
- **Synonyms:** procure, gratify, indulge, ponce
- **Antonyms:** refuse, dissatisfy, refuse
- **Usage in a sentence:** But, his films did not follow a template or **pander** to masses.

228. Word: **Insular** (एकांत)

- **Pronunciation:** in-suh-ler
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. ignorant of or uninterested in cultures, ideas, or peoples outside one's own experience.
 - b. lacking contact with other people.
 - c. relating to or from an island.
- **Synonyms:** local, parochial, isolated, sectarian, restricted
- **Antonyms:** multicultural, cosmopolitan



- **Usage in a sentence:** Edna McGurk came from an **insular** inner circle of elite Philadelphia society.

229. Word: Augur (आगम कहना/ निमित्तज्ञ)

- **Pronunciation:** aw-ger
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a.(in ancient Rome) a religious official who observed natural signs, especially the behaviour of birds, interpreting these as an indication of divine approval or disapproval of a proposed action. [Noun]
 - b.(of an event or circumstance) portend a good or bad outcome. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** portend, presage, bode
- **Usage in a sentence:** Conflicts among the various groups do not **augur** well for the future of the peace talks.

230. Word: Clunker (पुरानी खटारा मोटर गाड़ी)

- **Pronunciation:** kluhng-ker
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. something worthless or inferior.
 - b. an old, worn-out vehicle or machine, especially a car.
- **Synonyms:** debris, wreckage, jalopies
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **clunker** emanated black smoke before breaking down completely.

231. Word: Insinuation (इशारा)

- **Pronunciation:** in-sin-yoo-ey-shuhn/इन्सिन्यूएशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. an unpleasant hint or suggestion of something bad
- **Synonyms:** innuendo, hint, suggestion, intimation, allusion
- **Antonyms:** adulation, commendation
- **Usage in a sentence:** His spiteful **insinuations** brought his wife to tears.

232. Word: Concession (रियायत में दी गई वस्तु)

- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-sesh-uh n
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a thing that is granted, especially in response to demands
- **Synonyms:** allowance, privilege, grant
- **Antonyms:** denial, difference, protest
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The former president's **concession** came even before all the votes had been counted.

233. Word: Exempt (बरी/ छोड़ देना)

- **Pronunciation:** ig-zempt
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Verb



- **Meaning:**
 - a. free from an obligation or liability imposed on others. [Adjective]
 - b. free (a person or organization) from an obligation or liability imposed on others. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** free, release, absolve
- **Antonyms:** apply, enforce
- **Usage in a sentence:** Pensioners are automatically **exempt** from prescription charges.

234. Word: Recession (आर्थिक मंदी/पीछे हटना)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-sesh-uhn
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the act of receding or withdrawing.
 - b. a receding part of a wall, building, etc.
 - c. a withdrawing procession, as at the end of a religious service.
 - d. Economics. a period of an economic contraction, sometimes limited in scope or duration. Compare depression (def. 7).
- **Synonyms:** regression, depression, downturn, niche, slump, decline
- **Antonyms:** inflation, growth, boom, progress, advance
- **Usage in a sentence:** Some economists say a **recession** is possible in 2022, while others believe an economic downturn may not begin until the following year.

235. Word: Equity (निष्पक्षता)

- **Pronunciation:** ek-wi-tee
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the quality of being fair and impartial.
- **Synonyms:** fairness, justice, equality
- **Antonyms:** injustice, partiality, discrimination, dishonesty
- **Usage in a sentence:** The rules of common law and **equity** are both, in essence, systems of private law.

236. Word: Stimulus (उकसाना)

- **Pronunciation:** stim-yuh-luhs
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. something that causes growth or activity
 - b. (Biology) something that causes part of the body to react
- **Synonyms:** incentive, spur, motivation, incitement
- **Antonyms:** deterrent, discouragement, hindrance
- **Usage in a sentence:** The book will provide a **stimulus** to research in this very important area.

237. Word: Potential (संभवनीय/ अन्तर्निहित शक्ति)

- **Pronunciation:** puh-ten-shuh l
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. having or showing the capacity to develop into something in the future. [Adjective]



b. latent qualities or abilities that may be developed and lead to future success or usefulness.
[Verb]

- **Synonyms:** possible, ability, capacity
- **Antonyms:** impossible, inability, doubtful
- **Usage in a sentence:** A number of **potential** buyers have expressed interest in the company.

238. Word: Entrepreneur (उद्यमी)

- **Pronunciation:** ahn-truh-pruh-nur
- **Part of Speech:** Noun/ Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a person who organizes and manages any enterprise, especially a business, usually with considerable initiative and risk. (Noun)
 - b. an employer of productive labor; contractor. (Noun)
 - c. to deal with or initiate as an entrepreneur. (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** businessman, trader, enterpriser
- **Antonyms:** employee, client
- **Usage in a sentence:** The latest policy encourages the growth of young **entrepreneurs** in the country.

239. Word: Hybrid (भिन्न भिन्न जातियों का)

- **Pronunciation:** hahy-brid
- **Part of speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** made of mixed components
- **Synonyms:** half breed, cross breed
- **Antonyms:** pure bred
- **Usage in a sentence:** Because my **hybrid** car works with both solar power and gasoline, I use less fuel than a lot of people.

240. Word: Gestation (सगर्भता)

- **Pronunciation:** je-stey-shuhn
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. carry in the womb during the period from conception to delivery.
 - b. to think of and develop (an idea, opinion, plan, etc.) slowly in the mind.
- **Synonyms:** pregnancy, formation, development, incubation
- **Antonyms:** reversion, decrease, barrenness
- **Usage in a sentence:** The project was still undergoing **gestation** till it could finally be launched.

241. Word: Maximalist (अपनी सर्वोच्च माँग पर डटा रहनेवाला व्यक्ति)

- **Pronunciation:** mak-suh-muh-list
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a person who favors a radical and immediate approach to the achievement of a set of goals or the completion of a program.
- **Synonyms:** uncompromising, extremist, inflexible, unyielding
- **Antonyms:** conciliatory, flexible, moderate



- **Usage in a sentence:** The book is minimalist in material but **maximalist** in emotion.

242. Word: Abhorrent (बीभत्स)

- **Pronunciation:** ab-hawr-uhnt
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. causing repugnance; detestable; loathsome
 - b. utterly opposed, or contrary, or in conflict (usually followed by to)
 - c. feeling extreme repugnance or aversion (usually followed by of)
 - d. remote in character (usually followed by from)
- **Synonyms:** repulsive, loathsome, abominable
- **Antonyms:** nice, delicious
- **Usage in a sentence:** His attitude of superiority is **abhorrent**.

243. Word: Absolve (पापमुक्त करना)

- **Pronunciation:** ab-zolv
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** declare (someone) free from guilt, obligation, or punishment.
- **Synonyms:** exonerate, acquit, release
- **Antonyms:** condemn, blame
- **Usage in a sentence:** The pardon **absolved** them of any crimes.

244. Word: Recalcitrant (उद्दण्ड)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-kal-si-truhnt
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. having an obstinately uncooperative attitude towards authority or discipline.
 - b. a person with an obstinately uncooperative attitude.
- **Synonyms:** stubborn, obstinate, unruly, insubordinate
- **Antonyms:** compliant, submissive, desirous, amenable, obedient
- **Usage in a Sentence:** You are not the kind of person who beats on **recalcitrant** vending machines.

245. Word: Unenviable (अवांछनीय)

- **Pronunciation:** un-en-vee-uh-buhl
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** difficult, undesirable, or unpleasant.
- **Synonyms:** awkward, embarrassing, undesirable
- **Antonyms:** desirable, enviable, pleasant
- **Usage in a sentence:** Mark carries an **unenviable** reputation for drunkenness.

246. Word: Abeyance (विलंब)

- **Pronunciation:** uh-bey-uh ns
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a state of temporary disuse or suspension.



- **Synonyms:** delay, interruption
- **Antonyms:** revival, continuation
- **Usage in a Sentence:** This practice has fallen into **abeyance** now

247. Word: **Lock, stock, and barrel** (संपूर्ण)

- **Pronunciation:** lok-stok-and-bar-uhl
- **Meaning:**
a. including all or every part of something (The lock, stock, and barrel are the three parts of a rifle.)
- **Synonyms:** root and branch, everything but the kitchen sink, entirety, aggregate
- **Usage in a sentence:** Once the house was demolished, the entire family packed their **lock, stock, and barrel**, and shifted to different parts of the country.

248. Word: **Imperious** (घमण्डी)

- **Pronunciation:** im-peer-ee-uhs
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** unpleasantly proud and expecting to be obeyed
- **Synonyms:** overbearing, arrogant, dictatorial, domineering, haughty, authoritarian, condescending
- **Antonyms:** humble, meek, obedient, modest
- **Usage in a sentence:** He was **imperious** enough to think that his word on the matter would be final.

249. Word: **Impasse** (गतिरोध)

- **Pronunciation:** im-pas
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a situation in which no progress is possible, especially because of disagreement; a deadlock.
- **Synonyms:** deadlock, stalemate, gridlock
- **Antonyms:** breakthrough, betterment
- **Usage in a sentence:** Negotiations seemed to have reached an **impasse**.

250. Word: **Vested interest** (निहित स्वार्थ)

- **Pronunciation:** ves-tid in-ter-ist
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
a. a strong personal interest in something because one could get an advantage from it.
b. a permanent right given to an employee under a pension plan.
c. the persons, groups, etc., who benefit the most from existing business or financial systems.
- **Synonyms:** personal gain, self-centredness, self-interest
- **Antonyms:** collective gain, selflessness
- **Usage in a sentence:** Despite having no **vested interest** in the matter, she decided to ensure justice for the victim.

251. Word: **Albeit** (यद्यपि)

- **Pronunciation:** awl-bee-it



- **Part of Speech:** Conjunction
- **Meaning:**
 - a. although; even if
- **Synonyms:** although, though, even though
- **Antonyms:** so, due to, according to
- **Usage in a sentence:** The evening was very pleasant, **albeit** a little quiet.

252. Word: Macroeconomic (समष्टि अर्थशास्त्र)

- **Pronunciation:** macro-eco-nomic
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. Macroeconomics is the branch of economics that studies the behavior and performance of an economy as a whole. It focuses on the aggregate changes in the economy such as unemployment, growth rate, gross domestic product and inflation
- **Usage in a sentence:** Careful consideration of the **macroeconomic** conditions is essential when determining the economic growth of a country.

253. Word: Equitable (उचित)

- **Pronunciation:** ek-wi-tuh-buhl
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** fair and impartial.
- **Synonyms:** fair, just, impartial,
- **Antonyms:** unfair, unjust, biased, prejudiced
- **Usage in a sentence:** It provides a reasonably **equitable** and comprehensive service to the whole population at a remarkably low cost.

254. Word: Tariff (सीमा-शुल्क लगाना)

- **Pronunciation:** tar-if
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. an official list or table showing the duties or customs imposed by a government on imports or exports.
 - b. the schedule or system of duties so imposed.
 - c. any duty or rate of duty in such a list or schedule.
- **Synonyms:** tax, valuation, levy
- **Antonyms:** subsidy
- **Usage in a Sentence:** A general **tariff** was imposed on foreign imports.

255. Word: Hierarchy (अनुक्रम)

- **Pronunciation:** hahy-uh-rahr-kee
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a system in which members of an organization or society are ranked according to relative status or authority.
- **Synonyms:** rank, order
- **Antonyms:** declassification, jumble



- **Usage in a sentence:** A new management **hierarchy** was created within the company.

256. Word: Decoupling (अलग करना)

- **Pronunciation:** dee-kuh-puhl-uhng
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the separation of previously linked systems so that they may operate independently
 - b. electronics: the reduction or avoidance of undesired distortion or oscillations in a circuit, caused by unwanted common coupling between two or more circuits
- **Synonyms:** disassociate, separate, unbundle
- **Antonyms:** link, affiliate, connect
- **Usage in a sentence:** The eventual **decoupling** of the two companies resulted in increased hiring.

257. Word: Antagonism (वैर-भाव)

- **Pronunciation:** an-tag-uh-niz-uhm
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. an active hostility or opposition, as between unfriendly or conflicting groups
 - b. an opposing force, principle, or tendency
- **Synonyms:** hostility, enmity, antipathy, hostility
- **Antonyms:** benevolence, affection, fraternity, harmony
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **antagonism** grew between the two brothers, before they finally decided to part ways forever.

258. Word: Populism (लोकलुभावनवाद)

- **Pronunciation:** pop-yuh-liz-um
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** related to policies that supposedly represent the opinions of ordinary people , support for the rights and powers of ordinary people
- **Synonyms:** demagoguery, rabble-rousing
- **Usage in a sentence:** The candidate's ability to align himself with the prejudices of the poor made him a product of **populism**.

259. Word: Jarring (अप्रत्याशित)

- **Pronunciation:** Ja-ring
- **Part of speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** Incongruous in a striking or shocking way , causing a strong emotional reaction because of unexpectedness
- **Synonyms:** flabbergasting, surprising, unannounced, unanticipated, unexpected, shocking, startling
- **Antonyms:** common, customary, mundane, normal, ordinary
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **jarring** action of mass suspension carried out by the administration made those involved in ragging worry.

260. Word: Eyeball-to-eyeball (आमने-सामने)



- **Pronunciation:** ahy-bawl-tuh-ahy-bawl
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective/Adverb
- **Meaning:** close or direct and often hostile; face-to-face:
- **Synonyms:** antipodal, antithetical, at variance, at cross-purposes
- **Antonyms:** on the same page, agreed
- **Usage in a sentence:** The two countries have been going **eyeball-to-eyeball** over occupation of the islands on the Pacific.

261. Word: **Potshot** (बिना निशाना लगाने का गोली चलाना)

- **Pronunciation:** pot-shot
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a shot fired at game merely for food, with little regard to skill or the rules of sport.
 - b. a shot at an animal or person within easy range, as from ambush.
 - c. a casual or aimless shot.
 - d. a random or incidental criticism
- **Synonyms:** slam, shoot, criticise
- **Antonyms:** hit the target, compliment, support
- **Usage in a sentence:** He kept firing **potshots** to while away the afternoon.

262. Word: **Endearment** (लाड़ प्यार)

- **Pronunciation:** en-deer-ment
- **Part of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** actions or words that convey affection
- **Synonyms:** affection, fondness, tenderness
- **Antonyms:** dislike, estrangement, ghastliness
- **Usage in a sentence:** The mother hoped her words of **endearment** would make her son feel better after he failed his exam.

263. Word: **Erstwhile** (भूतपूर्व)

- **Pronunciation:** erst-while
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** former.
- **Synonyms:** Former, previous
- **Antonyms:** current, future
- **Usage in a Sentence:** She found herself ostracized by **erstwhile** friends.

264. Word: **Infantilise** (बालोचित)

- **Pronunciation:** in-fuhn-tl-ahyz
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to keep in or reduce to an infantile state.
 - b. to treat or regard as infantile or immature.
- **Synonyms:** childish, immature, juvenile, puerile



- **Antonyms:** mature, grown-up, elderly
- **Usage in a sentence:** The parents needed to stop **infantilising** their adult son.

265. Word: **Stratagem** (दांव-पेंच)

- **Pronunciation:** strat-uh-juhm
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a carefully planned way of achieving or dealing with something, often involving a trick
- **Synonyms:** ruse, scheme, trick, ploy
- **Antonyms:** counsel, truth
- **Usage in a sentence:** In order to make their presence felt, the company needs to come up with a clever **stratagem**.

266. Word: **Traction** (खिंचाव/कर्षण)

- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Pronunciation:** trak-shuhn
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the action of drawing or pulling something over a surface, especially a road or track.
 - b. the fact of an idea, product, etc. becoming popular or being accepted
- **Synonyms:** grip, friction, intensity
- **Antonyms:** repulsion, slickness, berth
- **Use in a Sentence:** Rubber tyres get good **traction** on wet roads.

267. Word: **Moniker** (मुँह-बोला नाम)

- **Pronunciation:** mon-i-ker
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a name or nickname
- **Synonyms:** nickname, alias, handle, epithet
- **Antonyms:** adscript, gibberish
- **Usage in a sentence:** The quality of his work earned him the **moniker** of 'perfectionist'.

268. Word: **One-upmanship** (दूसरों पर हावी होने की आदत)

- **Pronunciation:** wuhn-uhp-muhn-ship
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the art or practice of achieving, demonstrating, or assuming superiority in one's rivalry with a friend or opponent by obtaining privilege, status, status symbols, etc.:
- **Synonyms:** superiority, artfulness, arrogance
- **Antonyms:** artlessness, authenticity, bluntness
- **Usage in a sentence:** His habit of **one-upmanship** made him fall into disrepute.

269. Word: **Rhetoric** (शब्दाडम्बर)

- **Pronunciation:** ret-er-ik
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** language designed to have a persuasive or impressive effect, but which is often regarded as lacking in sincerity or meaningful content.



- **Synonyms:** Elocution, Discourse, Bombast
- **Antonyms:** Conciseness, Quiet
- **Use in a Sentence:** As the elections are just one week away, the **rhetoric** on both parties is building.

270. Word: **Caricature** (भोंडी नक़ल)

- **Pronunciation:** kar-i-kuh-cher
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. (the art of making) a drawing or written or spoken description of someone that usually makes them look silly by making part of their appearance or character more noticeable than it really is
- **Synonyms:** parody, burlesque, lampoon, satire
- **Antonyms:** actual, authentic
- **Usage in a sentence:** He was excellent at drawing **caricatures** of famous people.

271. Word: **Expansive** (प्रसरणशील)

- **Pronunciation:** ik-span-siv
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. having a wide range or extent; comprehensive; extensive
 - b. (of a person's character or speech) effusive, unrestrained, free, or open
 - c. tending to expand or capable of expanding.
 - d. causing expansion
- **Synonyms:** extensive, broad, vast, great
- **Antonyms:** narrow, limited, restricted
- **Usage in a sentence:** The report was **expansive**, elaborating every point with the greatest detail for better understanding.

272. Word: **Disparity** (विषमता)

- **Pronunciation:** dih-spar-i-tee
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a great difference.
- **Synonyms:** discrepancy, difference, dissimilarity, distinction
- **Antonyms:** similarity, likeness, agreement, correspondence
- **Usage in a Sentence:** There is a great **disparity** between the amount of promises made in speeches and the amount of actual action taken.

273. Word: **Treacherous** (अधर्मी/जोखिम भरा)

- **Pronunciation:** trech-er-uhs
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. characterized by faithlessness or readiness to betray trust
 - b. deceptive, untrustworthy, or unreliable
 - c. unstable or insecure
 - d. dangerous or hazardous



- **Synonyms:** deceitful, perfidious, untrustworthy
- **Antonyms:** loyal, safe, true, faithful
- **Usage in a sentence:** Freezing rain made driving **treacherous**.

274. Word: **Shoal** (बलुआ पानी, मछलियों का समुदाय, झुंड)

- **Pronunciation:** shohl
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a large number of fish swimming as a group
 - b. a raised area of sand or rocks under the surface of the water
 - c. a large number of things or people
- **Synonyms:** shallow, bank, reef, school, flock
- **Antonyms:** deep, bottomless, abysmal
- **Usage in a sentence:** In the summer, tourists visit the city in **shoals**.

275. Word: **Unfathomable** (अपरिमेय)

- **Pronunciation:** un-fath-uh-muh-bull
- **Part of speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** incapable of being fully explored, impossible to comprehend or understand
- **Synonyms:** inscrutable, incomprehensible, enigmatic, incalculable, indecipherable
- **Antonyms:** comprehensible, penetrable
- **Usage in a sentence:** The skills required to play modern video games are **unfathomable** to most parents.

276. Word: **Deleterious** (क्षतिकर)

- **Pronunciation:** del-i-teer-ee-uhs
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** causing harm or damage.
- **Synonyms:** harmful, injurious, damaging, detrimental, destructive
- **Antonyms:** beneficial, helpful, advantageous
- **Usage in a Sentence:** In developing countries, the imposition of boundaries around national parks and protected areas has been **deleterious** for both people and wildlife.

277. Word: **Seminal** (प्राथमिक)

- **Pronunciation:** sem-uh-nl
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** strongly influencing later developments
- **Synonyms:** important, formative, influential, iconic, original
- **Antonyms:** hackneyed, unoriginal, unimportant
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Newton's laws are **seminal** in the field of physics.

278. Word: **Prognosis** (भविष्य-कथन)

- **Pronunciation:** prog-noh-sis
- **Part of Speech:** Noun



- **Meaning:**
 - a. a statement of what is judged likely to happen in the future, especially in connection with a particular situation
 - b. a doctor's judgment of the likely or expected development of a disease, or a statement of what the likely future situation is
- **Synonyms:** prediction, forecast, prophesy, projection
- **Antonyms:** past
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **prognosis** after the operation was for a full recovery.

279. Word: Predicate (निश्चयपूर्वक कहना)

- **Pronunciation:** pred-i-keyt
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. something which is affirmed or denied concerning an argument of a proposition. (Noun)
 - b. declare or affirm (something) as true or existing; postulate or assert. (Verb)
 - c. found or base something on. (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** affirm, assert, declare, proclaim, profess
- **Usage in a Sentence:** She has **predicated** her theory on recent findings by other astronomers.

280. Word: Posit (मंजूर करना/मानना)

- **Pronunciation:** poz-it
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to place, put, or set (Verb)
 - b. to lay down or assume as a fact or principle; postulate (Verb)
 - c. something that is posited; an assumption; postulate (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** postulate, put forward, submit
- **Antonyms:** abstain, disbelieve, disregard, forget
- **Usage in a sentence:** If we **posit** that wage rises cause inflation, it follows that we should try to minimize them.

281. Word: Deft (चतुर)

- **Pronunciation:** deft
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. neatly skillful and quick in movement.
 - b. in a clever way.
- **Synonyms:** skillful, dexterous, cunning
- **Antonyms:** awkward, atrocious, grim
- **Usage in a Sentence:** They were **deft** at not answering my questions.

282. Word: Stewardship (परिचारक का पद)

- **Pronunciation:** stoo-erd-ship
- **Part of Speech:** Noun



- **Meaning:**
 - a. the position and duties of a steward, a person who acts as the surrogate of another or others, especially by managing property, financial affairs, an estate, etc.
 - b. the responsible overseeing and protection of something considered worth caring for and preserving
 - c. care or management
- **Synonyms:** management, governance, quartermaster
- **Antonyms:** ignorance, negligence, disorganisation
- **Usage in a sentence:** Due to her deft **stewardship**, the company came out of the crisis without sustaining much damage.

283. Word: Unprecedented (बेमिसाल)

- **Pronunciation:** uhn-pres-i-den-tid
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** never done or known before.
- **Synonyms:** remarkable, extraordinary, unusual
- **Antonyms:** familiar, ordinary, usual
- **Usage in a Sentence:** In the city, crime has increased on an **unprecedented** scale.

284. Word: Undergird (सहारा देना)

- **Pronunciation:** uhn-der-gurd
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. secure or fasten from the underside, especially by a rope or chain passed underneath.
 - b. provide support or a firm basis for.
- **Synonyms:** support, reinforce, brace up, bolster, sustain
- **Antonyms:** undermine, contradict, disapprove, neglect
- **Usage in a sentence:** The theory of evolution **undergirds** virtually all of modern biology.

285. Word: Manna (एक प्रकार की मधुर रेचक औषधि)

- **Pronunciation:** man-uh
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. (in the Bible) a food that dropped from heaven and prevented Moses and his people from dying of hunger in the desert
 - b. any sudden or unexpected help, advantage, or aid to success
- **Synonyms:** godsend, boon, blessing
- **Antonyms:** curse, affliction, bane, scourge
- **Usage in a sentence:** The sudden turn in the case came as **manna** from heaven.

286. Word: Beleaguer (अवरोध करना)

- **Pronunciation:** bih-lee-ger
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** put in a very difficult situation.
- **Synonyms:** besiege, harass, pester



- **Antonyms:** comfort, benefit, relax
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The **beleaguered** prime minister is coming under yet more pressure.

