

Top 100+ History Questions for NDA Exam

1. Consider the following statements :

- 1) The Arthashastra is the first Indian text to define a State.
- 2) The main concerns of the Arthashastra are theoretical issues like the origins of the state.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 nor 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

2. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists:

List I (Dynasty)

- a) Chalukyas
- b) Hoysalas
- c) Pandyas
- d) Eastern Gangas

List II (Architecutre)

- 1) Sun Temple, Konark
- 2) Pattadakal Temples
- 3) Kesava Temple, Somnathpur
- 4) Eastern Gopura of Chidambaram Temple

Code:

- A. a-1 b-3 c-2 d-4
- B. a-1 b-2 c-3 d-4
- C. a-2 b-4 c-3 d-1
- D. a-2 b-3 c-4 d-1

3. Megasthenes was a –

- A. Greek ambassador to the court of Chandragupta Maurya
- B. Greek trader during Ashoka's time
- C. Greek trader in the Gupta period
- D. Chinese pilgrim during Harsha's time

4. Consider the following statements about Harappan Culture:

- 1) The Harappan Culture matured in Sind and Punjab.
- 2) It spread from there to Southwards and Eastwards.
- 3) The area, where it spread, was bigger than Egypt and Mesopotamia.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

5. Which one of the following is the correct sequence of appearance of the poet-saints of the Bhakti-Sufi tradition?

- A. Basavanna – Appar - Mira Bai - Lal Ded
- B. Appar - Mira Bai - Lal Ded - Basavanna
- C. Appar – Basavanna - Lal Ded - Mira Bai
- D. Basavanna - Mira Bai - Lal Ded - Appar

6. Who among the following travellers was from Italy and visited Vijayanagar Kingdom in the fifteenth century?

- A. Nikitin
- B. Fa-Hien
- C. Bernier
- D. Nicolo Conti

7. In the Manusmriti which form of marriage results from the "Voluntary union of a maiden and her lover"?

- A. Eighth form
- B. Fifth form
- C. Seventh form

D. Sixth form

8. In the Mesopotamian records, which one of the following terms was used for the Indus Valley (Harappans)?

- A. Dilmun
- B. Meluha
- C. Magan
- D. Failaka

9. Ashoka's connection with Buddhism is evident from which one of the following edicts -

- A. Major Rock Edict - XIII
- B. Rock Edict - VI
- C. Minor Rock Edict - I
- D. Pillar Edict - IV

10. The cylindrical stone seals were used in which civilization?

- A. Harappan
- B. Egyptain
- C. Roman
- D. Mesopotamian

11. Who among the following was associated with the formulation of the basic ideas of Mahayana Buddhism?

- A. Nagarjuna
- B. Kashyapa Matanga
- C. Menander
- D. Kanishka

12. Consider the following given statements with respect to Chinese Travellers:

- 1) Fa-Hien visited India during the reign of Harshavardhana.
- 2) Si-yu-ki or 'The Records of the Western World' was written by Hiuen Tsang.

Which among the following above statements is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both are correct
- D. Both are incorrect

13. Consider the following statements regarding the Magadha dynasties chronology:

- 1) Ajatasatru
- 2) Sisunaga
- 3) Bimbisara
- 4) Udayin
- 5) Kalasoka

Arrange the above give dynasties in order of their chronology, i.e. from old to new?

- A. 1-2-3-4-5
- B. 3-1-4-2-5
- C. 3-4-1-5-2
- D. 1-3-4-2-5

14. Match the following in Column I (Philosopher name) with Column II (their works)

Column I	Column II
1. Immanuel Kant	a. A Treatise of Human Nature
2. David Hume	b. The Metaphysics
3. Aristotle	c. The Analects
4. Confucius	d. The Metaphysics of Morals

- A. 1-d, 2-b, 3-a, 4-c
- B. 1-a, 2-b, 3-d, 4-c
- C. 1-d, 2-a, 3-b, 4-c
- D. 1-c, 2-d, 3-a, 4-b

15. Match the following boundaries of the Indus valley civilization with their location –

<u>Site</u>	<u>Location</u>
1. Suktagendor	a. North
2. Alamagirpur	b. South
3. Manda	c. East
4. Diamabad	d. West

Choose the correct answer form the given code:

- A. 1-a, 2-b, 3-c, 4-d
- B. 1-b, 2-a, 3-d, 4-c
- C. 1-d, 2-c, 3-a, 4-b
- D. 1-d, 2-a, 3-c, 4-b

16.Consider the following statements related to the Virashaiva tradition in Karnataka:

- 1) The Virashaiva movement was led by a Brahmana named Basavanna, a minister in the court of the Kalachuri ruler in the twelfth century.
- 2) The Virashaivas encouraged practices, approved by the Dharmashastras, like post-puberty marriages and remarriage of widows.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

17.Which one of the following statements is not true about Ijarah system?

