1. Match List-I with List-II and choose the correct answer using the code given below.

| List-I (Text) <br> i. <br> Kiratarjuniyam |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ii. | Dashakumar |  |  |  |
| iii. | Buddha Charitam |  |  |  |
| iv. |  |  |  |  |
| Codes: |  |  |  |  |
|  | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| A. | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| B. | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| C. | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| D. | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 |

List-I (Writer)

1. Dandi
2. Kalidas
3. Bharavi
4. Ashvaghosha
odes:

Ans. (B)
2. A large tank near Mahoba, temples at Ajaygarh and Mahoba and city of Rajavasini were built by a Chandella King
A. Nannuk
B. Vakpati
C. Rahil
D. Jayashakti

Ans. (C)
3. Which of the following Rights a cultivator enjoyed on his own land during the Mughal period?
A. Right to mortgage only
B. Right to sell and gift
C. Right to mortgage and gift
D. All the above rights

Ans. (A)
4. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the code given below

| List-1 (Tribes) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| i. | Tharus |  |  |  |
| ii. | Todas |  |  |  |
| iii. | Santhal |  |  |  |
| iv. | Gond |  |  |  |
| Codes: |  |  |  |  |
|  | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| A. | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| B. | 4 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| C. | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| D. | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 |

Ans. (D)
5. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the code given below.

|  | List-I | List-I |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| i. | Nokrek | 1. Uttarakhand |
| ii. | Agasthyamalai | 2. Arunachal Pradesh |
| iii. | Nandadevi | 3. Kerala |

```
iv. Dehang Debang
4. Meghalaya
```

Codes:

|  | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A. | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| B. | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| C. | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| D. | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |

Ans. (A)
6. States get share of the revenue from
A. Income Tax
B. Customs Revenue
C. Excise Tax
D. Surcharge on Income Tax

Ans. (C)
7. Which Article of the Indian Constitution empowers Parliament to make law for implementing international agreements?
A. Article 249
B. Article 250
C. Article 252
D. Article 253

Ans. (D)
8. Who appoints the acting Chief Justice of India?
A. Chief Justice of India
B. Chief Justice of India with previous consent of the President
C. President of India
D. President in consultation with the Chief Justice of India

Ans. (C)
9. The rotation intensity of Maize-Mustard-Mung crop is
A. $100 \%$
B. $200 \%$
C. $300 \%$
D. $400 \%$

Ans. (C)
10. Which of the following is NOT a Kharif crop?
A. Soyabean
B. Lentil
C. Cotton
D. Pigeon pea

Ans. (B)
11. 'Five Star Village Scheme' started by Government of India in September 2020 relates to which one of the following?
A. Electricity Supply
B. Postal Service Schemes
C. Health Services
D. Primary Education

Ans. (B)
12. Who won the US Open 2020. Mens Tennis Singles Title on 14th September, 2020?
A. Alex Zverev
B. Dominic Thiem
C. D. Medvedev
D. P.C. Busta

Ans. (B)
13. Which of the following pairs is NOT correctly matched?

## Ancient name of the cities Modern name of the cities

A. Esipattan - Saranath
B. Dashapur - Mandsor
C. Banvasi - Talkad
D. Mahoday - Kannauj

Ans. (C)
14. The early farming site located on the bank of lake is
A. Mehargarh
B. Lahuradeva
C. Chirand
D. T. Narsipur

Ans. (D)
15. Author of the 'Dastane Mazahib' which discusses about the Din-i-Ilahi of Akbar, was
A. Mohammad Rabbani
B. Mohsin Faani
C. Badauni
D. Afif

Ans. (B)
16. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the code given below


Ans. (C)
17. Who was appointed the Minister of 'Ministry of Rehabilitation' set up on 06 September, 1947?
A. S. P. Mukerji
B. Sardar Vallabhabhai Patel
C. J. L. Nehru
D. K.C. Niyogi

Ans. (D)
18. 'Leopold Matrix' is associated with
A. Weather Forecasting
B. Disaster Management
C. Environmental Impact Assessment
D. Environmental Law

Ans. (C)
19. The Joint Sitting of the Indian Parliament for transacting a legistlative business is presided over by
A. The President of India
B. The senior most Member of Parliament
C. The Chaiman of the Jajya Sabha
D. The Speaker of Lok Sabha

