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11. There shall be no negative marking		ર્યીઓ માટે સુચનાઓ	
1. આ પાનાની ટોચ પર દર્શાવેલી જગ્યામાં ત	પાંગે ગેલ નંબર લખો		
2. આ પ્રશ્નપત્રમાં બહુવૈકલ્પિક ઉત્તરો ધરાવતા ર	તો (૧૦૦) પ્રશ્નો આપેલા છે. બ	ાધા જ પ્રશ્નો ફરજિયાત છે. ૫ (૫) મિનિટ દરમ્યાન તમારે પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકા ખોલી અને ફરજિયાતપણે નીચે મુજબ પ	ടിം
3. પરાક્ષાના શરૂઆતમાં આપન પ્રશ્નપુક્સિકા કરવું : (i) પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકાનો વપરાશ કરવા માટે ર પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકા સ્વીકારશો નહીં. (ii) કવર પૃષ્ઠ પર છપાયેલ નિર્દેશાનુસાર બે વાર છપાયા ક્ષેય, અનુક્રમમાં અ પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકા મળી હ્યેય તો નિરીક્ષક પ આવશે. પછીથી, પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકા બદલલ (iii) આ યકાસણી સમાપ્ત થાય પછી, પ્રશ્ન	આપવામાં આવશે. પ્રથમ પા પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકાના પ્રશ્નો, પૃષ્ઠો થવા અન્ય કોઈ ફરક હોય અ ાસેથી તુરંત જ બીજી સારી પ્ર ગ્રામાં આવશે નહીં કે કોઈ વધ પપુસ્તિકાનો નંબર OMR જળ (B), (C) અને (D) આપવામાં	ાધા જ પ્રશ્ની કરિશ્વાત છે. (૫) મિનિટ દરમ્યાન તમારે પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકા ખોલી અને કરિશ્વાતપણે નીચે મુજબ પ્ર પેલ સીલ સ્ટીકર ફાડી નાખો. કોઈપણ સંજોગોમાં સીલ સ્ટીકર વગરની કે ખુલ્લી અને સંખ્યાને બરાબર ચકાસી લો. ખામીયુક્ત પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકા કે જેમાં પ્રશ્નો/ પૃષ્ઠો ઓઇ પ્રાંત કોઈપણ સંજોગોમાં ખામીયુક્ત પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકા સ્વીકારશો નહીં. અને જો ખામીયુક્ત શ્નપુસ્તિકા મેળવી લેવી. આ માટે ઉમેદવારને પાંચ (૫) મિનિટનો સમયગાળો આપવા રાશનો સમયગાળો આપવામાં આવશે નહીં. શાબ પત્રક પર લખવો અને OMR જવાબ પત્રકનો નંબર પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકા પર લખવો. આવેલ છે. તમારે સાચા જવાબના ઓવલ (oval)ને નીચે આપેલ ઉદાહરણ મુજબ જવાબ પત્રકમાં પેપર-II લખેલ વિભાગમાં જ અંકિત કરવા. જો આપ OMR જવાબ પ્ર જવાબ પત્રકમાં પેપર-II લખેલ વિભાગમાં જ અંકિત કરવા. જો આપ OMR જવાબ પ્ર જવાબ પત્રકમાં પેપર-II લખેલ વિભાગમાં જ અંકિત કરવા. જો આપ OMR જવાબ પ્ર જવાબ મૃત્યાંકન કરવામાં આવશે નહીં. તે, આપનું નામ, રોલ નંબર, ફોન નંબર અથવા એવું કોઈ ચિહકે જેનાથી તમારી ઓ ય જાહેર શઈ શકો છો. તે નિરીક્ષકને ફરશ્વિયાત સોપી દેવું અને કોઈ પણ સંજોગોમાં તે પરીક્ષા ખંડની બહાર અને OMR જવાબ પત્રકની કૃપ્લિકેટ કોપી પોતાની સાથે લઈ જઈ શકે છે. પો મનાઈ છે.	ાં હો ત ત્રામ
પેનથી ભરીને સંપૂર્ણ કાળું કરવાનું રહેશે.) and (12) and 2		
 ઉદાકરણ: (A) (C) (D) 5. આ પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકાના પ્રશ્નોના જવાબ અલગાર્થ આપેલ ઓવલ (oval) સિવાય અન્ય સ્થાને 6. કાર્યું કામ (Rough Work) પ્રશ્નપસ્તિકાના 	ક જ્યા (b) સાચા જવાબ છે. ો આપવામાં આવેલ OMR ' ા જવાબ અંકિત કરશો તો તે ા અંતિમ પૃષ્ઠ પર કરવું.	ડવાબ પત્રકમાં પેપર-II લખેલ વિભાગમાં જ અંકિત કરવા. જો આપ OMP જવાબ પ જવાબનું મૃલ્યાંકન કરવામાં આવશે નહીં.	1318
 જો આપ OMR જવાબ પત્રક નિયત જગ્ય થઈ શકે, અંકિત કરશે અથવા અભદ્ર ભાષ્ક સફેદ શાહીનો ઉપયોગ કરી બદલશો તે પરીક્ષા સમય પૂરો થઈ ગયા બાદ ઓરીજી જવું નહીં. પરીક્ષા પૂર્ણ થયા બાદ ઉમેદ 	ા સિવાય અન્ય કોઈપણ સ્થા તાનો પ્રયોગ કરો, અથવા અન I આપને પરીક્ષા માટે અયોગ નલOMP જવાબ પત્રક જે વાર ઓરીજીનલ પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિક રવી.	ને, આપનું નામ, રોલ નંબર, ફોન નંબર અથવા એવું કોઈ ચિહ્નકે જેનાથી તમારી ઓ ય કોઈ અનુચિત સાધનોનો ઉપયોગ કરો, જેમકે અંકિત કરી દીધેલ જવાબ ભૂંસી ના ય જાહેર થઈ શકો છો. તે નિરીક્ષકને ફરજિયાત સોપી દેવું અને કોઈ પણ સંજોગોમાં તે પરીક્ષા ખંડની બહાઃ અને OMR જવાબ પત્રકની ડુપ્લિકેટ કોપી પોતાની સાથે લઈ જઈ શકે છે.	ળખ મવો ર લ
 3. પરીક્ષાની શરૂઆતમાં આપને પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકા કરવું: (i) પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકાનો વપરાશ કરવા માટે ર પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકા સ્વીકારશો નહીં. (ii) કવર પૃષ્ઠ પર છપાયેલ નિર્દેશાનુસાર બે વાર છપાયા હોય, અનુક્રમમાં અર પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકા મળી હોય તો નિરીક્ષક પ આવશે. પછીથી, પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકા બદલલ (iii) આ યકાસણી સમાપ્ત થાય પછી, પ્રશ્ન પત્થે હાર જવાબ વિકલ્પ (A), પેનથી ભરીને સંપૂર્ણ કાળું કરવાનું રહેશે. ઉદાહરણ: A	નિક યંત્રોનો ઉપયોગ કરવાન	ી મનાઈ છે.	
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COMPUTER SCIENCE AND APPLICATIONS

