

# DIWALI QUIZ

# Quantitative Ability

# PDF



## DIWALI QUIZ

1. A player has an average of 46 in 14 innings. How many runs, he has scored in 15<sup>th</sup> inning so the average became 43?

- A. 9
- B. 1
- C. 0
- D. 6

Answer ||| B

Solution |||

Suppose he has scored  $x$  run in 15<sup>th</sup> inning.

Total run in 14 innings =  $14 \times 46 = 644$

Total runs in 15 innings =  $644 + x$

$$\frac{644 + x}{15} = 43$$

$$x = 43 \times 15 - 644$$

$$x = 1$$

He has scored 1 run in 15<sup>th</sup> inning.

2. If  $7^{x+1} - 7^{x-1} = 48$ , find  $x$ .

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. -1
- D.  $1/2$

Answer ||| B

Solution |||

take  $7^{x-1}$  as the common term. The equation then reduces to

$$7^{x-1}(7^2 - 1) = 48$$

$$\rightarrow 7^{x-1} = 1$$



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$$\rightarrow x-1=0$$

$$\rightarrow x=1$$

3.

Two students A and B has the ability to finish a research together in 30 days. They work together for 6 days and then A quits and B finishes the remaining research work in 32 more days. In how many days B do the whole research work alone?

- A. 30
- B. 32
- C. 34
- D. 40
- E. 45

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| Time taken by (A + B) = 30 days

1 day's work by (A + B) =  $(1/30)$  w/d

Work done in 6 days =  $6/30 = 1/5$

Remaining work =  $1 - 1/5 = 4/5$

then A quits and B finishes the book in 32 more days

$$1 \text{ day's work by B} = \frac{4/5}{32} = \frac{1}{40} \text{ w/d}$$

∴ Time taken by B to finish the task alone = 40 days.

4. Two trains 600 km apart start moving towards each other. If they start at same time then they meet in 10 hours but if one train starts after 4 hours late than the other train then they meet in 8 hours. What is the difference in speed of both trains.

- A. 10 kmph
- B. 20 kmph
- C. Both travel with same speed
- D. None of these
- E. 30 kmph

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Let the speed of trains be x kmph and y kmph

Then,

$$\Rightarrow 10x + 10y = 600$$

$$\Rightarrow x + y = 60 \dots\dots(i)$$



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In 2<sup>nd</sup> condition, let train with y kmph start after 4 h

⇒ In 8 h train with x kmph travels = 8x km

And time for train having y kmph = 8+4 = 12 h

So, it travels 12y distance

⇒  $8x + 12y = 600$  .....(ii)

Solving (i) and (ii)

Multiply i by 8 and subtract from ii

⇒  $12y - 8y = 600 - 480$

⇒  $y = 30$  kmph

And,

⇒  $x = 60 - y = 30$  kmph

⇒ Thus, both trains travel with same speed and difference is zero.

5.10000 people voted in an election between two candidates. 14% of the votes were rejected and the winner won by 600 votes. What percent of the valid votes did the losing candidate get?

- A. 46.5%
- B. 43.8%
- C. 48.9%
- D. 42.4%

Answer ||| A

Solution |||

Since, 14% of votes were rejected, 86% of the votes were valid.

∴ total valid votes = 86% of 10000 = 8600

Let the losing candidate get x votes.

Hence, the winning candidate got (x + 600) votes.

∴  $x + (x + 600) = 8600$



-  
 $X = 4000$

$$\text{Required percentage} = \left( \frac{4000}{8600} \right) \times 100$$

$$= 46.5\%$$

6. By selling 75 ball pens for Rs. 135 a retailer loses 25%. How many ball pen should he sell for Rs. 102 so as to make a profit of 25% is

- A. 34
- B. 43
- C. 38
- D. 45

Answer ||| A

Solution |||

$$\text{C.P of 75 ball pens} = \frac{135 \times 100}{75} = \text{Rs. 180}$$

For a gain of 25%

$$SP = \frac{180 \times 125}{100} = \text{Rs. 225}$$

Rs. 225 = 75 ball pens

$$\text{Rs. 102} = \frac{75}{225} \times 102 = \frac{102}{3} = 34$$

Option A is the correct response.

7. A man can row a certain distance downstream in 6 hours and return the same distance in 9 hours. If the stream flows at the rate of 3 km/hr then find the speed of man in still water.

- A. 12 km/hr
- B. 15 km/hr
- C. 18 km/hr
- D. 27 km/hr

Answer ||| B



Solution ||| Let the speed of man in still water be  $x$  km/h and the distance be  $D$ .

So, Upstream speed =  $(x - 3)$  km/hr

Downstream speed =  $(x + 3)$  km/hr

According to the question,

Distance covered upstream and downstream is constant.

So,  $(x - 3) \times 9 = (x + 3) \times 6$

$$\Rightarrow 3x - 9 = 2x + 6$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 15 \text{ km/hr}$$

8. The length and breadth of a square are increased by 40% and 20% respectively. Find the percentage increase in the area of the rectangle so formed with respect to that of the original square.