- A. It was a system of revenue farming.
- B. It encouraged the role of middlemen.
- C. Under this system, land revenue was fixed for the peasant.
- D. The ijaradar paid a fixed amount to the State treasury.

18.Which of the following pairs are correctly matched?

Traveller Country from

- 1. Macro Polo Italy
- 2. Ibn Battuta Morocco
- 3. Nikitin Russia

4. Seydi Ali Reis Turkey

Select the correct answer using the code given below :

- A. 1, 2 and 3 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1, 2, 3 and 4
- D. 1 and 4 only

19. Which of the following clans are included in the Agnikula Rajputs?

- 1. Pratiharas
- 2. Chaulukyas
- 3. Paramara
- 4. Chahamanas

Select the correct answer from the code given below:

- A. 1 and 3 only
- B. 1, 3 and 4 only
- C. 1, 2, 3 and 4
- D. 2 and 4 only

20. Consider the following statements about the travellers who visited India:

- 1) Abdur Razzaq Samarqandi from Herat visited Delhi and Daulatabad.
- 2) Ibn Battuta provides detailed accounts of both Delhi and Daulatabad.
- 3) According to Francois Bernier, there was no private property in land in Mughal India.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 1, 2 and 3
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 2 and 3 only

21. Consider the following statements about merchant guilds of South India :

- 1) Ayyavole merchant guild was originally established in Aihole.
- 2) Manigraman merchant guild was subordinated to the Anjuvannam merchant guild in the 13th century.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

22. Who among the following was the author of Humayun Nama?

- A. Roshanara begum
- B. Ruquaiya Sultan Begum
- C. Gulbadan Begum
- D. Gauhara Begum

23. Who among the following was a traveller that had visited India during the reign of Chandragupta Maurya?

- A. Fa-hein
- B. Ibn Batuta
- C. Thomas Roe
- D. Megasthenese

24. Consider the following statements about Rashtrakuta kings :

1) They were ardent patrons of Shaivism and did not support other forms of religion.

2) They promoted only Sanskrit scholars and gave them large

grants. Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

25. Which one of the following was not a Chishti Sufi saint?

- A. Khwaja Moinuddin
- B. Baba Fariduddin Ganj-i-Shakar
- C. Nizamuddin Auliya
- D. Shaikh Bahauddin Zakariya

###COMMON###26###26###The following questions consist of two statements, Statement I and statement II. Examine these two statements carefully and select the correct answer using the code given below : ###DONE###

26.

Statement I: Abul Fazal shaped and articulated the ideas associated with the reign of Akbar

Statement II: The qualities of Abul Fazal impressed Akbar who found the former suitable as an adviser and spokesperson for his policies

- A. Both the statements are individually true and statement II is the correct solution of Statement I
- B. Both the statements are individually true and statement II is NOT the correct solution of statement I
- C. Statement I is true but statement II is false
- D. Statement I is false but statement II is true

27. Which one of the following statements regarding King Krishnadevaraya is NOT correct?

- A. He was a great scholar of Telugu and Sanskrit
- B. Foreign travellers Domingo Paes visited his court
- C. Barbosa praised him for the great justice and equity prevailing in his empire
- D. He wrote his magnum opus Amuktamalyada in Sanskrit

28. The Senia tradition is:

- A. musical tradition that emerged from the colonial army (Sena)
- B. dance drama written by Keshab Chandra Sen
- C. textile tradition of eastern UP
- D. musical tradition that invoked the name of Tansen, the celebrated musician of Akbar's Court

29. Which one of the following travelogues has given an insight into the reign of Muhammad Bin Tughlaq?

- A. Ibn Battuta's Rihla
- B. Francois Bernier's Travels in the Mogul Empire
- C. Niccolo Manuccis Storm do Mogor
- D. Tavernier Travels in India

