

North East States: Know All The Facts and Details PDF



North East States: Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Tripura and Sikkim
Arunachal Pradesh

Capital	Itanagar
Foundation Day	20 February 1987
Area wise Position	14th
Population wise position	27th
Chief Minister	Pema Khandu
Governor	B. D. Mishra
State animal	Mithun
State Bird	Hornbill
State tree	Hollong
State flower	foxtail orchid
Languages	Official: English Others: Nyishi, Adi, Bengali, hindi, Nepali, Bhotia, Assamese, Mishmi
Festivals and dances	Dances: Buiya, Chalo, Wancho, Pasi Kongki, Ponung, Popir, Bardo Chham. Festivals: Losar, Mopin, Solung
Rich in Minerals	Petroleum, coal, copper ore
Major Crops and Production	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• “Jhum”, the local term used for shifting cultivation is being widely practised• rice, maize, millet, wheat, pulses, sugarcane, ginger, and oilseeds
Important Rivers	Kameng, Subansiri, Siang (Brahmaputra), Dibang, Lohit and Noa Dihing rivers



Important mountain ranges	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The highest peak in the state is Kangto• Mishmi hills
Important wildlife sanctuaries and national Parks	<p>National Parks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Namdapha National Park• Mouling National Park <p>Wildlife Sanctuaries:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Talle Wildlife Sanctuary (Protected area)• Dihang Dibang Biosphere Reserve• Eagle Nest Wildlife Sanctuary• Mouling National Park• Pakke Wildlife Sanctuary• Dibang Wildlife Sanctuary• Kamlang Wildlife Sanctuary• Itanagar Wildlife Sanctuary <p>Sessa Orchid Sanctuary</p> <p>Tiger Reserves:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Pakke Tiger Reserves• Namdapha Tiger Reserves
GI tags	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Idu Mishmi Textiles (Handicraft)• Arunachal Orange (Agricultural)



Assam

Capital	Dispur
Foundation Day	26 January 1950
Area wise Position	16th
Population wise position	15th
Chief Minister	Sarbananda Sonowal (BJP)
Governor	Jagdish Mukhi
State animal	Indian rhinoceros
State Bird	White-winged duck
State tree	Hollong
State flower	Foxtail orchid
Languages	Official: Assamese Others: Bodo, Bengali
Festivals and dances	Dances: Bihu, Bichhua, Natpuja, Maharas, Kaligopal, Bagurumba, Naga dance, Khel Gopal, Tabal Chongli, Canoe, Jhumura HobjanaiArunacha Festivals: Bihu, Bwisagu, Beshoma, Bushudima, Chavang Kut
Important Historical Monuments and tourist spots	UNESCO World Heritage Site: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Kaziranga National Park• Manas Wildlife Sanctuary
Rich in Minerals	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Petroleum, natural gas, coal, limestone and other minor minerals such as magnetic quartzite, kaolin, sillimanites, clay and feldspar
Major Crops and Production	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Economy is based on agriculture and oil.



	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assam produces more than half of India's tea • It has its own variety, Camellia sinensis • Rapeseed, mustard seed, jute, potato, sweet potato, banana, papaya, areca nut, sugarcane and turmeric.
Important Rivers	Subhansiri, Lohit, Dihang, Kameng, Brahmaputra, Barak, Daleshwari
Important mountain ranges	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Namcha Barwa is the highest mountain peak of Assam • Purvanchal Range, Garo hills, Jaintiya hills, Khasi hills, Mizo hills, Naga hills, Patkai hill
Important wildlife sanctuaries and national Parks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National Parks Dibru Saikhowa National Park, Nameri National Park and the Orang National Park. • The Kaziranga is a refuge for the fast-disappearing Indian one-horned rhinoceros. • Wildlife Sanctuaries Bura Chapori Wildlife Sanctuary, Sonai Rupai Wildlife Sanctuary, Gibbon Wildlife Sanctuary, Deepor beel • Majuli is the largest freshwater island in South Asia on the Brahmaputra River.
GI tags	<p>Handicraft:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Muga Silk of Assam • Muga Silk of Assam (Logo) <p>Agricultural:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assam (Orthodox) • Assam Karbi Anglong Ginger • Joha Rice of Assam • Tezpur Litchi • Boka Chaul • Kaji Nemu
Airports and Stadiums	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Guwahati is also referred to as the "Gateway to the North-East India • Lokpriya Gopinath Bordoloi Airport, aka Guwahati Airport and formerly as 'Borjhar Airport



