

## GENERAL ENGINEERING SCIENCES

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Paper—IV

( SECTION—II )

(Subjective)

Time Allowed: 2 Hours ]

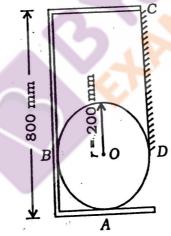
[ Maximum Marks: 100

Note:

- (1) Attempt any five questions.
- (2) The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.
- (3) All parts of a question must be answered together.
- 1. (a) Explain what you understand by section modulus.

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- (b) Find the dimensions of the strongest rectangular beam that can be cut out of a log of wood 1.8 m diameter.
- 10
- 2. A 1000 N cylinder is supported in a frame ABC as shown in the figure below:



The frame is hinged at C. Determine the reaction at A, B, C and D. 20

3. (a) State and prove Kirchhoff's law of radiation.

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- (b) Air stream at 24 °C is flowing at 0.4 m/s across a 100 W bulb at 130 °C. If the bulb is approximated by 65 mm diameter sphere, calculate—
  - (i) heat transfer rate;
  - (ii) percentage of power lost due to convection.

7+8=15

|     | ī.      | Describe the significance of break-even chart and the managerial 10 uses of break-even analysis.   |         |
|-----|---------|--|---------|
| 4   | (a)     | Describe the significance of bleast  |         |
| 4.  | (u)     | Describe the significant uses of break-even analysis.  5   |         |
|     |         | and uncertainty.   |         |
|     | (b)     | Differentiate between risk and uncertainty.  1×5=5   |         |
|     | (~)     |  |         |
|     | (c)     | Define the following:  |         |
|     |         | (i) Lead time  |         |
|     |         | a constant   |         |
|     |         | lyaje  |         |
|     |         |  |         |
|     |         | (iv) ABC analysis  |         |
|     |         | (v) Profile volume ratio (PVR)   |         |
|     |         |  |         |
|     |         | till do and moving blades are of the   |         |
| 5.  | In      | a reaction turbine, the fixed blades and moving blades are of the ne shape, but reversed in direction. The angles of receiving tips and shape, but reversed in direction. The power developed per unit of the power tips are 35° and 20°. Find the power the blade speed is  |         |
| ٥.  | sar     | ne shape, but reversed in direction. The power developed per unit of   |         |
|     | dis     | a reaction turbine, the flactor. The angles of receiving dipolar ne shape, but reversed in direction. The angles of receiving dipolar ne shape, but reversed in direction. The angles of receiving dipolar ne shape, but reversed in direction. The angles of receiving dipolar ne shape, but reversed in direction. The angles of receiving dipolar ne shape, but reversed in direction. The angles of receiving dipolar ne shape, but reversed in direction. The angles of receiving dipolar ne shape, but reversed in direction. The angles of receiving dipolar ne shape, but reversed in direction. The angles of receiving dipolar ne shape, but reversed in direction. The angles of receiving dipolar ne shape, but reversed in direction. The angles of receiving dipolar ne shape, but reversed in direction of 2.5 kg/s, when the blade speed is  |         |
|     | bla     | charging tips are 35° and 20°. Find the power developed per day of the charging tips are 35° and 20°. Find the power developed per day of the steam consumption of 2.5 kg/s, when the blade speed is des for a steam consumption of 2.5 kg/s, find the efficiency of   | `       |
|     | 50      | charging tips are 35 days described the charging tips are 35 days described the descri | ,       |
|     | the     | pair.  |         |
|     |         |  | V       |
|     |         | Establish the equivalence of the two statements of second law of   |         |
| 6.  | (a)     | Establish the equivalence of the two statements  | 10      |
| 0.  | (~)     | thermodynamics.  |         |
|     |         |  |         |
|     | (h      | With the help of neat schematic diagram, discuss the modified  | 10      |
|     | (2)     | With the help of heat schemater.  Rankine cycle on P-V, T-S and h-S diagram.   |         |
|     |         |  |         |
|     |         |  |         |
|     |         | Compare among Otto, Diesel and dual cycles on the basis of—  |         |
| 7   | , (a    |  |         |
|     |         | (i) same compression ratio; (ii) same maximum pressure and temperature.  5+  | r_10    |
|     |         | (ii) same maximum pressure and temperature.  | 5=10    |
|     | •       |  |         |
|     | n       | In an air standard Diesel cycle, the compression ratio is 16 and a   | ıt<br>- |
|     | (L      | the beginning of isentropic compression, the temperature is 15.°   | C       |
|     |         | and the pressure is 0.1 MPa. Heat is added until the temperature   | at      |
|     |         | the end of constant pressure process is 1480 °C. Calculate—  |         |
|     |         |  | . 4     |
| *   |         |  |         |
| i-j | 14 g. 1 | (ii) the mean effective pressure.  | )+D=    |



9. Mention different sources of water available in India. What is purification of water? Discuss, in brief, the water purification plants available in India.

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10. (a) Discuss the major pollutants produced by human activity. What are the environmental impacts of greenhouse gas pollutants?

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(b) What do you understand by sustainable development? Discuss, in brief, the methods to enforce the concept of sustainable development.

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