30. Consider the following statements about Sufism in India :

- 1) Pilgrimage called ziyarat to tombs of Sufi saints is an important feature.
- 2) The most influential group of Sufis in India were the Chishtis.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 nor 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

31. With respect to the medieval history of India, the term 'Tulughama' is related to:

- A. Religious policy introduced by Akbar.
- B. Military strategy introduced by Babur.
- C. System of branding of horses during the reign of Allaudin Khilji.
- D. none

32. Which of the following statement (s) is incorrect with respect to Mughal Architecture?

- 1. Mughal architecture reached its zenith under Jahangir.
- 2. Akbar mausoleum at Sikandara was built by his grandson Shah Jahan.

3. Shalimar Garden in Kashmir was laid on the order of Shah Jahan.

Code:

- A. Only 1
- B. 1 and 2
- C. 2 and 3
- D. All are incorrect

33. Which among the following Treaties were signed during the First Anglo Maratha War?

- 1. Treaty of Surat
- 2. Treaty of Salbai
- 3. Treaty of Wadgaon
- 4. Treaty of Bassein

Code:

- A. 1 and 3
- B. 2, 3 and 4
- C. 1, 2 and 3
- D. All four are correct

34. Which country among the following was not a part of the Third Coalition against Napoleon?

- A. Russia
- B. Prussia
- C. Sweden
- D. France

35. Consider the following statements concerning the Russian Revolution:

- 1) The Bolsheviks believed that in a repressive society like Tsarist Russia, the party should be disciplined and should control the number of its members.
- 2) The Mensheviks believed that the party should be opened to all (as in Germany).

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

36. Which of the following was/were among the decisions taken by the First Continental Congress held in Philadelphia in September 1774?

- 1) It rejected a plan for a colonial union under the British authority.
- 2) It drew up a statement of grievances.
- 3) It agreed upon a scheme to stop trade between the Colonies and England.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1 and 3 only
- B. 2 only
- C. 1 and 2 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

37. Which one of the following statements about the Suez Canal is not correct?

- A. The Suez Canal was constructed in 1869.
- B. It links the Mediterranean Sea and the Red Sea.
- C. It has a six lock system and ships cross the different levels through these locks.
- D. It has given Europe a new gateway to the Indian Ocean.

38. The industrial revolution in England had a profound impact on the lives of people. Which of the following statements are correct about that?

- 1) Women were the main workers in the silk, lace-making and knitting industries
- 2) Factory managers were well aware of the health risks of industrial work on children
- 3) Children were often employed in textile factories

4) The novel 'Hard Times' by Charles Dickens was a severe critique of the horrors of industrialization

Select the correct answer using the code given below :

- A. 1 and 3 only
- B. 1 and 2
- C. 1, 3 and 4
- D. 3 and 4 only

39. Consider the following statements :

- 1) British colonialism continued to grow steadily in the 18th and 19th centuries
- 2) Raw cotton for the textile industry in Britain during the industrial revolution needed to be imported.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 nor 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

40. Arrange the following inventions in the field of the Cotton Industry in chronological order (starting with the earliest):

- 1) James Hargreaves's Spinning Jenny
- 2) John Kay's Flying Shuttle
- 3) Samuel Crompton's Mule
- 4) Richard Arkwright's Water Frame

Select the correct answer using the code given below :

- A. 1,3,4,2
- B. 2,1,4,3
- C. 4,1,3,2
- D. 2,4,1,3

41. Which among the following statements is not correct about the Reign of Terror?

- A. The Jacobins dashed out the Girondists with the help of sans-culottes.
- B. The Jacobins were in league with the French clergy.
- C. The arrest for anti-revolutionary activities was by law restricted to the political class.
- D. The Reign of Terror came to an end with the execution of Robespierre by guillotine in

42. Who among the following first used the term 'Industrial Revolution' in English to describe the changes that occurred to British industrial development between 1760 and 1820?