Ans. (D)
20. The term 'Office of Profit' has been defined by the
A. Constitution
B. Parliament
C. Supreme Court
D. Union Council of Ministers

Ans. (B)
21. While deciding any question relating to the disqualification of a Member of Parliament, the President shall obtain the opinion of
A. Election Commission
B. Chief Justice of India
C. Attorney General
D. Speaker of the Lok Sabha

Ans. (A)
22. Soyabean seed contains
A. $20 \%$ protein and $40 \%$ oil B. $40 \%$ protein and $10 \%$ oil
C. $40 \%$ protein and $20 \%$ oil D. $20 \%$ protein and $20 \%$ oil

Ans. (C)
23. As per the results of 'Swachh Sarvekshan 2020', announced by Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs on $20^{\text {th }}$ August 2020, which is the Cleanest City in Uttar Pradesh?
A. Agra
B. Gaziabad
C. Lucknow
D. Prayagraj

Ans. (B)
24. How many teachers from Uttar Pradesh were selected for 'National Award' on Teachers day $5^{\text {th }}$ Sept., 2020?
A. Six
B. Five
C. Four
D. Three

Ans. (D)
25. 'Poshan Maah' was celebrated by Government of India in the year 2020, in which of the following months?
A. September
B. August
C. July
D. June

## Ans. (A)

26. If two triangulation signals of 6.75 m height each are to be just visible over ground mutually, what is the maximum distance between their locations on the ground surface?
A. 10 km
B. 20 km
C. 30 km
D. 50 km

Ans. (B)
27. The system that uses the sun as a source of electromagnetic energy and records the naturally radiated and reflected energy from the object is called
A. Geographical Information System (GIS)
B. Global Positioning System (GPS)
C. Passive Remote Sensing (PRS)
D. Active Remote Sensing (ARS)

Ans. (C)
28. The ratio of curvature correction to that of refraction is
A. 3
B. 12
C. 14
D. 7

Ans. (D)
29. In a vertical curve, an upgrade of $2.0 \%$ is followed by a downgrade of $2.0 \%$. The rate of change of grade is $0.05 \%$ per 20 m chain. The length of the vertical curve will be
A. 800 m
B. 1000 m
C. 1200 m
D. 1600 m

Ans. (D)
30. Repetition of beds on a geological map may be due to
A. Unconformity
B. Disconformity
C. Faulting
D. Folding

## Ans. (D)

31. The velocity distribution in turbulent flow is a function of the distance ' $y$ ' measured from the boundary surface and the friction velocity $\mu$, and follows a
A. parabolic law
B. hyperbolic law
C. logarithmic law
D. linear law

Ans. (C)
32. While conducting flow measurement using a rectangular notch, an error of $2 \%$ in head over the notch and error of $3 \%$ in the length was observed. The percentage error in the computed discharge would be
A. $+6 \%$
B. $-1 \%$
C. $-2.5 \%$
D. Zero

Ans. (A)
33. A channel designed by Lacey's theory has a mean velocity of $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ and silt factor of unity. The hydraulic mean radius will be
A. $\quad 2.5 \mathrm{~m}$
B. 2 m
C. 1 m
D. 0.5 m

## Ans. (A)

34. A pipe is said to be equivalent to another if, in both
A. Length and discharge are the same
B. Velocity and diameter are the same
C. Discharge and frictional head loss are the same
D. Length and diameter are the same

Ans. (C)
35. The pressure drop per unit length of pipe ( $\Delta \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{L}$ ) in Laminar flow is dependent on the velocity, viscosity and diameter. It is equal to
A. $\frac{d^{2}}{32 \mu \mathrm{~V}}$
B. $\frac{32 \mu \mathrm{VL}}{\gamma \mathrm{d}^{2}}$
C. $\frac{32 \mu \mathrm{~V}}{d^{2}}$
D. $\frac{8 \mu \mathrm{~V}}{\mathrm{~d}^{2}}$

Ans. (C)
36. The ratio of pressures between the two points $A$ and $B$ located respectively at depth 0.25 m and 0.75 m below a constant level of water in a tank is
A. $1: 2$
B. 1:3
C. 1:4
D. $1: 5$

Ans. (B)
37. A circular plate 1 m in diameter is submerged vertically in water such that its upper edge is 8 m below the free surface of water. The total hydrostatic pressure force on one side of the plate is
A. 6.7 kN
B. $\quad 65.4 \mathrm{kN}$
C. $\quad 45.0 \mathrm{kN}$
D. 77.0 kN