287. Word: Tweak (सुधारना)

- **Pronunciation:** tweek
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. twist or pull (something) sharply. (Verb)
 - b. a sharp twist or pull. (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** twist, tug, pinch, nip, twitch, squeeze, jerk
- **Antonyms:** go awry, damage
- **Usage in a Sentence:** We just wanted to **tweak** his original idea a bit.

288. Word: Disinvestment (विनिवेश)

- **Pronunciation:** dis-in-vest-muhnt
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the withdrawal of invested funds or the cancellation of financial aid, subsidies, or investment plans, as in a property, neighborhood, or foreign country.
- **Synonyms:** divestment, deferral, relinquishment
- **Usage in a sentence:** The country faced massive foreign **disinvestments** following the military coup.

289. Word: Anaemic (जोशरहित)

- **Pronunciation:** uh-nee-mik
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. without any energy and effort
 - b. suffering from a quantitative deficiency of the hemoglobin, often accompanied by a reduced number of red blood cells and causing pallor, weakness, and breathlessness.
- **Synonyms:** pale, pallid, weak, feeble
- **Antonyms:** strong, amazing, sunkissed, active
- **Usage in a sentence:** The new boss was disheartened by the **anaemic** cheer he received on his first day at office.

290. Word: Liability (उत्तरदायित्व)

- **Pronunciation:** lai-uh-bil-uh-tee
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the fact that someone is legally responsible for something
 - b. the responsibility of a person, business, or organization to pay or give up something of value
 - c. a liability is also anything that hurts your chances of success or that causes difficulties
- **Synonyms:** debt, obligation, responsibility, accountability
- **Antonyms:** assets, wealth, capital



- **Usage in a sentence:** Maintaining the old piano was increasingly becoming a **liability** for the school.

291. Word: **Mandarin** (उच्चाधिकारी)

- **Pronunciation:** man-da-rin
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a person who has a very important job in the government, and who is sometimes considered to be too powerful
 - b. a Chinese language that is the official language of China and Taiwan, and an official language of Singapore
 - c. small, sweet type of orange that has a thinner, looser skin
- **Synonyms:** bureaucrat, civil servant, functionary, public servant
- **Usage in a sentence:** It often seems that true power lies with the Civil Service **mandarins**, rather than MPs and cabinet ministers.

292. Word: **Reek** (दुर्गंध आना)

- **Pronunciation:** reek
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a strong, unpleasant smell (Noun)
 - b. vapor or steam (Noun)
 - c. to smell strongly and unpleasantly (Verb)
 - d. to be strongly pervaded with something unpleasant or offensive (Verb)
 - e. to expose to or treat with smoke (verb)
- **Synonyms:** stink, smell, stench
- **Antonyms:** aroma, perfume, fragrance
- **Usage in a sentence:** Her breath **reeked** of garlic.

293. Word: **Paranoia** (पागलपन)

- **Pronunciation:** par-uh-noi-uh
- **Part of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a mental condition characterized by delusions of persecution, unwarranted jealousy, or exaggerated self-importance, typically worked into an organized system
- **Synonyms:** insanity, mania, irrational suspicion
- **Antonyms:** sanity, comprehension, judiciousness
- **Usage in a sentence:** Jake kept his money under his mattress because of his **paranoia** about crooked bankers.

294. Word: **Vetted** (निरीक्षण किया)

- **Pronunciation:** vet-ted
- **Part of speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** make a careful and critical examination of (something).
- **Synonyms:** assess, evaluate, look over, review
- **Antonyms:** ignore, neglect



- **Usage in a sentence:** The book was **vett**ed by several different editors before publishing.

295. Word: **Meddling** (छेड़छाड़)

- **Pronunciation:** med-l-ing
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. intrusive or unwarranted interference. [Noun]
 - b. interfere in something that is not one's concern. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** interfering, intrusive, intruding
- **Antonyms:** unintrusive, disregarding
- **Usage in a sentence:** I don't like other people **meddling** in the way I run this business.

296. Word: **Inglorious** (अपमानपूर्ण)

- **Pronunciation:** in-glawr-ee-uhs
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. (of an action or situation) causing shame or a loss of honour.
 - b. not famous or renowned.
- **Synonyms:** dishonourable, ignominious, discreditable, disgraceful
- **Antonyms:** divine, gorgeous, proud
- **Usage in Sentence:** The so-called glorious experiment came to an **inglorious** end.

297. Word: **Ring-fence** (किसी विशेष उद्देश्य के लिए आवंटित धन कुछ और पर खर्च नहीं किया जाने की प्रत्याभूति)

- **Pronunciation:** ring-fens
- **Part of speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** guarantee that (funds allocated for a particular purpose) will not be spent on anything else.
- **Synonyms:** earmark, allocate, assign
- **Antonyms:** waste, dispose of, unbridle
- **Usage in a sentence:** The government failed to **ring-fence** the money provided to schools.

298. Word: **Mystifying** (अस्पष्ट)

- **Pronunciation:** mis-tuh-fahy-ing
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. utterly bewilder or perplex (someone).
 - b. make obscure or mysterious.
- **Synonyms:** puzzling, baffling, confusing, confounding, bemusing, obfuscating
- **Antonyms:** interpret, clarify, explain, enlighten
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The report was presented with **mystifying** certitude.

299. Word: **Diktat** (अलोकप्रिय और कड़ा आदेश)

- **Pronunciation:** dik-tat
- **Part of Speech:** Noun



- **Meaning:** an order or decree imposed by someone in power without popular consent.
- **Synonyms:** dictation, imposition, enforcement
- **Antonyms:** petition, appeal
- **Usage in a sentence:** The coach issued a **diktat** that all team members must attend early-morning practice.

300. Word: Tyranny (उत्पीड़न, प्रजा पीड़क शासन)

- **Pronunciation:** ti-rany
- **Part of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** excessively cruel use of power/cruel and oppressive government or rule.
- **Synonyms:** despotism, absolutism, absolute power, autocracy, dictatorship
- **Antonyms:** democracy, liberality
- **Usage in a sentence:** Working together, the two countries hoped they could uproot the dictator and free the small nation from his **tyranny**.

301. Word: Frenzied (उन्मुक्त)

- **Pronunciation:** fren-zeed
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** wildly excited or uncontrolled.
- **Synonyms:** furious, violent, insane
- **Antonyms:** calm, peaceful, tranquil
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The man was beat to death in a **frenzied** attack.

302. Word: Angst (चिंता)

- **Pronunciation:** ahngkst
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a feeling of deep anxiety or dread, typically an unfocused one about the human condition or the state of the world in general
- **Synonyms:** anxiety, anguish, fear, distress, dread
- **Antonyms:** comfort, calmness, assurance, serenity
- **Usage in a Sentence:** This story lacks the typical **angst** and desperation characteristic of the genre.

303. Word: Tussle (कशमकश)

- **Pronunciation:** tuhs-uh l
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a vigorous struggle or scuffle, typically in order to obtain or achieve something. (Noun)
 - b. engage in a vigorous struggle or scuffle. (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** fight, scuffle, struggle, skirmish, brawl
- **Antonyms:** agreement, consensus, accord
- **Usage in a sentence:** After quite a **tussle**, I finally wrenched the letter from him.

304. Word: Unflappable (शांत)

- **Pronunciation:** uhn-flap-uh-buh l



- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** having or showing calmness in a crisis.
- **Synonyms:** imperturbable, calm, confident, peaceful
- **Antonyms:** nervous, worried, upset
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The quiet, efficient and **unflappable** manager introduced more patience into his charge.

305. Word: Rankle (भड़कना)

- **Pronunciation:** rang-kuhl
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. (of a comment or fact) cause continuing annoyance or resentment.
 - b. annoy or irritate (someone).
- **Synonyms:** irritate, vex, annoy, exasperate
- **Antonyms:** delight, please, appease, comfort
- **Usage in a sentence:** The joke about her family **rankled** her.

306. Word: Ambush (घात लगाना)

- **Pronunciation:** am-boo sh
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. an act or instance of lying concealed so as to attack by surprise (Noun)
 - b. an act or instance of attacking unexpectedly from a concealed position (Noun)
 - c. the concealed position itself (Noun)
 - d. those who attack suddenly and unexpectedly from a concealed position (Noun)
 - e. to attack from ambush (Verb)
 - f. to suddenly attack someone after hiding and waiting for them (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** trap, attack, snare, waylay
- **Antonyms:** retreat, defend, exhibition
- **Usage in a sentence:** He was **ambushed** by gunmen on his way to work.

307. Word: Glean (बटोरना)

- **Pronunciation:** glean
- **Part of speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** to gather information in pieces
- **Synonyms:** gather, obtain, extract, collect, harvest
- **Antonyms:** apportion, dispose, spread, dispense
- **Usage in a sentence:** From several library resources, Sara was able to **glean** enough information to write her research paper.

308. Word: Arsenal (आयुधशाला)

- **Pronunciation:** ahr-suh-nl
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a collection of weapons and military equipment
- **Synonyms:** armoury, repository, store



- **Antonyms:** disarmament
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The country has agreed to reduce its nuclear **arsenal**.

309. Word: **Guile** (छल-कपट)

- **Pronunciation:** gahyl
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** clever but sometimes dishonest behaviour used to deceive someone
- **Synonyms:** trickery, cunning, craftiness, slyness
- **Antonyms:** honesty, truth, integrity, sincerity
- **Usage in a sentence:** He put his **guile** to good use and stole a hardworking person's promotion.

310. Word: **Troika** (नेता के रूप में काम करने वाले तीन जन)

- **Pronunciation:** troi-kuh
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a Russian carriage, wagon, or sleigh drawn by a team of three horses abreast
 - b. a team of three horses driven abreast
 - c. any group of three persons, nations, etc., acting equally in unison to exert influence, control, or the like
- **Synonyms:** trio, triad, triplet, trinity, triumvirate
- **Antonyms:** unilateral
- **Usage in a sentence:** The three friends formed a formidable **troika** after joining the students' council.

311. Word: **Sanctimonious** (दिखावटी तौर पर नैतिक)

- **Pronunciation:** sangk-tuh-moh-nee-uhs
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** making a hypocritical show of religious devotion, piety, righteousness
- **Synonyms:** self-righteous, hypocritical, holier-than-thou
- **Antonyms:** genuine, frank, honest
- **Usage in a sentence:** Despite being filled with prejudices himself, he used to deliver **sanctimonious** speeches on equality.

312. Word: **Pious** (धर्मपरायण)

- **Pronunciation:** pahy-uhs
- **Part of speech:** adjective
- **Meaning:** very religious
- **Synonyms:** devout, religious, sanctimonious
- **Antonyms:** impious, irreverent, atheist
- **Usage in a sentence:** Under the guidance of a very **pious** minister, I learned a great deal about the origin of the scriptures.

313. Word: **Sensationalist** (सनसनीखेज़ खबरें इस्तेमाल करने वाला)

- **Pronunciation:** sen-sey-shuh-nl-izt
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective



- **Meaning:** presenting information in a way that is shocking or exciting rather than serious, especially in newspapers, on television
- **Synonyms:** lurid, melodramatic, tabloid
- **Antonyms:** insipid, bland, boring
- **Usage in a sentence:** The newspaper was known less for the quality of its journalism and more for its **sensationalist** headlines.

314. Word: Supercilious (नकचढ़ा)

- **Pronunciation:** soo-per-sil-ee-uhs
- **Part of speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** haughtily disdainful or contemptuous, as a person or a facial expression.
- **Synonyms:** Arrogant, snobbish, haughty, condescending
- **Antonyms:** humble, modest, meek, demure
- **Usage in a sentence:** His eyebrows were arched in **supercilious** surprise.

315. Word: Warrant (अधिपत्र/ आश्वासन देना)

- **Pronunciation:** wawr-uh nt
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a document that entitles the holder to receive goods, money, or services. (Noun)
 - b. officially affirm or guarantee. (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** guarantee, justify, pledge, assure
- **Antonyms:** break, prohibition
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The case was sufficiently serious to **warrant** investigation by the police.

316. Word: Smack (थप्पड़/तमाचा मारना/ठीक)

- **Pronunciation:** smak
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb, Adverb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a sharp slap or blow, typically one given with the palm of the hand. [Noun]
 - b. strike (someone or something), typically with the palm of the hand and as a punishment. [Verb]
 - c. exactly; precisely. [Adverb]
- **Synonyms:** slap, whack, bang, hit
- **Antonyms:** off, indirectly, inexactly
- **Usage in a sentence:** I think it's wrong to **smack** a child.

317. Word: Sent into a tizzy (चकराया हुआ/उत्तेजित)

- **Pronunciation:** send/in-too/a/tiz-ee
- **Meaning:** To cause one to enter a nervous, confused, agitated, or excited state.
- **Synonyms:** confused, bewildered, agitated, perplexed, baffled
- **Antonyms:** composed, clear, organised
- **Usage in a sentence:** He was **sent into a tizzy** by the barrage of information that hit him as soon as he entered office.



318. Word: Riposte (प्रत्युत्तर/ जवाबी प्रहार)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-pohst
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a quick, clever reply to an insult or criticism. [Noun]
 - b. make a quick, clever reply to an insult or criticism. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** retort, answer, response, reply
- **Antonyms:** question, ask
- **Usage in a sentence:** The US delivered an early **riposte** to the air attack.

319. Word: Unedifying (अशोभनीय)

- **Pronunciation:** un-ed-i-fy-ing
- **Part of speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** (especially of an event taking place in public) unpleasant and without any useful or positive features.
- **Synonyms:** undignified, distasteful, unpleasant, bawdy
- **Antonyms:** Edifying, sweet, pleasant
- **Usage in a sentence:** The sight of the two leaders screeching conflicting proposals was **unedifying**.

320. Word: Iteration (पुनरावृत्ति)

- **Pronunciation:** it-uh-rey-shuh n
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the repetition of a process or utterance.
- **Synonyms:** repetition, recurrence, replication
- **Antonyms:** original, innovation
- **Usage in a sentence:** The results from the experiment verify the veracity of the inverse **iteration** and weighted form-finding method.

321. Word: Genocide (जातिसंहार)

- **Pronunciation:** jen-uh-sahyd
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the deliberate killing of a large group of people, especially those of a particular nation or ethnic group.
- **Synonyms:** mass murder, extermination, annihilation, massacre
- **Antonyms:** peace, toleration, amity, endurance
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Lawmakers passed a motion recognising the Ottoman slaughter of Armenians in 1915 as a **genocide**.

322. Word: Sovereignty (सत्ता)

- **Pronunciation:** sov-rin-tee/साव्रिन्टी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. supreme power or authority



- b. the authority of a state to govern itself or another state
- c. a self-governing state.

- **Synonyms:** freedom, democracy
- **Antonyms:** retention, belief
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The people embrace their independence and **sovereignty**.

323. Word: Integrity (अखंडता)

- **Pronunciation:** in-teg-ri-tee
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the quality of being honest and having strong moral principles.
 - b. the state of being whole and undivided.
- **Synonyms:** honesty, uprightness, morality
- **Antonyms:** dishonesty, deception, unfairness
- **Usage in a sentence:** Separatist movements are a threat to the **integrity** of the nation.

324. Word: Incitement (उत्तेजना)

- **Pronunciation:** in-sahyt-muh nt
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the action of provoking unlawful behaviour or urging someone to behave unlawfully.
- **Synonyms:** provocation, stimulus, incentive, incitation, impulse
- **Antonyms:** hindrance, deterrence, impediment
- **Usage in a sentence:** The rock band's failure to show up **incited** a riot, as the crowd had waited for hours.

325. Word: Cognisable (संज्ञेय)

- **Pronunciation:** kog-nuh-zuh-buh l
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. perceptible; clearly identifiable.
 - b. within the jurisdiction of a court.
- **Synonyms:** perceptible, indicated, evident, likely, comprehensible
- **Antonym:** obscure, inscrutable, incomprehensible
- **Usage in a Sentence:** A hieroglyph is an emblem of something not **cognizable** to the modern crowd.

326. Word: Unequivocal (असंदिग्ध)

- **Pronunciation:** uhn-i-kwiv-uh-kuhl
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** leaving no doubt; unambiguous
- **Synonyms:** clear, unambiguous, unmistakable, indisputable, incontrovertible
- **Antonyms:** equivocal, ambiguous, vague
- **Usage in a Sentence:** His views turned out to be staunch and **unequivocal**.

327. Word: Hashtag (#) (हैशटैग)



- **Pronunciation:** hash-tag
- **Part of Speech:** Noun/ Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. (on social media websites): a word or phrase preceded by a hash mark (#), used within a message to identify a keyword or topic of interest and facilitate a search for it (Noun)
 - b. a word or phrase preceded by a hash mark (#) or by the word hashtag, used to add wit or emphasis to a spoken or written statement.
 - c. to add a hashtag to (a word, topic, or message) [verb (used with or without object)]
- **Synonyms:** label, tag, symbol, topic, sticker, keyword
- **Usage in a sentence:** **Hashtagging** a topic will increase its visibility.

328. Word: Indefensible (असमर्थनीय)

- **Pronunciation:** in-di-fen-suh-buhl
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. not justifiable; inexcusable
 - b. incapable of being protected or defended against attack
 - c. incapable of being defended against criticism or denial; untenable
- **Synonyms:** unjustifiable, untenable, inexcusable
- **Antonyms:** defensible, excusable, reasonable
- **Usage in a sentence:** The argument proved to be **indefensible** in court.

329. Word: Simmering (सिमसिमाना)

- **Pronunciation:** si-mer-ing
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - (a) stay just below boiling point while bubbling gently (verb)
 - (b) a state or temperature just below boiling point (noun)
- **Synonyms:** stewing, seething, bubbling, parboiled
- **Antonyms:** erupt, burst, freeze
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He had long been **simmering**, till he finally burst into an angry attack one day.

330. Word: Face-off (सामना करना)

- **Pronunciation:** feys-awf
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** take up an attitude of confrontation, especially at the start of a fight or game.
- **Synonyms:** take a stand, dare, confrontation
- **Antonyms:** agree, decide, reconcile
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The boxers have been scheduled for a **face-off** this afternoon.

331. Word: Vigilance (जागरूकता)

- **Pronunciation:** viji-lence
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the state of keeping a careful watch for danger



- **Synonyms:** watchfulness, alertness
- **Antonyms:** negligence, carelessness
- **Usage in a sentence:** Lack of **vigilance** caused the Titanic to crash into an iceberg that no one saw coming.

332. Word: **Reiterate** (दुहराना)

- **Pronunciation:** ree-it-uh-reyt
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** say something again or a number of times, typically for emphasis or clarity.
- **Synonyms:** repeat, iterate, duplicate
- **Antonyms:** elapse, conceal, dismiss
- **Usage in a Sentence:** My teacher **reiterated** all the important points two days before the exam.

333. Word: **Accommodative** (समझौतापरक)

- **Pronunciation:** uh-kom-uh-dey-tiv
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** used to describe a person or someone who is eager or willing to help other people, for example by changing his or her plans
- **Synonyms:** cooperative, helpful, adaptive
- **Antonyms:** unobliging
- **Usage in a sentence:** She was understanding, patient, **accommodative**, and always had a solution to all problems.

334. Word: **Welter** (निमग्न होना/घालमेल)

- **Pronunciation:** wel-ter
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. move in a turbulent fashion. [Verb]
 - b. a large number of items in no order; a confused mass. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** jumble, clutter, muddle
- **Antonyms:** order
- **Usage in a sentence:** Individual advertisements are swamped in the **welter** of political coverage.

335. Word: **Deceleration** (गति में कमी)

- **Pronunciation:** dee-sel-uh-re-sion
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** reduction in speed or rate.
- **Synonyms:** retardation, delay, tardiness
- **Antonyms:** acceleration, quickness, rapidity
- **Use in a Sentence:** The rate of **deceleration** of economic growth is massive and demands quick action.

336. Word: **Fillip** (प्रेरणा)

- **Pronunciation:** fil-uh p



- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. something which acts as a stimulus or boost to an activity. (Noun)
 - b. propel (a small object) with a flick of the fingers. (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** incentive, stimulus, boost, encouragement
- **Antonyms:** deterrence, disincentive
- **Usage in a sentence:** The news gave a **fillip** to the telecommunication sector.

337. Word: Resilience (तन्यकता)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-zil-yuh ns
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the capacity to recover quickly from difficulties; toughness.
 - b. the ability of a substance or object to spring back into shape; elasticity.
- **Synonyms:** flexibility, plasticity, elasticity
- **Antonyms:** frailty, rigidity
- **Usage in a Sentence:** My mother has shown great **resilience** to stress.

338. Word: Protracted (खींचना)

- **Pronunciation:** proh-trakt-ed
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to draw out or lengthen, especially in time; extend the duration of; prolong
 - b. Anatomy. to extend or protrude
 - c. (in surveying, mathematics, etc.) to plot and draw (lines) with a scale and a protractor
- **Synonyms:** prolonged, extended, drawn out, lengthened
- **Antonyms:** contracted, curtailed, abbreviated
- **Usage in a sentence:** Their **protracted** legal battle may soon be resolved.

339. Word: Clutch (जकड़ना)

- **Pronunciation:** kluhch
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun, Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. grasp (something) tightly. (Verb)
 - b. a tight grasp. (Noun)
 - c. (in sport) denoting or occurring at a critical situation in which the outcome of a game or competition is at stake. (Adjective)
- **Synonyms:** grasp, grip, hold, grab, seize
- **Antonyms:** unfasten, abandon, release
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The sudden sensation of falling made him **clutch** the door frame.

340. Word: Gilt (सोने का मुलम्मा किया हुआ)

- **Pronunciation:** gilt
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun, Adjective



- **Meaning:**
 - a. a simple past tense and past participle of gild (Verb)
 - b. gold in color; golden (Adjective)
 - c. the thin layer of gold or other material applied in gilding (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** golden, aureate, embellished
- **Antonyms:** achromatic, dull, austere
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **gilded** frame shone in the colours of the rainbow when the sunlight hit.

341. Word: Staggering (लड़खड़ाहट)

- **Pronunciation:** stag-er-eeng/ स्टैगरिंग
- **Part of Speech:** Verb/ Noun/ Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. walk or move unsteadily as if about to fall. [Verb]
 - b. astonish or deeply shock. [Verb]
 - c. an unsteady walk or movement. [Noun]
 - d. very shocking and surprising [Adjective]
- **Synonyms:** stumble, surprise, shocked
- **Antonyms:** comfort, relax, calm
- **Usage in a sentence:** It costs a **staggering** \$50,000 per week to keep the museum open to the public.

342. Word: Dislodge (निकाल देना)

- **Pronunciation:** dis-loj/ डिस्लाज
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. knock or force out of position.
 - b. remove from a position of power or authority.
- **Synonyms:** displace, eject, evict
- **Antonyms:** attach, embed, absorb
- **Usage in a Sentence:** We need two victories to **dislodge** the former team from the first place.

343. Word: Debris (रोड़ा)

- **Pronunciation:** duh-bree/ डब्री
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** scattered pieces of rubbish or remains.
- **Synonyms:** rubbish, junk, rubble
- **Antonyms:** purity, finery, valuable
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Several people were injured by flying **debris** in the explosion.

344. Word: Frailty (निर्बलता)

- **Pronunciation:** freyl-tee/ फ्रेल्टी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the quality or state of being frail



- b. moral weakness; liability to yield to temptation
- c. a fault resulting from moral weakness

- **Synonyms:** foible, weakness, flaws
- **Antonyms:** strength, grit, sinew
- **Usage in a sentence:** Though ill for most of her life, physical **frailty** never stopped her from working.

345. Word: Crucible (संकट की घड़ी)

- **Pronunciation:** kroo-suh-buhl/ क्रूसबल
- **Part of speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a tough trial or test
 - b. a container of metal or refractory material employed for heating substances to high temperatures.
- **Synonyms:** ordeal, cauldron, melting pot, tribulation
- **Usage in a sentence:** Creating a new product that fits a need is a **crucible** for many inventors.