- A. Karl Marx
- B. Georges Michelet
- C. Arnold Toynbee
- D. Friedrich Engels

43. Which one of the following statements about the Olympe de Gouges (1748-1793) is correct?

- A. She declared that although citizens should have equal rights, they are not entitled to the same honours by the state.
- B. She was a supporter of the Jacobin government
- C. She was jailed for treason by the National assembly
- D. She declared that the nation is the union of woman and man

44. Who among the following built a model steam engine in 1698 called "Miner's Friend" to drain mines?

- A. Thomas Savery
- B. Thomas Newcomen
- C. James Watt
- D. Richard Arkwright

45. Who gifted the Badshah Nama to king George in 1799?

- A. Abul Fazl
- B. Abdul Hamid Lahori
- C. Nawab of Awadh
- D. William Jones

46. Which of the following are the features of the ideology of utilitarianism?

- 1) Utilitarians believed that all value derives from the land
- 2) The most celebrated spokesman of utilitarianism were Jeremy Bentham and John Stuart Mill
3. Utilitarians were advocates of the idea that India could be ruled through indigenous laws and customs
- 4) Utilitarians were an advocate of the idea of the 'greatest good for the greatest number of people'

Select the correct answer using the code given below :

- A. 1 and 4 only
- B. 2 and 4 only
- C. 1, 2 and 4
- D. 2 and 3

47. Which of the following was/were the reasons for the defeat of the British during the American War of Independence?

- 1) The remoteness of the American Continent and the lack of good roads
- 2) The British authorities failed to rally the loyalist Americans
- 3) The Americans benefited from the extraordinary military leadership of George Washington
- 4) The Americans had access to superior arms and ammunition

Select the correct answer using the code given below :

- A. 1, 2 and 4
- B. 3 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

48. Although used earlier by French and German writers, the term 'Industrial Revolution' in English was first popularized by

- A. Adam Smith
- B. Amold Toynbee
- C. James Mill
- D. Bertrand Russell

49. In the 19th century, the majority of the workers in Japan's modern industries were mainly

- A. Japanese men and children
- B. Japanese women and Chinese men
- C. Women
- D. Japanese and Chinese men

50. Consider the following statements, which of the following is/are not true about French revolutionary philosophers views -

- 1) French revolutionary philosophers taught that man was born to suffer
- 2) Man allows destroying prejudice and improving the institutions of man
- 3) The power of reason alone was sufficient to build an entire

society. Codes:

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. 3 only
- D. 2 and 3

51. Who among the following was not a member of the 'Big Four' in the Congress of Vienna (1815)?

- A. Great Britain
- B. Russia
- C. Austria
- D. France

52. Which of the following is/are true relating to Nelson Mandela?

- 1) He was the first President of South Africa.
- 2) Mandela spent 18 years in prison on Robben Island.
- 3) Mandela became the President in 1990 after his release from the prison.

Select the correct answer using the code given below -

- A. 1 and 3 only
- B. 2 and 3 only

- C. 2 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

53. Which among the following was/were among the factors for England to experience the Industrial Revolution first?

- 1) The scientific inventions had paved the way for the Industrial Revolution.
- 2) It had favourable social and political structures in place.
- 3) Navigable rivers had made inland transport easier.
- 4) It had seen the ascendancy of capitalist practices.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1 and 3 only
- B. 1, 3 and 4 only
- C. 4 only
- D. 1, 2, 3 and 4

54. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1) In 1948, Burma was admitted to the United Nations and immediately supported the USA in the cold war
- 2) In 1948, Burma joined the United Nations but refused to denounce China as the Aggressor in the Korean War

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

55. The treaty of Schonbrunn (1809) was signed after which one of the following battles?

- A. Battle of Austerlitz
- B. Battle of Tilsit
- C. Battle of Wagram
- D. Battle of Lisbon

56. When did the Stamp Act Congress consisting of delegates from 9 of the 13 colonies of America meet in New York City?

- A. 1763
- B. 1764
- C. 1765
- D. 1766

57. Consider the following statements related to Dayanand's idea of social reform:

- 1) Dayanand's reform envisaged a social order, where different castes performed functions suitable to their status determined by merit.
- 2) Dayanand's 'robust Vedic counterpart' challenged the masculine West that had enslaved the Aryavarta.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

58. The ruins of Vijayanagara (Hampi) were brought to public light in the year 1800 by the following British surveyor and engineer:

- A. James Prinsep
- B. Colin Mackenzie
- C. James Rennell
- D. Charles Metcalfe

59. Which one of the following pairs of travellers and their nationality is not correctly matched?

- A. Ibn Battuta – Moroccan
- B. Duarte Barbosa – Portuguese
- C. Jean Baptiste Tavernier – Dutch
- D. Niccolo Manucci – Venetian

60. Consider the following statements related to Wellesley's administration:

1) In the six years of Wellesley's administration, the army accounted for 42.5 percent of the Company's total expenditure.

