

# CDS II 2020: English

###COMMON###1###1##**Direction:** Given below are some idioms/phrases followed by four alternative meanings to each. Choose the response A, B, C or D, which is the most appropriate expression and mark you response in the Answer Sheet accordingly. ###DONE###

- 1. Roll your sleeves up
- A. To prepare for wrestling
- B. To prepare for hard work
- C. To make someone work for you
- D. To work with others.
- 2.Cost a bomb
- A. To be very arrogant
- B. To be with rich people
- C. To be very expensive
- D. To be stingy
- 3. With Heavy Heart
- A. With heavyweight
- B. With joy and humour
- C. With a sense of shame
- D. With pain and regret
- 4. Around the corner
- A. A thing which is at the end of the corner
- B. An event or thing which is going to happen soon
- C. An event that corners someone for his wrong
- D. An event that happens in the corner of powerful place
- 5. Cupboard love
- A. Loving someone to get something from the person
- B. Loving the cupboards
- C. innocent love
- D. Loving to be free of all conditions







#### 6.Cut the cord

- A. To stop needing your parents for money
- B. To stop needing someone else to look after you start acting independently
- C. To be safe on your own
- D. To be a married person

## 7.Cut and run

- A. To avoid a difficult situation by leaving suddenly
- B. To avoid an event suddenly
- C. To meet some danger suddenly
- D. To ask for sudden meeting with someone

#### 8. Take a stand

- A. To publicly express an opinion about something
- B. To make a stand for one to sit
- C. To be firm on your work
- D. To be part of the work

#### 9.French leave

- A. Absent from work without asking for permission in French
- B. Asking for permission before leaving work
- C. Work for permission to get leave
- D. Absent from work without asking for permission

10.

### Get the jitters

- A. Feeling anxious
- B. Feeling happy
- C. Stammering
- D. Feeling exposed

###COMMON###11###11###Direction: Each of the following items in this section consists of a sentence, parts of which have been jumbled. These parts have been labelled as P, Q, R and S. Given below each sentence are four sequences namely (a), (b), (c) and (d). You are







required to re-arrange the jumbled parts of the sentence and mark you response accordingly. ###DONE###

11. of all searches for knowledge (P) should be the beginning (Q) an exploration into truth (R) and experiments of life (S)

The correct sequence should be

A. R Q P S

B. SPQR

C. RSPQ

D. QRSP

12.<u>during the last century</u> (P) <u>Indian social, political and cultural life</u> (Q) <u>as a testimony of</u> (R) <u>Indian cinema stands</u> (S)

The correct sequence should be

A. SPQR

B. QRSP

C. PQRS

D. SRQP

13.can be invented (P) it appears (Q) has been invented (R) that all that (S)

The correct sequence should be

A. QSPR

B. QRSP

C. RSQP

 $\mathsf{D.}\;\mathsf{S}\;\mathsf{P}\;\bar{\mathsf{Q}}\;\mathsf{R}$ 

14.<u>as a record of</u> (P) <u>and suffering of humans</u> (Q) <u>the achievements</u>, <u>experiments</u> (R) <u>history is considered</u> (S)

The correct sequence should be

A.SPRQ

B. R Q S P

C. PQRS

D. QRSP







15.the imagination of children (P) stories can exercise (Q) more than the stories (R) because they tell (S)

The correct sequence should be

A. QRSP

B. SPQR

C. QPSR

D. RSQP

16.<u>are travelling</u>, (P) <u>a recent survey has revealed</u> (Q) <u>that they are worried about their safety</u> (R) <u>even as more Indians</u> (S)

The correct sequence should be

A. SPQR

B. QSRP

C. PRSQ

D. RPSQ

17.<u>in service firms</u> (P) <u>operation strategy</u> (Q) <u>from the corporate strategy</u> (R) <u>is generally inseparable</u> (S)

The correct sequence should be

A. SRQP

B. QPSR

C. RSPQ

D. PSQR

18.productive resources is (P) how we manage (Q) and competitiveness (R) critical to strategic growth (S)

The correct sequence should be

A. PQRS

B. RSPQ

C. SRPQ

D. QPSR

19.life is considered (P) the origin of (Q) the history of universe (R) a unique event in (S)