Paper - II

- 1. In propositional logic, which of the following assertions is not a tutology?
 - (A) $P \Rightarrow (P \lor Q)$
 - (B) $(P \land Q) \Rightarrow (P \lor Q)$
 - (C) $(P \lor Q) \Rightarrow (P \land Q)$
 - (D) $(P \land Q) \Rightarrow Q$
- 2. Which of the following assertions is not valid in the Calculus of Predicates for any universe and any interpretation of the predicates involved?
 - (A) $\forall x[P(x) \land Q(x)] \Rightarrow [\forall xP(x) \lor \forall xQ(x)]$
 - (B) $[\exists x P(x) \land \exists x Q(x)] \Rightarrow \exists x [P(x) \land Q(x)]$
 - (C) $\forall x P(x) \Rightarrow \exists x P(x)$
 - (D) $[\forall x P(x) \lor \forall x Q(x)] \Rightarrow \forall x [P(x) \lor Q(x)]$
- 3. Which pair of rules of inference are used in the following argument?

"All human beings are mortal.

Socrates is a human being.

Therefore, Socrates is mortal."

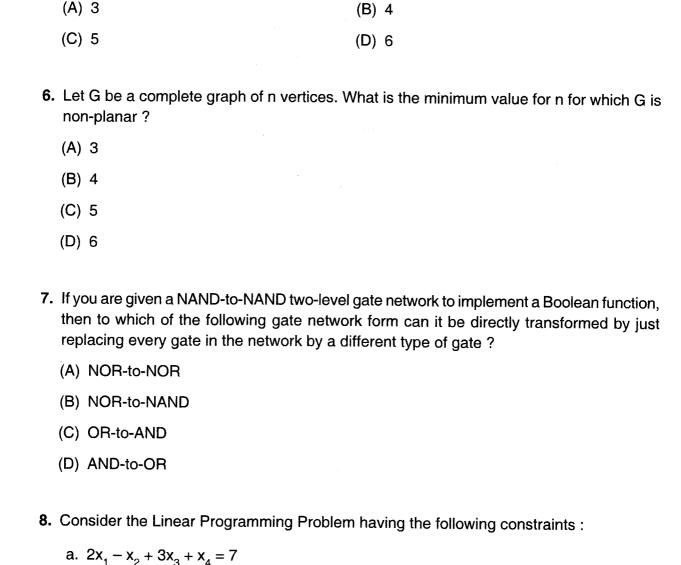
- (A) Universal Generalization and Modus Ponens
- (B) Existential Specification and Modus Ponens
- (C) Universal Specification and Modus Tollens
- (D) Universal Specification and Modus Ponens
- 4. How many bit strings of length eight either start with the two bits 10 or end with the two bits 01?
 - (A) 128

(B) 122

(C) 112

(D) 256





5. How many numbers must be selected from the set {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7} to guarantee that

atleast one pair of these selected numbers add up to 8?

b. $3x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 + 2x_4 = 11$

Then how many basic feasible solutions does this LPP have?