2) Wellesley's administrative measures were restricted to the affairs of the Company and had nothing to do with the commercial and military affairs of the Indian ruling families.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

61. Who among the following died in exile?

- A. Rani Laxmibai
- B. Bahadur Shah Zafar
- C. Tantia Tope
- D. Nana Saheb

62. Which one of the following was NOT a feature of the Subsidiary Alliance of Lord Wellesley?

- A. The British were responsible for protecting the ally from any external threats
- B. All internal threats were to be handled by the ally alone, with no help from the British
- C. The ally was to provide resources for maintaining a British armed contingent stationed in its territory
- D. The ally could not enter into any agreement with other rulers without the permission of the British

63. Which of the following statements with regards to the Civil Disobedience movement is/are correct?

- 1) The movement received a massive response from business groups and peasantry
- 2) The movement coincided with large scale labour upsurge in Maharashtra
- 3) The movement was marked by the mass participation of lawyers and students

Select the correct answer using the code given below :

- A. 1 only
- B. 1 and 2 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

64. Which of the following statements about Gandhiji's Hind Swaraj written in 1909 is/are true?

- 1) Hind Swaraj offers a civilizational concept of the Indian nation.
- 2) Hind Swaraj states that Parliamentary democracy was necessary for the amelioration of the sufferings of Indians.
- 3) Hind Swaraj argues that Industrial capitalism was responsible for the immorality of society.

Select the correct answer using the code given below :

- A. 3 only
- B. 1, 2 and 3
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1 only

65. Who among the following is/was associated with 'Maharashtra Andhashraddha Nirmoolan Samiti' ?

- A. Chandi Prasad Bhatt
- B. Narendra Dabholkar
- C. G.D . Agrawal
- D. Kailash Satyarthi

66. The Vijayanagara Empire received its death-blow at the battle of:

- A. Talikota in 1565
- B. Panipat in 1661
- C. Talikota in 1665
- D. Raichur in 1510

67. Which of the following statements about hill stations of colonial India is/are correct?

- 1) The architecture of hill stations sought to recreate the European style

2) Hill stations were developed as sanitariums where soldiers were treated for the illness

3) Shimla became the official residence of the Commander in Chief of the Indian Army

4) In 1864, Shimla had to be evacuated because of a Typhoid

epidemic Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1 only
- B. 1, 2 and 3
- C. 3 and 4
- D. 2 and 3 only

68. Who among the following founded the Rajahmundry Social Reform Association in 1878 in support of widow remarriage?

- A. Vishanshastri Pandit
- B. Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar
- C. Pandita Ramabai
- D. Veeresalingam Pantulu

69. The Salt Satyagraha called by Mahatma Gandhi saw the –

- 1) violation of salt laws along coastal India
- 2) participation of women
- 3) upward swing when it came to the working class joining

in Select the correct answer using the code. given below –

- A. 1 and 3 only
- B. 2 only
- C. 1 and 2 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

70. During the Civil Disobedience Movement, tribals in Chota Nagpur –

- 1) gave up opium consumption
- 2) wore Khadi
- 3) gave up drinking liquor and eating meat

Select the correct answer using the code given below –

- A. 1 and 3 only
- B. 1 only
- C. 1, 2 and 3
- D. 2 and 3 only

71. Which of the following was/were the new feature/features visible in the Quit India Movement (1942)?

- 1) Large-scale movements in some of the industrial areas
- 2) Large-scale mass involvement in some of the Princely States
- 3) Increase in the activities of the Kisan Sabha

Select the correct answer using the code given below -

- A. 1, 2 and 3
- B. 1 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 3 only

72. Who among the following was associated with the Gudam-Rampa Rebellion?

- A. Birsa Munda
- B. Kushal Konwar
- C. Alluri Sitarama Raju
- D. Mangal Pandey

73. Who among the following was associated with the Hindustan Socialist Republican Association?

- A. Subhash Chandra Bose
- B. Mahatma Gandhi
- C. Bhagat Singh
- D. Laxmi Sehgal

