

# 75+ Expected Questions for CAPF AC Exam 2022

#### 1.The President

- A. is not a part of the Parliament
- B. is a part of the Parliament
- C. is a part of the Parliament and sits in the Parliament
- D. can vote in the Parliament
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above
- 2. Which of the following statements are correct:
- 1) American constitution is unwritten, whereas British constitution is written.
- 2) A written constitution is usually less flexible than unwritten constitution.
- 3) An unwritten constitution is consequence of a slow process of constitutional evolution.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3
- 3. Consultative Committees:
- 1) consist of members of Lok Sabha only.
- 2) are constituted by Speaker.
- 3) have a maximum strength of 30 members.
- 4) are not parliamentary committees.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 3 and 4 only
- D. 1 and 4 only
- 4. The district judge:
- 1) is the highest judicial authority in the district.
- 2) acts as session judge when he hears criminal cases.
- 3) is appointed by the governor of the state in consultation with the high court.



- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3
- 5. Which of the following regarding the amendment of the Constitution are correct?
- 1) The constitutional amendment bill can be introduced only by a minister.
- 2) The Constitutional amendment bill must be passed in each House by an absolute majority.
- 3) If the bill seeks to amend the federal provisions of the Constitution, it must also be ratified by the legislatures of half of the states by a special majority.

Select the correct answer using the codes below:

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. None of the above
- 6. Which of the following statements regarding Financial Emergency are correct?
- 1) A proclamation declaring financial emergency must be approved by both the Houses of Parliament within six months from the date of its issue.
- 2) After its approval by both the Houses of Parliament, it continues indefinitely till it is revoked.
- 3) A proclamation of financial emergency may be revoked by the Parliamentary approval supported by a simple majority. Select the correct answer using the codes given below:
- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 1 and 3 only
- C. 2 only
- D. 2 and 3 only
- 7. Which of the following statements regarding the special status of the state of Jammu & Kashmir are correct?
- 1) The Union cannot change its name, area or boundary without the consent of its legislature.
- 2) Part VI of the constitution is not applicable to the state of J&K.
- 3) The High Court of J&K can issue writs only for the enforcement of the fundamental rights and not for any other purpose.



- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3
- 8. Which of the following statements regarding the central council of ministers is/are correct?
- 1) The total number of ministers, including the Prime Minister, in the Council of Ministers shall not exceed 15% of the total strength of the Lok Sabha.
- 2) The ministers shall hold the office during the pleasure of the Prime Minister.
- 3) The term 'cabinet' is nowhere mentioned in the constitution
- 4) The Parliamentary affairs committee is chaired by the union Home Minister
- 5) The Political Affairs Committee is chaired by the Prime Minister. Select the correct answer using the codes given below:
- A. 1, 2, 4 and 5 only
- B. 1, 2, 3 and 5 only
- C. 1, 4 and 5 only
- D. 1, 3, 4, and 5 only
- 9. Which of the following statements regarding the Supreme Court of India are correct?
- 1) An impeachment motion for the removal of a judge lapses on the dissolution of the Lok Sabha.
- 2) A distinguished jurist can be appointed as a judge only in the Supreme Court and not in case of a High Court.
- 3) The Constitution declares Delhi as the seat of the Supreme Court.
- 4) The Parliament can neither curtail nor extend the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.
- 5) In case of a dispute between two or more states, the Supreme Court has exclusive original jurisdiction.

- A. 1, 2, 3 and 5 only
- B. 2, 3, 4 and 5 only
- C. 2, 3 and 5 only
- D. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5
- 10. Which of the following statements regarding the National Human Rights Commission is/are correct?
- 1) It is a constitutional body.
- 2) The chairman of NHRC should be a retired chief justice of India.