(B) 4

(D) 8

c. $X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4 \ge 0$;

(A) 6

(C) 5



9. Consider the LPP:

Maximize $2x_1 + 3x_2$

Subject to constraints:

$$x_1 + x_2 \ge 4$$
;

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \ge 6$$
;

$$x_1 - x_2 \ge 0$$
;

If the dual of this LPP has 3 variables y_1 , y_2 , y_3 , which of the following assertions is valid regarding this dual problem and its solutions?

- (A) y_1 , y_2 , $y_3 \ge 0$ and the problem has a finite optimum solution.
- (B) $y_1, y_2, y_3 \ge 0$ and has an unbounded solution.
- (C) $y_1, y_2 \ge 0, y_3$ unrestricted and has an unbounded solution.
- (D) y_1 , $y_2 \ge 0$, y_3 unrestricted and has no feasible solution.

10. The following table gives the activities in a construction project and other relevant data:

Activity i – j	Preceding activities	Normal time (days)	Crash time (days)	Normal cost (Rs.)	Crash cost (Rs.)
1-2	_	20	17	600	720
1 – 3		25	25	200	200
2-3	1-2	10	8	300	440
2 – 4	1 – 2	12	6	400	700
3 – 4	1-3,2-3	5	2	300	420
4 – 5	2-3,3-4	10	5	300	600

Then normal project completion time, Minimum project completion time and Additional cost required to achieve this minimum time are respectively given by

- (A) 45, 32, 980
- (B) 45, 40, 0
- (C) 45, 32, 960
- (D) 40, 28, 980



	(A) -4	(B) -5	(C) 5	(D) -6
12.	is given by the hex	adecimal digit sequ		o the IEEE 754 standard nat is the hexadecima the number ?
	(A) 37		(B) 3A	
	(C) 9B		(D) BD	
13.	In microprogrammed	d control, what type o	of instructions are stor	ed in a Control ROM?
	(A) Machine Langua	ge Instructions		
	(B) Assembly Langu	age Instructions		
	(C) Microprogram In	structions		
	(D) C Program State	ements		
14.	At any time of execu	ition of a program, w	hich of the following is	s stored in the Program
	(A) A control word			
	(B) A machine langu	age instruction		
	(C) An address from	address ROM		
	(D) A memory addre	ss		
15.	If a ring counter has 8 by it ?	B Flip-Flops in it, how	many different 8-bit va	ues can be represented
	(A) 256		(B) 128	
	(C) 8		(D) 64	

11. If a system represents signed integers in 8-bit 2's complement form, what is the value

represented by the hexadecimal representation FB?



- 16. Consider the following statements about computer system architecture :
 - I. Array processor uses multiple synchronized ALUs (i.e. Processing units) to achieve spatial parallelism with a lock-step operation.
 - II. Processors operate asynchronously in array processing.
 - III. Pipeline processing improves Throughput.

Which of the following is true?

- (A) Statements (I) and (III) are true
- (B) Statements (I) and (II) are true
- (C) Only Statement (III) is true
- (D) Statements (II) and (III) are true
- 17. Which one of the following is true for Array and Vector processors?
 - (A) Array and Vector processors fall under the categories of SISD and SIMD respectively.
 - (B) Array and Vector processors fall under the categories of SIMD and SISD respectively.
 - (C) Array and Vector processors both fall under the categories of MIMD.
 - (D) Array and Vector processors both fall under the categories of SIMD.
- 18. Which one of the following is the disadvantage of Pipelining?
 - (A) Instruction Latency is higher
 - (B) Cycle time is less
 - (C) Multiple instructions are overlapped
 - (D) System throughput increases



- 19. What is the addressing mode of a Machine Language Instruction in which the data for the instruction is given as an operand in the instruction itself?
 - (A) Immediate addressing
 - (B) Register addressing
 - (C) Direct addressing
 - (D) Indirect addressing
- 20. Assume that the binary equivalent of integer value 375 is stored in a 16-bit Shift-Left register. What will be the value (in hexadecimal) in the register after the Shift-Left operation is carried out on it twice?
 - (A) 02EE
 - (B) 05DC
 - (C) 0177
 - (D) 04BA
- 21. What will be the output of following code segment?

```
int main () 
 { 
  int i, k = 0; 
  float c [100]; 
  for (i = 0; i < 10; i + = 3) 
    if (&c [i + 20] - &c [i + 16]) 
        k + = &c [i + 3] - &c [i]; 
  else k++; 
  printf ("k = %d", k); 
}
```

(A) 12

(B) 30

(C) 48

(D) Compiler Error



22. Consider the following code segment:

```
int mult (int x, int n)
{
    int val = 1;
    if (n > 0)
    {
        if (n%2 == 1) val = val * x;
        val = val * mult (x*x, n/2);
    }
    return val;
}
```

What value is returned for mult (3, 6)?