346. Word: Aberration (सामान्य से विचलन)

- **Pronunciation:** ab-uh-rey-shuh n/ ऐबेरेशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a departure from what is normal, usual, or expected, typically an unwelcome one.
- **Synonyms:** deviation, abnormality, distortion
- **Antonyms:** regularity, normality, conformity
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Owing to a strange mental **aberration** she forgot her own name.

347. Word: Rigorous (कठोर)

- **Pronunciation:** rig-er-uh s/ रीगरस
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. extremely thorough and careful
 - b. (of a rule, system, etc.) strictly applied or adhered to.
- **Synonyms:** strict, precise
- **Antonyms:** flexible, negligent
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The man is **rigorous** in his control of expenditure.

348. Word: Seismicity (भूकंपनीयता)

- **Pronunciation:** sahyz-mis-i-tee
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the frequency, intensity, and distribution of earthquakes in a given area.
- **Synonyms:** earthquake-prone
- **Usage in a sentence:** Owing to its **seismicity**, the once popular tourist spot has now become a ghost town.

349. Word: Epitomise (प्रतीक होना)

- **Pronunciation:** ih-pit-uh-mahyz/ इपिटमाइज़



- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** to be a perfect example of a quality or type of thing
- **Synonyms:** typify, embody, exemplify, symbolise, represent
- **Antonyms:** disembody, disincarnate
- **Usage in a sentence:** She **epitomised** the virtue of patience.

350. Word: **Gorge** (पर्वत के बीच का संकुचित मार्ग/जल्दी जल्दी खाना)

- **Pronunciation:** gawrj/ गॉर्ज
- **Part of Speech:** Noun/ Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to eat until rendered unable to eat any more (Verb)
 - b. a deep, narrow valley with steep sides, usually formed by a river or stream cutting through hard rock (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** canyon, overeat, ravine, glut
- **Antonyms:** nibble, munch, fast
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **gorge** was so deep that it soon became home to deep sea creatures.

351. Word: **Compliance** (आज्ञापालन)

- **Pronunciation:** kuh m-plahy-uh ns/ कम्प्लाइअन्स
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the state or fact of according with or meeting rules or standards.
- **Synonyms:** obedience, concurrence, consent
- **Antonyms:** refusal, denial, defiance
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The workers of the factory must be monitored to ensure **compliance** with the terms and conditions.

352. Word: **Ambitious** (महत्वाकांक्षी)

- **Pronunciation:** am-bish-uhs/ ऐम्बिशस
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** having or showing a strong desire and determination to succeed.
- **Synonyms:** aspiring, determined, progressive
- **Antonyms:** lazy, unambitious
- **Usage in a sentence:** The government has announced an **ambitious** programme to modernize the railway network.

353. Word: **Enterprise** (उद्योग)

- **Pronunciation:** en-ter-prahyz/ एन्टर्प्राइज़
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a project or undertaking, especially a bold or complex one.
 - b. initiative and resourcefulness.
 - c. a business or company.
 - d. entrepreneurial economic activity.
- **Synonyms:** business, undertaking, company, venture, initiative



- **Antonyms:** idleness, lethargy, laziness, inactivity
- **Usage in a sentence:** Agriculture is the main economic **enterprise** of the people.

354. Word: **Tortuous** (जटिल)

- **Pronunciation:** tawr-choo-uhs/ टॉर्चवस
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. full of twists and turns.
 - b. excessively lengthy and complex.
- **Synonyms:** winding, sinuous, convoluted, serpentine, twisted, devious
- **Antonyms:** direct, straight, straightforward, uncomplicated
- **Usage in a Sentence:** We took a **tortuous** mountain road marked by numerous hairpin turns.

355. Word: **Exchequer** (कोष)

- **Pronunciation:** eks-chek-er, iks-chek-er/ एक्स्चेकर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the former government office responsible for collecting revenue and making payments on behalf of the sovereign, auditing official accounts, and trying legal cases relating to revenue
- **Synonyms:** treasury, bank, coffer
- **Antonyms:** liabilities, debt
- **Usage in a Sentence:** There's nothing left in the **exchequer** this month.

356. Word: **Articulate** (सुस्पष्ट)

- **Pronunciation:** ahr-tik-yuh-lit/ आर्टिक्युलट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. having or showing the ability to speak fluently and coherently. [Adjective]
 - b. pronounce (something) clearly and distinctly. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** enunciate, pronounce, express, eloquent, fluent
- **Antonyms:** mute, incoherent, silent, inarticulate, hesitant
- **Usage in a sentence:** He is polished, charming, **articulate** and an excellent negotiator.

357. Word: **Headway** (उन्नति)

- **Pronunciation:** hed-wey/ हेड्वे
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. forward movement or progress, especially when this is slow or difficult.
 - b. the average interval between trains or buses on a regular service.
- **Synonyms:** progress, advance, improvement, progression
- **Antonyms:** descent, decline, fall, devolution
- **Usage in a sentence:** The ant was making little **headway** carrying a crumb that was about five times its size.

358. Word: **Tactful** (विनम्र)



- **Pronunciation:** takt-full/ तैक्टफल
- **Part of speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** concerned about distressing other individuals, having or showing skill and sensitivity in dealing with others or with difficult issues.
- **Synonyms:** courteous, polite, discreet
- **Antonyms:** tactless, contemptuous
- **Usage in a sentence:** The doctor was **tactful** as he told the woman about her incurable illness.

359. Word: **Semblance** (अनुरूपता)

- **Pronunciation:** sem-bluh ns/ सेम्ब्लन्स
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the outward appearance or apparent form of something, especially when the reality is different.
- **Synonyms:** likeness, similarity, guise
- **Antonyms:** contrast, opposite, unlikeness
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The film lacks any **semblance** of realism.

360. Word: **Witch-hunt** (संदिग्ध व्यक्तियों की खोज)

- **Pronunciation:** wick-huhnt/विच हन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a campaign directed against a person or group holding views considered unorthodox or a threat to society.
- **Synonyms:** inquisitions, persecutions
- **Antonyms:** forget, ignore, neglect
- **Use in Sentence:** He led the **witch-hunt** against alleged communists in the 1950s.

361. Word: **Condemnation** (तिरस्कार)

- **Pronunciation:** kon-dem-ney-shuh n/कान्डेम्नेशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the expression of very strong disapproval; censure.
- **Synonyms:** blame, reproof, disapproval
- **Antonyms:** approval, absolution
- **Usage in a Sentence:** There has been no official **condemnation** of the bombardment.

362. Word: **Ostensibly** (काल्पनिक रूप से)

- **Pronunciation:** o-sten-suh-buh li/ ओस्टेंसिब्ली
- **Part of Speech:** Adverb
- **Meaning:** as appears or is stated to be true, though not necessarily so; apparently
- **Synonyms:** apparently, seemingly, allegedly, superficially
- **Antonyms:** truly, improbably, unlikely
- **Usage in a Sentence:** **Ostensibly** he was on a business trip, but he spent most of the time on the beach.

363. Word: **Dismal** (अप्रसन्न)



- **Pronunciation:** diz-muh | डिज़्मल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. causing a mood of gloom or depression.
 - b. pitifully or disgracefully bad.
- **Synonyms:** bleak, cheerless, gloomy
- **Antonyms:** pleasant, encouraging, enthusiastic
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Her scheme was a **dismal** failure.

364. Word: Wont (अभ्यास)

- **Pronunciation:** wohnt/वोन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective/ Noun/ Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. accustomed; used (usually followed by an infinitive) [Adjective]
 - b. custom; habit; practice [Noun]
 - c. to accustom (a person), as to a thing [Verb]
 - d. to render (a thing) customary or usual (usually used passively). [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** habit, custom, convention, practice
- **Antonyms:** solution, unaccustomed, break with tradition
- **Usage in a sentence:** If the past is any indication, he is **wont** to be late for the meeting.

365. Word: Grassroots (जनसाधारण)

- **Pronunciation:** gras-roots/ग्रेसूट्स
- **Part of Speech:** Noun/ Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the common or ordinary people, especially as contrasted with the leadership or elite of a political party, social organization, etc.; the rank and file. [Noun]
 - b. the agricultural and rural areas of a country.[Noun]
 - c. the people inhabiting these areas, especially as a political, social, or economic group. [Noun]
 - d. the origin or basis of something; the basic or primary concept, rule, part, or the like. [Noun]
 - e. of, relating to, or involving the common people, especially as contrasted with or separable from an elite [Adjective]
- **Synonyms:** base, fundamental
- **Usage in a sentence:** The changes need to be brought in at the **grassroots** level.

366. Word: Relentless (अनवरत)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-lent-lis/रिलेन्ड्लिस
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. unceasingly intense.
 - b. harsh or inflexible.
- **Synonyms:** persistent, severe
- **Antonyms:** inexorable, inflexible
- **Usage in a Sentence:** She could not bear the **relentless** music and turned down the volume.



367. Word: Redress (सुधारना)

- **Pronunciation:** ree-dres/ रिड्रेस
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. remedy or set right (an undesirable or unfair situation). [Verb]
 - b. remedy or compensation for a wrong or grievance. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** remedy, correct, compensate
- **Antonyms:** wrong, worsen, blighted
- **Usage in a sentence:** He is seeking **redress** for what he alleges was an unfair demotion.

368. Word: Invoke (स्मरण करना)

- **Pronunciation:** in-vohk/ इन्वोक
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** cite or appeal to (someone or something) as an authority for an action or in support of an argument.
- **Synonyms:** appeal, raise implement, enforce, evoke
- **Antonyms:** dismiss, abandon, banish
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Saleem **invokes** his muse every time he sits down to sing.

369. Word: Sedition (राजद्रोह)

- **Pronunciation:** si-dish-uhn/ सिडिशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** conduct or speech inciting people to rebel against the authority of a state or monarch.
- **Synonyms:** insurrection, mutiny, treason, revolt, rebellion
- **Antonyms:** loyalty, allegiance, obedience, submission
- **Usage in a sentence:** The leaders of the group have been arrested and charged with **sedition**.

370. Word: Defamation (निन्दा)

- **Pronunciation:** def-uh-mey-shuh n/ डेफमैशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the act of defaming; false or unjustified injury of the good reputation of another, as by slander or libel; calumny
- **Synonyms:** slander, libel, vilification, calumny
- **Antonyms:** compliment, applause, praise
- **Usage in a sentence:** The lawsuit accused his former associates of **defamation**.

371. Word: Disengagement (अवकाश)

- **Pronunciation:** dis-en-geyj-muhnt /डिसिनौज्मन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the fact of stopping being involved in something:
- **Synonyms:** detachment, separation, pullout, disconnection
- **Antonyms:** juxtaposition, association, engagement



- **Usage in a sentence:** Social media is affecting a scary **disengagement** from reality.

372. Word: Synchronise (संकालन/ तालमेल बनाना)

- **Pronunciation:** sing-kruh-nahyz/ सिंगक्रनाइज़
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. cause to occur or operate at the same time or rate.
 - b. agree with something else.
 - c. coordinate; combine.
- **Synonyms:** match, accord, accommodate
- **Antonyms:** struggle, desynchronise
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Chrome OS would also allow users to work offline and **synchronise** changes later.

373. Word: Moratorium (शोध विलम्बकाल)

- **Pronunciation:** mawr-uh-tawr-ee-uhm/मॉरटोरीअम
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a suspension of activity
 - b. a legally authorized period to delay payment of money due or the performance of some other legal obligation, as in an emergency
 - c. an authorized period of delay or waiting
- **Synonyms:** suspension, postponement, delay, embargo
- **Antonyms:** continuation, advantage
- **Usage in a sentence:** They are proposing a five-year **moratorium** on whaling.

374. Word: Logistics (प्रचालन-तन्त्र)

- **Pronunciation:** loh-jis-tiks/ लोजिस्टिक्स
- **Part of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the detailed organization and implementation of a complex operation
- **Synonyms:** coordination, strategy, planning, organisation
- **Antonyms:** disarray, commotion, confusion
- **Usage in a sentence:** Lack of proper **logistics** results in a lot of food wastage every year.

375. Word: Leverage (लाभ उठाना)

- **Pronunciation:** lev-er-ij/लीवरिज
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** power or ability to act or to influence people, events, decisions, etc.; sway
- **Synonyms:** influence, clout, advantage
- **Antonyms:** inferiority, weakness
- **Usage in a Sentence:** They **leveraged** his well established gullibility to rob him of his money.

376. Word: Negotiate (बातचीत करना)

- **Pronunciation:** ni-goh-shee-eyt/ निगोशिएट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb



- **Meaning:** obtain or bring about by discussion.
- **Synonyms:** bargain, deal, haggle
- **Antonyms:** disclaim, devolve
- **Usage in a sentence:** The company needed to **negotiate** better if they wanted the deal to go in their favour.

377. Word: Hard/Tough nut to crack (उलझनकारी समस्या)

- **Pronunciation:** hahrd-nuht-too-krak/हार्ड-नट-टू-क्रैक
- **Meaning:** a problem that is very difficult to solve or a person who is very difficult to understand
- **Synonyms:** tough cookie, tough nut to crack, difficult
- **Antonyms:** easy, piece of cake, solvable
- **Usage in a sentence:** Despite her age, the grandma is a **hard nut to crack**.

378. Word: Predate (से पहले घटित होना)

- **Pronunciation:** pree-deyt/प्रीडेट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to have existed or happened before another thing
 - b. to kill and eat another animal
- **Synonyms:** antedate, precede, antecede
- **Antonyms:** post-date
- **Usage in a sentence:** The house **predates** the second world war

379. Word: Hurdle (अवरोध)

- **Pronunciation:** hur-dl/ हर्डल
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. one of a series of upright frames over which athletes in a race must jump. (Noun)
 - b. a problem or difficulty that must be overcome. (Noun)
 - c. take part in a hurdle race. (Verb)
 - d. enclose or fence off with hurdles. (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** obstacle, hindrance, obstruction, barrier
- **Antonyms:** advantage, assistance, promote
- **Usage in a Sentence:** You have already overcome the first major **hurdle** by passing the entrance exam.

380. Word: Populous (घनी आबादी वाला)

- **Pronunciation:** pop-yuh-luhs/ पाप्युलस
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** having a large population; densely populated.
- **Synonyms:** crowded, populated, inhabited, dense
- **Antonyms:** deserted, lonely, empty, uninhabited, depopulated
- **Usage in a sentence:** America is the third-most **populous** nation, and between 1990 and 2015 generated almost all the population growth of what the U.N. calls the more developed regions.



381. Word: Legal Tender (वैध मुद्रा)

- **Pronunciation:** lee-guhl ten-der /लीगल टेन्डर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** currency that may be lawfully tendered in payment of a debt, such as paper money, Federal Reserve notes, or coins.
- **Synonyms:** cash, money, currency
- **Antonyms:** debt, liability
- **Usage in a sentence:** Cowries used to be **legal tender** in ancient India.

382. Word: Volatile (बदलने के योग्य)

- **Pronunciation:** vol-uh-tl/ वालटल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. liable to change rapidly and unpredictably, especially for the worse. (Adjective)
 - b. a volatile substance. (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** erratic, unstable, fickle, changeable
- **Antonyms:** stable, steady, permanent, durable
- **Usage in a sentence:** The international oil markets have been highly **volatile** since the early 1970s.

383. Word: Illicit (अनुचित)

- **Pronunciation:** ih-lis-it/ इलिसिट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** forbidden by law, rules, or custom.
- **Synonyms:** illegal, unlawful, illegitimate, prohibited
- **Antonyms:** legal, legitimate, lawful, noble
- **Usage in a sentence:** He was arrested for selling **illicit** copies of the software.

384. Word: Disproportionate (असम)

- **Pronunciation:** dis-pruh-pawr-shuh-nit /डिस्पॉर्शनिट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. too large or too small in comparison to something else
 - b. not deserving its importance or influence
- **Synonyms:** inordinate, unequal, undue
- **Antonyms:** equal, proportionate, commensurate, balanced
- **Usage in a sentence:** There is a **disproportionate** distribution of wealth across the economic classes.

385. Word: In the offing (शीघ्र ही)

- **Pronunciation:** in-the--aw-fing/इन-द-ऑफिंग
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. in the near or immediate future; soon to come.



This expression originally meant “in the part of the ocean visible between shore and horizon”; its figurative use dates from the late 1700s.

- **Synonyms:** imminent, impending, looming
- **Antonyms:** away, cut-off, distant
- **Usage in a sentence:** Not to get anyone's hopes up, but a good news is **in the offing**.

386. Word: Ambivalence (उभयभाविता)

- **Pronunciation:** am-biv-uh-luhns/ऐम्बिवलन्स
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. uncertainty or fluctuation, especially when caused by inability to make a choice or by a simultaneous desire to say or do two opposite or conflicting things.
 - b. Psychology. the coexistence within an individual of positive and negative feelings toward the same person, object, or action, simultaneously drawing him or her in opposite directions.
- **Synonyms:** ambiguous, dubiety, uncertainty, equivocation
- **Antonyms:** certainty, clarity, unambiguous
- **Usage in a sentence:** There was **ambivalence** in his acceptance of the invitation.

387. Word: Clientele (ग्राहक-गण)

- **Pronunciation:** klahy-uhn-tel/क्लाइअन्टेल
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the clients or customers, as of a professional person or shop, considered collectively; a group or body of clients
 - b. dependents or followers.
- **Synonyms:** client, patron, customer
- **Antonyms:** owner, leader, manager
- **Usage in a sentence:** The luxury boutique had a niche **clientele**.

388. Word: Niche (स्थान)

- **Pronunciation:** nich/निश
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a comfortable or suitable position in life or employment. [Noun]
 - b. denoting or relating to products, services, or interests that appeal to a small, specialized section of the population. [Adjective]
- **Synonyms:** corner, recess, position, vocation
- **Antonyms:** closure, mound
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He had found his own **niche** audience.

389. Word: Lobby (अपने पक्ष में जनमत तैयार करना)

- **Pronunciation:** lob-ee/लाबी
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to try to persuade a politician, the government, or an official group that a particular thing



should or should not happen, or that a law should be changed (Verb)

b. the (large) room into which the main entrance door opens in a hotel or other large building (Noun)

- **Synonyms:** pressure group, campaign, anteroom, corridor, push
- **Antonyms:** repress, exit, pull
- **Usage in a sentence:** With the elections in the offing, the council members have been **lobbying** hard.

390. Word: Ledger (खाता)

- **Pronunciation:** lej-er/ लेजर
- **Part of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a book in which things are regularly recorded, especially business activities and money received or paid
- **Synonyms:** account book, record book, register, registry, log
- **Usage in a sentence:** The Bitcoin blockchain has shared the **ledger** that keeps track of payments with the public.

391. Word: Imperative (आज्ञार्थक, जरूरी)

- **Pronunciation:** im-per-uh-tiv/ इम्पेरटिव
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. of vital importance; crucial. [Adjective]
 - b. giving an authoritative command; peremptory. [Adjective]
 - c. an essential or urgent thing. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** necessary, obligatory, requisite
- **Antonyms:** nonessential, insignificant, needless
- **Usage in a Sentence:** In an organization, a prompt reply is **imperative**.

392. Word: Hobble (अटकाना)

- **Pronunciation:** hob-uhl/ हाबल
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** walk in an awkward way, typically because of pain from an injury.
- **Synonyms:** hinder, stagger, hamper
- **Antonyms:** run, move, stride
- **Usage in a Sentence:** After the stiff and painful injury, I could only **hobble**.

393. Word: Paucity (अभाव)

- **Pronunciation:** paw-si-tee/ पॉसिटी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the presence of something in only small or insufficient quantities or amounts.
- **Synonyms:** insufficiency, dearth, scarcity
- **Antonyms:** plethora, abundance, plenty
- **Usage in a Sentence:** There is a **paucity** of data on the ingredients of many products.



394. Word: Protocol (नयाचार)

- **Pronunciation:** proh-tuh-kawl/ प्रोटोकॉल
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the customs and regulations dealing with diplomatic formality, precedence, and etiquette.
 - b. an original draft, minute, or record from which a document, especially a treaty, is prepared.
 - c. a supplementary international agreement.
 - d. an agreement between states.
 - e. an annex to a treaty giving data relating to it.
- **Synonyms:** etiquette, convention, treaty, decorum
- **Antonyms:** crudeness, disagreement, lawlessness
- **Usage in a sentence:** It was imperative to follow the **protocols** to ensure safe passage.

395. Word: Epidemiology (जानपदिक रोग विज्ञान)

- **Pronunciation:** ep-i-dee-mee-ol-uh-jee/एपडेमीअलजी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the scientific study of diseases and how they are found, spread, and controlled in groups of people
- **Synonyms:** study of the distribution of disease, study of the cause of disease, study of the control of disease
- **Usage in a sentence:** An **epidemiological** study was conducted to find out the root cause between the sudden spread of the pathogen.

396. Word: Dodgy (कुटिल)

- **Pronunciation:** doj-ee/डॉजी
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** dishonest or unreliable
- **Synonyms:** tricky, cunning, sly
- **Antonyms:** candid, honest, trustworthy
- **Usage in a Sentence:** You never know how **dodgy** the witness is going to be.

397. Word: Infringement (अतिलंघन)

- **Pronunciation:** in-frinj-muhnt/इन्फ्रिन्ज्मन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. an action that breaks a rule, law, etc.
 - b. a breach or infraction, as of a law, right, or obligation; violation; transgression
- **Synonyms:** violation, breach. infraction, transgression
- **Antonyms:** compliance, obedience
- **Usage in a sentence:** Even minor **infringements** of the law will be severely punished.

398. Word: Augment (बढ़ाना)

- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Pronunciation:** awg-ment/ऑग्मेन्ट



- **Meaning:** make (something) greater by adding to it; increase.
- **Synonyms:** expand, enlarge, increase
- **Antonyms:** abridge, diminish, decrease
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He would have to find work to **augment** his income.

399. Word: **Substantial** (संतोषजनक)

- **Pronunciation:** subs-tan-cial/ सब्स्टैन्श्ल
- **Meaning:** referring to something that is greater or larger than normal
- **Synonyms:** considerable, real, material, weighty,
- **Antonyms:** insubstantial, worthless
- **Usage in a sentence:** Known for his **substantial** efforts in winning, the competitive boy rarely could find someone to play against because the opponent knew he would lose.

400. Word: **Probe** (जांच करना)

- **Pronunciation:** proh-b/ प्रोब
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a thorough investigation into a crime or other matter. [Noun]
 - b. explore or examine (something), especially with the hands or an instrument. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** scrutinize, inquiry
- **Antonyms:** glimpse, absurd
- **Usage in a Sentence:** I don't want to **probe** too deeply into your personal affairs.

401. Word: **Deficit** (घाटा)

- **Pronunciation:** def-uh-sit/ डेफिसिट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the amount by which the money that you spend is more than the money that you receive
- **Synonyms:** shortage, deficiency, shortfall
- **Antonyms:** plethora, excess, surplus
- **Usage in a sentence:** There are many priorities, but reducing the fiscal **deficit** is of paramount importance.

402. Word: **Dubious** (संदेहात्मक)

- **Pronunciation:** doo-bee-uhs/ डूबीअस
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** hesitating or doubting.
- **Synonyms:** doubtful, questionable, uncertain, suspicious
- **Antonyms:** certain, sure, confident
- **Usage in a sentence:** The firm was accused of **dubious** accounting practices.

403. Word: **Incitement** (उत्तेजना)

- **Pronunciation:** in-sahyt-muh nt/ इन्साइट्मन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun



- **Meaning:** the action of provoking unlawful behaviour or urging someone to behave unlawfully.
- **Synonyms:** provocation, stimulus, incentive, incitation, impulse
- **Antonyms:** hindrance, deterrence, impediment
- **Usage in a sentence:** The rock band's failure to show up **incited** a riot, as the crowd had waited for hours.

404. Word: Perverse (भ्रष्ट)

- **Pronunciation:** per-vurs/ पर्वर्स
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** showing a deliberate and obstinate desire to behave in a way that is unreasonable or unacceptable.
- **Synonyms:** stubborn, wayward, obstinate
- **Antonyms:** agreeable, reasonable, tolerant
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The war incited a number of **perverse** practices.