3) The selection committee for the appointment of members of NHRC is a five-member body.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 3 only
- 11. Consider the following statements regarding the Constituent Assembly:
- 1) The Constituent Assembly adopted the national flag on July 22) 1947
- 2) It adopted the national anthem on January 24, 1950
- 3) It adopted the national song on January 24, 1950

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3
- 12. Which of the following statements is/are correct regarding the Preamble of the Constitution?
- 1) It is not a part of the constitution
- 2) It cannot be amended by the Parliament
- 3) It is non-justiciable i.e. its provisions are not enforceable in courts of law.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 1 and 3 only
- C. 3 only
- D. 2 and 3 only
- 13. Consider the following committees and commissions regarding the evolution of states and union territories:
- 1) JVP Committee
- 2) Fazl Ali Commission
- 3) SK Dhar Commission

What is the correct chronological order of the appointment of the commissions mentioned above?



- A. 1, 2 and 3
- B. 1, 3 and 2
- C. 3, 1 and 2
- D. 3, 2 and 1
- 14.Article 15 of the constitution prohibits discrimination on which of the following grounds?
- 1) Religion
- 2) Race
- 3) Caste
- 4) Sex
- 5) Place of residence

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1,2 and 3 only
- B. 1, 2, 3 and 4 only
- C. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 only
- D. 1, 2, 3 and 5 only
- 15. Which of the following provisions were amended/added through 86th Constitutional Amendment Act?
- 1) Article 21A
- 2) Article 45
- 3) Article 51A

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3
- 16. Which of the following statements are correct regarding constitution of Jammu & Kashmir:
- 1) The constitution came into effect on 17 November 1956.
- 2) Article 3 of the constitution states that the State of Jammu and Kashmir is and shall be an integral part of the Union of India.
- 3) No Bill can be introduced or moved in State Legislative Assembly to amend or change article 3.

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3



- 17. Which of the following statements are correct:
- 1) Snehlata Shrivastava is the first woman secretary general of the Lok Sabha.
- 2) Rama Devi was the first woman secretary general of the Rajya Sabha.
- 3) The secretaries-general of the two Houses enjoy the rank of the Secretary to government of India.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3
- 18. The ex-officio Chairman of the Rajya Sabha is
- A. The Vice-President
- B. The President
- C. The Prime Minister
- D. The Speaker
- 19. Consider the following statements
- 1) The highest deciding body for planning in India is the Planning Commission of India.
- 2) The Secretary of the Planning Commission of India is also the Secretary of National Development Council.
- 3) The Constitution includes economic and social planning in the Concurrent List in the Seventh Schedule of the Constitution of India.

Which of the statements) given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 2 and 3
- C. Only 2
- D. Only 3
- 20. Some of the Fundamental Rights are not available to the members of the Armed Forces. Who reserves the right to decide the same?
- A. The President
- B. The Defence Minister
- C. The Parliament
- D. The President in Consultation with Army Chief and Chief Justice of



### India

- 21. Which one of the following is a landlocked country?
- A. Belgium
- B. Hungary
- C. Rumania
- D. Ukraine
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above
- 22. The country, which is the largest silk producer in the world, is
- A. India
- B. China
- C. Brazil
- D. Japan
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above
- 23. Which one among the following States of India is called "Sugar Bowl"?
- A. Uttar Pradesh
- B. Maharashtra
- C. Bihar
- D. Haryana
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above
- 24.As per Census 2011, the female literacy rate in India was
- A. 60.0 percent
- B. 63.0 percent
- C. 65.5 percent
- D. 68.5 percent
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above
- 25. Which of the following represent glaciers of Karakoram range?
- 1) Baltoro, Hispar
- 2) Sonapani, Gangri
- 3) Siachin, Biafo
- 4) Gangotri, Kedarnath
- A. 1, 2 and 3
- B. 1, 2 and 4
- C. 1 and 3 only



## D. 2, 3 and 4 only

26.Assertion: Mountains along Eastern Boundary of India are known as - Purvanchal.

Reason: Patkai Bum, Naga Hills, Mizo Hills and Jantia, Khasi, Garo represents stretch of Himalaya.