The correct sequence should be







| A. Q P S R B. P S Q R C. S Q P R D. R S P Q  |
|--|
| 20.  |
| history of life (P) evolutionary Biology is (Q) forms on earth (R) the study of (S) $$   |
| The correct sequence should be   |
| A. S P Q R B. Q S P R C. R P Q S D. P S Q R  |
| ###COMMON###21###21### <b>Direction:</b> Each of the following sentences in this section has a blank space, and four words or group of words are given after the sentence. Select the most appropriate word or group of words for the blank space and indicate your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly. ###DONE### |
| 21. Having been in politics for about 40 years, the party now treats him like  |
| A. a have-been B. a had-been C. a has-been D. would have been  |
| 22.All that is no gold   |
| A. glitter B. glitters C. glittering D. gliding  |
| 23.A speech is a address, delivered to an audience that seeks to convince, persuade, inspire or inform.  |
| A. formal B. informal  |







| C. humorous<br>D. political                           |  |       |
|---|--|-------|
| 24.Very few o   | of the texts from very early Vedic period are r      | now.  |
| A. extant B. exit C. exempt D. redundant              |  |       |
| 25.I  | farewell to all my course mates last year.           |       |
| A. bid<br>B. bade<br>C. said<br>D. bad                |  |       |
| 26.He   | whether he could get any certificate for the course. |       |
| A. said<br>B. told<br>C. thought of<br>D. asked       |  |       |
| 27.He has lot   | all his investments and he is                        |       |
| A. broke<br>B. broken<br>C. discredited<br>D. defunct |  |       |
| 28.When I vis bodies intact.                          | sited the villages nearby the city, I many           | water |
| A. came acros B. come acros C. came D. came in        |  |       |
| 29.The lady h community.                              | as been declared as on of the top ten of t           | the   |





C. found D. have



- A. more powerful members
- B. most powerful members
- C. most powerful member
- D. more powerful member

| 30.                           |   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| If I                          | $\_$ a good match I would have got married. |
| A. had found<br>B. have found |   |

###COMMON###31###31###Direction: In this section each item consists of six sentences of a passage. The first and sixth sentences are given in the beginning as SI and S6. The middle four sentences in each have been jumbled up and labelled as P, Q, R and S. You are required to find the proper sequence of the four sentences and mark your response accordingly on the Answer Sheet. ###DONE###

31. S1: Things are often not what they seem.

S6: This happened without you even knowing it. So imagine the changes that occurs to this earth and humanity.

P: But you are really not, because the Milky Way galaxy, of which you are a part, is moving through space at 2.1 million kilometres an hour.

Q: So, in roughly twenty-second that it would have taken you to read this paragraph, you have already moved thousands of kilometre.

R: And that is without taking into account the effects of earth's ration on its won axis. Its orbiting around the sun and sun's journey around the Milky Way.

S: As you read this sentence, perhaps sitting in a comfortable chair in your study, you would probably consider yourself at rest.

The correct sequence should be

A. Q R P S B. R Q P S C. P Q R S







D. SPRQ

32.S1: On increasing the temperature of solids, the kinetic energy of the particles increases.

S6: The temperature at which a solid melts to become a liquid at the atmospheric pressure is called its melting point.

P: A stage is reached when the solid melts and is converted to a liquid.

Q: Due to the increase in kinetic energy, the particles start vibrating with greater speed.

R: The particles leave their fixed positions and start moving more freely.

S: The energy supplied by heat overcomes the forces of attraction between the particles.

The correct sequence should be

A. QSRP

B. QRSP

C. PRSQ

D. SPRQ

33.S1: Regular exercise makes many of the organ systems become more efficient.

S6: Different activities require different levels of fitness.

P: It can improve your strength: make your body-more flexible and less likely to suffer from sprain.

Q: It can also improve your endurance.

R: It also uses up energy and helps to prevent large amounts of fat building up in the body.

S: Exercise can increase your fitness in three ways.

The correct sequence should be

A. QRSP

B. RSPQ

C. PSQR







D. S Q R P

34.S1: Politics is exciting because people disagree.

S6: It is not solitary people who make politics and a good society, it is the people together which make good politics and society.

P: For Aristotle politics is an attempt to create a good society because politics is, above all, a social activity.

