

## 130+ Words from Editorial

(16.07.2019 - 15.08.2019)





#### **Editorial Articles from the Hindu**

- Warlord and war crimes
- Closer than close: on Cricket World Cup 2019 final
- ❖ One for the ages: on Wimbledon 2019
- Sword against pen
- \* A reprieve: on the Kulbhushan Jadhav case
- ❖ 50 years later
- **❖** Sucking up surplus: SEBI needs financial autonomy to remain effective
- ❖ What's NEXT?
- \* Kashmir mediation: Trump has violated diplomatic protocols
- \* Karnataka crisis: BJP must wait until fresh elections are held for vacant seats
- **❖** The terrorist tag: on the latest amendments to the NIA Act
- **❖** Boris Johnson must reckon with grave consequences of Brexit
- ❖ Sexism in Parliament: On Azam Khan's remarks in the Lok Sabha
- **❖** In governance mode: on Yediyurappa govt's focus
- **❖** Burning bright: on India's tiger census
- ❖ Beyond talag: On Muslim divorce bill
- **❖** Gender justice: On Unnao rape survivor
- \* Fed's insurance policy: On Federal Reserve's rate cut
- **❖** Bigger and better: On number of Supreme Court judges
- Scrapping J&K's special status is the wrong way to an end
- **❖** Great expectations: on Surrogacy Bill
- Blackout: On Kashmir lockdown
- Cycle of extremes: On droughts and floods
- **❖** Knee-jerk: On Pakistan expelling Indian envoy
- Hong Kong on the brink: On continuing protests
- Crisis as opportunity: on Sonia Gandhi's return as Congress chief

#### **Vocabulary from Editorial**

#### 1. Word: Optimism (आशावाद)

- Pronunciation: op-tuh-miz-uhm/ आप्टमिज़म
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: hopefulness and confidence about the future or the success of something.
- Synonyms: hopefulness, brightness, positivity
- Antonyms: pessimism, gloom, despair, hopelessness
- Usage in a sentence: The air-pollution board has reacted with cautious optimism to the announcement.

#### 2. Word: Perpetrator (अपराधकर्ता)

- Pronunciation: pur-pi-trey-ter/ पर्पट्टैटर
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a person who carries out a harmful, illegal, or immoral act.
- Synonyms: offender, violator, culprit
- Antonym: victim
- Usage in a Sentence: The perpetrators of racially motivated violence must be punished.





#### 3. Word: Evade (टालना)

- Pronunciation: ih-veyd/ इवेड
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: escape or avoid (someone or something), especially by guile or trickery.
- Synonyms: avoid, escape, elude, dodge
- Antonyms: accept, confront, embrace, encounter
- Usage in a sentence: The opponent launches a front kick, which you evade by stepping back.

#### 4. Word: Pronounced (स्रमण्ठ)

- Pronunciation: pruh-nounst/ प्रनाउन्स्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. very noticeable or marked; conspicuous.(Adjective)
  - b. make the sound of (a word or part of a word) in the correct or a particular way. (Verb)
  - c. declare or announce in a formal or solemn way. (Verb)
- Synonyms: clear, prominent, noticeable, distinct
- Antonyms: faint, concealed, indefinite
- Usage in a Sentence: The temperature change in winter is less pronounced in maritime areas.

#### 5. Word: Indictment (अभियोग)

- Pronunciation: in-dahyt-muh nt/ इन्डाइट्मन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a formal charge or accusation of a serious crime.
- Synonyms: charge, accusation, allegation
- Antonyms: justification, apology
- Usage in a sentence: This research is a terrible indictment on the medical profession.

#### 6. Word: Intimidation (संत्रास)

- Pronunciation: in-tim-i-dey-shuh n/ इन्टिमिडैशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the action of intimidating someone, or the state of being intimidated.
- Synonyms: threat, bullying, menace
- Antonyms: fearlessness, fillip
- Usage in a sentence: The defendant complained of political intimidation during the investigation.

#### 7. Word: Tamper (दख़ल करना)

- Pronunciation: tam-per/ टैम्पर
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: interfere with (something) in order to cause damage or make unauthorized alterations.
- Synonyms: meddle, tinker
- Antonyms: improve, repair
- Usage in a Sentence: We should not tamper with others' affairs.

#### 8. Word: Acquit (दोषमुक्त करना)

- Pronunciation: uh-kwit/ अक्विट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. free (someone) from a criminal charge by a verdict of not guilty.
  - b. conduct oneself or perform in a specified way.
- Synonyms: absolve, exonerate, clear, excuse
- Antonyms: condemn, accuse, convict, denounce
- Usage in a sentence: The judge directed the jury to acquit all the defendants.

#### 9. Word: Genesis (उत्पत्ति)

- Pronunciation: jen-uh-sis/ जेनिसिस
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the origin or mode of formation of something.
- Synonyms: origin, beginning, birth, inception, commencement
- Antonyms: end, conclusion, completion
- Usage in a sentence: The part played by peasants in the **genesis** of the reform has long been disputed.

#### 10. Word: Breakthrough (महत्वपूर्ण खोज)

- Pronunciation: breyk-throo/ ब्रैक्थ्र
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. a sudden, dramatic, and important discovery or development.
  - b. an instance of achieving success in a particular sphere or activity.
- Synonyms: find, improvement, innovation, revolution
- Antonyms: throwback, decline, impasse, digress
- Use in a Sentence: We have achieved a real breakthrough in the search for peace.