(A) 729

(B) 216

(C) 243

(D) 108

23. Consider the following program:

```
#include <stdio.h> main ()  \{ \\ & \text{int a = 3, b = 5, c, d ;} \\ & \text{c = a++, ++a;} \\ & \text{d = (b++, ++b);} \\ & \text{printf("a = %d b = %d c = %d d = %d", a, b, c, d);} \}
```

The output of this program is

(A)
$$a = 4$$
 $b = 6$ $c = 4$ $d = 6$

(B)
$$a = 5$$
 $b = 7$ $c = 3$ $d = 7$

(C)
$$a = 5$$
 $b = 7$ $c = 4$ $d = 6$

(D) Syntax Error



24. In C++, the address of the object

(B) cannot be accessed in the program.

(A) cannot be accessed from inside the member function.

(C) is available inside the member function using the this pointer.

	(D) can be accessed using the object name inside the member function.						
25.	. Which of the following are true about constructors in C++?						
	١.	They cannot be	virtual.				
	II.	They cannot be	private.				
	III.	They are automa	atically called by the	new operator.			
	IV.	They have no re	turn type.				
	٧.	The maximum n	umber of constructor	s that a class can have	e is 64.		
	(A)	1, 11, 111	(B) I, III, IV	(C) II, III, IV	(D) I, II, IV		
26.	Wh	nich of the followir	ng is false ?				
	(A)	A point (x, y) in 2	2D can have an infini	te number of homoger	ous coordinates.		
	(B)	Homogeneous o	coordinates can be us	sed to represent point a	at infinity.		
	(C) With homogeneous coordinates, we can represent 2D affine transformations as 3D linear transformations.						
	(D)	Homogeneous c	coordinates consume	less memory than Car	tesian coordinates.		
27.			g point will not be par nham Line Drawing A		n the points (20, 10) and		
	(A)	(23, 12)		(B) (25, 15)			
	(C)	(27, 16)		(D) (28, 16)			



28.	is e (A) (B) (C)		about x-axis, followed ction about the line	by a counter-clockwise	e rotation of 90 degrees,
29.	Sa	re 1001, 0101, 00		vely, then which of the	e four points P, Q, R and following line segments
	(A)	PQ	(B) PR	(C) PS	(D) RS
30.	(A) (B) (C)	spective projection Vanishing points View plane Direction of project Centre of project	ection	basis of	
	(0)	Ochine of project			
31.	Coi	nsider the followin	ng statements about [Data Models in DBMS	:
	 i. Data is represented in form of entities, relations, objects or similar other ways by Data models. 				nilar other ways by Data
	ii.	Data Model is us	ed to store, manipula	ate and retrieve the da	ta.
	iii.	Data Model does	sn't represent data se	mantics.	
	iv.	Data Model desc	cribes consistency co	nstraints.	
	Wh	ich pair of statem	ents from the above	are true ?	
	(A)	i and iii		(B) i and iv	
	(C)	ii and iii		(D) ii and iv	



32.	Consider the relation STUD (sid, sname, city). Assume that one of the values of sid is
	"S1". Which one from the following queries will find students who belong to the same city as that of student with sid "S1"?
	(A) OF FOT and the CTID where site "C1".

(A) S	SELECT	sname	from	STUD	where	city =	: "S1":
-------	--------	-------	------	------	-------	--------	---------

- (B) SELECT sname from STUD where city LIKE "S1";
- (C) SELECT sname from STUD where city = (SELECT city from STUD where sid = "S1");
- (D) SELECT sname from STUD where city = (SELECT city from STUD where sid LIKE "S1");

33.	If all non-key attributes of a relation are fully functionally dependent on primary attributes
	only, then the relation satisfies which of the following Normal Form?

(A)	5 th			
-----	-----------------	--	--	--

(B) 3rd

(C) 4th

(D) 2nd

- 34. Which types of databases allow time-based reasoning?
 - (A) Deductive database
 - (B) Temporal database
 - (C) Semistructured database
 - (D) Both (A) and (B)
- **35.** An employee is allowed to work in several departments and a department is allowed to have several employees is an example of
 - (A) one-to-one relationship
 - (B) one-to-many relationship
 - (C) many-to-many relationship
 - (D) many-to-one relationship



36.	Wh	ich operator preserves unmatched row	s of t	he relations being joined ?
	(A)	Union	(B)	Inner Join
	(C)	Outer Join	(D)	Union Join
37.		ich one of the following constraints do	es n	ot enforce uniqueness but enforce data
	(A)	UNIQUE		
	(B)	Primary Key		
	(C)	Super Key		
	(D)	Foreign Key		
38.	Wh	ich of the following relational algebra o	pera	tions is not commutative ?
	(A)	Projection	(B)	Selection
	(C)	Union	(D)	Intersection
39.		nsider the join of a relation R with rela n the maximum size of join is	tion \$	S. If R has m tuples and S has n tuples,
	(A)	m + n	(B)	2(m + n)
	(C)	mn	(D)	2m + n
40.	-	opose you would like to use supervised existing dataset for several cars. This i		ning to predict the price of a car based on example of
	(A)	Classification		
	(B)	Regression		
	(C)	Clustering		
	(D)	Structural Equation Modelling		
			SV 4844 (10)	