Meghalaya

Capital	Shillong
Foundation Day	21 January 1972
Area wise Position	22ND
Population wise position	22ND
Chief Minister	Conrad Sangma
Governor	Satya Pal Malik
State animal	Clouded leopard
State Bird	Hill myna
State tree	Gamhar
State flower	Lady's Slipper Orchid
Languages	Official: English Others: Khasi, Garo, Pnar, Bengali, Nepali, War, Hindi, Hajong, Assamese
Dances	Ka Shad Suk Mynsiem, Nongkrem, Laho.
Important Historical Monuments and tourist spots	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Famous for Living root bridges• Waterfalls: Elephant Falls, Shadthum Falls, Weinia falls, Bishop Falls, Nohkalikai Falls, Langshiang Falls and Sweet Falls• Nongknum Island located in the West Khasi Hills district is the biggest river island in Meghalaya and the second biggest in Asia.
Rich in Minerals	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• coal, limestone, uranium and sillimanite, Kaolin and granite



Major Crops and Production	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Rice, maize, wheat, and a few other cereals and pulses• Cash Crops: potato, ginger, turmeric, black pepper, areca nut, Bay leaf (Cinnamomum tamala), betel, short-staple cotton, jute, mesta, mustard and rapeseed• orange, lemon, pineapple, guava, litchi, banana, jack fruits and fruits such as plum, pear, and peach
Important Rivers	Someshwari, Myntdu
Important mountain ranges	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The highest point in Meghalaya is Shillong Peak• Nokrek Peak, Khasi, Jaintia hill, Garo Hill• Cherrapunji) in the Khasi Hills south of capital Shillong holds the world record for most rain in a calendar month• Mawsynram, near Sohra (Cherrapunji), holds the record for the most rain in a year
Important wildlife sanctuaries and national Parks	National parks: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Balphakram National Park• Nokrek Ridge National Park Wildlife Sanctuaries: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Baghmara Pitcher plant WLS• Nongkhylllem WLS• Siju WLS
GI tags	Agricultural: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Khasi Mandarin• Memong Narang
Important facts	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Meghalaya is known as the Scotland of east• Mawlynnong is the cleanest village of Asia• Meghalaya is also known for its "sacred groves"



Mizoram:

Capital	Aizawl
Foundation Day	20 February 1987
Area wise Position	25th
Population wise position	28th
Chief Minister	Zoramthanga
Governor	P. S. Sreedharan Pillai
State animal	Himalayan serow
State Bird	Mrs. Hume's pheasant
State tree	Indian rose chestnut
State flower	Red Vanda
Languages	Official: Mizo and English
Festivals and dances	Dance: Cheraw Dance, Khuallam, Chailam, Sawlakin, Chawnglaizawn, Zangtalam, Par Lam, Sarlamkai/Solakia, Tlanglam. Festivals: Chapchar Kut, Thalfavang Kut, Mim Kut and Pawl Kut
Important Historical Monuments and tourist spots	Mizoram is a bird watcher's destination.
Major Crops and Production	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Rice: the largest crop grown• Mizoram is one of the leading producers of bamboo in India• significant producer and domestic supplier of banana, ginger, turmeric, passion fruit, orange and chowchow