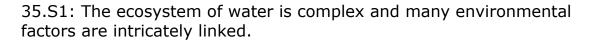
Q: They also disagree about how such matters should be resolved, how collective decision should be made and who should have a say.

R: They disagree about how they should live.

S: Who should get what? How should power and other resource be distributed? Should society be based on cooperation or conflict? And so on.

The correct sequence should be

A. RSQP B. PQSR C. QSRP D. RSPQ



S6: The trees slowly transfer rainwater into the sub-soil and this is critical for sustaining water for months after the rains.

P: Thick forests make for excellent catchments.

O: The problems we see are because we have undermined these links over decades.

R: First rain and snowfall are the only sources of water - about 99%.

S: In the four months of monsoon, there are about 30-35 downpours and the challenge is to hold this water in systems that can last us over 365 days.

The correct sequence should be







A. Q R S P B. P S R Q C. S R Q P D. R Q S P

36.S1: All living things affect living and non-living things around them.

S6: This inter dependability needs to be understood when we, humans consume much more than required and abuse nature.

P: This can also affect the population of fox, if foxes depend on rabbits for food.

Q: For example, earthworms make burrows and worm casts,

R: This act of earthworms affect the soil, and therefore the plants growing in it.

S: Rabbit's fleas carry the virus which causes myxomatosis, so they can affect the size of the rabbit population.

The correct sequence should be

A. RSQP

B. PSRQ

C. ORSP

D. SQRP

37.S1: Hormone have several functions in the body.

S6: The two hormones together regulate the glucose level in the blood.

P: They help to maintain the balance of biological activities in the body.

Q: Insulin is released in response to the rapid rise in blood glucose level.

R: On the other hand hormone glucagon tends to increase the glucose level in the blood.

S: The role of insulin in keeping the blood glucose level within the narrow limit is an example of this function.

The correct sequence should be

A. PSRQ B. RSPQ







C. SRQP D. QRSP

38.S1: Paleontology is the study of the remains of dead organisms over enormous spans of time.

S6: Faunal analysis gives information about the animal people hunted and domesticated, the age of animal at death, and the diseases the afflicted them.

P: Bones provide a great information

Q: The distribution of faunal remains (animal bones) at a site can indicate which area were used for butchering, cooking, eating bone tool making and refuse dumping.

R: Within this discipline, molecular biology and DNA studies have been used to understand hominid evolution.

S. Hominid evolution answers the questions about what ancient people looked like, and to plot patterns of migration.

The correct sequence should be

A. QPRS

B. SPQR

C. RSPQ

D. P Q R S

39.SI: Central government receipts can broadly be divided into non-debt and debt receipts.

S6: This is also evident from the composition of non-debt receipts.

P: Debt receipts mostly consist of market borrowing and other liabilities which the government I obliged to repay in the future.

Q: The non-debt receipts comprise of tax revenue, non-tax revenue, recovery of loans and disinvestment receipts.

R: The outcomes as reflected in the Provisional Actual figures is lower than the budget estimate owing to reduction in the net tax revenue.

S: The Budget 2018-19 targeted significantly high growth in non-debt receipts of the Central Government, which was driven by robust growth.







The correct sequence should be

A. SRPQ B. RSQP C. PQRS

D. QPRS

40.

SI: The country's economy is growing and would continue to grow at a rapid pace in the coming years.

S6: The market share of electrical vehicles increases with increasing availability of infrastructure.

P: It also provides us an opportunity to grow as manufacturer of electric vehicles.

Q: According to NITI Aayog (2019), if India reaches an electric vehicles sales penetration, emission and oil savings can be achieved.

R: Given the commitments that India has made on the climate front as a nation and on environmental aspect, it is likely that larger and larger share of automobiles sector would be in the form of electric vehicles.

S: This presents a great opportunity for the automobile industry, as the demand for automobiles would only increase.