Codes:

- A. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is correct reason of (A).
- B. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct reason of (A).
- C. (A) is true but (R) is false.
- D. (A) is false but (R) is true.
- 27. Which of the following is/are tributary/tributaries of Brahmaputra?
- 1. Dibang
- 2. Kameng
- 3. Lohit

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3
- 28.Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer by using the codes given below the lists:

List-I

(Country)

- A) Azerbaijan
- B) Gambia
- C) Kazakhstan
- D) Latvia

List-II

(Capital)

- 1. Banjul
- 2. Riga
- 3. Baku
- 4. Astana
- A. A-3 B-1 C-4 D-2
- B. A-3 B-4 C-1 D-2
- C. A-4 B-1 C-2 D-3
- D. A-1 B-2 C-4 D-3



- 29. Which of these mountain passes are correctly matched?
- 1) Khyber pass Sibi & Quetta
- 2) Nathula India & Tibet
- 3) Shipkila India & Tibet
- 4) Bolan pass Afghanistan & Pakistan
- A. 2 and 3 only
- B. 1, 2 and 4
- C. 1 and 4 only
- D. All of the above
- 30. Which district of Chhattisgarh has the maximum percentage of tribal population ?
- A. Kanker
- B. Bastar
- C. Dantewada
- D. Sarguja
- E. Jashpur
- 31.Benguela current is a:
- A. Warm ocean current
- B. Hot ocean current
- C. Cold ocean current
- D. None of these
- 32. Which of the following are not Metamorphic Rocks:
- 1) Gneiss
- 2) Basalt
- 3) Schist
- 4) Granite
- 5) Marble
- A. 2 and 4 only
- B. 4 and 5 only
- C. 2, 4 and 5 only
- D. 2, 3 and 4 only



33.About 97% water on earth is present in oceans. Rest of the water is present in ice-caps, rivers, moisture in atmosphere, ground water and lakes etc.

Choose the correct decreasing order of water quantity present in:

- A. Ice-caps, Ground water, Fresh water lakes, Rivers
- B. Ice-caps, Ground water, Rivers, Fresh water lakes
- C. Ground water, Ice-caps, Rivers, Fresh water lakes
- D. Ground water, Ice-caps, Fresh water lakes, Rivers,
- 34. Consider the following statements regarding Ocean Currents:
- 1) The areas where a warm and cold current meet, make it easier for navigation.
- 2) The areas where the warm and cold currents meet, make it easier to do fishing.
- 3) The Labrador Ocean current is warm current while the Gulf Stream is a cold current.
- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 3 only
- 35. Consider the following statements regarding certain forests:
- 1) These forests contain tall, softwood evergreen trees.
- 2) The woods of these trees are very useful for making pulp, which is used for manufacturing paper and newsprint.
- 3) Chir, pine, cedar are the important variety of trees in these forests.
- 4) These forests are also found in Himalayas.

#### These forests are:

- A. Temperate Evergreen Forests
- B. Temperate Deciduous Forests
- C. Boreal Forests
- D. Tropical Deciduous Forests



- 36.In which of the following regions of India, Tropical Rain Forests are found:
- 1) Eastern slope of the Western Ghats
- 2) Hills of the northeastern region
- 3) Andaman and Nicobar Islands
- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3
- 37. Minerals are generally concentrated in three broad belts in India. The South-Western Plateau Region, contains which of these minerals in abundance?
- 1) Manganese
- 2) Coal
- 3) Iron Ore
- 4) Bauxite
- 5) limestone

- A. All except 1
- B. All except 2
- C. All except 3
- D. All except 4
- 38.As per the land revenue records of India, the Culturable Waste-Land is defined as:
- A. Wasteland which normally cannot be brought under cultivation with the available technology.
- B. Cultivable land which is left uncultivated for more than a year but less than five years.
- C. Cultivable land which is left uncultivated for more than five years.
- D. Land which is left uncultivated for more than five years and can be brought under cultivation after improving it through reclamation practices