405. Word: Disaffection (असंतोष)

- **Pronunciation:** dis-uh-fek-shuhn/डिसफेक्शन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the quality of no longer supporting or being satisfied with a system, organization, or idea
 - b. the absence or alienation of affection or goodwill; estrangement; disloyalty
- **Synonyms:** estrangement, alienation, dissatisfaction
- **Antonyms:** loyalty, allegiance, attraction
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **disaffection** for the new political regime was clear among the citizens.

406. Word: Opprobrium (अनादर)

- **Pronunciation:** uh-proh-bree-uh m/अप्रोब्रीअम
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. severe criticism and blame
 - b. the disgrace or the reproach incurred by conduct considered outrageously shameful; infamy
 - c. a cause or object of such disgrace or reproach
- **Synonyms:** shame, disgrace, infamy, obloquy
- **Antonyms:** pride, dignity, honor
- **Usage in a sentence:** International **opprobrium** has been heaped on the country following its attack on its neighbours.

407. Word: Indiscriminate (अंधाधुंध, अभेदकर)

- **Pronunciation:** in-di-skrim-uh-nit/ इन्डिस्क्रिमनट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. done at random or without careful judgement.
 - b. (of a person) not using or exercising discrimination.
- **Synonyms:** random, haphazard, confused, indiscriminating



- **Antonyms:** selective, discriminate, definite, specific
- **Usage in a sentence:** They participated in the **indiscriminate** slaughter of countless innocent victims.

408. Word: **Convergence** (अभिसारिता)

- **Pronunciation:** kuhn-vur-juhns/कन्वर्जन्स
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the fact that two or more things, ideas, etc. become similar or come together
- **Synonyms:** confluence, intersection, overlapping
- **Antonyms:** polarisation, divergence, isolation
- **Usage in a sentence:** The conference marked the **convergence** of few of the greatest minds of the twenty-first century.

409. Word: **Deviant** (विपथगामी)

- **Pronunciation:** dee-vee-uh nt/ डीवीअन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. departing from usual or accepted standards, especially in social or sexual behaviour. (Adjective)
 - b. a deviant person or thing. (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** abnormal, aberrant, pervert, unusual
- **Antonyms:** normal, usual, regular, standard
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Some studies show that many violent criminals begin exhibiting **deviant** behaviour in early childhood.

410. Word: **Surfeit** (अतिरेक, आधिक्य)

- **Pronunciation:** sur-fit/ सर्फिट
- **Part of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** (an amount that is) more than is needed; an amount of something that is more than necessary, permitted, or desirable/an overabundant supply
- **Synonyms:** excess, abundant, oversupply
- **Antonyms:** lack, dearth, scarcity
- **Usage in a sentence:** When the store manager accidentally ordered a **surfeit** of pencils and pens, he was unable to sell the extra items and decided to donate them to a local school.

411. Word: **Insurrection** (विद्रोह)

- **Pronunciation:** in-suh-rek-shuhn /इन्सरेक्शन
- **Part of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a violent uprising against an authority or government
- **Synonyms:** revolt, rebellion
- **Antonyms:** calm, peace
- **Usage in a sentence:** In 1923 he took part in the communist **insurrection** in Germany.

412. Word: **Goad** (उकसाना)

- **Pronunciation:** gohd/गोड



- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to make a person or an animal react or do something by continuously annoying or upsetting them (Verb)
 - b. a stick with a pointed or electrically charged end, for driving cattle, oxen, etc.; prod (Noun)
 - c. anything that pricks or wounds like such a stick (Noun)
 - d. something that encourages, urges, or drives; a stimulus (Noun)
 - e. to prick or drive with, or as if with, a goad; prod; incite (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** provoke, spur, prod, urge
- **Antonyms:** discourage, restraint, dissuade
- **Usage in a sentence:** He refused to be **goaded** by their insults.

413. Word: **Culmination** (चरमबिन्दु)

- **Pronunciation:** kuhl-muh-ney-shuhn/ कल्मनेशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the highest or climactic point of something, especially as attained after a long time.
- **Synonyms:** peak, climax, pinnacle, conclusion
- **Antonyms:** beginning, commencement, opening
- **Usage in a sentence:** The space race reached its **culmination** in the first moonwalk.

414. Word: **Multilateral** (बहुपक्षीय)

- **Pronunciation:** muhl-ti-lat-er-uh I/ मल्टीलैटरल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** agreed upon or participated in by three or more parties, especially the governments of different countries
- **Synonyms:** multifaceted, international
- **Antonyms:** unilateral, bilateral, mutual
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The first round of **multilateral** trade talks has swayed between hope and despair.

415. Word: **Exacerbate** (खराब करना)

- **Pronunciation:** ex-aca-bate/इग्ज़ैसर्बेट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** to increase the severity or worsen/make (a problem, bad situation, or negative feeling) worse.
- **Synonyms:** aggravate, make worse, worsen, inflame
- **Antonyms:** calm, reduce
- **Usage in a Sentence:** She doesn't want to **exacerbate** the situation.

416. Word: **Brazen** (निर्लज)

- **Pronunciation:** brey-zuhn/ब्रेज़न
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. obvious, without any attempt to be hidden (Adjective)



- b. made of brass (Adjective)
- c. to make brazen or bold (Verb)

- **Synonyms:** bold, shameless, cheeky, insolent
- **Antonyms:** timid, shy, shameful
- **Usage in a sentence:** He told me a **brazen** lie.

417. Word: Misdemeanour (साधारण अपराध)

- **Pronunciation:** mis-di-mee-ner/मिस्डिमीनर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a minor wrongdoing.
- **Synonyms:** misdeed, malpractice, offense, misbehaviour
- **Antonyms:** defence, obedience, decency
- **Usage in a Sentence:** My uncle was brought up on **misdemeanour** charges.

418. Word: Ominous (अनिष्टसूचक)

- **Pronunciation:** om-uh-nuh s/आमनस
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** giving the worrying impression that something bad is going to happen; threateningly inauspicious.
- **Synonyms:** dangerous, menacing, inauspicious
- **Antonyms:** auspicious, encouraging, good
- **Usage in Sentence:** The car is making an **ominous** rattling sound.

419. Word: Denounce (दोषी ठहराना)

- **Pronunciation:** dih-nouns/ डिनाउन्स
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. publicly declare to be wrong or evil.
 - b. inform against.
- **Synonyms:** condemn, blame, criticize, attack
- **Antonyms:** praise, approve, support, celebrate
- **Usage in a sentence:** The film was **denounced** for the way it portrayed its female characters.

420. Word: Garner (एकत्र करना)

- **Pronunciation:** gahr-ner/गार्नर
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** gather or collect (something, especially information or approval).
- **Synonyms:** amass, accumulate
- **Antonyms:** spread, dissipate
- **Usage in a Sentence:** This product did not **garner** enough popularity, and had to be discontinued.

421. Word: Ghastly (डरावना/डरावने रूप में)

- **Pronunciation:** gast-lee/गैस्टली



- **Part of Speech:** Adjective/Adverb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. shockingly frightful or dreadful; horrible (Adjective)
 - b. resembling a ghost, especially in being very pale (Adjective)
 - c. terrible; very bad (Adjective)
 - d. in a ghastly manner; horribly; terribly (Adverb)
 - e. with a deathlike quality (Adverb)
- **Synonyms:** scary, awful, terrible, frightful
- **Antonyms:** delightful, beautiful, lovely, pleasing
- **Usage in a sentence:** Today's newspaper gives all the **ghastly** details of the murder.

422. Word: Grist (पिसान)

- **Pronunciation:** grist/ग्रिस्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. grain to be ground.
 - b. ground grain; meal produced from grinding.
 - c. grist to the mill: anything that can be used to one's advantage.
- **Synonyms:** grain, chaff
- **Antonyms:** chunk
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **grist** was being carried off to the market from the mill.

423. Word: Cringeworthy (तकलीफ़देह)

- **Pronunciation:** krinj-wur-thee/क्रिन्जवर्दी
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** causing a reaction or feeling of embarrassment, awkwardness, or discomfort
- **Synonyms:** embarrassing, awkward, uncomfortable
- **Antonyms:** pleasing, enjoyable, comfortable
- **Usage in a sentence:** The school drama tried so hard to be woke that it ended up being **cringeworthy**.

424. Word: Carnage (नाश)

- **Pronunciation:** kahr-nij/ कार्निज
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the killing of a large number of people.
- **Synonyms:** slaughter, massacre, butchery
- **Antonyms:** friendliness, hospitality, civility
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Refugees crossed the border to escape the **carnage** in their homeland.

425. Word: Incremental (वृद्धिशील)

- **Pronunciation:** in-kruh-men-tl/ इन्क्रमेन्टल
- **Part of speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** relating to or denoting an increase or addition, especially one of a series on a fixed scale



- **Synonyms:** additional, additive, progressive
- **Antonyms:** detrimental
- **Usage in a sentence:** The lack of an **incremental** salary discouraged the workers from working harder.

426. Word: **Lukewarm** (गुनगुना, बेपरवाह)

- **Pronunciation:** look-wawrm/ लूकॉर्म
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. (of liquid or food that should be hot) only moderately warm; tepid.
 - b. showing little enthusiasm.
- **Synonyms:** indifferent, cool, tepid, apathetic, uninterested
- **Antonyms:** excited, enthusiastic, eager, ardent
- **Usage in a sentence:** Her script received a **lukewarm** response from the producer.

427. Word: **Spate** (बाढ़/बड़ी संख्या में)

- **Pronunciation:** speyt /स्पेट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a sudden, almost overwhelming, outpouring
 - b. a larger number of events than usual, especially unpleasant ones, happening at about the same time
- **Synonyms:** flood, surge, tide, deluge
- **Antonyms:** drip, shortage, drought
- **Usage in a sentence:** We have had a **spate** of burglaries recently.

428. Word: **Indulgent** (पक्षपातपूर्ण)

- **Pronunciation:** in-duhl-juhnt /इन्डल्जन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** characterized by or showing indulgence; benignly lenient or permissive:
- **Synonyms:** lenient, tolerant, forbearing
- **Antonyms:** strict, austere, frugal
- **Usage in a sentence:** He was extremely **indulgent** of his son's bad habits.

429. Word: **Contraption** (मशीन)

- **Pronunciation:** kuhn-trap-shuhn/कन्ट्रैप्शन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a device or machine that looks awkward or old-fashioned, especially one that you do not know how to use
- **Synonyms:** gadget, gizmo, mechanism, contrivance
- **Antonyms:** barrier
- **Usage in a sentence:** He could not make any sense of the latest **contraption**.

430. Word: **Plunge** (कूदना)



- **Pronunciation:** pluhnj/प्लन्ज
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to cast or thrust forcibly or suddenly into something, as a liquid, a penetrable substance, a place, etc.; immerse; submerge
 - b. to bring suddenly or forcibly into some condition, situation, etc.
 - c. take the plunge: venture something, commit oneself
- **Synonyms:** dive, sink, immerse, plummet
- **Antonyms:** rise, ascend
- **Usage in a sentence:** He finally took the **plunge** and decided to start working on his innovation.

431. Word: Oust (बेदखल करना)

- **Pronunciation:** oust/आउस्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** drive out or expel (someone) from a position or place.
- **Synonyms:** dismiss, banish, depose
- **Antonyms:** appoint, promote, elevate
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The party needs around 200 votes to **oust** the government and postpone elections.

432. Word: Mandate (आदेश देना)

- **Pronunciation:** man-deyt/मैन्डेट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. an official order or commission to do something. [Noun]
 - b. give (someone) authority to act in a certain way. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** order, command, instruction
- **Antonyms:** prohibit, abolish, denial
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The organization was chosen with a **mandate** to reduce the size of government.

433. Word: Acrimonious (कटुतापूर्ण)

- **Pronunciation:** ak-ruh-moh-nee-uh s/ ऐकमोनीअस
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** (typically of speech or discussion) angry and bitter
- **Synonyms:** bitter, caustic, sarcastic, harsh
- **Antonyms:** kind, agreeable, peaceable, pleasant
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Their marriage ended eight years ago in an **acrimonious** divorce.

434. Word: Obscenity (बेहूदापन)

- **Pronunciation:** ob-scen-i-ty/ अब्सेनिटी
- **Part of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the state or quality of being offensive or disgusting by accepted standards of morality and decency.



- **Synonyms:** indecency, evil, vulgarity, smut
- **Antonyms:** right, decency, dignity, morality
- **Usage in a sentence:** The book of the famous writer was banned for **obscenity**.

435. Word: **Discreet** (विचारशील)

- **Pronunciation:** di-skreet/ डिस्क्रीट
- **Part of speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** to be very careful before making some important decision
- **Synonyms:** careful, cautious, politic, diplomatic.
- **Antonyms:** careless, tactless, indiscreet
- **Usage in a sentence:** The company should be **discreet** in its approach to avoid any leakage of information.

436. Word: **Restraint** (नियंत्रण)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-streynt/ रीस्ट्रेन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a measure or condition that keeps someone or something under control.
 - b. unemotional, dispassionate, or moderate behaviour; self-control.
- **Synonyms:** self-discipline, control
- **Antonyms:** freedom, allowance
- **Usage in Sentence:** The girl showed great **restraint** by not crying.

437. Word: **Adversary** (प्रतिवादी)

- **Pronunciation:** ad-ver-ser-ee / ऐड्वर्सेरी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** one's opponent in a contest, conflict, or dispute.
- **Synonyms:** opponent, competitor, enemy
- **Antonyms:** friend, ally, supporter
- **Usage in a sentence:** He saw her as his main **adversary** within the company.

438. Word: **Coalition** (सम्मिलन)

- **Pronunciation:** koh-uh-lish-uh n/ कोअलिशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a temporary alliance for combined action, especially of political parties forming a government.
- **Synonyms:** alliance, union, partnership
- **Antonyms:** isolation, discord, separation
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The two bodies have merged to form a **coalition**.

439. Word: **Cordial** (स्नेहपूर्ण)

- **Pronunciation:** kawr-juhl/ कॉर्जल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective



- **Meaning:**
 - a. courteous and gracious; friendly; warm
 - b. strongly felt.
- **Synonyms:** genial, amiable, cheerful, sociable
- **Antonyms:** hostile, rude, aloof, rigid
- **Usage in Sentence:** We should maintain **cordial** relations with our neighbors.

440. Word: Cohesion (संसक्त)

- **Pronunciation:** koh-hee-sion/ कोहीशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** characterized by or causing cohesion.
- **Synonyms:** coherence, unification, union, integration
- **Antonyms:** division, detachment, disunion, fragmentation
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **cohesion** among the members of their tribe is exemplary.

441. Word: Salvo (फौजी सलामी/चतुराईपूर्ण उत्तर)

- **Pronunciation:** sal-voh/सैल्वो
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the action of firing several guns at the same time, either in a war or in a ceremony
 - b. an excuse or quibbling evasion.
 - c. something to save a person's reputation or soothe a person's feelings.
- **Synonyms:** fusillade, barrage, volley, hail, wisecrack, quip
- **Antonyms:** quietness, misunderstanding
- **Usage in a sentence:** The student came up with quick **salvos** to the teacher's questions.

442. Word: Ratchet up (बढ़ावा)

- **Pronunciation:** rach-it -up/रैचट अप
- **Part of Speech:** Phrasal verb of Ratchet
- **Meaning:** to increase something over a period of time
- **Synonyms:** surge, boost
- **Antonyms:** decline, drop
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The debate should **ratchet up** awareness of the problem among members of the general public.

443. Word: Arbitration (मध्यस्थता)

- **Pronunciation:** ahr-bi-trey-shuhn/ आर्बिट्रेशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the hearing and determining of a dispute or the settling of differences between parties by a person or persons chosen or agreed to by them
 - b. International Law. the application of judicial methods to the settlement of international disputes.
- **Synonyms:** conciliation, mediation, reconciliation, intervention



- **Antonyms:** contention, disagreement, fight, argument
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The city would provide information to residents on available **arbitrations** for neighbourhood disputes.

444. Word: **Abide** (पालन करना)

- **Pronunciation:** uh-bahyd/अबाइड
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** accept or act in accordance with (a rule, decision, or recommendation).
- **Synonyms:** endure, obey, acknowledge
- **Antonyms:** reject, quit
- **Usage in a Sentence:** You have got to **abide** by the rules.

445. Word: **Breach** (उल्लंघन)

- **Pronunciation:** breech/ब्रीच
- **Part of Speech:** Noun/Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. an act of breaking or failing to observe a law, agreement, or code of conduct. [Noun]
 - b. make a gap in and breakthrough (a wall, barrier, or defence). [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** break, violation, separation
- **Antonyms:** comply, fulfill
- **Usage in a Sentence:** We do not have any **breach** of discipline.

446. Word: **Tribunal** (न्यायाधिकरण/न्यायालय)

- **Pronunciation:** trahy-byoon-l/ट्राइब्यूनल
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a court of justice
 - b. a place or seat of judgment
- **Synonyms:** court, court of law, trial, court of justice
- **Usage in a sentence:** She took her case to an immigration appeals **tribunal**.

447. Word: **Retrospective** (भूतापेक्ष)

- **Pronunciation:** re-truh-spek-tiv/ रेट्रस्पेक्टिव
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. looking back on or dealing with past events or situations. [Adjective]
 - b. an exhibition or compilation showing the development of an artist's work over a period of time. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** retroactive, remunerative, backward
- **Antonyms:** prospective, future, likely
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The **retrospective** taxation laws burdened the company financially.

448. Word: **Manifesto** (घोषणापत्र)

- **Pronunciation:** man-uh-fes-toh/ मैनिफेस्टो
- **Part of Speech:** Noun



- **Meaning:** a public declaration of policy and aims, especially one issued before an election by a political party or candidate
- **Synonyms:** platform, programme, declaration, proclamation, pronouncement
- **Antonyms:** concealment, entreat
- **Usage in Sentence:** The dictator wrote a **manifesto** defending his country's isolation from the rest of the world.

449. Word: **Conducive** (उपकारी)

- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-doo-siv/कन्डूसिव
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** making a certain situation or outcome likely or possible.
- **Synonyms:** advantageous, helpful, contributory
- **Antonyms:** hindering, unfavourable, cumbersome
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The school's approach was not **conducive** to holistic learning.

450. Word: **Prolong** (बढ़ाना)

- **Pronunciation:** pruh-lawng/ प्रलॉग
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** extend the duration of
- **Synonyms:** extend, lengthen, stretch, expand
- **Antonyms:** shorten, contract, diminish
- **Usage in Sentence:** Though his recovery was rapid and complete, he did not choose to **prolong** his stay abroad.

451. Word: **Endeavour** (उद्योग करना)

- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Pronunciation:** en-dev-er/इन्डेवर
- **Meaning:**
 - a. try hard to do or achieve something. [Verb]
 - b. an attempt to achieve a goal. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** strive, effort, attempt
- **Antonyms:** giving up, end up, forsake
- **Usage in a Sentence:** We must always **endeavour** to improve our work.

452. Word: **Accede** (स्वीकार करना)

- **Pronunciation:** ak-seed/ ऐक्सीड
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** agree to a demand, request, or treaty.
- **Synonyms:** agree, join, acquiesce
- **Antonyms:** deny, demur, refuse
- **Usage in a sentence:** I recognize that publishers will not **accede** to all the details of this plan.

453. Word: **Lapse** (रद्द हो जाना/चूक)

- **Pronunciation:** laps/लैप्स



- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a brief or temporary failure of concentration, memory, or judgement. [Noun]
 - b. an interval or passage of time. [Noun]
 - c. (of a right, privilege, or agreement) become invalid because it is not used, claimed, or renewed; expire. [Verb]
 - d. pass gradually into (an inferior state or condition). [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** regress, error, oversight, decline
- **Antonyms:** continue, progress, achievement
- **Usage in a Sentence:** A brief **lapse** in the final set cost her the match.

454. Word: **Capex** (abbre. for capital expenditure) (पूँजीगत व्यय)

- **Pronunciation:** kap-eks /कैपएक्स
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** money that a company spends on land, buildings, and equipment that it uses to produce products and provide services
- **Synonyms:** capital spending, investment costs, investment spending
- **Usage in a sentence:** The commission was requested to increase the **capex** budget.

455. Word: **Nitty-gritty** (महत्वपूर्ण पहलू)

- **Pronunciation:** nit-ee-grit-ee/निटी ग्रीटी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the most important aspects or practical details of a subject or situation.
- **Synonyms:** core, crux, centre, quintessence
- **Antonyms:** exterior, outside
- **Usage in a Sentence:** It's time to get down to the **nitty-gritty** of how much this will cost.

456. Word: **Modality** (रूपात्मकता)

- **Pronunciation:** moh-dal-i-tee/मोडैलिटी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a particular mode in which something exists or is experienced or expressed.
- **Synonyms:** mode, style, form
- **Usage in a sentence:** The dynamic characteristics of vibration system depend mainly on its **modality**.

457. Word: **Fret** (चिंता करना)

- **Pronunciation:** fret/फ्रेट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. be constantly or visibly anxious. [Verb]
 - b. gradually wear away (something) by rubbing or gnawing. [Verb]
 - c. a state of anxiety. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** worry, trouble, irk, harass
- **Antonyms:** calm, soothe, appease, comfort



- **Usage in a Sentence:** Don't **fret**; everything will be all right.

458. Word: **Penchant** (रुचि)

- **Pronunciation:** pen-chuh nt/पेन्चन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a strong or habitual liking for something or tendency to do something.
- **Synonyms:** inclination, fondness
- **Antonyms:** indifference, aversion
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He had **penchant** for considering himself better than mere mortals.

459. Word: **Encore** (पुनरावृत्ति की माँग)

- **Pronunciation:** ahng-kawr/आन्कॉर
- **Part of Speech:** Interjection, Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. again; once more (used by an audience in calling for an additional number or piece) (Interjection)
 - b. a demand, as by applause, for a repetition of a song, act, etc., or for a performance of a number or piece additional to those on a program, or for a reappearance by the performers, as at the end of a concert, recital, etc. (Noun)
 - c. any repeated or additional performance or appearance, as a rerun of a telecast or a rematch in sports. (Noun)
 - d. to call for a repetition of (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** repeat, callback, recall
- **Antonyms:** jeer
- **Usage in a sentence:** Jay Z caved and gave the audience an **encore**.

460. Word: **Foist** (थोपना)

- **Pronunciation:** foist/फॉइस्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to force upon or impose fraudulently or unjustifiably (usually followed by on or upon)
 - b. to bring, put, or introduce surreptitiously or fraudulently (usually followed by in or into)
- **Synonyms:** impose, inflict, palm off, insinuate
- **Usage in a sentence:** She charged that junk food is being **foisted** on children by TV commercials.

461. Word: **Defection** (दल-बदल)

- **Pronunciation:** dih-fek-shuhn/डिफेक्शन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the desertion of one's country or cause in favour of an opposing one.
- **Synonyms:** desertion, abandonment, withdrawal
- **Antonyms:** loyalty, commitment
- **Usage in a sentence:** Recent changes in policy have resulted in large-scale **defection** from the party.

462. Word: **Imminent** (आने वाला)



- **Pronunciation:** im-uh-nuhnt/ इमनन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** about to happen.
- **Synonyms:** impending, approaching, forthcoming, at hand, immediate
- **Antonyms:** distant, far-off, doubtful
- **Usage in a sentence:** We are awaiting their **imminent** arrival.

463. Word: **Provision** (पूर्व-कल्पना/शर्त/रसद)

- **Pronunciation:** pruh-vizh-uhn/प्रविशिन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a clause in a legal instrument, a law, etc., providing for a particular matter.
 - b. the providing or supplying of something, especially of food or other necessities.
 - c. arrangement or preparation beforehand, as for the doing of something, the meeting of needs, the supplying of means, etc.
 - d. something provided; a measure or other means for meeting a need.
 - e. a supply or stock of something provided.
- **Synonyms:** supply, stipulation, condition
- **Antonyms:** removal, lack, disarray
- **Usage in a sentence:** The addition of a new regiment meant that they would run out of **provisions** just as quickly.