- A. 56%
- B. 57.5%
- C. 65%
- D. 68%
- E. None of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| Let length = 100 m and breadth = 100 m

Area of square =  $100^2 = 10000 \text{ m}^2$

New length = 140 m, New breadth = 120 m

New area =  $(140 \times 120) \text{ m}^2 = 16800 \text{ m}^2$

Increase in area =  $16800 - 10000 = 6800 \text{ m}^2$

$$\text{Increase percentage} = \left( \frac{6800}{10000} \times 100 \right) \% = 68\%$$

9. Find the remainder when  $7^{65}$  is divided by 16808.

- A. 16807
- B. 6
- C.  $7^{13}$
- D. None of these

Answer ||| A



Solution |||

$$\frac{7^{65}}{16808} = \frac{(7^5)^{13}}{16808}$$

$$= \frac{(16807)^{13}}{16808} = \frac{(16808 - 1)^{13}}{16808} = (-1)^{13} = -1$$

Hence, the remainder when  $7^{65}$  is divided by 16808 is equal to  $-1$  or  $16808 - 1 = 16807$ .

10. A alloy of 50 kg having the silver and gold in the ratio of 2:3 is mixed with another alloy of 150 kg having silver and gold in the ratio of 4:5. Find the ratio of gold and silver in new alloy:

- A. 8:15
- B. 5:7
- C. 7:9
- D. 13:17

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| Quantity of silver containing first alloy  $= \frac{2}{5} \times 50 = 20$  kg

Quantity of gold containing first alloy  $= \frac{3}{5} \times 50 = 30$  kg

Quantity of silver containing second alloy  $= \frac{4}{9} \times 150 = \frac{200}{3}$  kg

Quantity of gold containing second alloy  $= \frac{5}{9} \times 150 = \frac{250}{3}$  kg

So, ratio in new mixture  $= \left(20 + \frac{200}{3}\right) : \left(30 + \frac{250}{3}\right)$

$= 260 : 340$

$= 13 : 17$

11. Atul and Amit enter into a partnership with capitals in the ratio of 7 : 9 and at the end of 7 months, Atul withdraws. If they receive profits in the ratio of 7 : 18 then find how long Amit's capital was used?



- A. 8 months
- B. 9 months
- C. 11 months
- D. 14 months

Answer ||| D

Solution |||

Investment of A : B = 7 : 9

$$P = A \times t$$

$$\text{Atul's profit} : \text{Amit's profit} = 7 \times 7 : 9 \times x$$

$$= 49 : 9x$$

$$\text{Ratio of profit} \quad \frac{49}{9x} = \frac{7}{18}$$

$$x = 14 \text{ months.}$$

12. Ravi borrowed Rs.20000 from a bank at 2% rate of interest per annum and immediately lent it at 5% rate to Amit. After two years he collected the amount from Amit and settled his loan to bank. What is the amount gained by him in this transaction?

- A. 1000
- B. 1100
- C. 1200
- D. 2000

Answer ||| C

Solution |||

We know that-

$$\text{Simple Interest} = \frac{P \times R \times T}{100}$$

Where P is Principal amount, R is rate of interest, T is time duration of the loan

Interest received by Ravi by lending to Amit money-



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$$= \frac{20000 \times 5 \times 2}{100}$$

$$= 2000$$

Interest received by Bank by lending to Amit money

$$= \frac{20000 \times 2 \times 2}{100}$$

$$= 800$$

Profit in interest rate = Money lend – Money Repayed

$$= 2000 - 800$$

$$= 1200$$

13. The sum of seven consecutive numbers is 168. What is the sum of the first and the last number?

- A. 58
- B. 49
- C. 48
- D. 4
- E. 57

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Sum of seven consecutive number =  $(x+x+1+x+2+x+3+x+4+x+5+x+6) = 168$   
 $7x + 21 = 168$   
 $7x = 168 - 21 = 147$   
 $x = 21$   
 First number = 21 and last number =  $x+6=27$   
 Sum =  $21 + 27 = 48$

14. A milk man has a mixture of milk in which ratio of milk and water is 5:3. He sells 160 liters of mixture and then he adds up 35 liters of pure water. Now the ratio of milk and water is 5:4. What was the original quantity of mixture?

- A. 160 L
- B. 880 L
- C. 55 L
- D. 440 L
- E. None of these



-  
Answer ||| D

Solution |||

Let initially he had  $5x+3x = 8x$  litres of milk.

New ratio after removal of 160 liter mixture and addition of 35 liter pure water is.

$$[5x-100] : [3x-60 +35] = [5x-100] : [3x-25] = 5 : 4$$

Solving  $\Rightarrow x = 55$ . So, Original quantity of mixture =  $8x = 440$  liters

15.The digits at unit's place of the number  $(1460)^2 + (1461)^2 + (1464)^2 + (1463)^2$  is :

- A. 6
- B. 4
- C. 3
- D. 5

Answer ||| A

Solution |||

$$\text{Unit's digit in } (1460)^2 = 0$$

$$\text{Unit's digit in } (1461)^2 = 1$$

$$\text{Unit's digit in } (1464)^2 = 6$$

$$\text{Unit's digit in } (1463)^2 = 9$$

Hence, required digit = unit's digit in  $(0 + 1 + 6 + 9) = 6$ .

Option A is correct.



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