Important Rivers	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The biggest river in Mizoram is Chhimtuipui, also known as Kaladan• Other rivers: Tlawng, Tut, Tuirial and Tuivawl
Important mountain ranges	Phawngpui Tlang also known as the Blue Mountain, is the highest peak in Mizoram
Important wildlife sanctuaries and national Parks	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Palak lake is the biggest in Mizoram• Other lakes: Tam Dil, Rih Dil• National Parks:<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Blue Mountain (Phawngpui) National Park○ Murlen National Park• Wildlife Sanctuaries<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Dampa Tiger Reserve (largest)○ Lengteng Wildlife Sanctuary○ Ngengpui Wildlife Sanctuary○ Tawi Wildlife Sanctuary○ Khawnglung Wildlife Sanctuary○ Thorangtlang Wildlife Sanctuary
GI tags	Agricultural <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Mizo Chilli• Handicraft• Pawndum• Ngotekherh• Hmaram• Tawlhlohpuan• Mizo Puanchei
Airports and Stadiums	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Lengpui Airport at Aizawl Sports: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Rajiv Gandhi Stadium (Aizawl) For Athletics and Football• Lammual Football• Thenzawl Golf Course



Nagaland

Capital	Kohima
Foundation Day	1 December 1963
Area wise Position	26th
Population wise position	25th
Chief Minister	Neiphiu Rio
Governor	R. N. Ravi
State animal	Mithun
State Bird	Blyth's tragopan
State tree	Alder
State flower	Tree rhododendron
Languages	Official: English
Festivals and dances	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Dances: Rangma, Bamboo Dance, Zeliang, Nsuirolians, Gethinglim, Temangnetin, Hetaleulee.• Nagaland is known in India as the land of festivals• Hornbill Festival launched by Nagaland State government for the inter-tribal interaction and to promote cultural heritage of the state.• Other Festival: Moatsu, Nazu, Sekrenyi, Tuluni, Yemshe
Important Historical Monuments and tourist spots	Hornbill Festival is the main tourists attraction.
Rich in Minerals	Chromium, Nickel, cobalt, Iron ore, coal, limestone
Major Crops and Production	Rice, corn, small millets, pulses, Oilseed, fibre, potato, tobacco



Important Rivers	Dhansiri, Doyang, Dikhu
Important mountain ranges	Naga Hills
Important wildlife sanctuaries and national Parks	National Parks <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Intanki National Park Wildlife sanctuaries <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Fakim WLS• Puliebadze WLS• Rangapahar WLS
GI tags	Agricultural: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Naga Tree Tomato• Naga Mircha• Handicraft• Chakshesang Shawl
Airports and Stadiums	Nagaland Cricket Association Stadium, (Cricket)



Tripura:

Capital	Agartala
Foundation Day	21 January 1972
Area wise Position	27th
Population wise position	22nd
Chief Minister	Biplab Kumar Deb
Governor	Ramesh Bais
State animal	Phayre's leaf monkey
State Bird	Green imperial pigeon
State tree	Agarwood
State flower	Indian rose chestnut
Languages	Official: Bengali and Kokborok
Festivals and dances	Hojagiri.
Rich in Minerals	Natural Gas, Glass sand, fireclay, limestone, plastic clay, quartz silica sand
Major Crops and Production	Rice, potato, sugarcane, mesta, pulses and jute Jackfruit and pineapple known for its handicraft, particularly hand-woven cotton fabric, wood carvings, and bamboo products
Important Rivers	Khowai, Dhalai, Manu, Juri and Longai, Gumti, Muhuri and Feni
Important mountain ranges	Boromura, Atharamura, Longtharai, Shakhan and Jampui Hills



Important wildlife sanctuaries and national Parks	wildlife sanctuaries <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sipahijola, Gumti wildlife sanctuaries• Rowa wildlife sanctuaries• Trishna wildlife sanctuaries National parks <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Clouded Leopard National Park• Rajbari National Park
GI tags	Tripura Queen Pineapple (Agricultural)
Airports and Stadiums	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Maharaja Bir Bikram College Stadium, Agartala, (Cricket)• Maharaja Bir Bikram Airport, Agartala