Ans. (B)
38. When there is an increase in the atmospheric pressure, the water level in a well penetrating a confined aquifer
A. decreases
B. increases
C. does no undergo any change
D. decrease of increase depending on the elevation of the ground

## Ans. (A)

39. A turbine in which the total energy of water available is converted to kinetic energy is called
A. Axial flow turbine
B. Reaction turbine
C. Impulse turbine
D. Mixed flow turbine

Ans. (C)
40. Discharge per unit drawn down at a well is called
A. Specific storage
B. Specific yield
C. Specific capacity
D. None of the above

Ans. (C)
41. A stream that provides water to the water table is termed as
A. Affluent
B. Influent
C. Ephemeral
D. Effluent

Ans. (D)
42. The observed annual runoff from a basin a area $500 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ is $150 \mathrm{Mm}^{3}$ and the corresponding annual rainfall over the basin during the same year is 750 mm . What is the runoff coefficient ?
A. 0.2
B. 0.57
C. 0.4
D. 0.5

Ans. (C)
43. the theissen weights of 4 rain gauges $A, B, C$ and $D$ covering a river basin are $0.15,0.25,0.30$ and 0.30 respectively. If the average depth of rainfall for he basin is 5 cm and rainfall recorded at $B, C$ and $D$ are 5 cm , 4 cm and 5 cm respectively, what is the rainfall at $A$ ?
A. 5 cm
B. 6 cm
C. 7 cm
D. 8 cm

Ans. (C)
44. Water is to be lifted by a net head of 240 m . Identical pumps each with specific speed of 30 and rotational speed of 1450 rpm with design discharge $0.2 \mathrm{~m} 3 / \mathrm{s}$ are available. The number of pumps required will be
A. 2
B. 3
C. 4
D. 5

Ans. (C)
45. For one-dimensional flow without recharge in unconfined aquifer between two water bodies, the steady water table profiles
A. a straight line
B. a parabola
C. an ellipse
D. an arc of a circle

Ans. (B)
46. As per the recommendation of the Bureau of Indian Standards, the shape of the lined canal is
A. Circular
B. Trapezoidal
C. Parabolic
D. Elliptic

Ans. (B)
47. Geological strata between ground surface and water table is also termed as
A. Piezometric zone
B. Phreatic zone
C. Vadose zone
D. Saturated zone

Ans. (C)
48. The standard $\mathrm{BOD}_{5}$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, when compared to $\mathrm{BOD}_{\mathrm{u}}$ is
A. $50 \%$
B. $68 \%$
C. $75 \%$
D. $100 \%$

Ans. (B)
49. Sludge bulking can be controlled by
A. Chlorination
B. Coagulation
C. Aeration
D. Denitrification

Ans. (A)
50. Uniformity coefficient of filter sand is given by
A. $\frac{D_{60}}{D_{5}}$
B. $\frac{D_{50}}{D_{5}}$
C. $\frac{D_{50}}{D_{10}}$
D. $\frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}}$

Ans. (D)
51. Which of the following causes a decrease demand of water in per capita consumption?
A. Use of metering system
B. Good quality of water
C. Better standard of living of the people
D. Hotter climate

Ans. (A)
52. The following data pertain to a sewage sample:

Initial DO = $9.5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$;
final DO $=2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$; Dilution $=1 \%$
The BOD of the given sample is
A. $\quad 7.5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
B. $\quad 10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
C. $\quad 75 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
D. $750 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$

Ans. (D)
53. The tilt in an aerial photograph is radial from
A. Nadir point
B. Principal point
C. Isocentric point
D. Plumb point

Ans. (C)
54. The staff reading at a distance of 80 m from a level with bubble at its centre is 1.52 m and when it is moved 5 division out of the centre, the reading is 1.60 m . The angular value of the bubble is
A. 20.62"
B. $41.25^{\prime \prime}$
C. $14.55^{\prime \prime}$
D. $25.5^{\prime \prime}$

Ans. (B)
55. In GIS, the process used for modifying map features to make them clear at a reduced scale is known as
A. Cartographic Generalization
B. Database generalization
C. Topographical Encoding
D. Data Filtering