464. Word: **Legislator** (विधायक)

- **Pronunciation:** lej-is-ley-ter /लेजस्लैटर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a member of a group of people who together have the power to make laws
- **Synonyms:** lawmaker, lawgiver, representative, senator
- **Antonyms:** civil society, man in the street
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **legislators** of the Opposition have been lobbying against the new bill.

465. Word: **Thrive** (उन्नति करना)

- **Pronunciation:** thrahv/थ्राइव
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to prosper; be fortunate or successful.
 - b. to grow or develop vigorously; flourish:
- **Synonyms:** prosper; flourish, succeed, bloom, grow
- **Antonyms:** decline, abort, fail, backfire, flop
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Succulents **thrive** in polluted weather.

466. Word: **Adhere** (समर्थन करना, चिपकना)

- **Pronunciation:** ad-heer/ ऐड्हीर
- **Part of Speech:** Verb



- **Meaning:**
 - a. stick fast to (a surface or substance).
 - b. closely follow, observe, or represent.
- **Synonyms:** accede, observe, hold, meet
- **Antonyms:** abandon, abandon, vacillate
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Once in the bloodstream, the bacteria **adhere** to the surface of the red cells.

467. Word: **Convention** (रुचि/ विशेष अवसर पर बुलाई हुई सभा/ प्रथा)

- **Pronunciation:** kuhn-ven-shuhn /कन्वेन्शन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a large formal meeting of people who do a particular job or have a similar interest, or a large meeting for a political party
 - b. a usual or accepted way of behaving, especially in social situations, often following an old way of thinking or a custom in one particular society
 - c. a formal agreement between country leaders, politicians, and states on a matter that involves them all
- **Synonyms:** meeting, custom, assembly, conference, practice
- **Antonyms:** discord, unconventional, oddity
- **Usage in a sentence:** It was the **convention** to clear out the desks every Friday.

468. Word: **Propriety** (शिष्टाचार)

- **Pronunciation:** pruh-prahy-i-tee/प्रप्राइइटी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the condition of being right, appropriate, or fitting.
- **Synonyms:** etiquette, decorum, aptness
- **Antonyms:** impropriety, inaptness, misconduct
- **Use in a Sentence:** My sister is careful always to act with **propriety**.

469. Word: **Backdrop** (पृष्ठभूमि)

- **Pronunciation:** bak-drop/ बैकड्राप
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a painted cloth hung at the back of a theatre stage as part of the scenery. (Noun)
 - b. lie behind or beyond; serve as a background to. (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** background, setting, scenery, context
- **Antonyms:** foreground, forefront
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The mountains provided a perfect **backdrop** for the wedding photos.

470. Word: **Pole star** (ध्रुवतारा)

- **Pronunciation:** pohl-stahr/पोल स्टार
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. Polaris.



- b. something that serves as a guiding principle.
- c. something that is the center of attention or attraction.

- **Synonyms:** north star, guide, exemplary
- **Usage in a sentence:** The hydroelectric project has become the **pole star** of the planning committee.

471. Word: Topple (गिर जाना)

- **Pronunciation:** top-uhl/ टापल
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. overbalance or cause to overbalance and fall.
 - b. remove (a government or person in authority) from power; overthrow.
- **Synonyms:** tumble, overthrow, oust, depose
- **Antonyms:** place, restore
- **Usage in a sentence:** Political corruption threatens to **topple** the regime.

472. Word: Orchestrate (योजना बनाना)

- **Pronunciation:** o-kistreit/ ऑर्किस्ट्रेट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** plan or coordinate the elements of (a situation) to produce the desired effect.
- **Synonyms:** organize, arrange, put together, plan
- **Antonyms:** disorganization, dissonance, disturbance, tension
- **Usage in a Sentence:** She has **orchestrate** the entire event.

473. Word: Convene (एकत्र करना)

- **Pronunciation:** kuhn-veen/ कन्वीन
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** come or bring together for a meeting or activity; assemble.
- **Synonyms:** assemble, gather, collect, muster
- **Antonyms:** adjourn, cancel, disperse, dismiss
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The supervisors may propose to **convene** temporary meetings of the board of supervisors.

474. Word: Deploy (असरदार तरीके से इस्तेमाल करना)

- **Pronunciation:** dih-ploi / डिप्लॉई
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. move (troops or equipment) into position for military action.
 - b. bring into effective action.
- **Synonyms:** install, utilize, employ
- **Antonyms:** uninstall, withdraw
- **Usage in a sentence:** The decision has been made to **deploy** extra troops.

475. Word: Quell (शांत करना)

- **Pronunciation:** kwel/ क्वेल



- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** put an end to (a rebellion or other disorder), typically by the use of force.
- **Synonyms:** suppress, subdue, quash, crush, repress
- **Antonyms:** encourage, provoke, agitate
- **Usage in a sentence:** The President took immediate steps to **quell** the uprising.

476. Word: **Repercussion** (प्रभाव)

- **Pronunciation:** ree-per-kuhsh-uh n/ रीपर्केशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** an unintended consequence of an event or action, especially an unwelcome one.
- **Synonyms:** effect, impact, backlash, consequence
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The **repercussions** of the change in policy will be felt throughout Europe.

477. Word: **Brutal** (निर्दय)

- **Pronunciation:** broot-l/ब्रूटल
- **Part of Speech:** Noun/ Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. cruel, violent, and completely without feelings (Noun)
 - b. savage (Adjective)
- **Synonyms:** savage, cruel, inhuman, irrational, unreasoning
- **Antonyms:** charitable, benevolent, sympathetic, humane
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **brutal** attack on democracy was highly condemned.

478. Word: **Crackdown** (कार्रवाई)

- **Pronunciation:** krack-daun/ क्रैकडाउन
- **Part of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a series of severe measures to restrict undesirable or illegal people or behaviour.
- **Synonyms:** clampdown, getting tough, repression, suppression, abolition, elimination, eradication, end
- **Antonyms:** abet, aid, assist, back, help, prop up, support
- **Usage in a sentence:** The police began a **crackdown** on illegal parking.

479. Word: **Junta** (सैनिक सरकार)

- **Pronunciation:** hoon-tuh/हुन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a small group ruling a country, especially immediately after a coup d'état and before a legally constituted government has been instituted.
 - b. a council.
 - c. a deliberative or administrative council, especially in Spain and Latin America.
- **Synonyms:** cabal, faction, clique
- **Antonyms:** empire, estate
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **junta** was failing in its task of maintaining accord.

480. Word: **Consolidate** (संगठित करना)



- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-sol-i-deyt/ कन्सालिडेट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. make (something) physically stronger or more solid.
 - b. combine (a number of things) into a single more effective or coherent whole.
- **Synonyms:** merge, unite, combine, strengthen
- **Antonyms:** separate, weaken, divide
- **Usage in a sentence:** The company is planning to **consolidate** its business activities at a new site in Arizona.

481. Word: **Invincible** (अपराजेय)

- **Pronunciation:** in-vin-suh-buh /इन्विन्सिबल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** too powerful to be defeated or overcome.
- **Synonyms:** unbeatable, impregnable, invulnerable
- **Antonyms:** defenseless, powerless, weak
- **Usage in a Sentence:** They think that they are **invincible** in battle.

482. Word: **Deteriorate** (बिगाड़ना)

- **Pronunciation:** dih-teer-ee-uh-reyt/डिटिरीअरैट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** become progressively worse.
- **Synonyms:** worsen, degenerate, languish
- **Antonyms:** improve, ameliorate, progress
- **Usage in a Sentence:** If the eatables are kept out for too long, their taste will **deteriorate**.

483. Word: **Intervention** (हस्तक्षेप)

- **Pronunciation:** in-ter-ven-shuh n/ इन्टर्वेन्शन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the action or process of intervening
- **Synonyms:** interference, mediation, intrusion
- **Antonyms:** noninterference, nonintervention, challenge
- **Usage in a Sentence:** We would resist any armed **intervention** from outside in our country's affairs.

484. Word: **Overrule** (प्रस्ताव अस्वीकृत करना)

- **Pronunciation:** oh-ver-rool /ओवररूल
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to rule against or disallow the arguments of (a person)
 - b. to rule or decide against (a plea, argument, etc.); reject
 - c. to prevail over so as to change the purpose or action
 - d. to exercise control or influence over
- **Synonyms:** overturn, reverse, invalidate, override



- **Antonyms:** acquiesce, mandate, accede
- **Usage in a sentence:** The district court's ridiculous verdict was **overruled** by the High Court.

485. Word: Statutory (सांविधिक)

- **Pronunciation:** stach-oo-tawr-ee/स्टैचुटोरी
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. required, permitted, or enacted by statute.
 - b. having come to be required or expected through being done or made regularly.
- **Synonyms:** lawful, legal, authorized
- **Antonyms:** unofficial, illegal
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The man is under a **statutory** obligation to keep accurate records.

486. Word: Prima facie (प्रथमदृष्ट्या)

- **Pronunciation:** prahy-muh fey-shee-ee/ प्राइम फेशीई
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Adverb
- **Meaning:** based on the first impression; accepted as correct until proved otherwise.
- **Synonyms:** at first sight, at first glance, preliminarily
- **Usage in a Sentence:** There was a **prima facie** case that a contempt of court had been committed.

487. Word: Spectator (दर्शक)

- **Pronunciation:** spek-tey-ter/ स्पेक्टेटर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a person who watches at a show, game, or other event.
- **Synonyms:** on-looker, watcher, viewer
- **Antonyms:** participant, player
- **Usage in a sentence:** Around fifteen thousand **spectators** came to watch the thrills and spills.

488. Word: Embargo (व्यापार घाट बंदी)

- **Pronunciation:** em-bahr-goh/एम्बार्गो
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. an order of a government prohibiting the movement of merchant ships into or out of its ports.
 - b. an injunction from a government commerce agency to refuse freight for shipment, as in case of congestion or insufficient facilities.
 - c. any restriction imposed upon commerce by edict.
 - d. a restraint or hindrance; prohibition.
- **Synonyms:** prohibition, veto, ban
- **Antonyms:** clearance, approve, permit
- **Usage in a sentence:** A number of countries imposed an **embargo** on the dictator's nation.

489. Word: Incarceration (कैद)

- **Pronunciation:** in-kahr-suh-rey-shuh n/इन्कासरेशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun



- **Meaning:** the state of being confined in prison; imprisonment.
- **Synonyms:** detention, restraint, punishment, imprisonment
- **Antonyms:** freedom, liberty, redemption
- **Usage in a Sentence:** There have been angry protests about his arrest and **incarceration**.

490. Word: **Expeditious** (चुस्त)

- **Pronunciation:** ek-spi-dish-uhs/ एक्स्पडिशस
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** done with speed and efficiency.
- **Synonyms:** swift, quick, speedy
- **Antonyms:** slow, dilatory, sluggish
- **Usage in a sentence:** This will assure **expeditious** processing and reduce the possibility of unnecessary delays.

491. Word: **Faction** (गुट)

- **Pronunciation:** fak-shuhn/फैक्शन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a group or clique within a larger group, party, government, organization, or the like
 - b. party strife and intrigue; dissension
- **Synonyms:** group, party, camp
- **Antonym:** unity, conformity, accord
- **Usage in a sentence:** The president's advisors represent every **faction** of his party.

492. Word: **Expel** (निष्कासित करना)

- **Pronunciation:** ik-spel/ इक्स्पेल
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** officially make (someone) leave a school or other organization.
- **Synonyms:** eject, banish, discharge, dismiss
- **Antonyms:** absorb, welcome, admit, permit
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The government is trying to **expel** all foreign journalists.

493. Word: **Moot** (विवादास्पद)

- **Pronunciation:** moot/ मूट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. subject to debate, dispute, or uncertainty. (Adjective)
 - b. having little or no practical relevance, typically because the subject is too uncertain to allow a decision. (Adjective)
 - c. raise (a question or topic) for discussion; suggest (an idea or possibility). (Verb)
 - d. an assembly held for debate, especially in Anglo-Saxon and medieval times. (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** disputable, debatable, questionable, controversial, pointless
- **Antonyms:** certain, definite, irrefutable
- **Usage in a Sentence:** By the time the order took effect, the issue had already become **moot**.



494. Word: Status quo ante (पूर्व परिस्थिति)

- **Pronunciation:** stey-tuh s-kyo-anteh/स्टेटस क्वो अन्ते
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the situation that existed before
- **Synonyms:** previous attention, earlier situation, former situation
- **Antonyms:** current situation
- **Usage in a sentence:** The goal is to return as closely as possible to the **status quo ante**.

495. Word: Dissolution (अंत)

- **Pronunciation:** dis-uh-loo-shuh n/डिसलूशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the act of formally ending or dismissing an assembly, partnership, or official body.
 - b. debauched living; dissipation.
- **Synonyms:** abolition, extinction
- **Antonyms:** collaborate, unification
- **Usage in Sentence:** The churches associated to fight their **dissolution**.

496. Word: Rebuke (फटकार)

- **Pronunciation:** Re-bew-k/रिब्यूक
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, verb
- **Meaning:** express sharp disapproval or criticism of (someone) because of their behaviour or actions (Verb)
an expression of sharp disapproval or criticism (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** censure, disapproval
- **Antonyms:** approval, endorsement
- **Usage in a sentence:** His bad manners earned him a sharp **rebukey**.

497. Word: Combative (जंगी)

- **Pronunciation:** kuh m-bat-iv/कम्बैटिव
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** ready or eager to fight or argue.
- **Synonyms:** bellicose, belligerent, aggressive
- **Antonyms:** peaceful, pacifist, agreeable
- **Usage in a sentence:** He conducted the meeting in his usual **combative** style, refusing to admit any mistakes.

498. Word: Pledge (संकल्प)

- **Pronunciation:** plej/प्लेज
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a solemn promise or undertaking. (Noun)
 - b. a thing that is given as security for the fulfilment of a contract or the payment of a debt and is



liable to forfeiture in the event of failure. (Noun)

c. commit (a person or organization) by a solemn promise. (Verb)

- **Synonyms:** promise, guarantee, swear, oath, commitment
- **Antonyms:** break, cancel, expiate, abort
- **Usage in a sentence:** Her family **pledged** \$100,000 toward the construction of a new school.

499. Word: **Promulgation (घोषणा)**

- **Pronunciation:** prom-uhl-gey-shuhn/प्रामल्गेशन
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** to make known by open declaration; publish
- **Synonyms:** Announcement, Declaration Notice
- **Antonyms:** Concealment
- **Use in a Sentence:** People often uses social media to **promulgate** their stuff.

500. Word: **Belie (झूठलाना)**

- **Pronunciation:** bih-lahy/बिलाइ
- **Part of speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to show something to be false, or to hide something such as an emotion (Verb)
 - b. to represent something falsely or to hide something (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** contradict, misrepresent, negate, garble
- **Antonyms:** prove, attest, reveal, show
- **Usage in a sentence:** Her calm face **belied** the terror she was feeling.

501. Word: **Unveil (रहस्योद्घाटन करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** uhn-veyl/अन्वैल
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** show or announce publicly for the first time.
- **Synonyms:** reveal, expose, disclose
- **Antonyms:** hide, conceal
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The panel will **unveil** its proposals tomorrow.

502. Word: **Ethics (आचारनीति)**

- **Pronunciation:** eth-iks/एथिक्स
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a system of moral principles
 - b. the rules of conduct recognized in respect to a particular class of human actions or a particular group, culture, etc.
 - c. moral principles, as of an individual
 - d. that branch of philosophy dealing with values relating to human conduct, with respect to the rightness and wrongness of certain actions and to the goodness and badness of the motives and ends of such actions
- **Synonyms:** morals, principles, decency, integrity



- **Antonyms:** immorality, corruption, crookedness
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **ethics** committee came up with a code of conduct for the institution.

503. Word: **Contour** (समोच्च रेखा खींचना/परिरेखा)

- **Pronunciation:** kon-toor/कान्टूर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb, Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the outline of a figure or body; the edge or line that defines or bounds a shape or object (Noun)
 - b. to mark with contour lines (Verb)
 - c. to make or form the contour or outline of (Verb)
 - d. molded or shaped to fit a particular contour or form (Adjective)
 - e. a line on a map that joins points of equal height or depth, in a way that shows high and low areas of land (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** outline, shape, profile
- **Antonyms:** core, base, center
- **Usage in a sentence:** This map has **contours** marked at 250-metre intervals.

504. Word: **Oversight** (चूक)

- **Pronunciation:** oh-ver-sahyt/ओवर्साइट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. an unintentional failure to notice or do something.
 - b. the action of overseeing something.
- **Synonyms:** blunder, disregard, mistake
- **Antonyms:** scrutiny, care, attention
- **Usage in a Sentence:** His name was omitted due to an **oversight**.

505. Word: **Inevitable** (अनिवार्य)

- **Pronunciation:** in-ev-i-tuh-buh /इनेविटबल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. certain to happen; unavoidable.
- Synonyms:** inescapable, unpreventable, assured, certain
- Antonyms:** avoidable, evitable, unsure, uncertain
- Usage in a Sentence:** It was an **inevitable** consequence of the decision.

506. Word: **Wield** (उपयोग करना)

- **Pronunciation:** weeld/ वील्ड
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** have and be able to use (power or influence).
- **Synonyms:** handle, exert, utilize
- **Antonyms:** conceal, flip
- **Usage in a sentence:** Though the central banks **wield** enormous power, we should not overstate their ability to shape the economy in the long run.



507. Word: Repudiation (प्रत्याख्यान)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-pyoo-dee-ey-shun/रिप्यूडीऐशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
a. rejection of a proposal or idea.
- **Synonyms:** renouncement, denial, discarding, rejection
- **Antonyms:** acknowledgement, approval, acceptance
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The **repudiation** of reformist policies by the Prime Minister made the public furious.

508. Word: Bias (पक्षपात)

- **Pronunciation:** bahy-uhs/ बाइअस
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
a. inclination or prejudice for or against one person or group, especially in a way considered to be unfair. (Noun)
b. a concentration on or interest in one particular area or subject. (Noun)
c. a direction diagonal to the weave of a fabric. (Noun)
d. cause to feel or show inclination or prejudice for or against someone or something. (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** prejudice, partiality, leaning, inclination, bent
- **Antonyms:** fairness, justness, impartiality, indifference
- **Usage in a sentence:** He showed a **bias** toward a few workers in particular.

509. Word: Anonymity (अनामिकता)

- **Pronunciation:** an-uh-nim-i-tee/ऐननिमिटी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
a. the situation in which someone's name is not given or known
- **Synonyms:** obscurity, namelessness, oblivion
- **Antonyms:** renown, celebrity
- **Usage in a sentence:** The clause of **anonymity** helped the female writer get published.

510. Word: Encryption (कूटलेखन)

- **Pronunciation:** uhn-krip-shn/एन्क्रिप्शन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
a. The process of encoding a message so that it can be read only by the sender and the intended recipient. Encryption systems often use two keys, a public key, available to anyone, and a private key that allows only the recipient to decode the message.
- **Synonyms:** encode, cipher, encipher
- **Antonyms:** decipher, decryption
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **encryption** was effective against most cyber attacks.

511. Word: Watchdog (रक्षक)

- **Pronunciation:** watch-dog/ वाच-डॉग
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a person or group that monitors the practices of companies (noun)
 - b. monitor (a person/ activity/ situation) (verb)
- **Synonyms:** custodian, guardian, protector
- **Usage in Sentence:** The Institute acts as an independent **watchdog** to look after the policies of the company.

512. Word: Predatory (हिंसक)

- **Pronunciation:** pred-uh-tawr-ee/ प्रेडटोरी
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** seeking to exploit others
- **Synonyms:** rapacious, greedy, voracious
- **Antonyms:** pacifist, antiviolence, charitable
- **Usage in a Sentence:** There is no need to chase down **predatory** fighters.

513. Word: Implication (निहितार्थ)

- **Pronunciation:** im-pli-key-shuh n/ इम्प्लिकेशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the conclusion that can be drawn from something although it is not explicitly stated.
 - b. the action or state of being involved in something.
- **Synonyms:** significance, indication, import, insinuation
- **Antonyms:** explication, explicit, elaborate, exclude
- **Usage in a Sentence:** She is by **implication** requesting me to resign.

514. Word: Cumbersome (दुखदायक)

- **Pronunciation:** kuhm-ber-suh m/कम्बर्सम
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. large or heavy and therefore difficult to carry or use; unwieldy.
 - b. slow or complicated and therefore inefficient.
- **Synonyms:** awkward, clumsy, heavy, bulky, unmanageable
- **Antonyms:** graceful, convenient, handy
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The organization changed its **cumbersome** policies to something more streamlined.

515. Word: Apex (चोटी)

- **Pronunciation:** ey-peks/ एपेक्स
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the top or highest part of something, especially one forming a point.
- **Synonyms:** peak, acme, zenith
- **Antonyms:** nadir, bottom, base



- **Usage in a sentence:** He was at the **apex** of his career.

516. Word: *Pertain* (सरोकार रखना)

- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Pronunciation:** per-teyn/ पर्टैन
- **Meaning:**
 - a. be appropriate, related, or applicable to.
 - b. be in effect or existence in a specified place or at a specified time.
- **Synonyms:** concern, belong, relate
- **Antonyms:** dissect, impervious, dissociate
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The matter does not **pertain** to bilateral relations.

517. Word: *Purview* (दायरा)

- **Pronunciation:** pur-vyoo/ पर्व्यू
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the scope of the influence or concerns of something.
- **Synonyms:** range, reach, realm
- **Antonyms:** constriction, verge
- **Usage in a Sentence:** These are questions that lie outside the **purview** of our inquiry.

518. Word: *Per se* (वास्तव में)

- **Pronunciation:** pur sey/पर सी
- **Part of Speech:** Adverb
- **Meaning:** by or in itself or themselves; intrinsically.
- **Synonyms:** fundamentally, essentially, in and of itself
- **Antonyms:** extrinsically, additionally
- **Usage in a Sentence:** There was no community development program, **per se**, in the first two years.

519. Word: *Inevitable* (अनिवार्य)

- **Pronunciation:** in-ev-i-tuh-buh I/ इनेविटबल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. certain to happen; unavoidable. [Adjective]
 - b. a situation that is unavoidable. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** unavoidable, necessary, ineluctable
- **Antonyms:** avoidable, preventable, evitable
- **Usage in a sentence:** Accidents are the **inevitable** results of driving too fast.

520. Word: *Implant* (आरोपण)

- **Pronunciation:** im-plant/ इम्प्लैन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. insert or fix (tissue or an artificial object) in a person's body, especially by surgery. (Verb)
 - b. establish (an idea) in a person's mind. (Verb)



c. a thing implanted in something else, especially a piece of tissue, prosthetic device, or other object implanted in the body. (Noun)

- **Synonyms:** plant, graft, embed, establish, inculcate
- **Antonyms:** displace, eradicate, eliminate, eradicating
- **Usage in a sentence:** She is the music teacher who strove to **implant** within his students a love of the classics.

521. Word: **Unrelenting** (निर्मम/कठोर)

- **Pronunciation:** uhn-ri-len-ting/अत्रीलेन्टींग
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. not relenting; not yielding or swerving in determination or resolution, as of or from opinions, convictions, ambitions, ideals, etc.
 - b. not easing or slackening in severity
 - c. maintaining speed, effort, vigor, intensity, rate of advance, etc.
- **Synonyms:** relentless, inexorable, inflexible, uncompromising
- **Antonyms:** sympathetic, benevolent
- **Usage in a sentence:** She will be remembered as an **unrelenting** opponent of racial discrimination.

522. Word: **Conventional** (रूढ़िगत)

- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-ven-shuh-nl/ कन्वेन्शनल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** based on or in accordance with what is generally done or believed.
- **Synonyms:** traditional, customary, usual, common
- **Antonyms:** strange, unusual, unconventional
- **Usage in a sentence:** He made a few **conventional** remarks about the weather.

523. Word: **Fray** (प्रतिस्पर्धा)

- **Pronunciation:** frey/फ्रे
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a fight, battle, or skirmish (Noun)
 - b. a competition or contest, especially in sports (Noun)
 - c. a noisy quarrel or brawl (Noun)
 - d. to frighten (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** brawl, fight, battle, conflict
- **Antonyms:** harmony, calm, agreement
- **Usage in a sentence:** With a third country about to enter the **fray**, the fighting looks set to continue.

