

# Difference Between Legislative and Executive

The functions of a legislative body are to enact laws and approve bills. In contrast, an executive body is responsible for implementing laws and presenting bills to the legislative. The difference between legislative and executive is tabulated below:

Legislative	Executive
The legislative body is the parliament of the country.	The executive body is the council of ministers, led by the Prime minister of the country.
It is responsible for passing new laws and policies.	It is responsible for the proper implementation of the laws and policies passed by the legislative body.
The legislative body in India does not have the authority to sign foreign treaties.	The executive body in India can sign or approve foreign treaties.
All the new rules and regulations made by the legislative must be presented to the executive body for approval.	The executive body can make new rules and regulations independently under the Constitution's Acts.
During the question-answer session, the member of the parliament can directly ask questions without categorizing them as starred or unstarred.	During the question-answer session, the questions are divided into two categories, starred and unstarred; the minister verbally answers the starred question and unstarred questions are answered in a written format.
The ordinance must be shelved within 6 weeks after the beginning of the Parliament session.	The ordinance can be proclaimed by the President on the recommendation of the Prime Minister if the Parliament is not in session.
Legislature has the power to give its authorisation to all Government expenses.	All the Government expense concerned items need to be tabled in Parliament; it is normally done when Union Budget is tabled in Parliament.

## What is Legislative?

The legislative body in India is the Parliament of India, composed of the president of India and the two houses, namely, Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha.

- The president is the head of the legislature and has powers to summon and defer either of the two houses of parliament.
- The head of the legislature also has the authority to dissolve Lok Sabha.
- During British colonial rule, the legislative body was the Imperial Legislative Council, created in 1861.
- The imperial legislative council was dismantled when India gained independence in 1947.

## What is Executive in India?

Some functions of the executive in India are as follows:

- The executive body of the parliament is the council of ministers, led by the Prime Minister of the country
- The executive branch enforces the law, implements policies, and governs all the states of the country