The correct sequence should be

A. SRQP B. R Q S P

C. QPSR

D. QSRP

###COMMON###41###41###**Direction:** Each item in this section consists of sentences with an underlined word following by four words or group of words. Select the option that is opposite in meaning to the underlined word and mark your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly. ###DONE###

41. He is one of the confidants of the leader and can influence the decision of the government.

A. opponents

B. intimate







- C. close friend
- D. colleague
- 42. His relatives dissuaded him from giving up the job.
- A. persuaded
- B. discouraged
- C. advised against
- D. deter
- 43.All the allegations against the actor were expunged by the committee of inquiry.
- A. got rid of
- B. part of
- C. accepted
- D. rejected
- 44. The teacher asked her students to understand the <u>ensuing</u> problems and address them suitably.
- A. subsequent
- B. consequent
- C. retrospective
- D. en suite
- 45. His speech was full of emotions, and it was an extempore.
- A. prepared
- B. ready-made
- C. unrehearsed
- D. ad lib
- 46.<u>Barring</u> a decision of such disputes, other matters relating to the election of President or Vice-President may be regulated by law made by Parliament.
- A. excepting
- B. without
- C. including
- D. excluding







- 47.Peace and <u>tranquility</u> are instruments which would boost the development of society.
- A. uproar
- B. calm
- C. serenity
- D. sound
- 48.<u>Unrest</u> in some pockets made the city dwellers confine themselves at home.
- A. Turbulence
- B. Unease
- C. Apprehension
- D. Calm
- 49. Police had to resort to tear gas to diffuse tension among the crowd.
- A. concentrate
- B. scatter
- C. disperse
- D. strew

The archaic thinking leads to unfounded beliefs.

- A. antiquated
- B. outmoded
- C. beyond the times
- D. modern

###COMMON###51###51###**Direction:** Each item in this section consists of a sentence with an underlined words(s) followed by four words/group of words. Select the option that is nearest in meaning to the underlined word and mark your response on the Answer Sheet Accordingly. ###DONE###

- 51. During the ancient period poets were patronized through various institutions.
- A. supported
- B. respected







- C. opposed
- D. scolded
- 52. There is a <u>tendency</u> to treat social changes as mere development in terms of accumulation of wealth.
- A. position
- B. predisposition
- C. thinking
- D. idea
- 53.People avoided him for his <u>high mindedness</u>.
- A. toughness
- B. strong principles
- C. anger
- D. whims
- 54. Advocacy is one major component of any new programme.
- A. promotion
- B. opposition
- C. critique
- D. liking
- 55.He has been part of the all <u>dissident</u> activities.
- A. rebellious
- B. supportive
- C. conformist
- D. legal
- 56. The <u>statutory</u> corporate tax which forms the major income of the government has not changed this year.
- A. legislature
- B. unlawful
- C. government
- D. legal
- 57.He tried to avoid saying something that would <u>implicate</u> him further.







- A. reward
- B. incriminate
- C. encourage
- D. incite

58. The ability to imagine and connective a common good is inconsistent with what is known as 'pleonexia' is a major struggle for a good democracy to realize.

- A. Greed to grab everything for oneself
- B. Greed to accumulate more and more wealth
- C. Dislike for others
- D. Over ambitious

59.It is encouraging to see India's <u>indigenous</u> cinema is going places.

- A. homogenous
- B. classical
- C. home-grown
- D. Non-native language

60.

Emboldened by its success, the leader now plans to go ahead with the plan and implementation.

- A. Encouraged
- B. Disgruntled
- C. Succeeded
- D. Failed.

###COMMON###61###61###Direction: Each of the following sentences has a word or phrase underlined. Read the sentences carefully and which part of speech the underlined word is. Indicate your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly. ###DONE###

- 61. I can hardly believe it.
- A. Adjective
- B. Preposition
- C. Adverb
- D. Verb







- 62. The ants fought the wasps.
- A. Intransitive verb
- B. Transitive verb
- C. Demonstrative verb
- D. Adjective
- 63.I hurt myself.
- A. Noun
- B. Pronoun
- C. Demonstrative preposition
- D. Adjective
- 64. This boy is strong than Ramesh.
- A. Pronoun
- B. Adjective
- C. Article
- D. Adverb
- 65. The flower is very beautiful.
- A. Adjective
- B. Adverb
- C. Preposition
- D. Conjunction
- 66. It is eleven O'clock now and all of us should retire to bed.
- A. Personal pronoun
- B. Relative pronoun
- C. Impersonal pronoun
- D. Verb
- 67. When people found that the jewel was in records of Rahim, they gave it to him.
- A. Pronoun
- B. Nominative
- C. Noun







- D. Adverb
- 68. This is his pen.
- A. Possessive pronoun
- B. Possessive adjective
- C. Adverb
- D. Verb
- 69. The wonderful statue of the leader welcomes all people to city.
- A. Object
- B. Adjective
- C. Noun phrase
- D. Noun

All the pilgrims rested for a while <u>under</u> the banyan tree.