Ans. (A)
56. An Engineer measured the distance between two locations on a plan having a scale of $1 \mathrm{~cm}=50 \mathrm{~m}$ as 600 m . Later, however, he found that he used a wrong scale of $1 \mathrm{~cm}=30 \mathrm{~m}$ to measure the distance. The true distance between the locations is
A. 200 m
B. 250 m
C. 500 m
D. 1000 m

Ans. (D)
57. Streak of a mineral is
A. Its appearance in diffused light as obtained by rotating it.
B. Colour of the powder of a coloured mineral as obtained by rubbing it on a porcelain plate
C. Its appearance in thin section as seen under a polarizing microscope
D. None of these

Ans. (B)
58. A road segment of length 1 km scales 6 cm on a vertical photograph. The focal length of the camera is 150 mm . If the terrain is nearly plain, then the flying height of the aircraft will be
A. 2500 m
B. 25 km
C. 250 km
D. 250 m

Ans. (a)
59. If the probable error in single observation is $\pm 0.04 \mathrm{~m}$ and that of the mean is $\pm 0.01 \mathrm{~m}$, then the number of observations are
A. 4
B. 10
C. 16
D. 64

Ans. (C)
60. tangential method of tachometry is
A. Slower than stadia hair method
B. Faster than stadia hair method
C. Preferred as it involves less computations to get reduced distance
D. Preferred as chances of operational error are less compared to stadia hair method.

Ans. (A)
61. Method adopted for measurement of horizontal angle using theodolite in case when several angles of well distributed point/objects are to be measured from the same instrument station is
A. Repetition
B. Double angle
C. Reiteration
D. All of the above

Ans. (C)
62. Two straights $A B$ and $B C$ have the bearing of $70^{\circ}$ and $120^{\circ}$ respectively. They are to be connected by a circular curve. The deflection angle will be
A. $130^{\circ}$
B. $70^{\circ}$
C. $50^{\circ}$
D. $120^{\circ}$

Ans. (C)
63. The following boundary condition exists at the wall $(y=0)$ in a boundary layer
A. $u=U$
B. $\frac{d P}{d X}=-v e$
C. $\tau_{0}=0$
D. $u=0, v=0$

Ans. (D)
64. A hydraulic ram works on the
A. Principle of centrifugal action
B. Principle of water hammer
C. Principle of reciprocating action
D. None of the above

Ans. (B)
65. Uniform flow in an open channel exists, when the flow is steady and the channel is
A. Prismatic
B. Non-prismatic and depth of flow is constant along the channel
C. Prismatic and depth of flow is constant along the channel
D. Frictionless

Ans. (C)
66. For a hydraulically efficient rectangular channel section, the ratio of width to normal depth is
A. 0.5
B. 1.0
C. $2 \sqrt{3}$
D. 2.0

Ans. (D)
67. As the depth of immersion of a vertical plane surface increases, the location of centre of pressure
A. Moves apart from the centre of gravity of the area
B. Comes closer to the centre of gravity of the area
C. Coincide with the centre of gravity of the area
D. Remains unaffected

Ans. (B)
68. Hydraulic jump occurs when
A. Flow is super critical
B. Flow is sub critical
C. Flow is super critical and downstream depth is adequate
D. None of the above

Ans. (C)
69. In a model experiment with weir, if the dimensions of the model weir are reduced by a factor $K$, the flow rate through the model weir is the following fraction of the flow rate through prototype
A. $K^{5 / 2}$
B. $\mathrm{K}^{2}$
C. 1
D. $\mathrm{K}^{-2}$

Ans. (A)
70. In differential manometer used in a venturi meter along a water pipeline, if an error of 2 mm has been made in observing a differential head of 10 mm , the percentage error in pressure difference is
A. 12.6
B. 25.2
C. 20
D. 10

Ans. (C)
71. Two identical pipes of length $L$, diameter $D$ and friction factor $f$, are connected in parallel between two points. The length of a single pipe of diameter $D$ and the same friction factor $f$, equivalent to the above pair is
A. $\sqrt{2} \mathrm{~L}$
B. $\mathrm{L} / 2$
C. $L / \sqrt{2}$
D. $L / 4$

Ans. (D)
72. With rise in pressure, the bulk modulus of liquid
A. Remains constant
B. Increases
C. Decreases
D. None of the above

Ans. (B)
73. The highest velocity for flow of water of viscosity 0.02 Poise to be laminar in a 10 mm pipe is
A. $100 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$
B. $200 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$
C. $300 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$
D. $400 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$