- 39. Petroleum refinery is located in which of the following cities?
- 1) Jamnagar
- 2) Bathinda
- 3) Panipat

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3
- 40. Consider the following statements with regard to **Surfactant Intermediates:**
- 1) They are a product of Petrochemical Industry.
- 2) Surfactants are compounds that lower the surface tension

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2
- 41. Which among the following reports is/are released by WTO?
- 1) World Trade Report
- 2) Trade and Development Report
- 3) World Investment Report
- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 3 only
- 42. With reference to the Genetically Modified mustard (GM mustard) developed in India, consider the following statements:
- 1) GM mustard has the genes of a soil bacterium that give the plant the property of pest-resistance to a wide variety of pests.
- 2) GM mustard has the genes that allow the plant cross-pollination and hybridization.



3) GM mustard has been developed jointly by the IARI and Punjab Agricultural University.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 3 only
- B. 2 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3
- 43. With reference to solar power production in India, consider the following statements:
- 1) India is the third largest in the world in the manufacture of silicon wafers used in photovoltaic units.
- 2) The solar power tariffs are determined by the Solar Energy Corporation of India.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2
- 44. Consider the following statements
- 1) The Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management (FRBM) Review Committee Report has recommended a debt to GDP ratio of 60% for the general (combined) government by 2023, comprising 40% for the Central Government and 20% for the State Governments.
- 2) The Central Government has domestic liabilities of 21% of GDP as compared to that of war of GDP of the State 2 Governments.
- 3) As per the Constitution of India, it is mandatory for a State to take the Central Government's consent for raising any loan if the former owes any outstanding liabilities to the latter.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3
- 45. Consider the following statements
- 1) The quantity of imported edible oils is more than the domestic production of edible oils in the last five years.
- 2) The Government does not impose any customs duty on all the imported edible oils a special case.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct-?



- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

## 46. Consider the following statements:

Human capital formation as a concept is better explained in terms of a process, which enables-

- 1) individuals of a country to accumulate more capital.
- 2) increasing the knowledge, skill levels and capacities of the people of the country.
- 3) accumulation of tangible wealth.
- 4. accumulation of intangible wealth.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 2 only
- C. 2 and 4
- D. 1, 3 and 4
- 47.Despite being a high saving economy, capital formation may not result in significant increase in output due to
- A. weak administrative machinery
- B. illiteracy
- C. high population density
- D. high capital-output ratio
- 48. With reference to the provisions made under the National Food Security Act, 2013 consider the following statements:
- 1) The families coming under the category of 'below poverty line (BPL)' only are eligible to receive subsidised grains.
- 2) The eldest woman in a household, of age 18 years or above, shall be the head of the household for the purpose of issuance of a ration card.
- 3) Pregnant women and lactating mothers are entitled to a take-home ration' of 1600 calories per day during pregnancy and for six months thereafter.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 2 only
- C. 1 and 3
- D. 3 only



- 49. Consider the following:
- 1) Areca nut
- 2) Barley
- 3) Coffee
- 4) Finger millet
- 5) Groundnut
- 6) Sesamum
- 7) Turmeric

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affair, has announced the Minimum Support Prick for which of the above?

- A. 1, 2, 3 and 7 only
- B. 2, 4, 5 and 6 only
- C. 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6 only
- D. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7

50. What is the target (in terms of GDP) of fiscal deficit for financial year 2019-20?

- A. 4.6 %
- B. 4 %
- C. 3.3 %
- D. 3 %

51. Which of the following countries has the largest economy in terms of nominal GDP?

- A. Japan
- B. India
- C. Germany
- D. France

52.GIAN initiative is related to which among the following?

- A. Water Conservation
- B. Foreign Investment
- C. Higher Education
- D. Electric Vehicles

53. Consider the following statements:-

- 1) Startup India is a revolutionary scheme that has been started on August, 2015.
- 2) Startup India Scheme help the people who wish to start their own



### business.

Which among the above statements is / are correct?