524. Word: **Demographic** (जनसांख्यिकी संबंधी)

- **Pronunciation:** dem-o-graph-ic/ डेमोग्राफिक
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Adjective



- **Meaning:**
 - a. relating to the structure of populations (Adjective)
 - b. a particular sector of a population (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** population, populace, citizenry, community
- **Antonyms:** alien, outlander, appendage
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The **demographic** factors played a key role in determining the economic state of the country.

525. Word: Formidable (भयानक)

- **Pronunciation:** fawr-mi-duh-buh / फॉर्मिडबल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. inspiring fear or respect through being impressively large, powerful, intense, or capable.
- **Synonyms:** terrific, tremendous, colossal
- **Antonyms:** feeble, easy, friendly
- **Usage in a Sentence:** They had to overcome **formidable** obstacles.

526. Word: Plausible (विश्वसनीय)

- **Pronunciation:** plaw-zuh-buh / प्लॉज़बल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** seeming, reasonable or probable
- **Synonyms:** believable, reasonable, credible
- **Antonyms:** unlikely, unbelievable, flimsy
- **Usage in a Sentence:** This is a very **plausible** piece of information.

527. Word: Double-edged sword (दुधारी तलवार)

- **Pronunciation:** duhb-uhl-ejd-sohrd/ डबल एड्गेद सोर्ड
- **Meaning:** If you say that something is a double-edged sword or a two-edged sword, you mean that it has negative effects as well as positive effects.
- **Synonyms:** blessing and a curse, mixed blessing
- **Usage in a sentence:** The economic globalization also brings deep effluence to China, which is like a **double-edged sword**, with opportunities and challenges in it.

528. Word: Potency (क्षमता)

- **Pronunciation:** poht-n-see/ पोटन्सी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the power of something to influence or make an impression.
- **Synonyms:** power, strength, energy, capacity
- **Antonyms:** impotence, disability, weakness
- **Usage in a sentence:** The doctor prescribed me vitamins of high **potency** that should be taken only in the proper dosage.

529. Word: Contingency (आनुषंगिकता)

- **Pronunciation:** kuhn-tin-juhn-see / कन्टिन्जन्सी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun



- **Meaning:** a future event or circumstance which is possible but cannot be predicted with certainty.
- **Synonyms:** emergency, incident, chance
- **Antonyms:** certainty, reality, truth
- **Usage in a sentence:** Mike had talked about **contingency** plans for the catastrophe.

530. Word: **Scrupulous** (अतिसतर्क)

- **Pronunciation:** skroo-pyuh-luhs/ स्कूप्युलस
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
a. doing everything correctly and exactly as it should be done
- **Synonyms:** meticulous, conscientious, careful
- **Antonyms:** careless, negligent, unscrupulous
- **Usage in a sentence:** The nurse told him to be **scrupulous** about keeping the wound clean.

531. Word: **Loom** (संकट मँडराना)

- **Pronunciation:** loom/लूम
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** appear as a vague form, especially one that is large or threatening
- **Synonyms:** menace, emerge, stand out
- **Antonyms:** disappear, diminish, remove
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The danger of freezing to death **loomed** large upon the homeless.

532. Word: **Rebound** (पलटाव)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-bound/ रीबाउन्ड
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
a. bounce back through the air after hitting something hard. (Verb)
b. recover in value, amount, or strength after a decrease or decline. (Verb)
c. an increase in value, amount, or strength after a previous decline. (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** recoil, bounce, ricochet, backfire
- **Antonyms:** languish, wither, fade, decline, weaken
- **Usage in a sentence:** The recent **rebound** in mortgage rates could snuff out the housing recovery.

533. Word: **Spur** (प्रेरित करना)

- **Pronunciation:** spur/ स्पर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
a. a thing that prompts or encourages someone; an incentive. [Noun]
b. give an incentive or encouragement to (someone). [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** urge, encourage, motivate
- **Antonyms:** discourage, hindrance, obstacle
- **Usage in a Sentence:** On the **spur** of the moment, we all decided to hold a dance party.



534. Word: Reboot (पुनरारंभ या पुनर्जीवित)

- **Pronunciation:** re-boot/ रीबूट
- **Part of speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** restart or revive (a process or sequence, especially a series of films or television programmes); give fresh impetus to.
- **Synonyms:** reissue, restart, reactivate
- **Antonyms:** shut down, conclude, finish, end
- **Usage in a sentence:** I hope that the filmmakers make the most of the opportunity to **reboot** the franchise.

535. Word: Momentum (गति शक्ति)

- **Pronunciation:** moh-men-tuh m/ मोमेन्टम
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the force that keeps an object moving or keeps an event developing after it has started
 - b. the force or speed of an object in motion, or the increase in the rate of development of a process
- **Synonyms:** impetus, impulse, thrust, push
- **Antonyms:** inertia, immobility, brake
- **Usage in a sentence:** Once you push it, it keeps going under its own **momentum**.

536. Word: Uptick (उत्थान)

- **Pronunciation:** uhp-tik/ अपटिक
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a small increase or slight upward trend.
- **Synonyms:** uptrend, rise, increase, growth, increment, surge
- **Antonyms:** downtick, decrement, decline, loss, abatement, decrease
- **Usage in a sentence:** Unfortunately, the passage of the law didn't translate into an **uptick** of tenants using vouchers in the city, Martin acknowledged.

537. Word: Tumult (कोलाहल)

- **Pronunciation:** tew-mult/ टूमल्ट
- **Part of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a loud, confused noise, especially one caused by a large mass of people
- **Synonyms:** agitation, commotion, disturbance
- **Antonyms:** agreement, calm, peaceful
- **Usage in a sentence:** The financial markets have been in **tumult** for quite a while now.

538. Word: Swathe (पट्टा)

- **Pronunciation:** sweyth / स्वैद
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a broad strip or area of something.
- **Synonyms:** bandage, enfold, cover



- **Antonyms:** narrow strip
- **Usage in a sentence:** A great **swathe** of the forest has been deforested.

539. Word: **Hotspot** (महत्वपूर्ण गतिविधि, खतरे या हिंसा की जगह)

- **Pronunciation:** hot-spot/हॉटस्पॉट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a place of significant activity, danger, or violence
- **Synonyms:** sensitive area, trouble spots
- **Antonyms:** cold area
- **Usage in a sentence:** The border has become a major **hotspot** for smuggling drugs.

540. Word: **Navigate** (मार्गनिर्देशन करना)

- **Pronunciation:** nav-i-geyt/नैवगैट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to direct or manage a ship, aircraft, or guided missile on its course.
 - b. to pass over the water, as a ship does.
- **Synonyms:** guide, pilot, steer
- **Antonyms:** disarrange, lose away
- **Usage in a sentence:** It was difficult for her to **navigate** her way out of the maze.

541. Word: **Perpetrator** (अपराधकर्ता)

- **Pronunciation:** pur-pi-trey-ter/पर्पट्रेटर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a person who carries out a harmful, illegal, or immoral act.
- **Synonyms:** offender, violator, culprit
- **Antonym:** victim
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The **perpetrators** of racially motivated violence must be punished.

542. Word: **Consent** (अनुमति)

- **Pronunciation:** kuhn-sent /कन्सेन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to permit, approve, or agree; comply or yield (often followed by to or an infinitive):
- **Synonyms:** acquiescence, compliance, assent, sanction
- **Antonyms:** denial, refusal, protest, rejection
- **Usage in a sentence:** Patriarchy has conditioned people into believing that **consent** can be earned through coercion.

543. Word: **Exploitative** (शोषक)

- **Pronunciation:** ik-sploi-tuh-tiv/एक्सप्लॉइटिव
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective



- **Meaning:**
 - a. using someone unfairly for your own advantage
 - b. taking unfair or unethical advantage of a person, group, or situation for the purpose of profit, comfort, or advancement
- **Synonyms:** predatory, scout
- **Antonyms:** generative, beautiful
- **Usage in a sentence:** Her success attracted too many **exploitative** relatives to count.

544. Word: **Insensitive** (असंवेदनशील)

- **Pronunciation:** in-sen-si-tiv /इन्सेन्सिटिव
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. deficient in human sensibility, acuteness of feeling, or consideration; unfeeling; callous
 - b. not physically sensitive
 - c. not affected by physical or chemical agencies or influences
 - d. not readily responsive or aware
- **Synonyms:** unfeeling, callous, heartless, unsympathetic
- **Antonyms:** sensitive, sympathetic, kindhearted
- **Usage in a sentence:** His comments on her disability were **insensitive** to say the least.

545. Word: **Mete** (सजा देना/ सीमा)

- **Pronunciation:** meet/मीट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to distribute or apportion by measure; allot; dole (usually followed by out)
 - b. dispense, allot justice, a punishment or harsh treatment
- **Synonyms:** delimitation, borderline, apportion
- **Antonyms:** place, heart and soul
- **Usage in a sentence:** Schools should not **mete** out physical punishment to children.

546. Word: **Misogyny** (स्त्री - द्वेष)

- **Pronunciation:** mi-soj-uh-nee/मिज़िनी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. hatred, dislike, or mistrust of women, or prejudice against women
- **Synonyms:** discrimination, chauvinism, sexism
- **Antonyms:** gender equality, girl power
- **Usage in a sentence:** In my opinion, our professor allows his **misogyny** to give women lower grades than men despite the work quality.

547. Word: **Arduous** (कठिन)

- **Pronunciation:** ar-du-ous/ आर्जूअस
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** demanding great effort or labour, difficult



- **Synonyms:** difficult, hard, taxing
- **Antonyms:** easy, effortless, simple
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Last semester was a piece of cake, but taking seven classes along with an internship this semester is going to be **arduous**.

548. Word: **Endorse** (समर्थन करना)

- **Pronunciation:** en-dawrs/ एन्डॉर्स
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to approve, support, or sustain
 - b. to designate oneself as payee of (a check) by signing, usually on the reverse side of the instrument.
 - c. to sign one's name on (a commercial document or other instrument).
 - d. to make over (a stated amount) to another as payee by one's endorsement.
 - e. to write (something) on the back of a document, paper, etc.
- **Synonyms:** support, approve, sanction, ratify, validate
- **Antonyms:** disapprove, reject, criticize, denounce
- **Usage in a sentence:** This school does not **endorse** misbehaviour and lack of discipline.

549. Word: **Prescribe** (लिख)

- **Pronunciation:** pres-cribe/ प्रस्क्राइब
- **Part of speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. (of a medical practitioner) advise and authorize the use of (a medicine or treatment) for someone, especially in writing
 - b. state authoritatively or as a rule that (an action or procedure) should be carried out
- **Synonyms:** define, determine, suggest
- **Antonyms:** confuse, disallow
- **Usage in a sentence:** The doctor prepared to **prescribe** a paracetamol.

550. Word: **Blatant** (ऊधमी)

- **Pronunciation:** bleyt-nt/ ब्लेटन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** (of bad behaviour) done openly and unashamedly.
- **Synonyms:** flagrant, shameless, conspicuous
- **Antonyms:** subtle, quiet, unnoticeable
- **Usage in a sentence:** The whole episode was a **blatant** attempt to gain publicity.

551. Word: **Uplift** (उन्नति)

- **Pronunciation:** uhp-lift/अप्लिफ्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to lift up; raise; elevate. (Verb)
 - b. to improve socially, culturally, morally, or the like. (Verb)
 - c. an act of lifting up or raising; elevation. (Noun)



- d. the process or work of improving, as socially, intellectually, or morally. (Noun)
- e. emotional or spiritual exaltation. (Noun)

- **Synonyms:** raise, boost, elevate
- **Antonyms:** degrade, demoralize, discourage
- **Usage in a sentence:** It is the teacher's vocation in life to **uplift** her students.

552. Word: Desolate (निर्जन करना)

- **Pronunciation:** des-uh-lit/डेसलेट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. feeling or showing great unhappiness or loneliness. [Adjective]
 - b. make (someone) feel utterly wretched and unhappy. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** lonely, miserable
- **Antonyms:** cheerful, happy
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The house stood in a flat and **desolate** landscape.

553. Word: Exuberance (उल्लास)

- **Pronunciation:** ig-zoo-ber-uh ns/इग्ज़ूबरन्स
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the quality of being full of energy, excitement, and cheerfulness; ebullience.
 - b. the quality of growing profusely; luxuriance.
- **Synonyms:** cheerfulness, excitement
- **Antonyms:** boredom, lifelessness
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The girl was laughing from pure **exuberance**.

554. Word: Bleak (निराशाजनक)

- **Pronunciation:** bleek/ब्लीक
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. (of a building or room) charmless and inhospitable; dreary.
 - b. (of the weather) cold and miserable.
- **Synonyms:** gloomy, cheerless
- **Antonyms:** encouraging, comforting
- **Usage in a Sentence:** That was a **bleak** and dismal place.

555. Word: Dissemination (प्रचार)

- **Pronunciation:** dih-sem-uh-ney-shuh n/ डिसेमनैशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the action or fact of spreading something, especially information, widely.
- **Synonyms:** distribution, circulation
- **Antonyms:** gathering, collection
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **dissemination** of music by radio and gramophone record permeated the whole country and every social stratum.



556. Word: Incarnation (अवतरण)

- **Pronunciation:** in-kahr-ney-shuhn /इन्कार्नेशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a living being embodying a deity or spirit.
 - b. assumption of human form or nature.
 - c. a person or thing regarded as embodying or exhibiting some quality, idea, or the like.
- **Synonyms:** embodiment, avatar, personification
- **Antonyms:** disembodiment
- **Usage in a sentence:** The Jataka Tales are full of tales about the different **incarnations** of Lord Buddha.

557. Word: Slew (अधिक संख्या)

- **Pronunciation:** sloo/ स्लू
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a large number or quantity of something
- **Synonyms:** oodles, heap, plurality, many, multitude, lot
- **Antonyms:** handful, smattering, deficiency, dearth
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Post being sworn in as the chief justice of India, he inherited a **slew** of challenges.

558. Word: Showcase (प्रदर्शनअ)

- **Pronunciation:** shoh-keys/शोकैस
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** exhibit; display
- **Synonyms:** illustrate, manifest, represent
- **Antonyms:** abandon, conceal, distress
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The event remains an important **showcase** for new talent.

559. Word: Exhort (प्रोत्साहित करना)

- **Pronunciation:** ig-zawrt/इग्ज़ॉर्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** strongly encourage or urge (someone) to do something.
- **Synonyms:** advise, encourage, prompt, inspire
- **Antonyms:** deter, discourage, inhibit
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The manager must **exhort** his team members to work well.

560. Word: Amateur (अव्यवसायी)

- **Pronunciation:** am-uh-choor/ऐमचुर
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a person who engages in a pursuit, especially a sport, on an unpaid basis. [Noun]
 - b. engaging or engaged in without payment; non-professional. [Adjective]
- **Synonyms:** novice, beginner



- **Antonyms:** expert, qualified
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He made an **amateur** attempt to build a cabinet.

561. Word: Uplift (उन्नति)

- **Pronunciation:** uhp-lift/अप्लिफ्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to lift up; raise; elevate. (Verb)
 - b. to improve socially, culturally, morally, or the like. (Verb)
 - c. an act of lifting up or raising; elevation. (Noun)
 - d. the process or work of improving, as socially, intellectually, or morally. (Noun)
 - e. emotional or spiritual exaltation. (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** raise, boost, elevate
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- **Usage in a sentence:** It is the teacher's vocation in life to **uplift** her students.

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- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. feeling or showing great unhappiness or loneliness. [Adjective]
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 - b. (of the weather) cold and miserable.
- **Synonyms:** gloomy, cheerless
- **Antonyms:** encouraging, comforting



- **Usage in a Sentence:** That was a **bleak** and dismal place.

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 - assumption of human form or nature.
 - a person or thing regarded as embodying or exhibiting some quality, idea, or the like.
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- **Part of Speech:** Verb
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- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a person who engages in a pursuit, especially a sport, on an unpaid basis. [Noun]
 - b. engaging or engaged in without payment, non-professional. [Adjective]
- **Synonyms:** novice, beginner
- **Antonyms:** expert, qualified
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He made an **amateur** attempt to build a cabinet.

571. Word: Spectrum (विस्तृत श्रेणी)

- **Pronunciation:** spek-truhm/स्पेक्ट्रम
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. (Physics) an array of entities, as light waves or particles, ordered in accordance with the magnitudes of a common physical property, as wavelength or mass: often the band of colors produced when sunlight is passed through a prism, comprising red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo, and violet
 - b. (Physics) this band or series of colors together with extensions at the ends that are not visible to the eye, but that can be studied by means of photography, heat effects, etc., and that are produced by the dispersion of radiant energy other than ordinary light rays. Compare band spectrum, electromagnetic spectrum, mass spectrum
 - c. a broad range of varied but related ideas or objects, the individual features of which tend to overlap so as to form a continuous series or sequence
- **Synonyms:** range, gamut, scope
- **Antonyms:** monochromatic
- **Usage in a sentence:** He was held in great affection by people across the political **spectrum**.

572. Word: Auction (नीलाम)

- **Pronunciation:** awk-shuhn/ ऑक्शन
- **Part of speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a public sale in which goods or property are sold to the highest bidder (Noun)
 - b. sell or offer for sale at an auction (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** bargain, vend, sale
- **Antonyms:** boon, benefit
- **Usage in a sentence:** His paintings were **auctioned** at high prices.

573. Word: Cumulative (संचयी)

- **Pronunciation:** kyoo-myuh-luh-tiv/ क्यूम्यलटिव
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective



- **Meaning:** increasing or increased in quantity, degree, or force by successive additions.
- **Synonyms:** increasing, accumulative, growing, progressive
- **Antonyms:** decreasing, declining, decremental
- **Usage in a sentence:** The **cumulative** effect of using so many chemicals on the land could be disastrous.

574. Word: Optimise (इष्टतम तरीका ढूँढना)

- **Pronunciation:** op-tuh-mahyz/ ओप्टिमाइस
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** make the best or most effective use of (a situation or resource).
- **Synonyms:** maximise, increase, expand, lengthen
- **Antonyms:** minimize, contract, depreciate, reduce
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The new system will **optimize** the efficiency with which the wind energy is used.

575. Word: Surpass (बढ़ जाना)

- **Pronunciation:** ser-pas/ सर-पास
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** exceeded; be greater than / be better than.
- **Synonyms:** exceed, excel, transcend, outpaced
- **Antonyms:** fail, emanate, expose, lose
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Since I am practising harder, I know this time I will **surpass** last year's exam score.

576. Word: Cognisant (अवगत)

- **Pronunciation:** kog-nuh-zuh nt/ काग्नज़न्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** having knowledge or awareness
- **Synonyms:** aware, conscious, apprised, abreast, mindful
- **Antonyms:** unaware, incognizant, dumbfounded, unconscious
- **Usage in a sentence:** The solution architect must be **cognisant** of the overarching business and IT architecture responsibilities.

577. Word: Tempered (संतुलित)

- **Pronunciation:** tem-perd/ टेम्पर्ड
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. improve the hardness and elasticity of (steel or other metal) by reheating and then cooling it.
 - b. improve the consistency or resiliency of (a substance) by means of a process involving heat or chemicals.
 - c. act as a neutralizing or counterbalancing force to (something).
- **Synonyms:** hardened, toughened, moderate, modify
- **Antonyms:** untempered, uncontrolled, unrestrained



- **Usage in a Sentence:** The usually stoic and **tempered** lawyer breaks down in terror and shame, not caring who sees.

578. Word: Shun (त्यागना)

- **Pronunciation:** shuhn/शन
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** persistently avoid, ignore, or reject (someone or something) through antipathy or caution.
- **Synonyms:** evade, dodge
- **Antonyms:** accept, embrace
- **Usage in a Sentence:** They wear simple clothes and **shun** modern inventions.

579. Word: Fathom (पूर्ण रूप से समझना)

- **Pronunciation:** fath -uh m/फैदम
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. understand (a difficult problem or an enigmatic person) after much thought.
 - b. measure the depth of (water).
- **Synonyms:** comprehend, assimilate, perceive, grasp
- **Antonyms:** misinterpret, mislead, construe
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He failed to **fathom** the true import of her words.

580. Word: Bugbear (डरावना)

- **Pronunciation:** buhg-bair/ बग्बेर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a cause of obsessive fear, anxiety, or irritation.
- **Synonyms:** nightmare, fear, terror, horror
- **Antonyms:** delight, joy, pleasure
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Germany was always a **bugbear** for France.

581. Word: Goodwill (सद्भावना)

- **Pronunciation:** good-wil /गुड्विल
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. friendly disposition; benevolence; kindness.
 - b. cheerful acquiescence or consent.
 - c. Commerce. an intangible, salable asset arising from the reputation of a business and its relations with its customers, distinct from the value of its stock and other tangible assets.
- **Synonyms:** benevolence, kindness, compassion, friendliness
- **Antonyms:** hostility, malice, enmity, animosity
- **Usage in a sentence:** In the blink of an eye, his mischief made him lose the **goodwill** of his friends.

582. Word: Linguistic (भाषा संबंधी)

- **Pronunciation:** ling-gwis-tik/लिंग्विस्टिक



- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. connected with language or the study of language.
- **Synonyms:** language, rhetoric, the spoken word, philology
- **Antonyms:** non linguistic, non verbal
- **Usage in a sentence:** There are many **linguistic** affinities between the numerous Indo-Aryan languages.

583. Word: Enact (पूरा करना)

- **Pronunciation:** en-akt/एनैक्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. make (a bill or other proposal) law.
 - b. put into practice (an idea or suggestion).
- **Synonyms:** ordain, execute, legislate
- **Antonyms:** abolish, revoke, repeal, abrogate
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The executive could not **enact** the laws without the consent of Parliament.

584. Word: Discourse (तर्क)

- **Pronunciation:** dis-kohrs/ डिस्कोर्स
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. written or spoken communication or debate. [Noun]
 - b. speak or write authoritatively about a topic. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** talk, lecture, speech, discussion
- **Antonyms:** silence, quiet
- **Usage in a sentence:** He was able to **discourse** at great length on the problems of education.

585. Word: Cast a shadow over (फीका कर देना)

- **Pronunciation:** kast- a -shad-oh -oh-ver/ कास्ट अ शैडो
- **Meaning:** To fill a place with sadness, grief, dread, or any strong negative emotion
- **Synonyms:** overshadow, obscure, darken
- **Antonyms:** light up, encourage, illuminate
- **Usage in Sentence:** The child's sudden death **cast a dark shadow** over the house.

586. Word: Contingent (प्रासंगिक)

- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-tin-juh nt/कन्टिन्जन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. subject to chance.
 - b. occurring or existing only if (certain circumstances) are the case; dependent on.
- **Synonyms:** fortuitous, conditional, provisional
- **Antonyms:** certain, necessary, independent
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Our success is **contingent** upon your support.



587. Word: **Consign** (सौंपना)

- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-sahyn/कन्साइन
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** put someone or something in (a place) in order to be rid of it or them.
- **Synonyms:** deliver, commit, authorize
- **Antonyms:** hold, retain, abduct
- **Usage in a Sentence:** After the financial crisis, she was **consigned** to a life of poverty.

588. Word: **Flak** (तिरस्कार)

- **Pronunciation:** flak/फ्लैक
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** strong criticism.
- **Synonyms:** disapproval, condemnation, dissent
- **Antonyms:** praise, compliment, praise
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Her interview fetched her a lot of **flak** from the press.

589. Word: **Bask in something** (आनंद लूटना)

- **Pronunciation:** bask in sumthing/बास्क इन समथिंग
- **Part of Speech:** Phrasal Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to take pleasure from something that makes you feel good
- **Synonyms:** luxuriate in, wallow in, relish
- **Antonyms:** disappoint, abstain, distress
- **Usage in a sentence:** He **basked in** his moment of glory, holding the trophy up to the crowd.