Sikkim

Capital	Gangtok
Foundation Day	16 May 1975
Area wise Position	27th
Population wise position	28th
Chief Minister	Prem Singh Tamang
Governor	Ganga Prasad
State animal	Red panda
State Bird	Blood pheasant
State tree	Rhododendron
State flower	Noble dendrobium
Languages	Official: English, Nepali, Sikkimese, Lepcha
Festivals and dances	Chu Faat Dance, Sikkhari, Singhi Chaam or the Snow Lion Dance, Yak Chaam, Denzong Gnenha, Tashi Yangku Dance, Khukuri Naach, Chutkey Naach, Maruni Dance. Festivals: Tihar (Diwali) and Dashain (Dashera). Traditional local festivals, such as Maghe Sankranti, Sakela, Chasok Tangnam and Bhimsen Puja
Important Historical Monuments and tourist spots	UNESCO World Heritage Site: Khangchendzonga National Park Others: Nathula Pass
Rich in Minerals	copper, dolomite, talc, graphite, quartzite, coal, zinc, and lead
Major Crops and Production	terraced farming of rice, maize, millet, wheat, barley, oranges, tea, and cardamom largest producer of cardamom
Important Rivers	Teesta and Rangeet



Important mountain ranges	Kangchenjunga
Important wildlife sanctuaries and national Parks	Khangchendzonga National Park Barsey Rhododendron Wildlife Sanctuary Fambong Lho Wildlife Sanctuary Kitam (Bird) Wildlife Sanctuary Kyongnosla Alpine Wildlife Sanctuary Maenam Wildlife Sanctuary Pangolakha Wildlife Sanctuary Shingba (Rhododendron) Wildlife Sanctuary
GI tags	Sikkim Large Cardamom (Agricultural)
Airports and Stadiums	Baichung Stadium, (Football) Paljor Stadium, (Football) Jorethang Ground, (Football)



Manipur

Capital	Imphal
Foundation Day	21 January 1972
Area wise Position	23rd
Population wise position	23rd
Chief Minister	N. Biren Singh
Governor	Najma Heptulla
State animal	Sangai
State Bird	Nongin
State tree	Uningthou
State flower	Siroi lily
Languages	Official Language: Meitei language and English.
Dances	Dol Chalam, Thang Ta, Lai Haraoba, Pung Cholom, Khamba Thai,bi, Nupa Dance, Raslila, Khubak Ishei, Lhou Sha.megha
Important Historical Monuments and tourist spots	Loktak lake, Floating Islands
Rich in Minerals	Chromite, Limestone, green marble, hydrocarbon
Major Crops and Production	Lychee, Cashew, Walnut, Orange, Lemon, Pineapple, Papaya, Passion Fruit, Peach, Pear and Plum one of India's largest contributor to its bamboo industry
Important Rivers	Barak: largest river in the state Manipur River Imphal River
Important mountain ranges	Kaina, a hillock is a sacred place for Manipuri Hindus



	<p>Dzüko Valley the largest fresh water lake in northeast India, the Loktak Lake, a miniature inland sea Floating islands are made out of the tangle of watery weeds and other plants</p>
Important wildlife sanctuaries and national Parks	<p>Khongjaingamba Ching WLS Yangoupokpi-Lokchao WLS Keibul Lamjao National Park</p>
GI tags	<p>Textile: Shaphee Lanphee Wangkhei Phee Moirang Phee Agricultural Kachai Lemon Chak-Hao (Black Rice)</p>
Airports and Stadiums	<p>Khuman Lampak Main Stadium, (Football) Hawla Indoor Stadium, (Basketball) Imphal International Airport is situated in the capital Imphal</p>





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