- A. Both 1 & 2
- B. Only 2
- C. Only 1
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

# 54. Consider the following statements:-

- 1) Indian Prime Minister Narendra Modi on 25th September 2014 launched the Make In India campaign with a high pitch event held in New Delhi's Vigyan Bhawan.
- 2) The Campaign aims at reviving the job creating manufacturing sector, which is being seen as the key to taking the Indian economy on a sustainable high growth path.

Which among the above statements is / are correct?

- A. Only 1
- B. Only 2
- C. Both 1 & 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

# 55. Match the following.

## **Sector**

- 1) Primary
- 2) Secondary
- 3) Tertiary

# Example

- a) Consultancy
- b) Apiculture
- c) Shoe Factory

# 56.Fixed cost is also known as \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Direct Costs
- B. Opportunity Costs
- C. Prime Costs
- D. Supplementary Costs



- 57. With reference to the Sangam Age, consider the following statements.
- I. According to Tamil legends, there existed three Sangams (Academy of Tamil poets) in ancient Tamil Nadu popularly called Muchchangam.
- II. These Sangams flourished under the royal patronage of the Pandyas.
- III. The second Sangam was held at Kapadapuram but all the literary works have perished except Tolkappiyam.

Choose the incorrect statements.

- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. III only
- D. None of the above
- 58. Which of the following statements were the real cause(s) for the rise of Jainism and Buddhism in India?
- 1. The reactions of the vaishyas and shudras against the ritualistic domination of the brahmanas.
- 2. The spread of new agricultural economy in north-eastern India.
- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. None of the above
- 59. Consider the following statement and choose the correct code:
- 1. Buddha did not believe in transmigration of soul
- 2. He remained agnostic on the existence of God
- 3. The cause of misery is zeal as per Arya Satya given by Buddha
- A. 1 and 2
- B. 2 and 3
- C. 1 and 3
- D. 1, 2 and 3
- 60.Consider the following:
- 1. Atharvavedadeals with Ayurveda and Ganithashastra
- 2. Itwas composed entirely by Aryans
- 3. It was highly respected by all four varnas of society Which of the following is/are not true?
- A. 2only
- B. 1only
- C. 1 and 3
- D. 2 and 3



- 61. Which one of the following expressions has not been used by historians to characterize the Gupta age?
- A. The Classical Age
- B. The Golden Age
- C. The Feudal Age
- D. The Age of Brahmanical Revival
- 62. Consider the following statements:

Assertion(A):- Magadha enjoyed a special advantage in military organisation.

Reason(R):- It was Magadha which first used elephants on a large scale in its wars against its neighbours.

- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- B. Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A
- C. A is true but R is false.
- D. A is false but R is true.
- 63. Consider the following statements.

Statement I: The Satavahana rulers were brahmanas.

Statement II: However, the Satavahana rulers promoted Buddhism by granting land to the monks.

Choose the correct statement/statements.

- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. Both
- D. None of the above
- 64. Which of the following statements are correct regarding Sher Shah Suri:
- 1) He had issued the first Rupiya coin.
- 2) He was defeated by the Mughal emperor Humayun
- 3) Sher Shah's administrative system was followed by the emperor Akbar
- 4) He extended the Grand Trunk Road from Chittagong in Bengal to Kabul in Afghanistan

Choose the correct option:



- A. 1, 2 and 3 only
- B. 1, 3 and 4 only
- C. 2 and 4 only
- D. 1, 2, 3 and 4
- 65. Mansabdari System was a grading system used by the Mughals to fix:
- 1) Rank
- 2) Salary
- 3) Military responsibilities

Choose the correct option:

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3
- 66. Who famously called the Revolt of 1857 as the 'First War of Independence'?
- A. Vinayak Damodar Savarkar
- B. Subhas Chandra Bose
- C. Ramesh Chandra Majumdar
- D. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
- 67. Consider following statements in the context of 1858 revolt?
- A). Mutineers had good understanding of colonial ideology and British machinery
- B). Mutineers planned a progressive social and political change after overthrowing East India company rule.
- C). Tatiya tope died in Jhansi while fighting alongside Rani Laxmibai. Which of the above statement/s is right?
- A. A only
- B. B only
- C. C only
- D. None of the above
- 68. Which of the following administrative measures were taken during the reign of Lord Curzon:
- A) Partition of Bengal



- B) Official Secrets Act
- C) Indian Universities Act
- D) Calcutta Corporation Act

Which of the following statements are correct?