Ans. (*)
74. When an irrigation canal is taken over a drainage channel the crossing is called
A. an aqueduct
B. a super passage
C. a level crossing
D. None of the above

## Ans. (A)

75. Lacey's scour depth for a stream, carrying a discharge of 3 cumecs per meter width and having a silt factor 1.2 is
A. $\quad 1.32 \mathrm{~m}$
B. 2.64 m
C. 3.96 m
D. 4.32 m

Ans. (B)
76. The discharge passing over an ogee spillway, per unit length of its apex line is proportional to (where H is head over the apex of its crest)
A. H
B. $\mathrm{H}^{2}$
C. $\mathrm{H}^{1 / 2}$
D. $\mathrm{H}^{3 / 2}$

Ans. (D)
77. Lysimeter is an instrument used to measure
A. Evaporation
B. Infiltration
C. Evapotranspiration
D. Transpiration

Ans. (C)
78. The relation between duty $D$ in hectares/cumec, depth of water $\Delta$ in meter and base period $B$ in days is given by
A. $\Delta=\frac{1.98 \mathrm{~B}}{\mathrm{D}}$
B. $\Delta=\frac{8.64 \mathrm{~B}}{\mathrm{D}}$
C. $\Delta=\frac{5.68 \mathrm{~B}}{\mathrm{D}}$
D. $\Delta=\frac{8.64 \mathrm{D}}{\mathrm{B}}$

Ans. (A)
79. The use of unit hydrographs for estimating floods is generally limited to catchments of size less than
A. $5000 \mathrm{Km}^{2}$
B. $500 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$
C. $10^{6} \mathrm{Km}^{2}$
D. 5000 ha

Ans. (A)
80. According to Khosla, to keep the structure safe against piping, exit gradient to be provided lies between
A. $\quad 0.10$ and 0.15
B. 0.15 and 0.20
C. 0.20 and 0.26
D. 0.25 and 0.30

Ans. (B)
81. Lateral infiltration is the major drawback in the following type of infiltrometer as
A. Simple tube
B. Double ring
C. Sprinkling type
D. Rainfall simulator

Ans. (A)
82. Isolated storm is represented in a hydrograph with
A. Single peak
B. Multiple peak
C. Complex peak
D. Without single peak

## Ans. (A)

83. The deficiency of soil moisture through the earth surface is termed as
A. Rainfall
B. Runoff
C. Infiltration
D. Water table

Ans. (C)
84. In a CBR test, the load sustained by a remoulded soil specimen at 5 mm penetration is 120 kg . The CBR value of the soil will be
A. $9.2 \%$
B. $7.3 \%$
C. $5.84 \%$
D. $2.4 \%$

Ans. (C)
85. The type of transition curve that is generally provided on hill road is
A. Circular
B. Cubic parabola
C. Leminiscate
D. Spiral

Ans. (D)
86. It is a common practice to design a highway to accommodate the traffic volume corresponding to
A. Peak hour
B. 15 min peak period
C. $30^{\text {th }}$ hour
D. Average Daily Traffic

Ans. (C)
87. The safe speed on transition curve of B.G. track can be calculated by using formula
A. $4.35 \sqrt{R-64}$
B. $4.4 \sqrt{R-70}$
C. $\quad 3.65 \sqrt{R-6}$
D. None of the above

Ans. (A)
88. The maximum limit of super elevation on B.G. track in India is
A. $\quad 76.2 \mathrm{~mm}$
B. $\quad 83.2 \mathrm{~mm}$
C. $\quad 101.6 \mathrm{~mm}$
D. $\quad 165.1 \mathrm{~mm}$

Ans. (D)
89. As per Indian Road Congress (IRC) recommendation, minimum radius of horizontal curve on urban roads in plain terrain when the design speed is $60 \mathrm{Km} / \mathrm{h}$ and super elevation is limited to $7 \%$ is
A. 120 m
B. 125 m
C. $\quad 130 \mathrm{~m}$
D. 135 m

Ans. (C)
90. An irrigation channel designed by Lacey's theory has a mean velocity of $1.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. The silt factor is unity. The hydraulic mean radius will be
A. 2.5 m
B. 1.5 m
C. 5.625 m
D. 6.525 m