- 41. Which of the following statements is (are) true?
 - I. Interpreters usually take less amount of time to analyse the source code.
 - II. Interpreters usually take less amount of time to execute the code.
 - III. Compilers generate Object Code which further requires linking, hence require more memory.
 - (A) I only

(B) I and II

(C) I and III

- (D) II and III
- **42.** What is wrong with the following program that implements Peterson's solution with two processes P_0 and P_1 ?
 - 1. bool flag[2] = {false, false};
 - 2. int turn;

// P_o's code

// P₁'s code

3. P_0 : flag[0] = true;

 P_1 : flag[1] = true;

4. $P_0 = g : turn = 1;$

 P_{1} g: turn = 0;

5. while (flag[1] == true

while(flag[0] == true

6. &&turn = = 1)

&&turn = = 0)

7. {//busy wait}

{//busy wait}

8. //begin CS

//begin CS

9. ...

...

10. // end CS

// end CS

11. flag [0] = false;

flag[1] = false;

- (A) Line 3 : P_0 should set flag [1] = true and P_1 should set flag [0] = true
- (B) Line 4: Po should set turn = 0 and P1 should set turn = 1
- (C) Line 6 : P_0 should check turn = = 0 and P_1 should check turn = = 1
- (D) There is nothing wrong with the above code



- 43. A deadlock may occur when which of the following set of conditions hold true?
 - (A) Mutual Exclusion, Hold and Wait, No preemption, Circular Wait
 - (B) Mutual Exclusion, Hold and Wait, No preemption, Bounded Waiting
 - (C) Critical Section, Hold and Wait, Preemption, Bounded Waiting
 - (D) Mutual Exclusion, Starvation, No preemption, Circular wait
- 44. Consider the arrival times and burst times of P1 P4:

Process	Arrival Time	Burst Time
P1	0	8
P2	1	4
P3	2	9
P4	3	5

What will be the order of completion based on preemptive shortest-remaining-time-first policy?

- (A) P1, P2, P4, P3
- (B) P2, P4, P1, P3
- (C) P3, P1, P2, P4
- (D) P2, P1, P3, P4
- **45.** Consider a serial program in two parts A and B for which the time taken by A, $T_A = 4s$ and the time taken by B, $T_B = 1s$. Now suppose B can be executed in parallel on 5 processing cores, then the speedup based on Amdahl's law will be
 - (A) 1.25
 - (B) 1.66
 - (C) 1.19
 - (D) 2.77



	١.	Disk striping is done to ensure continuo	us availability.
	II.	Disk mirroring cannot be used for increa	sing throughput.
	III.	Parity data is used by RAID to achieve i	redundancy.
	(A)	II only	
	(B)	I and II	
	(C)	I and III	
	(D)	II and III	
47.	Wh	nich of the following statements is (are) tr	ue about free space management?
	l.	Bit map requires extra space.	
	II.	In linked list method, free disk blocks ca	n be found quickly.
	III.	In Bit map, it is easy to get contiguous f	iles.
	(A)	II only	
	(B)	I and II	
	(C)	I and III	
	(D)	II and III	
48.	Wh	nich of the following statements is (are) tr	ue?
	i.	After loading a kernel module, the syste	m needs to be rebooted.
	11.	A kernel module can extend the kernel t	functionality at runtime.
	Ш.	The disadvantage of loadable kernel penalty.	modules is that it incurs a fragmentation
	(A)	I only (B) I and II
	(C)	I and III (D) II and III

46. Which of the following statements is (are) true regarding RAID?



49.	Inte	erprocess commu	nication in Linux doe	s not happen via	
	(A)	Signals			
	(B)	Mailslots			
	(C)	Semaphores			
	(D)	Pipes			
50.	Wh	ich of the followin	g is/are true regardin	ng a Unix File System ((UFS) ?
	I.	A super block co	ntains the metadata	for files such as owner	ship, type, and access.
	II.	The boot block is	s located in the first fe	ew sectors of a file sys	tem.
	III.	Each data block	contains a magic nur	mber.	
	(A)	III only	(B) II only	(C) I and II	(D) I and III
51.	long pas (A) (B) (C)	ger than 15 chara	cters. If the user ente	•	all not accept passwords cters while choosing the e requirement is
52.	suc	ch functionalities a	•		r log, notifies user etc. If roach the developer will
	(A)	Functional			
	(B)	Temporal			
	(C)	Communicationa	ıl		
	(D)	Layer			