- A. Adverb
- B. Place value
- C. Preposition
- D. Verb
- 71.Irrigation works have a special importance in an agricultural countries like India,

(a) (b)

Where rainfall is unequally distributed throughout the seasons. No error

(c) (d)

- A. (a)
- B. (b)
- C. (c)
- D. (d)

###COMMON###72###72###**Direction:** Each time in this section has a sentence with three underlined parts labelled as (a), (b) and (c). Read each sentence to find out whether three in any error in any underlined







part and indicate your response on the Answer Sheet against the corresponding letter, i.e., (a) or (b) or (c). If you no error, your response should be indicated as(d). ###DONE###

| 72. Economists believe that  | India had taken a new turn in 1990 |
|--|------------------------------------|
| (a)  | (b)                                |
| with the liberalization to her econo                               | omy. No error                      |
| (c)  | (d)                                |
| A. (a) B. (b) C. (c) D. (d)  |                                    |
| 73.One should not act accord                                       | ling to one's                      |
| (a) (b   | )                                  |
| whims and fancies on public places (c) A. (a) B. (b) C. (c) D. (d) | s. No error (d)                    |
| 74.Learning many languages harmonies                               | promotes linguistic, cultural and  |
| (a)  | (b)                                |
| Among people speaking different l                                  | anguages. No error                 |
| (c)  | (d)                                |
| A. (a) B. (b) C. (c) D. (d)  |                                    |







| accountability                       |                           | ication       | nave         | tne right  | to ask for  |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|------------|-------------|
|                                      | (a)                       |               | (            | (b)        |             |
| in every aspe                        | cts of its imp            | lementation.  | No erro      | or         |             |
|                                      | (c)                       |               | (d)          |            |             |
| A. (a)<br>B. (b)<br>C. (c)<br>D. (d) |                           |               |              |            |             |
| 76.The greate                        | est merit of d            | emocracy      | is that e    | veryone fe | els free    |
|                                      | (a)                       |               | (1           | o)         |             |
| and can pursu                        | ues his/her in            | iterest.      | No error     |            |             |
|                                      | (c)                       |               | (d)          |            |             |
| A. (a)<br>B. (b)<br>C. (c)<br>D. (d) |                           |               |              |            |             |
| 77.Indian fem                        | _                         | out of the wo | men's move   | ements     | of the late |
|                                      | (a)                       | )             |              |            | (b)         |
| Reached full r                       | maturity in th            | ne early twen | tieth centur | у.         | No error    |
|                                      | (c)                       | )             |              |            | (d)         |
| A. (a)<br>B. (b)<br>C. (c)<br>D. (d) |                           |               |              |            |             |
| 78.'Where the epithet.               | ere is a will<br>No error | then there    | is a way'    | is an old  |             |







| (d)                              | (a)                                | (b)                      | (c)                    |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| A. (a<br>B. (b<br>C. (c<br>D. (c | )<br>:)                            |                          |                        |
|                                  | ahul asked me<br>he trip. No error | whether I was interested | d to joining the group |
| (6                               | a)<br>(d)                          | (b)                      | (c)                    |
| A. (a<br>B. (b<br>C. (c<br>D. (c | )<br>:)                            |                          |                        |
| 80.                              |                                    |                          |                        |
| He h<br>enqu                     |                                    | e most revered number    | of the committee of    |
| (;                               | a)<br>(d)                          | (b)                      | (c)                    |
| A. (a<br>B. (b<br>C. (c<br>D. (c | ))<br>:)                           |                          |                        |

###COMMON###81###81###Direction: How wonderful is the living world! The wide range of the living types is amazing. The extraordinary habitats in which we find living organisms, be it cold mountains, deciduous forests, oceans, fresh water lakes, deserts or hot springs, leave us speechless. The beauty of a galloping horse, or a migrating bird, the valley of flowers or the attacking shark evokes awe and a deep sense of wonder. The ecological conflict and cooperation among members of a population and among populations of a community or even a molecular traffic inside a cell make us deeply reflect on- what indeed is life? This question has two implicit questions within it. The first is a technical one and seeks answer td living is as opposed to the non-living, and the







second is the philosophical one, and seeks answer to what the purpose of life is.