Ans. (C)
91. At a hydraulic jump, the depths at the two sides are 0.4 m and 1.4 m , the head loss in the jump is
A. $\quad 1.0 \mathrm{~m}$
B. 0.9 m
C. 0.7 m
D. 0.45 m

Ans. (D)
92. The contact pressure $P_{C}$, typre pressure and rigidity factor $R$ are related by
A. $\frac{P}{P_{C}}=R$
B. $\frac{P_{C}}{P}=R$
C. $P \times P_{C}=R$
D. $\mathrm{R}=\sqrt{\left(\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{C}}\right)}$

Ans. (B)
93. If modulus of elasticity of the subgrade is 25 MPa , then deflection at the surface of flexible pavement due to a wheel load of 40 kN and a tyre pressure of 0.6 MPa will be
A. $\quad 5.24 \mathrm{~mm}$
B. $\quad 6.20 \mathrm{~mm}$
C. $\quad 7.40 \mathrm{~mm}$
D. 8.32 mm

Ans. (A)
94. The design speed of a traffic lane is 70 Kmph . What is the theoretical capacity per hour taking the total reaction time to be 2 seconds and average length of vehicle as 8 m ?
A. 828
B. 728
C. 628
D. 528

Ans. (B)
95. Calculate the stopping sight distance, given that velocity $v=100 \mathrm{Kmph}$ and friction $\mathrm{f}=0.10$.
A. 464 m
B. 563 m
C. 860 m
D. 840 m

## Ans. (A)

96. The following items are considered for the selection of site for an airport. Mark the incorrect option.
A. Class of airport
B. Visibility at airport site
C. Altitude
D. Runway orientation

Ans. (A)
97. The order in which a road is built as from bottom to top
A. subsoil, base, subgrade, subbase
B. base, subsoil, subgrade, subbase
C. subbase, base, subgrade, subsoil
D. subsoil, subgrade, subbase, base

## Ans. (D)

98. A vehicle moving at $50 \mathrm{Km} / \mathrm{h}$ speed was stopped by applying brakes and the length of the skid marks was 18 m . If the average skid resistance of the pavement is 0.75 , the brake efficiency (in \%) of the test vehicle will be
A. $71.12 \%$
B. $72.83 \%$
C. $73.48 \%$
D. $74.62 \%$

Ans. (B)
99. For a sleeper density of $(n+5)$ the number of sleepers required for constructing a Broad Gauge (B.G.) railway track of length 650 m is given by
A. 1000
B. 900
C. 800
D. 700

Ans. (B)
100. The type of the camber which is best suited for cement concrete pavement is
A. Straight line
B. Parabolic
C. Elliptical
D. Composite

Ans. (A)
101. Which one is NOT a road pattern?
A. Block pattern
B. Star and block pattern
C. Hexagonal pattern
D. Diamond pattern

Ans. (D)
102. If the methyl orange alkalinity of water equals or exceeds total hardness, all of the hardness is
A. Non-carbonate hardness
B. Carbonate hardness
C. Pseudo hardness
D. Negative non-carbonate hardness

Ans. (B)
103. When waste water is disposed of into a running stream, four zones are formed. In which one of the following zones, will the minimum level of dissolved oxygen be found?
A. Zone of degradation
B. Zone of active decomposition
C. Zone of recovery
D. Zone of clear water

Ans. (B)
104. Hairs of human nose can remove all the particles of size greater than
A. 1 micron
B. 10 micron
C. 100 micron
D. None of these

Ans. (B)
105. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

|  | List-I (Treatment Unit) | List-I (Detention Time) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| i. | Grit chamber | 1. | Six hour |
| ii. | Primary sedimentation | 2. | Two minutes |
| iii. | Activated sludge | 3. | Two hours |
| iv. Sludge digestion | 4. | Twenty days |  |

## Codes:

|  | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A. | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| B. | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| C. | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| D. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

Ans. (B)
106. The best system for distribution of water in a randomly planned city is
A. Dead end systems
B. Grid iron system
C. Ring system
D. Radial system

Ans. (A)
107. Which one of the following type of transition curves is mostly used in Indian Railways?
A. Cubic parabola
B. Lemniscate
C. Cubic spiral
D. Eular's spiral

## Ans. (A)

108. The Govt. of India, appointed the National Transport Policy Committee in the year
A. 1978
B. 1973
C. 1956
D. 1943

Ans. (A)
109. Flexible pavement distribute the wheel load
A. Directly to subgrade
B. Through a set of layers to the subgrade
C. Through structural action
D. None of the above