590. Word: **Bode** (शकुन होना)

- **Pronunciation:** boh-d/बोड
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to portend
 - b. to be a sign of something that will happen in the future, usually something very good or bad
- **Synonyms:** portend, foreshadow, augur, predict, foretell, forecast, presage
- **Usage in a sentence:** This does not **bode** well for the future of the peace process.

591. Word: **Disconcerting** (चिंताजनक)

- **Pronunciation:** dis-kun-sur-ting/ डिस्कन्सर्टिंग
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** tending to cause discomfort, uneasiness or alarm; unsettling; troubling; upsetting.
- **Synonyms:** unsettling, disturbing, embarrassing
- **Antonyms:** soothing, affable, comforting
- **Usage in a Sentence:** I found it very **disconcerting** to be in the function in which I was not invited.

592. Word: **Writ** (आज्ञापत्र)

- **Pronunciation:** rit/रिट
- **Part of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a form of written command in the name of a court or other legal authority to act, or abstain from acting, in a particular way/the power to enforce submission and compliance
- **Synonyms:** summons, subpoena, warrant, arraignment, indictment
- **Usage in a sentence:** Enforcing justice is something beyond the writ of the average citizen, which is why they are not allowed to take the law into their own hands.

593. Word: **Ferocity** (क्रूरता)

- **Pronunciation:** fuh-ros-i-tee/ फरासिटी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the state or quality of being ferocious.
- **Synonyms:** savagery, brutality, barbarity
- **Antonyms:** gentleness, clemency
- **Usage in a sentence:** The police were shocked by the ferocity of the attack.

594. Word: **Combat** (भिड़न्त/संग्राम करना)

- **Pronunciation:** kuhm-bat/ कम्बैट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. fighting between armed forces. [Noun]
 - b. take action to reduce or prevent (something bad or undesirable). [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** fight, battle, struggle
- **Antonyms:** peace, accord, compromise
- **Usage in a sentence:** The police are planning sterner measures to combat the rising number of crime.

595. Word: **Defector** (पक्षत्यागी)

- **Pronunciation:** dih-fek-ter/ डिफेक्टर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a person who has abandoned their country or cause in favour of an opposing one.
- **Synonyms:** deserter, turncoat, renegade, traitor
- **Antonyms:** paragon, patriot, loyalist, follower, disciple
- **Usage in a sentence:** He defected to the West before the war began.

596. Word: **Patchy** (ठीक से न किया गया)

- **Pronunciation:** pach-ee/ पैची
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. existing or happening in small, isolated areas.
 - b. not of the same quality throughout; inconsistent.
- **Synonyms:** uneven, irregular
- **Antonyms:** consistent, constant
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Attendance at these matches has been rather patchy recently.



597. Word: **Cadre** (संवर्ग/ढांचा)

- **Pronunciation:** kad-ree/काड्रू
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. Military. the key group of officers and enlisted personnel necessary to establish and train a new military unit
 - b. a group of trained or otherwise qualified personnel capable of forming, training, or leading an expanded organization, as a religious or political faction, or a skilled work force
 - c. (especially in Communist countries) a cell of trained and devoted workers
 - d. a member of a cadre; a person qualified to serve in a cadre
 - e. a framework, outline, or scheme
- **Synonyms:** cell, group, framework, crew
- **Usage in a sentence:** I was part of the **cadre** for a new armored division.

598. Word: **Prong** (काँटा)

- **Pronunciation:** prawng/ प्रॉंग
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. each of two or more projecting pointed parts at the end of a fork. (Noun)
 - b. pierce or stab with a fork. (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** spike, barb, claw, projection
- **Antonym:** blunt
- **Usage in a sentence:** The west side of the house was built in the shape of an E without the middle **prong**.

599. Word: **Rung** (सीढ़ी का डंडा)

- **Pronunciation:** ruhng/ रेंग
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a horizontal support on a ladder for a person's foot [Noun]
 - b. Past tense of 'ring' [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** step, level, bar, degree
- **Antonyms:** uneven, sloppy
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He is still on the bottom **rung** of the political ladder.

601. Word: **Conundrum** (समस्या)

- **Pronunciation:** kuh-nuhn-druh m/कनड्रम
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a confusing and difficult problem or question.
 - b. a question asked for amusement, typically one with a pun in its answer; a riddle.
- **Synonyms:** enigma, mystery, riddle
- **Antonyms:** clarification, obviousness, solution
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Time will certainly provide the solution to that **conundrum**.



602. Word: **Premise** (आधार वाक्य)

- **Pronunciation:** prem-is/प्रेमिस
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a previous statement or proposition from which another is inferred or follows as a conclusion. [Noun]
 - b. base an argument, theory, or undertaking on. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** supposition, hypothesis, presumption
- **Antonyms:** truth, fact, reality
- **Usage in a Sentence:** We can infer a conclusion from the given **premise**.

603. Word: **Cakewalk** (आसान)

- **Pronunciation:** keyk-wawk/केकॉक
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** something that is very easy to achieve:
- **Synonyms:** walk in the park, as easy as pie, breezy
- **Antonyms:** complex, arduous, convoluted
- **Usage in a sentence:** The exam was a **cakewalk** for her.

604. Word: **Implement** (उपकरण/ कार्यान्वित करना)

- **Pronunciation:** im-pluh-muh nt/ इम्प्लमेन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a tool, utensil, or other piece of equipment that is used for a particular purpose. (Noun)
 - b. put (a decision, plan, agreement, etc.) into effect. (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** carry out, apply, fulfill, execute
- **Antonyms:** cancel, exempt, reject
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The government promised to **implement** a new system to control financial loan institutions.

605. Word: **Anticipate** (आशा रखना/ पूर्वानुमान करना)

- **Pronunciation:** an-tis-uh-peyt/ ऐन्टिसिपेट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. regard as probable; expect or predict.
 - b. look forward to.
 - c. act as a forerunner or precursor of.
- **Synonyms:** expect, predict, foresee, hope
- **Antonyms:** unexpected, doubt
- **Usage in a Sentence:** This year, we **anticipate** our expenses to increase by 15%.

606. Word: **Grim** (खराब)

- **Pronunciation:** grim/ग्रिम
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective



- **Meaning:**
 - a. very serious or gloomy.
 - b. (especially of a place) unattractive or forbidding.
- **Synonyms:** gloomy, bleak
- **Antonyms:** cheerful, compassionate
- **Usage in a Sentence:** When he lost his job, his future looked **grim**.

607. Word: **Encounter** (मिलना/ मुठभेड़)

- **Pronunciation:** en-koun-ter/ एन्काउन्टर
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. unexpectedly be faced with or experience (something hostile or difficult). [Verb]
 - b. a confrontation or unpleasant struggle. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** meet, experience, find
- **Antonyms:** avoid, elude, dodge
- **Usage in a sentence:** His **encounter** with the wild dog had completely unnerved him.

608. Word: **Asylum** (आश्रय)

- **Pronunciation:** uh-sahy-luhm/ असाइलम
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the protection granted by a state to someone who has left their home country as a political refugee.
 - b. an institution for the care of people who are mentally ill.
- **Synonyms:** refuge, shelter, sanctuary
- **Antonyms:** threat, hazard, evict
- **Usage in a sentence:** The number of people seeking **asylum** in the United Kingdom has risen sharply.

609. Word: **Enforcement** (प्रचलन)

- **Pronunciation:** en-fawrs-muh nt/ एन्फोर्समेंट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the act of compelling observance of or compliance with a law, rule, or obligation.
- **Synonyms:** imposition, implementation
- **Antonyms:** dismissal, expiration
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The doctors want stricter **enforcement** of existing laws.

610. Word: **Intractable** (अड़ियल)

- **Pronunciation:** in-trak-tuh-buhl/ इन्ट्रैक्टबल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** hard to control or deal with.
- **Synonyms:** stubborn, obstinate, unmanageable, inflexible
- **Antonyms:** tractable, ductile, manageable



- **Usage in a Sentence:** Alex is an **intractable** child who deliberately does the opposite of whatever he is told.

611. Word: Flurry (हलचल/ हवा का झोंका)

- **Pronunciation:** flur-ee/ फलरी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a sudden short period of activity or excitement. [Noun]
 - b. (especially of snow or leaves) be moved in small swirling masses by sudden gusts of wind. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** fluster, commotion, fuss
- **Antonyms:** calm, quiet, calmness
- **Usage in a sentence:** A **flurry** of excitement stirred the audience as the popular singers arrived.

612. Word: Cascade (जलप्रपात/प्रपात के रूप में गिरना)

- **Pronunciation:** kas-keyd/कैस्कैड
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a waterfall descending over a steep, rocky surface.
 - b. a series of shallow or step-like waterfalls, either natural or artificial.
 - c. anything that resembles a waterfall, especially in seeming to flow or fall in abundance.
- **Synonyms:** stream, spill, gush, surge
- **Antonyms:** drizzle, trickle, drought
- **Usage in a sentence:** Her deep brown hair **cascaded** over her back.

613. Word: Replete (परितृप्त)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-pleet/ रिप्लीट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** filled or well-supplied with something.
- **Synonyms:** abundant, overflowing, full
- **Antonyms:** empty, famished
- **Usage in a sentence:** Government documents and official statements concerning integration are **replete** with ill-defined language.

614. Word: Untoward (अभाग)

- **Pronunciation:** uhn-tawrd/ अन्तूऑर्ड
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** unexpected and inappropriate or inconvenient.
- **Synonyms:** unfortunate, unlucky, improper
- **Antonyms:** happy, proper, fortunate, acceptable
- **Usage in a sentence:** There was nothing **untoward** about his appearance.

615. Word: Outweigh (से अधिक होना)

- **Pronunciation:** out-vey/ आउटवै
- **Part of Speech:** Verb



- **Meaning:** be heavier, greater, or more significant than.
- **Synonyms:** surpass, outbalance, exceed, excel
- **Antonyms:** fail, surrender
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The advantages of this deal largely **outweigh** the disadvantages.

616. Word: **Exemplify** (उदाहरण देना)

- **Pronunciation:** exem-pli-fie/ इग्ज़ेम्प्लफाई
- **Parts of speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** to show or illustrate by example
- **Synonyms:** illustrate, demonstrate, instance.
- **Antonyms:** becloud, blur, cloud, darken, fog
- **Usage in a sentence:** The movie **exemplified** everything that is wrong with the film industry.

617. Word: **Prompt** (शीघ्र)

- **Pronunciation:** prompt/प्राम्प्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Verb, Adverb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. done without delay; immediate. [Adjective]
 - b. (of an event or fact) cause or bring about (an action or feeling). [Verb]
 - c. exactly (with reference to a specified time). [Adverb]
- **Synonyms:** motivate, swift, immediate, induce
- **Antonyms:** tardy, sluggish
- **Usage in a Sentence:** We are very grateful for the **prompt** payment.

618. Word: **Efficacy** (प्रभावोत्पादकता)

- **Pronunciation:** ef-i-kuh-see/एफिकैसी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the ability to produce a desired or intended result.
- **Synonyms:** effectiveness, potency
- **Antonyms:** failure, feebleness
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Fortunately, the medicine had the **efficacy** to reduce the amount of pain Vanshi was feeling.

619. Word: **Adverse** (प्रतिकूल)

- **Pronunciation:** ad-vurs/ ऐड्वर्स
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** preventing success or development; harmful; unfavourable
- **Synonyms:** contrary, unfavourable, detrimental
- **Antonyms:** favourable, helpful, good
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Despite the **adverse** conditions, the road was finished in just eight months.

620. Word: **Zealous** (उत्साही)



- **Pronunciation:** zel-uh s/ज़ेलस
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** having or showing zeal (great energy or enthusiasm)
- **Synonyms:** enthusiastic, passionate
- **Antonyms:** uninterested, Stoic
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He was a **zealous** worker, which earned him many an accolade.

621. Word: **Arrogate** (अनधिकार से अपना लेना)

- **Pronunciation:** ar-uh-geyt/ ऐरोगेट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** take or claim (something) without justification.
- **Synonyms:** usurp, assume, appropriate, seize
- **Antonyms:** forfeit, give, forgo, waive, hand over
- **Usage in a sentence:** They've **arrogated** to themselves the power to change the rules arbitrarily.

622. Word: **Stint** (कार्यावधि/ सीमा बांधना)

- **Pronunciation:** stint/ स्टिन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - b. restrict (someone) in the amount of something, especially money, given or permitted. (Verb)
 - c. a person's fixed or allotted period of work. (Noun)
 - d. limitation of supply or effort (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** job, work, limit, restrain
- **Antonyms:** free, exuberant
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He has changed his schedule to a three-day **stint**, which starts this Friday.

623. Word: **Ambiguity** (संदिग्धता)

- **Pronunciation:** am-bi-gyoo-i-tee/ ऐम्बिग्यूइटी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the quality of being open to more than one interpretation; inexactness.
- **Synonyms:** vagueness, obscurity, uncertainty
- **Antonyms:** certainty, clarity
- **Usage in a Sentence:** There was an element of **ambiguity** in the president's reply.

624. Word: **Apprehension** (डर)

- **Pronunciation:** ap-ri-hen-shuh n/ ऐप्रिहेन्शन्
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** anxiety or fear that something bad or unpleasant will happen.
- **Synonyms:** dread, fear, anxiety, worry
- **Antonyms:** confidence, calmness, ease
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The change in the law has caused **apprehension** among many people.

625. Word: **Circumscribe** (सीमित करना)



- **Pronunciation:** sur-kuhm-skrahyb/ सर्कस्क्राइब
- **Part of speech:** Verb
Meaning: to limit the range or scope of something to a particular degree
- **Synonyms:** restrain, regulate, limit, confine, enclose
- **Antonyms:** broaden, exceed, abandon, free
- **Usage in a sentence:** In court the violent suspects wear shackles that **circumscribe** their ability to flee.

626. Word: **Aloft** (ऊँचे पर)

- **Pronunciation:** uh-lawft/अलॉफ्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective & Adverb
- **Meaning:**
a. up in or into the air; overhead.
- **Synonyms:** upward, skyward, up high
- **Antonyms:** below, under, beneath
- **Usage in a Sentence:** After winning, she held the trophy **aloft**.

627. Word: **Imprimatur** (अनुमति)

- **Pronunciation:** im-pri-mah-ter/ इम्प्रिमाटर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a person's authoritative approval.
- **Synonyms:** sanction, permission, approval
- **Antonyms:** disapproval, refusal, rejection, censure
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The project cannot go ahead without the **imprimatur** of the Treasury.

628. Word: **Mandatory** (अनिवार्य आज्ञापक)

- **Pronunciation:** man-duh-tawr-ee/मैन्डटोरी
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
a. Something that is mandatory must be done or is demanded by law
- **Synonyms:** compulsory, obligatory, required, necessary
- **Antonyms:** optional, voluntary, unnecessary
- **Usage in a sentence:** The minister is calling for **mandatory** prison sentences for people who assault police officers.

629. Word: **Autonomy** (स्वराज्य)

- **Pronunciation:** aw-ton-uh-mee
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the right or condition of self-government.
- **Synonyms:** freedom, self-government, independence
- **Antonym:** dependence, captivity, subjugation
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Branch managers have full **autonomy** in their own areas.

630. Word: **Subsist** (बना रहना)



- **Pronunciation:** suhb-sist/सब्सिस्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to exist; continue in existence.
 - b. to remain alive; live, as on food, resources, etc.
 - c. to have existence in, or by reason of, something.
 - d. to reside, lie, or consist (usually followed by in)..
 - e. to have timeless or abstract existence, as a number, relation, etc.
 - f. to have existence, especially independent existence.
- **Synonyms:** exist, live, survive, continue, endure
- **Antonyms:** perish, succumb, end
- **Usage in a sentence:** The problem **subsisted** for a long while after the operation.

631. Word: **Buttress** (पुष्ट करना)

- **Pronunciation:** buh-tris/बट्रिस
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. any prop or support (Noun)
 - b. a thing shaped like a buttress, as a tree trunk with a widening base (Noun)
 - c. a bony or horny protuberance, especially on a horse's hoof (Noun)
 - d. to support by a buttress; prop up (Verb)
 - e. to give encouragement or support to (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** support, reinforce, brace
- **Antonyms:** weaken, degrade, debase
- **Usage in a sentence:** It was decided to **buttress** the crumbling walls.

632. Word: **Incumbent** (अवलंबी)

- **Pronunciation:** in-kuhm-buh nt/ इन्कम्बन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. necessary for (someone) as a duty or responsibility. [Adjective]
 - b. the holder of an office or post. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** occupant, holder, compulsory, officeholder
- **Antonyms:** optional, unnecessary
- **Usage in a sentence:** It is **incumbent** upon all users of this equipment to familiarize themselves with the safety procedure.

633. Word: **Unsettle** (बेचैन कर देना)

- **Pronunciation:** uhn-set-l/अन्सेटल
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to alter from a settled state; cause to be no longer firmly fixed or established; render unstable; disturb
 - b. to shake or weaken (beliefs, feelings, etc.); cause doubt or uncertainty about
 - c. to vex or agitate the mind or emotions of; upset; discompose



- **Synonyms:** disturb, upset, disconcert, unnerve
- **Antonyms:** fix, settle, appease
- **Usage in a sentence:** The person had some **unsettling** information about the new minister.

634. Word: **Turmoil** (खलबली)

- **Pronunciation:** tur-moil/टर्माइल
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a state of great disturbance, confusion, or uncertainty.
- **Synonyms:** disorder, clutter, chaos, mess
- **Antonyms:** calm, peace, structure
- **Usage in a Sentence:** His mind was in a state of constant **turmoil**.

635. Word: **Veteran** (अभ्यास वृद्ध मनुष्य)

- **Pronunciation:** vet-er-uh n /वेट्रन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a person who has had long experience in a particular field.
- **Synonyms:** experienced, skilled
- **Antonyms:** amateur, jejune
- **Usage in a Sentence:** She is a **veteran** campaigner for human rights.

636. Word: **Somersault** (उलट-फेर)

- **Pronunciation:** suhm-er-sawlt /समसाँल्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a rolling movement or jump, either forwards or backwards, in which you turn over completely, with your body above your head, and finish with your head on top again
 - b. a complete overturn or reversal, as of opinion.
- **Synonyms:** flip, tumble, cartwheel
- **Usage in a sentence:** His approach did a complete **somersault** in front of the boss.

637. Word: **Nepotism** (कुलपक्षपात)

- **Pronunciation:** nep-uh-tiz-uh m /नेपटिज़म
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. patronage bestowed or favoritism shown on the basis of family relationship, as in business and politics
- **Synonyms:** bias, favoritism, partiality
- **Antonyms:** justice, fairness
- **Usage in a sentence:** He was guilty of **nepotism** and corruption.

638. Word: **Machinations** (कुचक्र)

- **Pronunciation:** mak-uh-ney-shuhn /मैकनेशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun



- **Meaning:**
a. complicated and secret plans to get power or control or to gain an advantage.
- **Synonyms:** trick, scheme, ruse, stratagem, intrigue
- **Antonyms:** honesty, candor
- **Usage in a sentence:** She fell victim to his cruel **machinations**, and had to resign.

639. Word: **Behest** (आज्ञा)

- **Pronunciation:** bih-hest/ बिहेस्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a person's orders or command
- **Synonyms:** command, order, mandate, bidding
- **Antonyms:** personal choice, answer
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The budget proposal was adopted at the President's **behest**.

640. Word: **Squabble** (झगड़ा)

- **Pronunciation:** skwob-uhl/ स्क्वाबल
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
a. a noisy quarrel about something trivial. (Noun)
b. quarrel noisily over a trivial matter. (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** quarrel, row, argument, fight, dispute, spat
- **Antonyms:** agreement, agree, accord, acquiesce
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Frightened by the noise of the **squabble**, the cat hid under the couch.

641. Word: **Quinquennial** (पाँच वर्ष का समय)

- **Pronunciation:** kwin-kwen-ee-uhl/ किन्क्वेनीअल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective/ Noun
- **Meaning:**
a. of or lasting for five years. (Adjective)
b. occurring every five years. (Adjective)
c. something that occurs every five years. (Noun)
d. a fifth anniversary. (Noun)
e. a five-year term in office. (Noun)
- **Synonyms:** five-yearly
- **Antonyms:** annual, yearly
- **Usage in a sentence:** At the end of the term, the government could hardly tick off a policy outlined in its **quinquennial** plan.

642. Word: **Salutary** (कल्याणकर)

- **Pronunciation:** sal-yuh-ter-ee/ सैल्यटेरी
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** (especially with reference to something unwelcome or unpleasant) producing good effects; beneficial



- **Synonyms:** beneficial, healthy, helpful, restorative
- **Antonyms:** damaging, injurious, ill, harmful
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The accident was a **salutary** reminder of the dangers of climbing.

643. Word: Vigil (चौकसी)

- **Pronunciation:** vij-uh I/विजल
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. wakefulness maintained for any reason during the normal hours for sleeping.
 - b. a watch or a period of watchful attention maintained at night or at other times
- **Synonyms:** vigilance, observance, surveillance, patrol
- **Antonyms:** inattentiveness, sleep, neglect
- **Usage in a Sentence:** My father told the gatekeeper to keep **vigil**.

644. Word: Prognosticate (पूर्व संकेत करना)

- **Pronunciation:** prog-nos-ti-keyt/प्राग्नास्टिकेट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. to give a judgment about what is likely to happen in the future, especially in connection with a particular situation
- **Synonyms:** predict, foretell, forecast, portend
- **Antonyms:** ignore, clueless
- **Usage in a sentence:** He is in a good position to **prognosticate** on the future of commerce.

645. Word: Offset (कमी पूरी होना या करना)

- **Pronunciation:** awf-set/ऑफ़सेट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a consideration or amount that diminishes or balances the effect of an opposite one. [Noun]
 - b. the amount or distance by which something is out of line. [Noun]
 - c. counteract (something) by having an equal and opposite force or effect. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** counterbalance, compensate, neutralize
- **Antonyms:** ending, extension
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The increase in pay costs was **offset** by higher productivity.

646. Word: Wane (अवनति)

- **Pronunciation:** weyn/ वेन
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. (of the moon) have a progressively smaller part of its visible surface illuminated, so that it appears to decrease in size.
 - b. (of a state or feeling) decrease in vigour or extent; become weaker.
- **Synonyms:** decline, ebb, dwindle, decrease, diminish
- **Antonyms:** wax, win, grow, enlarge, strengthen



- **Usage in a Sentence:** The scandal caused her popularity to **wane**.

647. Word: **Trajectory** (प्रक्षेपपथ)

- **Pronunciation:** truh-jek-tuh-ree/ट्रजेक्टरी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the path followed by a projectile flying or an object moving under the action of given forces.
- **Synonyms:** course, track, route, path
- **Antonyms:** off track, off route
- **Usage in a sentence:** The decision was certain to affect the **trajectory** of French politics for some time to come.

648. Word: **Portent** (चेतावनी)

- **Pronunciation:** pawr-tent/पोर्टेंट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a sign or warning that a momentous or calamitous event is likely to happen.
- **Synonyms:** omen, sign, prophecy
- **Usage in a sentence:** Many birds are regarded as being **portents** of death.

649. Word: **Cogent** (अकाट्य)

- **Pronunciation:** koh-juhnt/कोजन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. An argument which is clearly expressed and persuades people to believe it
- **Synonyms:** convincing, persuasive, compelling
- **Antonyms:** weak, ineffective, impotent
- **Usage in a sentence:** He makes a **cogent** argument for improving early childhood education.

650. Word: **Perilous** (संकटपूर्ण)

- **Pronunciation:** per-uh-luhs/पेरीलस
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. full of danger or risk.
 - b. exposed to imminent risk of disaster or ruin.
- **Synonyms:** dangerous, hazardous, risky, precarious
- **Antonyms:** safe, harmless, secure, cautious
- **Usage in a sentence:** The migratory birds fly to Turkey and attempt the **perilous** journey across the Mediterranean to Europe.