What is living? When we try to define "living, we conventionally look for distinctive characteristics exhibited by living organisms. Growth, reproduction, ability to sense environment and mount a suitable response come to our mind immediately as unique features of living organisms. One can add a few more features like metabolism, ability to self-replicate, self-organize, interact and emergence to this list.

#### ###DONE###

- 81. Which word in the passage means 'unique'?
- A. common
- B. characteristics
- C. distinctive
- D. general
- 82. Distinctive characteristics exhibited by organisms indicate that
- A. they are living organisms
- B. they are non-living organisms
- C. they can be either living organisms or non-living organisms
- D. the know the purpose of life
- 83. Which of the following statements is true of the passage?
- A. Meaning of life could be reflected as to what living is as opposed to the non-living and what the purpose of life is
- B. Meaning of life could be reflected as to how living organisms live and non-living organisms exist
- C. Meaning of life could be reflected as to where the life begins and where it ends
- D. Meaning of life could be reflected on how various living organisms differ
- 84. Why does the author say, 'ecological conflict and cooperation'?
- A. Because living organisms are structured this way
- B. Because ecological mechanism worms with conflict and cooperation
- C. Because humans want to fight and live together
- D. Because living organisms sometimes fight and sometimes live tougher







Why are the living types amazing?

- A. The extraordinary diversity of habitats makes it amazing
- B. The living organisms are acting as per their interests
- C. The human thinking makes the living types amazing
- D. the evolution of life makes it amazing

###COMMON###86###B6###Direction: In this section you have two short passage. After each passage, you will find some items based on the passage. Read the passage and answer the items based on them. You are required to select your answer based on the content of the passage and opinion of the author only.

## Passage -I

Post-colonial cultural analysis has been concerned with the elaboration of theoretical structures that contest the previous dominant western ways of seeing things. A simple analogy would be with feminism, which has involved a comparable kind of project: there was a time when any book you might read, any speech you might hear, any film that you saw, was always told from the point of view of male. The woman was there, but she was always an object, never a subject. From what you would read, or the films you would see, the woman was always the one who was looked at. She was never the observing eye. For centuries it was assumed that women were less intelligent than men and that they did not merit the same degree of education. They were not allowed a vote in the political system. By the same token, any kind of knowledge developed by women was regarded as non-serious, trivial, gossip or alternatively as knowledge that had been discredited by science, such as superstition or traditional practices of childbirth or healing. All these attitudes were part of a larger system in which women were dominated, exploited, and physically abused by men. Slowly, but increasingly, from the end of 18th century, feminists began to contest this situation. The more they contested it, the more it became increasingly obvious that these attitudes extended into the whole of the culture; social relations, politics, law, medicine, the arts, popular and academic knowledge.

###DONE###

- 86. Which word in the passage is opposite of 'contrast'?
- A. Contestations
- B. Trivial
- C. Discredited







- D. Analogy
- 87. The contestation to dominance of the male resulted in
- A. participation of women in social relations, politics, law medicine, the arts, popular and academic knowledge
- B. participation of men in social relation politics, law, medicine, the arts, popular and academic knowledge
- C. participation of women in social movements
- D. contestations with males in life leading to divorce
- 88. Why was 'she never the observing eye'?
- A. She was beautiful, so she was observed by men
- B. She liked to be observed by men
- C. Women were assumed to be less intelligent that men
- D. Women were assumed to be more intelligent that men
- 89. What does ...... She was always an object, never a subject; mean?
- A. Women were given respect and worshipped
- B. Women were not given any right equation to men
- C. Women were treated at par with men
- D. Women liked to be treated inferior to men

Post colonialism is

- A. a contestation of the then existing dominant western practices
- B. a contestation of western practices in colonial states
- C. a contestation of the superstitious practices
- D. an approval of indigenous practices

###COMMON###91###91###Direction: Each of the following sentences in this section has a blank space with four words or group of words given. Select whichever word or group of words you consider the most appropriate for the blank space and indicate your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly. ###DONE###