Ans. (B)
110. The total correction for elevation temperature and gradient for a runway, should NOT be more than
A. $35 \%$
B. $25 \%$
C. $15 \%$
D. $10 \%$

Ans. (A)
111. The population of a town in three consecutive years are 5000,7000 and 8400 , respectively. The population of the town in the fourth consecutive year according to the Geometric increase method is
A. 9500
B. 9800
C. 10100
D. 10920

Ans. (D)
112. $\mathrm{pH}=4$ when compared to $\mathrm{pH}=7$, will be more acidic by
A. 3 times
B. 300 times
C. 1000 times
D. None of these

Ans. (C)
113. One litre of sewage when allowed to settle for 30 minutes gives a sludge volume of $30 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. If he dry weight of this sludge is 3.0 gms , then sludge volume index will be
A. 20
B. 30
C. 10
D. 40

## Ans. (C)

114. High COD to BOD ratio of an organic pollutant represents
A. High biodegradability of the pollutant
B. Low biodegradability of the pollutant
C. Presence of free oxygen for aerobic decomposition
D. Presence of toxic material in the pollutant

Ans. (D)
115. Which of the following treatment process are necessary for the removing suspended solid from water?

1. Coagulation
2. Sedimentation
3. Flocculation
4. Disinfection

Select the correct answer using the codes given below :
A. 1 and 2
B. 1,2 and 3
C. 2 and 4
D. 1 and 4

Ans. (B)
116. If the coliform bacteria is present in a sample of water, then the coliform test to be conducted is
i. Presumptive coliform test
ii. Confirmed coliform test
iii. Completed coliform test

The correct answer is
A. Only (i)
B. Both (i) and (ii)
C. Both (i) and (iii)
D. All (i), (ii) and (iii)

Ans. (D)
117. The relative stability of a sewage sample whose D.O. equals the total oxygen required to satisfy its BOD is
A. Zero
B. $1 \%$
C. $100 \%$
D. Infinity

Ans. (C)
118. Which of the following parameters are employed in the design of Trickling filter?

1. Hydraulic loading rate
2. Organic loading rate
3. Detention time
4. Weir loading rate
A. 1, 2, 3 and 4
B. 1 and 2 only
C. 2 and 3 only
D. 3 and 4 only

Ans. (B)
119. The slope of a 1.0 m diameter concrete sewer laid at a slope of 1 in 1000 develops a velocity of $1 \mathrm{~m} /$ second, when flowing full. When it is flowing half full, the velocity of flow through the sewer will be
A. $\quad 0.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
B. $\quad 1.0 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
C. $\sqrt{2.0} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
D. $2.0 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$

Ans. (B)
120. Self purification of running streams may be due to
A. Sedimentation, Oxidation and Coagulation
B. Dilution, Sedimentation and Oxidation
C. Dilution, Sedimentation and Coagulation
D. Dilution, Oxidation and Coagulation

Ans. (B)
121. If the height of a tower is 50 m , flying height of the aircraft above the base is 5000 m and the image of the top of the tower is 20 cm , from the principal point, what will be the height displacement?
A. 2 cm
B. 1 cm
C. 0.2 cm
D. 0.2 cm

Ans. (C)
122. The perpendicular offset from a tangent to the junction of transition curve and circular curve is equal to (where $\mathrm{L}=$ Length of transition curve, $\mathrm{R}=$ Radius of circular curve)
A. $\frac{L}{6 R}$
B. $\frac{L}{24 R}$
C. $\frac{\mathrm{L}^{2}}{6 \mathrm{R}}$
D. $\frac{L^{2}}{24 R}$

Ans. (C)
123. In a survey, $A$ and $B$ are two points. Already located with respect to $A$ and $B$, point $C$ is located by taking two reading and then line $C D$ is measured. The $D$ point is a point on $A B$. The line $C D$ is known as
A. Base line
B. Check line
C. Tie line
D. Additional line

Ans. (B)
124. A tunnel should NOT be constructed along
A. Strike direction
B. Dip direction
C. Oblique to the bed altitude
D. Both along dip and strike direction

Ans. (A)
125. Refraction error is least in case of
A. Stadia tacheometry
B. Tangential tacheometry
C. Subtense bar tacheometry
D. Omnimeters

Ans. (C)