- 53. A team of students designed an e-commerce website and wanted to test the Add to Cart functionality of the site. In order to achieve this, around 100 students were asked to login to the site at the same point of time. The dashboard of the students failed to display even after 20 seconds. Which software quality attribute did the software did not pass?
 - (A) Functionality
 - (B) Reliability
 - (C) Usability
 - (D) Performance and Load
- **54.** Consider a Hospital Management System that maintains patient's records. The system does not have a payment module, which indicates
 - (A) the scope of the system
 - (B) the constraint of the system
 - (C) the limitation of the system
 - (D) the system is not efficient
- 55. Given the following specification, "A tourist of age greater than 21 years and having a clean driving record is supplied a rental car. A premium amount is also charged if the tourist is on business, otherwise it is not charged. If the tourist is less than 21 year old, or does not have a clean driving record, the system will display the following message: "Car cannot be supplied". Which functional testing technique(s) would NOT suit the scenario to test whether all the conditions have been tested?
 - (A) Cause-Effect Graphing
 - (B) Branch coverage
 - (C) Equivalence Partitioning
 - (D) Decision Table



56.	Wh	ich of the following is not a size measu	re for a software product ?
	(A)	Function Point	
	(B)	Cyclomatic Complexity	
	(C)	LOC (i.e. Lines of Code)	
	(D)	Key Classes	
57.	Wh	ich of the following testing phase usual	ly uses Impact analysis ?
	(A)	Component Testing	
	(B)	Acceptance Testing	
	(C)	Maintenance Testing	
	(D)	Integration Testing	
58.		es the software deliver all features inclu uired without failure" is a part of which s	uding all functionalities error-free as and when oftware quality dimension?
	(A)	Performance	(B) Conformance
	(C)	Aesthetics	(D) Reliability
59.	Cor	nsider the following statements regardin	g Information Hiding during software design
	i.	Information Hiding implies that effective of independent modules.	e modularity can be achieved by defining a set
	ii.	Information Hiding does not help who maintenance.	n modification is required during testing and
	iii. Information Hiding enforces access constraints to both procedural details within module and the local data structure used by the module.		
	Wh	ich of the above statements are true?	
	(A)	i and ii	(B) i and iii
	(C)	ii and iii	(D) ii only



60.	Cohesion is an extension of		
	(A) Information Hiding	(B) Modularity	
	(C) Abstraction	(D) Refinement	
61.	In order to search for an element in a set co technique is the most time-efficient in the w to construct the data structure into accoun	orst-case ? [Note : Do	
	(A) The elements are stored in a hash to applied.	able using chaining a	and hashing operation is
	(B) The elements are stored in a sorted a	rray and binary searc	h operation is applied.
	(C) The elements are stored in a doubly line	ked list and binary sea	rch operation is applied.
	(D) The elements are stored in a binary s	earch tree and search	n operation is applied.
62.	The following insertions are made to an in 1, 12, 8, 2, 25, 5, 14, 28, 17. The root nod		
	(A) 8 (B) 12	(C) 8, 17	(D) 5, 14
63.	Suppose we are implementing quadratic prothe keys 14, 8, 21, 2 and 7 are to be inseat which index position will key 7 be store	rted in that sequence	* *
	(A) 3		
	(B) 4		
	(C) 5		
	(D) Quadratic probing will not be able to f	ind an empty slot	
0.4	Lat Characteria aveals when a vertex	at in the second second	- (d - 000 T
64.	Let G be a directed graph whose vertex se an edge from a vertex i to a vertex j iff eithe number of edges in a path in G from vertex	erj = i + 1 or j = 11 * i.	

(A) 10 (B) 11

(C) 20

(D) 199



- **65.** Which sorting algorithm will you use to sort an array in which 98% of elements are already in sorted positions and only 2% of the elements need to be placed at proper position in the array?
 - (A) Quick Sort
 - (B) Insertion Sort
 - (C) Heap Sort
 - (D) Merge Sort
- 66. When is the Breadth First Search of a graph unique?
 - (A) When the graph is a complete binary tree.
 - (B) When the graph is a singly linked list.
 - (C) When the graph is a forest.
 - (D) When the graph is a ternary tree.
- **67.** Given a knapsack with capacity of 11 and 5 objects with weights w[1...5] = 1, 2, 5, 6, 7. For which of the following profit values, the fractional and 0/1 knapsack have same profit?
 - (A) Profits $p[1...5] = \{1, 6, 18, 22, 28\}$
 - (B) Profits $p[1...5] = \{8, 16, 18, 32, 28\}$
 - (C) Profits $p[1...5] = \{4, 6, 30, 36, 32\}$
 - (D) Profits $p[1...5] = \{3, 8, 10, 18, 14\}$
- **68.** How many comparisons are needed using KMP algorithm, to search for the pattern P = "abacab" in the string S = "abacabacabacabacabacabacabacaba"?
 - (A) 18

(B) 19

(C) 20

(D) 21



69.	From the following choose the one which uses an algorithm design technique different from the other three.
	(A) Merge sort

- (B) Dijkstra's shortest path algorithm
- (C) Binary search
- (D) Quick sort
- **70.** The following are the statements regarding the NP problems. Choose the correct option from the following options.
 - I. All NP-complete problems are not NP-hard.
 - II. Some NP-hard problems are not known to be NP-complete.
 - (A) Both I and II are true
 - (B) Both I and II are false
 - (C) Only I is true
 - (D) Only II is true
- 71. Which of the following CFG cannot be simulated by an FSM?
 - (A) $S \rightarrow Sa|b$
 - (B) $S \rightarrow aSb|ab$
 - (C) $S \rightarrow bS|b$
 - (D) $S \rightarrow a|b$
- **72.** Which of the representations of the language L, with w as strings and a, b as symbols of the alphabet, is regular?
 - (A) The set of strings of balanced parentheses.
 - (B) The set of strings of the form ww^R.
 - (C) The set of strings, containing an equal number of a's and b's.
 - (D) The set of strings, starting and ending with same character.