74. Which one among the following is *not* true about Bal Gangadhar Tilak?

- A. He started the New English School in Poona
- B. He founded the Shri Shivaji Fund Committee for the celebration of Shiv Jayanti

- C. He preached the cult of self-reliance
- D. He transformed the household worshipping of Ganesha into a public event

75. Which one of the following associations was founded in London by Dadabhai Naoroji in 1866?

- A. The Bengal British India Society
- B. The East India Association
- C. The British Indian Association
- D. The Madras Native Association

76. Which one of the following Statements about Bipin Chandra Pal is correct?

- A. He was a member of the moderate group of Congress
- B. He was a member of the extremist group of Congress
- C. He was the Minister of Defence in the first Government of independent India
- D. He was the chief Minister of West Bengal

77. The art piece "In Memoriam" was a creation of which one of the following European painters?

- A. Thomas Jones Barker
- B. Joseph Noel Paton
- C. Thomas Daniell
- D. Charles D'Oyly

78. Which Indian businessman favoured 'healthy capitalism' in helping Gandhiji to work towards a 'common object'?

- A. Ghanshyam Das Birla
- B. Ambalal Sarabhai
- C. Sir Biren Mookerjee
- D. T. T. K. Krishnamachari

79. During the Swadeshi movement, a National College was started in Calcutta under the principalship of

- A. Rabindranath Tagore
- B. Aurobindo Ghosh

- C. Rajani Kant Sen
- D. Syed Abu Mohammad

80. Who among the following was the first Indian to qualify for the Indian Civil Service?

- A. Satyendranath Tagore
- B. Surendranath Banerjee
- C. R.C Dutt
- D. Subhas Chandra Bose

81. Name the first major voluntary association representing primarily Indian landlord interests that was set up in Calcutta in 1851?

- A. British Indian Association
- B. Landholder's Society
- C. Madras Native Association
- D. Bombay Association

82. Who among the following are the two civil servants who assisted the Constituent Assembly in framing the Constitution of India?

- A. B . N. Rau and K. M. Munshi
- B. S. N. Mukherjee and Alladi Krishna Swamy Aiyar
- C. B . N. Rau and S. N. Mukherjee
- D. K. M. Munshi and Krishna Swamy Aiyar

83. Which member of the constituent assembly proposed the resolution that the National Flag of India be a "horizontal tricolour of saffron, white and dark green in equal proportion". With a wheel in navy blue at the centre?

- A. Jawaharlal Nehru
- B. B .R. Ambedkar
- C. Rajendra Prasad
- D. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel

84. Who among the following is one of the authors of the book "Philosophy of the Bomb?"

- A. Bhagat Singh
- B. Jawaharlal Nehru

- C. Surya Sen
- D. Yashpal

85. Which of the following statements about the Chittagong group is NOT correct?

- A. Its membership included a large number of youth including Ganesh Ghosh, Lokenath Baul and Anant Singh
- B. Its leader Surya Sen had been a lawyer in Dhaka before joining the group
- C. Surya Sen and his group were closely associated with Congress work in Chittagong
- D. This group had prepared an action plan to occupy the armouries in Chittagong

86. Which of the following thinkers and movements influenced the development of Gandhiji's political ideas ?

- 1) Henry David Thoreau
- 2) John Ruskin
- 3) John Milton
- 4) Jainism

Select the correct answer using the code given below :

- A. 1 only
- B. 1, 2 and 3 only
- C. 1, 2 and 4 only
- D. 2 and 4 only

87. Consider the following statements :

- 1) Warren Hastings set up the Calcutta Madrasa for the study and teaching of Muslim law-related subjects.
- 2) Jonathan Duncan started a Sanskrit College at Varanasi for the study of Hindu law and philosophy.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only

- C. Both 1 nor 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

88. Which of the following features of the Permanent Settlement of 1793 is/are correct?

- 1) The Permanent Settlement vested land ownership rights in the peasants
- 2) The Permanent Settlement vested land ownership rights in the Zamindars
- 3) The Zamindars had to pay a fixed amount of rent by the particular date
- 4) The Zamindars benefited hugely from the Permanent Settlement while the peasants suffered

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 4
- D. 1, 2 and 3

89. By the late 19th century, India was one of the largest producers and exporters of

- A. Cotton yarn and Wheat
- B. Sugar and Rice
- C. Sugar and Alcohol
- D. Iron and Steel

90. Who among the following did not bring trading ships to the port of Surat in pre-British times?

- A. Portuguese and English
- B. Russian and German
- C. English and Arab
- D. French and Arab

91. Which of the following statements about the Progressive Writers' Association, which created a generation of creative people, is/are correct?