91. in \_\_\_\_\_30.







| A. a very basic way, the tactics that researchers have found B. any C. the D. rather                |
|---|
| 92.a different aspect of why habits exist and how they function. The framework29.                   |
| A. describing in this section is an attempt to distil, B. described C. will describe D. description |
| 93.But that does not28.   |
| A. means it can't occur. Each chapter in this book explains B. meant C. meaning D. mean             |
| 94.Complex and obstinate, and require prolonged study. And for others, change is a27.               |
| A. process that never fully concludes. B. processing C. processed D. processes                      |
| 95.habits yield easily to analysis and influence. Others are 26.                                    |
| A. quiet B. most C. better D. more  |
| 96.guide to experimenting with how they25.  |
| A. might change. Some<br>B. would<br>C. will<br>D. must   |







| 97.else: a framework for understanding24.   |
|---|
| A. how habits work and a B. what C. where D. whose  |
| 98.As a result, this book does not23.   |
| A. contain one prescription. Rather, I hoped to deliver something B. contains C. contained D. containing          |
| 99.is different from how you prioritize tasks at work. What's more, each person's habits are 22.                  |
| A. broken by different cravings. B. given C. driven D. prescribed   |
| 100.From changing how you communicate with your spouse, 21  |
| A. it B. this C. what D. which  |
| 101.cigarettes is different20.  |
| A. from curbing overeating, which is different B. since C. to D. into   |
| 102.different, and so the specifics of from diagnosing and changing the patterns in our lives differ person to19. |
| <ul><li>A. people and behaviour to behaviour. Giving up</li><li>B. persons</li><li>C. personnel</li></ul>         |







| D. person   |
|---|
| 103.habits. There are thousands. Individuals and habits are 18                                      |
| A. full B. all C. complete D. most  |
| 104.exist. The problem is that there isn't one formula for 17                                       |
| A. changing B. changed C. having changed D. changes for   |
| 105.that easy. It's not16.  |
| A. these formulas don't B. this C. that D. which  |
| 106.If only it15.   |
| A. are B. were C. was D. will be  |
| 107.then it stands to reason that they14.   |
| A. must have also found a recipe for rapid change, right? B. will C. could D. might                 |
| 108.to know the secret formula for quickly changing any habit. If scientists have discovered how 13 |







A. those patterns work, B. this C. these D. that 109.most people, when they hear about this field of research, 12. A. wanting B. wanted C. wants D. want 110. The difficult thing about \_\_\_\_ A. studying the science of habits is that B. study C. studies D. are studying ###COMMON###111###111###Direction: In this section a word is spelt in four different ways. Identify the one which is correct. Choose the correct response (a), (b), (c) or (d) and indicate on the Answer Sheet accordingly. ###DONE### 111. Which one of the following alternatives has the correct spelling? A. Meagre B. Megare C. Meagr D. Megear 112. Which one of the following alternatives has the correct spelling? A. Dipthteria B. Diptheria C. Diphtheria







- D. Diphthria
- 113. Which one of the following alternatives has the correct spelling?
- A. Neurasis
- B. Nuroesis
- C. Neurosis
- D. Neuresis
- 114. Which one of the following alternatives has the correct spelling?
- A. Snobbery
- B. Snoberry
- C. Snabbery
- D. Snobbory
- 115. Which one of the following alternatives has the correct spelling?
- A. Twelth
- B. Twelfth
- C. Tweluth
- D. Twelthe
- 116. Which one of the following alternatives has the correct spelling?
- A. Felecitation
- B. Felicitation
- C. Falicitation
- D. Felicitasion
- 117. Which one of the following alternatives has the correct spelling?
- A. Magnificent
- B. Magnificant
- C. Magneficent
- D. Magenficient
- 118. Which one of the following alternatives has the correct spelling?
- A. Curriculam
- B. Curiculum







- C. Curiculeum
- D. Curriculum
- 119. Which one of the following alternatives has the correct spelling?
- A. Etiquette
- B. Etiquete
- C. Etiequtte
- D. Etequtte

Which one of the following alternatives has the correct spelling?

- A. Mountaineous
- B. Mountenous
- C. Mountaineous
- D. Mountainous



