1.The average marks of 30 students is calculated as 50 . But later it was found that the marks of two students wrongly entered as 25 instead of 28 and as 26 instead of 38 . The correct average is
A. 55
B. 54
C. 52.5
D. 50.5
E. 51

Answer ||| D
Solution |||
Required average $=\{(30 \times 50)-(25+26)+(28+38)\} / 30=(1500-51+66) / 30$
$=1515 / 30=50.5$
2.The average score of A, B and C is 63. A's score is 15 less than $D$ and 10 more than B's score. If D scored 30 marks more than the average score of $A, B$ and $C$, then what is the sum of B's and C's scores?
A. 120
B. 111
C. 117
D. Cannot be determined
E. None of these

## Answer ||| B

Solution ||| Let score of $\mathrm{B}=\mathrm{x}$
Score of A =x+10
Score of $D=x+25=63+30$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{x}=68$
Score of $A=68+10=78$
Total score of A, B and C $=189$
Required Sum (B+C)'s score $=189-78=111$
3.On increasing each of the radius of the base and height of a cylinder by $20 \%$, its volume will be increased by
A. $20 \%$
B. $40.8 \%$
C. $60.4 \%$
D. $72.8 \%$

Answer ||| D
Solution |||
Let the original radius and height be ' $r$ ' and ' $h$ ' respectively.
When both are increased 20\%,
New radius, $\mathrm{r}^{\prime}=\mathrm{r}+20 \%$ of r
$=r+\frac{20}{100} r$
$=\mathrm{r}+0.2 \mathrm{r}=1.2 \mathrm{r}$
Similarly, new height, $\mathrm{h}^{\prime}=1.2 \mathrm{~h}$
We know, Volume of cylinder, $\mathrm{V}=\pi \mathrm{r}^{2} \mathrm{~h}$
New Volume of Cylinder, $\mathrm{V}^{\prime}=\pi \mathrm{r}^{\prime 2}{ }^{2}$,
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{V}^{\prime}=\pi(1.2 \mathrm{r})^{2}(1.2)=1.728 \pi \mathrm{r}^{2} \mathrm{~h}$
Now, Increase $\%$ in volume $=\frac{\text { Change in volume }}{\text { Original volume }} \times 100$
$=\frac{\mathrm{V}^{I}-\mathrm{V}}{\mathrm{V}} \times 100$
$=\frac{1.728 \pi r^{2} h-\pi r^{2} h}{\pi r^{2} h} \times 100$
$=(1.728-1) \times 100$
$=72.8 \%$
Hence, Option D is correct.
4.A man lent 38800 at the rate of $5 \%$ and $6 \%$. After 3 years he received money at ratio of 4:5. Then find the sum of amount lent at the rate of $5 \%$ :
A. Rs. 21802
B. Rs. 43603
C. Rs. 29203
D. Rs. 35643

## Answer ||| A

Solution ||| let the money lent P and (38800-P) at the rate of 5\% and 6\% respectively.
Money received at the rate of $5 \%==P\left(1+\frac{5 \times 3}{100}\right)=1.15 P$
Money received at the rate of $6 \%=(38800-P)\left(1+\frac{6 \times 3}{100}\right)=45784-1.18 P$
So, $\frac{1.15 P}{45784-1.18 P}=\frac{4}{5}$
$4.6 P=228920-5.9 P$
$10.5 P=228920$
$P=21801.90$
5.A man runs on a square track of 35 m in length with a speed of 9 kmph . What is the total time taken by him to complete a round of the track?
A. 52 sec
B. 54 sec
C. 56 sec
D. 58 sec

## Answer ||| C

Solution ||| The perimeter of the track $=4 \times 35=140 \mathrm{~m}$
Speed of the man $=9 \mathrm{kmph}=2.5 \mathrm{mps}$
Total time is taken by him to complete around $=\frac{140}{2.5}=56 \mathrm{sec}$
6.1:2:3 is the ratio of speed of Lorry, Bike and Van. If Lorry covers 360 km in 12 hr then what will be the speed of Bike and Van:
A. 30 kmph and 60 kmph
B. 45 kmph and 60 kmph
C. 60 kmph and 90 kmph
D. 45 kmph and 90 kmph

## Answer ||| C

Solution ||| ratio of speed of Lorry, Bike and Van is 1:2:3
If Lorry covers 360 km in 12 hr , then speed of Lorry $=\frac{360}{12}=30 \mathrm{kmph}$
So, the speed of Bike $=60 \mathrm{kmph}$ and the speed of Van $=90 \mathrm{kmph}$
7.Out of two numbers, $25 \%$ of greater number is equal to $45 \%$ of the smaller. If the sum of the numbers is 210 , then the greater number is
A. 170
B. 155
C. 135
D. 160

Answer ||| C
Solution |||
Let greater number be x
So, smaller number $=210-\mathrm{x}$
ATQ-
$(25 * x) / 100=45(210-x) / 100$
=> $5 \mathrm{x}=9 \times 210-9 \mathrm{x}$
$\Rightarrow 14 x=1890$
=> $\mathrm{x}=135$