- 1) It thought critically about the poverty and hunger of the Indian people.

- 2) It brought out the positive developments of colonialism.
- 3) Its creative pursuits began with a critical evaluation of Gandhian politics.
- 4) It planned India's development model.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 and 3
- C. 1 and 4
- D. 1 and 3

92. Gandhiji's 'Harijan Campaign' sought to –

- 1) attack the Caste System as a whole
- 2) open wells, roads, temples, etc., to Harijans
- 3) encourage social work among Harijans

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 2 and 3
- C. 1 and 3
- D. 3 only

93. Which one of the following about the Swadeshi Campaign in 1896 is not correct?

- A. Its centre was Maharashtra
- B. Its main participants were students
- C. It opposed the levy of tariff on imports
- D. It publicly burnt foreign clothes

94. Consider the following movements :

- 1) Moplah Rebellion
- 2) Bardoli Satyagraha
- 3) Champaran Satyagraha

4) Salt Satyagraha

Which one of the following is the correct chronological order of the above in ascending order?

- A. 1-3-4-2
- B. 3-1-2-4
- C. 2-3-1-4
- D. 4-2-1-3

95. In April 2017, India celebrated 100 years of Mahatma Gandhi's -

- A. Satyagraha in Kheda
- B. Dandi March
- C. Satyagraha in Champaran
- D. Return from South Africa

96. Which one of the following statements about the Ilbert Bill is correct?

- A. It proposed that the Indian Magistrates would try Europeans in criminal cases.
- B. It allowed Indians to file criminal cases against Europeans.
- C. It authorized Indian ICS officers to try Europeans in courts.
- D. It was an agitation led by Ilbert in support of the nationalists.

97. Who among the following was believed to be a leader of the Sanyasis and Fakirs conspiring against the British in 1857?

- A. Mangal Pandey
- B. Bahadur Shah II
- C. Queen Zeenat Mahal
- D. Nana Sahib

98. Which of the following Land Revenue system encompassed the largest area?

- A. Zabti System
- B. Permanent Settlement System
- C. Ryotwari System
- D. Mahalwari System

99. The Newspaper "Shom Prakash" was started by?

- A. Dayananda Saraswati
- B. Surendranath Banerjee
- C. Raja Ram Mohan Roy
- D. Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar

100. Which colonial administrator made the following declaration about the partition of Bengal in 1904 - "Bengal united is a power. Bengal divided will pull in different ways. That is perfectly true and one of the merits of the Scheme"

- A. Lord Curzon
- B. H. H. Risley
- C. Lord Minto
- D. Sir Lancelot Hare

101. Which one of the following is a feature of thought and philosophy of the Kandukuri Viresalingam?

- A. He believed that science and morality were unconnected to truth
- B. He believed in universal education
- C. He believed that language had no role in inculcating morality in students
- D. He did not attempt to build a national consciousness on a cultural base

102. The objectives of the Hindustan Socialist Republican Association were:

1. To support the Gandhian Movement at a big scale.
2. To preach social revolutionary and communistic principles.
3. To nationalise the railways and big industries.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

103. Which one of the following was NOT a feature of railways in colonial India?

- A. The main purpose of the setting up of railways in India was to serve the interest of the empire
- B. British capital investments were invited with 15% guaranteed interest to be paid if necessary from Indian revenues
- C. The construction work disturbed ecology
- D. The construction of the railways was planned in such a way that it connected the internal markets with the ports but provided no interconnection between internal market cities.

104. Consider the following given statements regarding the Congress Socialist Party:

1. It advocated the boycott of British goods & evasion of taxes.
 2. It wanted to establish the dictatorship of the proletariat.
 3. It advocated separate electorate for minorities & oppressed classes.
- Which among the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 3 only
- C. 1, 2 and 3
- D. None of the Above

- A. Mahatma Gandhi
- B. Vallabhbhai Patel
- C. Rajendra Prasad
- D. Kalyanji Mehta

106. Which of the following state was not annexed using "Doctrine of Lapse" -

- A. Satara
- B. Baghat
- C. Awadh
- D. Udaipur