- **73.** The language $\{a^mb^m, m > 0\}$ can be recognised by
 - (A) A non-deterministic finite state automaton, but not by a deterministic finite state automaton
 - (B) A deterministic pushdown automaton, but not by a non-deterministic finite state automaton
 - (C) A non-deterministic pushdown automaton but not by a deterministic pushdown automaton
 - (D) A non-deterministic turing machine but not by deterministic turing machine
- 74. Which of the following is false about Deterministic Finite Automata?
 - (A) Empty string transitions are not allowed.
 - (B) The transition from a state is to a single particular next state.
 - (C) It usually requires more states as compared to equivalent Non-Deterministic Finite Automata.
 - (D) There cannot be more than one accepting state.
- **75.** Which of the following is the correct regular set expressing $(0 + \epsilon) (1 + \epsilon)$?
 - (A) $L = \{0, 1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000, ...\}$
 - (B) $L = \{1, 01, 10, 010, 0010, ...\}$
 - (C) $L = \{ \in, 0, 1, 01 \}$
 - (D) None of the above
- 76. Among the following statements:
 - i. The pumping lemma can be used to prove that a language is not regular.
 - ii. If a language satisfies the pumping lemma, then it must be regular.
 - (A) i and ii are false

(B) i and ii are true

(C) i is false, ii is true

(D) i is true, ii is false



77. Among the following statements:

- i. A 1-tape Turing machine can emulate a k-tape Turing machine.
- ii. A non-deterministic Turing machine can be converted to a deterministic Turing machine.
- iii. The tape of the Turing machine is finite.
- iv. The transition table (action table) of a Turing machine is finite.
- (A) i, ii, iii are true
- (B) i, ii, iv are true
- (C) i, iii, iv are true
- (D) ii, iii, iv are true

78. A grammar has the following productions:

S → aSSblalbSa

Which of the following string is in the language that is generated by this grammar?

- (A) aabbaabb
- (B) bbbaabbaa
- (C) babbbabba
- (D) aaaaabb

79. Consider the following statements:

- i. A grammar in Greibach Normal Form (GNF) can be right recursive.
- ii. Any content-free grammar can be converted to GNF.

Which one of the following is correct?

- (A) i and ii are false
- (B) i and ii are true
- (C) i is false, ii is true
- (D) i is true, ii is false



80. A language I	Lis	such	that
------------------------------------	-----	------	------

- i. An algorithm tells in finite time if a string s is in the language.
- ii. An algorithm tells in finite time if a string s is not in the language.

Which of the following is correct?

- (A) L is recursive and recursively enumerable.
- (B) L is not recursive and not recursively enumerable.
- (C) L is not recursive, but recursively enumerable.
- (D) L is not recursively enumerable, but recursive.
- **81.** Which one is true for the Congestion Control mechanism that regulates the transmission rate?
 - (A) Congestion control mechanism is implemented in the transport layer.
 - (B) One of the protocols to control congestion is the Routing Information Protocol.
 - (C) Congestion Control mechanism implemented in the network layer.
 - (D) Both (B) and (C)
- 82. Which layer is the communication layer that connects the IoT devices with WAN?
 - (A) Application
 - (B) Network
 - (C) Sensor
 - (D) Internet
- 83. Which data link layer protocol is not used for the noisy channel?
 - (A) Stop-and-wait

(B) Stop-and-Wait ARQ

(C) Go-back-N ARQ

(D) Selective Repeat ARQ



- **84.** A multiplexing technique that could use maximum bandwidth for a slot to transmit digital signals and used in applications like ISDN and PSTN is
 - (A) WDM
 - (B) FDM
 - (C) TDM
 - (D) PDM
- **85.** A network security mechanism that controls the movement of packets across the network on the basis of protocols, screening rules, IP addresses and ports as well as higher throughput compared to proxy gateways is
 - (A) Firewall Filtering
 - (B) Packet Filtering
 - (C) IP Filtering
 - (D) Stateful Firewall
- **86.** List -1 and List -2 contains port number and its purpose respectively.

i. By DHCP for sending

ii. By POP3

iii. By SSH for secure login

iv. By HHTPS

Which pair from the following one is the correct matching pair?