So, the correct option is C .
8.A's salary is $30 \%$ of B's salary and B's salary is $25 \%$ of C's salary. What percentage of C's salary is A's salary?
A. $10 \%$
B. $9 \%$
C. $5.5 \%$
D. $7.5 \%$

Answer ||| D
Solution |||
Let B's salary = Rs. 100
${ }^{*}$ C's salary $=$ Rs. 400
And A's salary = Rs. 30
required percentage $=\frac{30}{400} \times 100=\frac{30}{4}=7.5 \%$

Option D is correct.
9.2 years hence Age ratio between $A \& B$ will be $3: 4$. If 8 years ago, the age ratio of $A \& B$ was $2: 3$, find the present age of $A$
A. 28 year
B. 30 year
C. 38 year
D. 34 year
E. None of these

Answer ||| A
Solution |||
Let the age of A and B two years hence will be $3 x$ years and $4 x$ years respectively.
8 years ago, age of $\mathrm{A}=(3 \mathrm{x}-10)$ years
8 years ago, age of $B=(4 x-10)$ years

According to question,
$\frac{3 x-10}{4 x-10}=\frac{2}{3}$
$\Rightarrow 9 \mathrm{x}-30=8 \mathrm{x}-20$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{x}=10$
Present age of $\mathrm{A}=3 \mathrm{x}-2=3 \times 10-2=28$ years
10.A car travels from A to B at the rate of 45 kmph and returns from B to A at the rate of 75 kmph. Its average speed during the whole journey is
A. 61.75 kmph
B. 45.5 kmph
C. 50 kmph
D. 56.25 kmph

Answer ||| D
Solution |||
Average speed of whole journey $=\left(\frac{2 x y}{x+y}\right) k m p h$
$\frac{2 \times 45 \times 75}{120}=\frac{6750}{120}=56.25 \mathrm{kmph}$
Option D is correct.
11.Daily local train ticket costs Rs 30 and Monthly Pass costs Rs 670.8. If I buy the Monthly Pass and travel for 26 days in a month than I save?
A. 12 percent
B. 14 percent
C. 25 percent
D. 10 percent

Answer ||| B
Solution ||| Ticket cost $=30$ rupees daily
Fare for 26 days $=26 \times 30=780$ rupees

Monthly pass costs $=670.8$ rupees
Saving $=780-670.8=109.2$ rupees
Saving $\%=\frac{109.2}{780}(100)$
$=14 \%$
12.The proportion among three numbers is $3: 4: 5$ and their LCM is 1800 . The second number is:
A. 90
B. 120
C. 30
D. 150

Answer ||| B
Solution |||
Let the numbers be $3 x, 4 x$ and $5 x$.
Then, their L.C.M. $=60 x$.
So, $60 x=1800$ or $\mathrm{x}=30$.
The numbers are $(3 \times 30),(4 \times 30)$ and $(5 \times 30)$.
Hence, required number $=120$.
13.Four bells ring together at a fixed time. After that, they ring at intervals of $6,8,10$ and 12 sec respectively. After how many minutes, will they ring together again?
A. 1 min
B. ${ }^{1 \frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{~min}$
C. ${ }^{2 \frac{1}{4}} \mathrm{~min}$
D. 2 min

Answer ||| D
Solution |||

The Bells will ring together after a time equal to the LCM of all 4 bells ringing duration.
So, the Required time $=\operatorname{LCM}(6,8,10,12)$
$=120 \mathrm{sec} .=2 \mathrm{~min}$.
14.A man buys 2 apples and 3 kiwi fruits for Rs. 37. If he buys 4 apples and 5 kiwi fruits for Rs. 67 , then what will be the total cost of 1 apple and 1 kiwi fruit?
A. Rs. 18
B. Rs. 20
C. Rs. 15
D. Rs. 28

## Answer ||| C

Solution |||
Let cost price of one apple $=x$
Cost price of one kiwi $=\mathrm{y}$
Now, A man buys 2 apples and 3 kiwi fruits for Rs. 37.
$\Rightarrow 2 \mathrm{x}+3 \mathrm{y}=$ Rs. 37 .
Also, he buys 4 apples and 5 kiwi fruits for Rs. 67
$\Rightarrow 4 x+5 y=$ Rs. 67
Multiply equation (1) by 2 and subtract it from (2)
$\Rightarrow-y=-7$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{y}=7$
Put the value of y in (1)
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{x}=8$
Total cost of 1 apple and 1 kiwi fruit $=x+y=$ Rs. $7+$ Rs. $8=$ Rs. 15
15.Akhilesh starts a business with Rs 6,000 and after 3 months, Bunty also joins with some capital. After a year, the profit is divided between them in the ratio $2: 1$. How much did Bunty invested?
A. Rs 6400
B. Rs 5600
C. Rs 4200
D. Rs 4000
E. Rs 6000

Answer ||| D
Solution |||
Let Bunty investment be Rs. x ,
then ratio of their profits
$6000 \times 12: x \times 9=2: 1$
So, $8,000 / x=2 / 1$
$x=4000$