651. Word: **Omnibus** (बहुप्रयोजन/ एक प्रकार की यात्री गाड़ी)

- **Pronunciation:** om-nuh-buhs/आम्बस
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a book or a programme consisting of two or more parts that have already been published or broadcast separately (Noun)



- b. a bus
- c. pertaining to, including, or dealing with numerous objects or items at once (Adjective)

- **Synonyms:** Collection, Anthology, Compilation, autobus, motorcoach
- **Antonyms:** incomplete, limited, restricted
- **Usage in a sentence:** I enjoyed the **omnibus** edition of Eastenders on Sunday.

652. Word: **Purportedly** (कथित रूप से)

- **Pronunciation:** per-pawr-tid/ पर्पार्टिडली
- **Part of Speech:** Adverb
- **Meaning:** as appears or is stated to be true, though not necessarily so; allegedly
- **Synonyms:** presumptively, seemingly, apparently
- **Antonyms:** absolutely, genuinely, positively
- **Usage in a Sentence:** This is **purportedly** the oldest tree in the world.

653. Word: **Proximity** (निकटता)

- **Pronunciation:** proxi-miti/ प्राक्सिमिटी
- **Part of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the nearness of one thing or person to another
- **Synonyms:** Closeness, nearness, adjacency, vicinity
- **Antonyms:** far, distant
- **Usage in a sentence:** Because of the town's **proximity** to the airport, its property values are really low.

654. Word: **Speculation** (अनुमान)

- **Pronunciation:** spek-yuh-ley-shuh n/ स्पेक्युलेशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a single instance or process of consideration.
 - b. a conclusion or opinion reached by such contemplation
- **Synonyms:** hypothesis, guess, conjecture
- **Antonyms:** fact, truth
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The company moved quickly to refute the growing **speculation** that it was losing money.

655. Word: **Conform** (स्वीकार करना)

- **Pronunciation:** kuhn-fawrm/ कन्फॉर्म
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. comply with rules, standards, or laws.
 - b. (of a person) behave according to socially acceptable conventions or standards.
 - c. be similar in form or type; agree.
- **Synonyms:** agree, comply, correspond, accommodate
- **Antonyms:** differ, disobey, oppose, deviate



- **Usage in a sentence:** He doesn't **conform** to the usual stereotype of the city businessman with a dark suit and rolled umbrella.

656. Word: Innuendo (संकेत)

- **Pronunciation:** in-yoo-en-doh/इन्यूएन्डो
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. an indirect intimation about a person or thing, especially of a disparaging or a derogatory nature
 - b. Law.a parenthetic explanation or specification in a pleading
 - c. Law.(in an action for slander or libel) the explanation and elucidation of the words alleged to be defamatory
 - d. Law.the word or expression thus explained
- **Synonyms:** insinuation, hint, intimation, suggestion, implication
- **Antonyms:** evidence, proof
- **Usage in a sentence:** The election campaign was marred by rumor and **innuendo**.

657. Word: Discretion (सावधानी/विचारशीलता)

- **Pronunciation:** dih-skresh-uh n/डिस्केशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the quality of behaving or speaking in such a way as to avoid causing offence or revealing confidential information.
 - b. the freedom to decide what should be done in a particular situation.
- **Synonyms:** Caution, Wisdom
- **Antonyms:** Carelessness, Indecency
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The judiciary operated their **discretion** rightly to admit the evidence.

658. Word: Contemplate (विचार करना/सोचना)

- **Pronunciation:** kon-tuh m-pleyt/कान्टम्प्लेट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. look thoughtfully for a long time at.
 - b. think deeply and at length.
- **Synonyms:** consider, ponder, meditate
- **Antonyms:** neglect, discard, abrupt
- **Usage in a Sentence:** My granny usually goes to the park to sit and **contemplate**.

659. Word: Flagrant (निन्दनीय/कुप्रसिद्ध)

- **Pronunciation:** fley-gruhnt /फ्लैग्रन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. (of an action considered wrong or immoral) conspicuously or obviously offensive
- **Synonyms:** blatant, glaring, obvious, gross, shameless
- **Antonyms:** shameful, discreet, inconspicuous



- **Usage in a sentence:** His action was a **flagrant** violation of the rules.

660. Word: **Derogatory** (अपकर्षी)

- **Pronunciation:** dih-rog-uh-tawr-ee/डिरागतोरी
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. tending to lessen the merit or reputation of a person or thing; disparaging
- **Synonyms:** disparaging, insulting, offensive
- **Antonyms:** favorable, appreciative, complimentary
- **Usage in a sentence:** He made some **derogatory** comment/remark about her appearance.

661. Word: **Frontier** (सरहद)

- **Pronunciation:** frant-ee-ar/ फ्रन्टीर
- **Part of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a line that separates two countries , limit
- **Synonyms:** Boundary , Margin , Edge, Border
- **Antonyms:** Inside , Inward
- **Usage in a sentence:** Lille is close to the **frontier** between France and Belgium.

662. Word: **Reconcile** (मेल करना या कराना)

- **Pronunciation:** rek-uh n-sahyl/ रेकन्साइल
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** restore friendly relations between.
- **Synonyms:** harmonize, conciliate
- **Antonyms:** alienate, disagree
- **Usage in a Sentence:** You must **reconcile** yourself to your present job.

663. Word: **Incumbency** (पदग्रहण)

- **Pronunciation:** in-kuhm-buh n-see / इन्कम्बन्सी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the holding of an office or the period during which one is held.
- **Synonyms:** tenure, regime, occupancy
- **Usage in a sentence:** During his **incumbency**, he established an epidemic warning system.

664. Word: **Fraught** (भरा हुआ)

- **Pronunciation:** frawt/फ्रॉट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** causing or affected by anxiety or stress.
- **Synonyms:** anxious, diligent
- **Antonyms:** devoid, calm



- **Usage in a Sentence:** Their marriage has been **fraught** with difficulties.

665. Word: **Subsume** (सम्मिलित करना)

- **Pronunciation:** suh b-soom/ सब्सूम
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. include or absorb (something) in something else
- **Synonyms:** encompass, contain, include, comprise, embody
- **Antonyms:** surrender, release
- **Usage in a sentence:** More than anything, Dennis was interested in choosing people who could **subsume** their egos.

666. Word: **Ethnic** (प्रजातीय)

- **Pronunciation:** eth-nik/ एथ्निक
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. relating to a population subgroup (within a larger or dominant national or cultural group) with a common national or cultural tradition. [Adjective]
 - b. a member of an ethnic minority. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** cultural, tribal, heathen, indigenous
- **Antonyms:** nonracial, international, segregative
- **Usage in a Sentence:** I do believe it is possible for different **ethnic** groups to live together in harmony.

667. Word: **Fault-line** (भ्रंश-रेखा)

- **Pronunciation:** fawlt-lahyn/ फॉल्ट लाइन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a divisive issue or difference of opinion that is likely to have serious consequences.
- **Synonyms:** split, crack, fracture, dividing line
- **Antonyms:** collaborate, mend, attach
- **Usage in a Sentence:** These issues have created a stark **fault line** within the peace process.

668. Word: **Friction** (टकराव)

- **Pronunciation:** frik-shuhn/ फ्रिक्शन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. surface resistance to relative motion, as of a body sliding or rolling
 - b. the rubbing of the surface of one body against that of another
 - c. dissension or conflict between persons, nations, etc., because of differing ideas, wishes, etc
- **Synonyms:** conflict, dissension, disagreement, strife
- **Antonyms:** harmony, peace, agreement
- **Usage in a sentence:** When you rub your hands together the **friction** produces heat.

669. Word: **Indigenous** (स्वदेशीय)

- **Pronunciation:** in-dij-uh-nuhs/ इन्डिजनस



- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** originating or occurring naturally in a particular place; native
- **Synonyms:** native, domestic, aboriginal, natural
- **Antonyms:** foreign, alien, exotic, immigrant
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Many of the **indigenous** insects are needed to pollinate the local plants.

670. Word: **Encroachment** (अधिक्रमण)

- **Pronunciation:** en-krohch-muh nt/एन्क्रोचमन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a gradual advance beyond usual or acceptable limits.
 - b. intrusion on a person's territory, rights, etc.
- **Synonyms:** invasion, infringement, imposition
- **Antonyms:** decline, deterioration, wane
- **Usage in a Sentence:** It's a sign of the **encroachment** of commercialism in medicine.

671. Word: **Redux** (पुनः स्थापित)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-duhks/ रिडक्स
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** brought back; revived.
- **Synonyms:** return, revived, reformed, recovered, reestablished
- **Antonym:** unrevived
- **Usage in a Sentence:** To settle some of the doubts, Haynes led a team of researchers in a modern **redux** of the experiment.

672. Word: **Disguise** (छलकपट)

- **Pronunciation:** dis-gahyz/डिसाइज़
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. give (someone or oneself) a different appearance in order to conceal one's identity. [Verb]
 - b. a means of altering one's appearance to conceal one's identity. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** camouflage, concealment, impersonate
- **Antonyms:** interpret, expose, reveal
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The opera singer took off her **disguise** to reveal herself as an undercover agent.

673. Word: **Proponent** (समर्थक)

- **Pronunciation:** pruh-poh-nuhnt/ प्रपोनन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a person who advocates a theory, proposal, or course of action
- **Synonyms:** supporter, advocate, exponent, upholder, defender
- **Antonyms:** opponent, enemy, rival, antagonist, foe
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Halsey was identified as a leading **proponent** of the values of progressive education.



674. Word: **Rebuff** (अस्वीकार)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-buhf/ रीबफ़
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. an abrupt or ungracious rejection of an offer, request, or friendly gesture. [Noun]
 - b. reject (someone or something) in an abrupt or ungracious manner. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** repulse, reject, refuse
- **Antonyms:** accept, welcome, approve
- **Usage in a sentence:** She suffered a **rebuff** from her manager when she raised the matter.

675. Word: **Biodiversity** (जैव-विविधता)

- **Pronunciation:** bahy-oh-di-vur-si-tee/ बाइओडाइवर्सिटी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the number and types of plants and animals that exist in a particular area or in the world generally, or the problem of protecting this.
- **Usage in a sentence:** The rapid rate of deforestation led to a great loss of **biodiversity**.

676. Word: **Credibility** (विश्वसनीयता)

- **Pronunciation:** kred-uh-bil-i-tee/ क्रेडिबिलिटी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. the quality of being trusted and believed in.
 - b. the quality of being convincing or believable.
- **Synonyms:** reliability, trustworthiness
- **Antonyms:** dishonesty, betrayal
- **Usage in Sentence:** The report appears to have of scientific **credibility**.

677. Word: **Cluster** (समूह)

- **Pronunciation:** kluhs-ter/ क्लस्टर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a group of things or persons close together (Noun)
 - a number of things of the same kind, growing or held together; a bunch (Noun)
 - to gather into a cluster or clusters (Verb)
 - to furnish or cover with clusters (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** group, bunch, crowd, band, aggregate
- **Antonyms:** disperse, individual, scatter, one
- **Usage in a sentence:** Have a look at the **cluster** of galaxies in this photograph!

678. Word: **Clamour** (गोहार, धूम मचाना)

- **Pronunciation:** kla-muh-r/ क्लैमर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb



- **Meaning:**
 - a. a loud and confused noise, especially that of people shouting. (Noun)
 - b. shout loudly and insistently. (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** Uproar, Outcry, Roar
- **Antonyms:** Silence, Peace
- **Usage in a Sentence:** When I do my work at home, my kids often **clamour** for my attention by shouting my name.

679. Word: Eminently (उत्कृष्ट रूप से)

- **Pronunciation:** em-uh-nuh nt-lee/एमनन्टली
- **Part of Speech:** Adverb
- **Meaning:** to a notable degree; very.
- **Synonyms:** extremely, prominently
- **Antonyms:** unimportantly, slightly
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The person seems **eminently** suitable for the job.

680. Word: Feasible (व्यवहार्य)

- **Pronunciation:** fee-zuh-buh l/ फीज़बल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. possible to do easily or conveniently.
 - b. likely; probable.
- **Synonyms:** possible, practicable, workable, viable
- **Antonyms:** impossible, unsustainable, unfeasible, impractical
- **Usage in a sentence:** The government has now made it **feasible** for tourists to spend as long as a month in the country.

681. Word: Inferno (पाताल, आग)

- **Pronunciation:** in-fur-noh/ इन्फर्नो
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a large fire that is dangerously out of control.
 - b. a place or situation that is too hot, chaotic, or noisy.
- **Synonyms:** hell, abyss, conflagration, fire, holocaust
- **Antonyms:** paradise, bliss, Elysium, utopia, firmament
- **Usage in a sentence:** By the time help arrived, the fire had grown to a raging **inferno**.

682. Word: Slum (अविपंक/गंदी बस्ती)

- **Pronunciation:** sluhm/स्लम
- **Part of Speech:**
- **Meaning:**
 - a. Often slums. a thickly populated, run-down, squalid part of a city, inhabited by poor people (Noun)
 - b. any squalid, run-down place to live (Noun)
 - c. to visit slums, especially from curiosity (Verb)



d. to visit or frequent a place, group, or amusement spot considered to be low in social status
(Verb)

- **Synonyms:** hovel, dump, pigsty, ghetto
- **Usage in a sentence:** Did you feel you were **slumming** by writing this kind of popular fiction?

683. Word: **Trigger** (सक्रिय करना)

- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Pronunciation:** trig-er/ट्रिगर
- **Meaning:** cause (a device) to function.
- **Synonyms:** activate, spark, initiate
- **Antonyms:** halt, block, deactivate
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Some people notice that certain foods **trigger** their headaches.

684. Word: **Remedial** (उपचारात्मक)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-mee-dee-uhl/ रिमीडीअल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** giving or intended as a remedy or cure.
- **Synonyms:** corrective, restorative, curative, therapeutic
- **Antonyms:** harmful, damaging, injurious, detrimental
- **Usage in a sentence:** Officials have pledged **remedial** action to repair damaged bridges.

685. Word: **Frenetic** (अतिउत्तेजित)

- **Pronunciation:** fruh-net-ik /फ्रनेटिक
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** fast and energetic in a rather wild and uncontrolled way.
- **Synonyms:** frantic, wild, furious
- **Antonyms:** calm, balanced
- **Usage in a sentence:** After weeks of **frenetic** activity, the job was finally finished.

686. Word: **To the fore** (सर्वोपरि)

- **Part of Speech:** Idiom
- **Meaning:** to become/ to make something predominant,
- **Synonyms:** paramount, most important
- **Antonyms:** Minor, secondary, trivial
- **Usage in a sentence:** A number of low-budget independent films brought new directors and actors **to the fore**.

687. Word: **Short shrift** (उपेक्षा)

- **Pronunciation:** shawrt-shrift/ शॉर्ट श्रिफ्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a brief time for confession or absolution given to a condemned prisoner before his or her execution.
 - b. little attention or consideration in dealing with a person or matter:



- **Synonyms:** little heed, inattention, neglect, little regard
- **Antonyms:** consideration, great emphasis
- **Usage in a sentence:** The authorities gave **short shrift** to the list of safety measures outlined in the manual.

688. Word: **Audit** (हिसाब की जांच)

- **Pronunciation:** awdit/ऑडिट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. an official examination and verification of accounts and records, especially of financial accounts.
 - b. a report or statement reflecting an audit; a final statement of account.
 - c. the inspection or examination of a building or other facility to evaluate or improve its appropriateness, safety, efficiency, or the like:
- **Synonyms:** check, inspect, review, scrutinize
- **Antonyms:** neglect, ignore, scan through
- **Usage in a sentence:** The company **audit** revealed a huge scam that had been underway for a while.

689. Word: **Incorporate** (शामिल करना)

- **Pronunciation:** in-kawr-puh-reyt/ इन्कॉर्पोरेट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. take in or contain (something) as part of a whole; include. (Verb)
 - b. having a bodily form; embodied.
- **Synonyms:** include, integrate, combine, embody
- **Antonyms:** exclude, separate, divide
- **Usage in a sentence:** The party vowed to **incorporate** environmental considerations into all its policies.

690. Word: **Drill** (छेद करने वाली मशीन/ कसरत)

- **Pronunciation:** dril/ड्रिल
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a tool or machine that makes holes (Noun)
 - b. an activity that practises a particular skill and often involves repeating the same thing several times, especially a military exercise intended to train soldiers (Noun)
 - c. to make a hole in something using a special tool (Verb)
 - d. to tell someone something repeatedly to make them remember it (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** train, instruct, coach, puncture
- **Antonyms:** neglect
- **Usage in a sentence:** The safety **drill** is held every Wednesday, to train the students for emergencies.

691. Word: **Disconcerting** (चिंताजनक)



- **Pronunciation:** dis-kun-sur-ting/ डिस्कन्सर्टिंग
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** tending to cause discomfort, uneasiness or alarm; unsettling; troubling; upsetting.
- **Synonyms:** unsettling, disturbing, embarrassing
- **Antonyms:** soothing, affable, comforting
- **Usage in a Sentence:** I found it very **disconcerting** to be in the function in which I was not invited.

692. Word: **Writ (आज्ञापत्र)**

- **Pronunciation:** rit/रिट
- **Part of speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a form of written command in the name of a court or other legal authority to act, or abstain from acting, in a particular way/the power to enforce submission and compliance
- **Synonyms:** summons, subpoena, warrant, arraignment, indictment
- **Usage in a sentence:** Enforcing justice is something beyond the **writ** of the average citizen, which is why they are not allowed to take the law into their own hands.

693. Word: **Ferocity (क्रूरता)**

- **Pronunciation:** fuh-ros-i-tee/ फरासिटी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the state or quality of being ferocious.
- **Synonyms:** savagery, brutality, barbarity
- **Antonyms:** gentleness, clemency
- **Usage in a sentence:** The police were shocked by the **ferocity** of the attack.

694. Word: **Combat (भिड़न्त/संग्राम करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** kuhm-bat/ कम्बैट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. fighting between armed forces. [Noun]
 - b. take action to reduce or prevent (something bad or undesirable). [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** fight, battle, struggle
- **Antonyms:** peace, accord, compromise
- **Usage in a sentence:** The police are planning sterner measures to **combat** the rising number of crime.

695. Word: **Defector (पक्षत्यागी)**

- **Pronunciation:** dih-fek-ter/ डिफेक्टर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a person who has abandoned their country or cause in favour of an opposing one.
- **Synonyms:** deserter, turncoat, renegade, traitor
- **Antonyms:** paragon, patriot, loyalist, follower, disciple
- **Usage in a sentence:** He **defected** to the West before the war began.



696. Word: **Patchy** (ठीक से न किया गया)

- **Pronunciation:** pach-ee/ पैची
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. existing or happening in small, isolated areas.
 - b. not of the same quality throughout; inconsistent.
- **Synonyms:** uneven, irregular
- **Antonyms:** consistent, constant
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Attendance at these matches has been rather **patchy** recently.

697. Word: **Cadre** (संवर्ग/ढांचा)

- **Pronunciation:** kad-ree/काड्रू
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. Military. the key group of officers and enlisted personnel necessary to establish and train a new military unit
 - b. a group of trained or otherwise qualified personnel capable of forming, training, or leading an expanded organization, as a religious or political faction, or a skilled work force
 - c. (especially in Communist countries) a cell of trained and devoted workers
 - d. a member of a cadre; a person qualified to serve in a cadre
 - e. a framework, outline, or scheme
- **Synonyms:** cell, group, framework, crew
- **Usage in a sentence:** I was part of the **cadre** for a new armored division.

698. Word: **Prong** (काँटा)

- **Pronunciation:** prawng/ प्रॉंग
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. each of two or more projecting pointed parts at the end of a fork. (Noun)
 - b. pierce or stab with a fork. (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** spike, barb, claw, projection
- **Antonym:** blunt
- **Usage in a sentence:** The west side of the house was built in the shape of an E without the middle **prong**.

699. Word: **Rung** (सीढ़ी का डंडा)

- **Pronunciation:** ruhng/ रेंग
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. a horizontal support on a ladder for a person's foot [Noun]
 - b. Past tense of 'ring' [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** step, level, bar, degree
- **Antonyms:** uneven, sloppy
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He is still on the bottom **rung** of the political ladder.



700. Word: Insinuation (इशारा)

- **Pronunciation:** in-sin-yoo-ey-shuhn/इन्सिन्यूएशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. an unpleasant hint or suggestion of something bad
- **Synonyms:** innuendo, hint, suggestion, intimation, allusion
- **Antonyms:** adulation, commendation
- **Usage in a sentence:** His spiteful **insinuations** brought his wife to tears.

701. Word: Goodwill (सद्भावना)

- **Pronunciation:** good-wil /गुडविल
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
 - a. friendly disposition; benevolence; kindness.
 - b. cheerful acquiescence or consent.
 - c. Commerce. an intangible, salable asset arising from the reputation of a business and its relations with its customers, distinct from the value of its stock and other tangible assets.
- **Synonyms:** benevolence, kindness, compassion, friendliness
- **Antonyms:** hostility, malice, enmity, animosity
- **Usage in a sentence:** In the blink of an eye, his mischief made him lose the **goodwill** of his friends.

702. Word: Linguistic (भाषा संबंधी)

- **Pronunciation:** ling-gwis-tik/लिंग्विस्टिक
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. connected with language or the study of language.
- **Synonyms:** language, rhetoric, the spoken word, philology
- **Antonyms:** non linguistic, non verbal
- **Usage in a sentence:** There are many **linguistic** affinities between the numerous Indo-Aryan languages.

703. Word: Enact (पूरा करना)

- **Pronunciation:** en-akt/एनैक्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. make (a bill or other proposal) law.
 - b. put into practice (an idea or suggestion).
- **Synonyms:** ordain, execute, legislate
- **Antonyms:** abolish, revoke, repeal, abrogate
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The executive could not **enact** the laws without the consent of Parliament.

704. Word: Discourse (तर्क)

- **Pronunciation:** dis-kohrs/ डिस्कोर्स



- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
 - a. written or spoken communication or debate. [Noun]
 - b. speak or write authoritatively about a topic. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** talk, lecture, speech, discussion
- **Antonyms:** silence, quiet
- **Usage in a sentence:** He was able to **discourse** at great length on the problems of education.

705. Word: **Cast a shadow over** (फीका कर देना)

- **Pronunciation:** kast- a -shad-oh -oh-ver/ कास्ट अ शैडो
- **Meaning:** To fill a place with sadness, grief, dread, or any strong negative emotion
- **Synonyms:** overshadow, obscure, darken
- **Antonyms:** light up, encourage, illuminate
- **Usage in Sentence:** The child's sudden death **cast a dark shadow** over the house.

706. Word: **Contingent** (प्रासंगिक)

- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-tin-juh nt/कन्टिन्जन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
 - a. subject to chance.
 - b. occurring or existing only if (certain circumstances) are the case; dependent on.
- **Synonyms:** fortuitous, conditional, provisional
- **Antonyms:** certain, necessary, independent
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Our success is **contingent** upon your support.

707. Word: **Consign** (सौंपना)

- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-sahyn/कन्साइन
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** put someone or something in (a place) in order to be rid of it or them.
- **Synonyms:** deliver, commit, authorize
- **Antonyms:** hold, retain, abduct
- **Usage in a Sentence:** After the financial crisis, she was **consigned** to a life of poverty.

708. Word: **Flak** (तिरस्कार)

- **Pronunciation:** flak/फ्लैक
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** strong criticism.
- **Synonyms:** disapproval, condemnation, dissent
- **Antonyms:** praise, compliment, praise
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Her interview fetched her a lot of **flak** from the press.

709. Word: **Bask in something** (आनंद लूटना)

- **Pronunciation:** bask in sumthing/बास्क इन समथिंग
- **Part of Speech:** Phrasal Verb



- **Meaning:**
a. to take pleasure from something that makes you feel good
- **Synonyms:** luxuriate in, wallow in, relish
- **Antonyms:** disappoint, abstain, distress
- **Usage in a sentence:** He **basked in** his moment of glory, holding the trophy up to the crowd.

710. Word: **Bode** (शकुन होना)

- **Pronunciation:** boh-d/bोड
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
a. to portend
b. to be a sign of something that will happen in the future, usually something very good or bad
- **Synonyms:** portend, foreshadow, augur, predict, foretell, forecast, presage
- **Usage in a sentence:** This does not **bode** well for the future of the peace process.



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