(A)
$$m - iii$$
, $n - ii$, $o - i$, $p - iv$

(B)
$$m-iii$$
, $n-iv$, $o-i$, $p-ii$

$$(C) \ m-iv, \ n-iii, \ o-ii, \ p-i$$

(D)
$$m-ii$$
, $n-iv$, $o-iii$, $p-i$



87. Which cipher algorithm generates output string as YSCKRHT GV ALETG LYDHKHFGHPKZ for the input string WELCOME TO GSLET EXAMINATIONS (space to be taken as a part of the string) with key GSLET?

The order of key alphabet and offset value will be 24315 and 0 respectively can be used as per the requirements of an algorithm as additional input parameter (s).

- (A) Affain cipher
- (B) Playfair cipher
- (C) Rail Fence cipher
- (D) Columnar Transposition cipher
- 88. Which of the following statements is/are true?
 - I. PageRank is based on eigenvector and eigenvalue computations.
 - II. PageRank always converges.
 - III. PageRank is based on outlinks.
 - (A) III only
 - (B) I and II
 - (C) II and III
 - (D) I and III
- 89. Which one of the following statements is TRUE for mobile computing?
 - (A) GPRS is a popular protocol of mobile networks.
 - (B) CDMA system uses distinctive spreading codes to spread the symbols before transmission.
 - (C) IMT-2000 is a 3G wireless communication standard defined by the recommendations of ITU. It specifies that the minimum data transfer rate for 3G is 512 kbps.
 - (D) Adjacent cells in a cellular network have the same frequency as per FDMA standard.



90. A firewall may be implemented in

(C) Modem

(D) Switch

(A) Linear Planning

(A) Bridges used in an intranet

(B) Routers which connect intranet to internet

91. Which of the following resolves the Sussman anomaly efficiently?

(B)	Goal Stack Planning			
(C)	Partial Order Planning			
(D)	Total Order Planning			
92. Wh	at is the order and defining length of the	ne schema * 0 * 1 * ?		
(A)	0, 1	(B) 2, 2		
(C)	3, 4	(D) 5, 3		
(A) (B) (C)	 93. The Schema Theorem states that the schema with (A) Above average fitness, short defining length and lower order is more likely to survivorsover and mutation. (B) Above average fitness, long defining length and lower order is more likely to survivorsover and mutation. (C) Below average fitness, long defining length and lower order is more likely to survivorsover and mutation. (D) Above average fitness, long defining length and higher order is more likely to survivorsover. 			
	crossover and mutation.	·		



- 94. Which of the following statements is (are) true?
 - 1. The Chinese room implements a version of the Turing test.
 - II. The Chinese room argument holds that a machine does not understand.
 - III. The Chinese room argument is intended to refute weak Al.
 - (A) I only
 - (B) I and II
 - (C) I and III
 - (D) II and III
- 95. Which of the following is false?
 - (A) Greedy algorithm ignores future possibilities and is slower compared to divide-and-conquer.
 - (B) Hill-climbing is sometimes called greedy local search.
 - (C) A* algorithm is complete and optimal.
 - (D) Fitness function is a feature of the genetic algorithms.
- **96.** Let X = {Vijay, Anup, Bela}; Y = {SS, SC, OS} and define Fuzzy Relations : A : Proficiency and B : Interest, as given in the following tables :

Α	SS	SC	os	В	SS	SC	os
Vijay	0.5	0.6	0.4	Vijay	0.7	0.6	0.5
Anup	0.7	0.5	0.6	Anup	0.6	0.5	0.8
Bela	0.6	0.8	0.3	Bela	0.8	0.7	0.4

Then the values of (A^c \cup B) (Anup, SS) and (A^c \cap B) (Bela, OS) are

- (A) 0.3 and 0.7
- (B) 0.6 and 0.7
- (C) 0.3 and 0.4
- (D) 0.6 and 0.4



97. Which one of the following functions can qualify as membership function of some Fuzzy set on R?

$$A_{1}(x) = \begin{cases} 5(x-1)+1 & \text{if} & \frac{4}{5} < x < 1 \\ \\ 5(1-x)+1 & \text{if} & 1 < x < \frac{6}{5} \\ \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

and
$$A_2(x) = e^{-(0.5(x-1))}$$

- (A) Both A₁ and A₂ qualify
- (C) A, qualifies but not A,

- (B) A, qualifies but not A,
- (D) Neither of A1, A2 qualify
- 98. What is the major challenge for text processing in Natural Language Processing?
 - (A) Handling Ambiguity in sentences
 - (B) Handling Tokenization
 - (C) Handling POS-Tagging
 - (D) Handling Spelling Mistakes
- 99. Which of the following is not an application area of Natural Language Processing?
 - (A) Machine translation

(B) Text summarization

(C) Grammar checking

- (D) Driverless cars
- **100.** Many words, such as ring, orange, bat etc., have more than one meaning; we have to select the meaning which makes the most sense in context. This can be resolved by
 - (A) Fuzzy logic

(B) Word sense disambiguation

(C) Syntactic analysis

(D) Anaphora resolution



Space for Rough Work



Space for Rough Work