- A. Only A, C, and D are correct
- B. Only B and C are Correct
- C. All are correct
- D. A, B and C are correct
- 69. Which of the following Acts introduced for the first time, local representation in the Indian (Central) Legislative Council?
- A. Charter Act of 1833
- B. Charter Act of 1853
- C. Indian Councils Act 1861
- D. Indian Councils Act 1892
- 70. Consider the following statements.
- I. The Regulating Act 1773, was the first attempt towards Centralised Administration.
- II. The Charter Act 1813 brought Presidencies of Madras and Bombay under the subordination to the Governor-General and Council of Bengal in all matters of diplomacy.

Choose the **correct** statement(s).

- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. Both I and II
- D. None of the above
- 71. Choose the *incorrect* statement, with reference to the Indian Independence Act, 1947.
- A. It laid down provisions for the administration of India.
- B. Partition of India and the establishment of two countries (India and Pakistan).
- C. Constituent Assembly of each Dominion would have unlimited powers to frame and adopt any Constitution.
- D. The office of the Secretary of State for India was to be abolished and his work was to be taken over by the Secretary of State for common wealth affairs.
- 72. Who is called the father of local self-government in India?



- A. Lord Rippon
- B. Lord Lytton
- C. Lord Curzon
- D. Lord Harding
- 73. Consider the following statements, with reference to the reforms introduced by Warren Hastings.
- I. He introduced the Dual System of revenue collection in Bengal.
- II. He abolished the system of dastaks, or free passes and regulated the internal trade.

Choose the correct statement(s).

- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. Both I and II
- D. None of the above
- 74. Who among the following was the British residence in Avadh at the time of its annexation into British Dominion ?
- A. James Outram
- B. W.H. Sleeman
- C. Bishop R. Heber
- D. General Low
- 75. The 16th Session of Bihari Students' Conference at Hazaribag took place in
- A. 1921
- B. 1922
- C. 1923
- D. 1924
- 76. What is the name of Organisation led by Sir Syed Ahmad khan and others which aims to promote the education of Muslim masses on western lines and also known as 'Aligarh Movement'?
- A. Muhammadan Educational Conference
- B. Dar-ul-Ulum
- C. Rahnumai Mazdayasanan Educational Conference
- D. Deccan Educational Society
- 77. The Indigo Rebellion was about



- A. the peasant not wanting to grow indigo but being forced to
- B. the peasant wanting to grow indigo but being forced not to
- C. the peasant not wanting to stow indigo but being forced to grow at a price that was unacceptable
- D. a protest movement that carried an indigo-colored flag
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

### 78. The immediate cause of Deccan Riots of 1875:

- A. the shadow of a famine
- B. high interest rates charged by Mahajans
- C. high land revenue rates
- D. protest against imposition of religious reforms
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

### 79. Consider the following statements

- 1. Robert Clive was the first Governor-General of Bengal.
- 2. William Bentinck was the first Governor- General of India. Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?
- A. Only 1
- B. Only 2
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

### 80. Consider the following statements

- 1). Morley-Minto reforms enlarged the powers of Legislators
- 2). Government of India act 1858 vested the Secretary of state of India and not Governor General of India with supreme control over the Government of India
- 3). Vernacular press act 1878 was repealed by Lord Rippon
- 4). The Montagu-chelmsford report formed the basis of the Government of India act 1919

Which of the above statements is correct

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 2, 3 and 4
- C. 1, 2 and 3
- D. All of the above