#### 11. Word: Lopsided (असंत्लित, एकतरफ़ा)

- Pronunciation: lop-sahy-did/ लाप्साइडिड
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: with one side lower or smaller than the other
- Synonyms: uneven, unequal, irregular, unbalanced, disproportionate, partial
- Antonyms: level, balanced, even
- Usage in a Sentence: After all, such lopsided enthusiasm indicates that you feel well equipped to tell judges how to do their jobs.

#### 12. Phrase: Cut from the same cloth

- Pronunciation: कट फ्रॉम द सेम क्लॉथ
- Meaning: of the same nature; similar.
- Synonym: two of a kind
- Antonym: completely different
- Usage in a sentence: Back on the surface, not all ships are cut from the same cloth.

#### 13. Word: Cumulative (संचयी)

- Pronunciation: kyoo-myuh-luh-tiv/ क्यूम्यलटिव
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: increasing or increased in quantity, degree, or force by successive additions.
- Synonyms: increasing, accumulative, growing, progressive
- Antonyms: decreasing, declining, decremental
- Usage in a sentence: The cumulative effect of using so many chemicals on the land could be disastrous.

#### 14. Word: Pip (ब्री तरह से पछाड़ देना)

- Pronunciation: pip/ पिप
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. a small hard seed in a fruit. (Noun)b. defeat by a small margin or at the last moment. (Verb)
- Synonyms: defeat, overthrow. conquer
- Antonyms: win, succeed, achieve
- Usage in a sentence: The ultimate dealbreaker, helped India pip Pakistan in the football match.

#### 15. Word: Linger (रुका रहना)

- Pronunciation: ling-ger/ लिंगर
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. stay in a place longer than necessary because of a reluctance to leave.
  - b. spend a long time over (something).
  - c. be slow to disappear or die.

- Synonyms: loiter, stay, remain, wait
- Antonyms: rush, hurry, leave
- Usage in a sentence: There's no need to linger over this stage of the interview.

#### 16. Word: Tussle (कशमकश)

- Pronunciation: tuhs-uh l/ टसल
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. a vigorous struggle or scuffle, typically in order to obtain or achieve something. (Noun)
  - b. engage in a vigorous struggle or scuffle. (Verb)
- Synonyms: fight, scuffle, struggle, skirmish, brawl
- Antonyms: agreement, consensus, accord
- Usage in a sentence: After quite a tussle, I finally wrenched the letter from him.

#### 17. Word: Agog (उत्स्क)

- Pronunciation: uh-gog/ अगाग
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: very eager or curious to hear or see something.
- Synonyms: eager, anxious, excited, keen
- Antonyms: spiritless, uninterested, lackadaisical, averse
- Usage in a sentence: I've been agog all afternoon, waiting for the next part of your story.

#### 18. Phrase: Dish out (बांटना)

- Pronunciation: दिश आउट
- Meaning: to give or say things to people without thinking about them carefully
- Synonyms: distribute, deal, hand out, dispense, allocate
- Antonym: take
- Usage in a sentence: Ann's mother asked her to dish out the beans.

#### 19. Word: Engrossing (चित्तकार्षक)

- Pronunciation: en-groh-sing/ एन्ग्रोसिंग
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: absorbing all one's attention or interest.
- Synonyms: absorbing, fascinating, gripping, captivating
- Antonyms: boring, jejune, dreary
- Usage in a sentence: Walton is convincingly engrossing, and an elegant and forceful stylist.





#### 20. Word: Pièce de résistance (सर्वोत्तम रचना)

- Pronunciation: pyes duh rey-zee-stahns/ पीएस्डरजीस्टान्स
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: (especially with reference to creative work) the most important or remarkable feature.
- Synonyms: masterpiece, showpiece, prize
- Usage in a sentence: The waiter suggested we try the restaurant's pièce de résistance: the chocolate soufflé.

#### 21. Word: Thrilling (रोमांचक)

- Pronunciation: thril-ing/ श्रिलिंग
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: causing excitement and pleasure; exhilarating.
- Synonyms: mind-blowing, exciting, exhilarating, amazing
- Antonyms: boring, unexciting, jejune, tiresome, dreary
- Usage in a Sentence: The match had a thrilling finale, with three goals scored in the last five minutes.

#### 22. Word: Iconic (प्रतिष्ठित)

- Pronunciation: ahy-kon-ik/ आइकानिक
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: relating to or of the nature of an icon.
- Synonyms: famous, emblematic, well-known, distinctive
- Antonyms: unrecognizable, unimportant, insignificant, unknown
- Usage in a Sentence: Apart from the iconic Venus flytrap, many other kinds of carnivorous plants exist.

#### 23. Word: Definitive (निर्णायक)

- Pronunciation: dih-fin-i-tiv/ डिफिनिटिव
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. (of a conclusion or agreement) done or reached decisively and with authority.b. (of a book or other text) the most authoritative of its kind.
- Synonyms: conclusive, final, ultimate; decisive, unconditional,
- Antonyms: doubtful, inconclusive, ambiguous
- Usage in a Sentence: The definitive version of the text is ready to be published.

#### 24. Word: Pulsate (कम्पायमान होना)

- Pronunciation: puhl-seyt/ पल्सेट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. expand and contract with strong regular movements.
  - b. produce a regular throbbing sensation or sound.
  - c. be very exciting.
- Synonyms: beat, pulsate, vibrate, pump, undulate, hammer
- Antonyms: defuse, desist, exude, repair
- Usage in a Sentence: The thumping, pulsating music shook the kitchen walls.

#### 25. Word: Demeanour (आचरण)

- Pronunciation: dih-mee-ner/ डिमीनर
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: outward behaviour or bearing.
- Synonyms: manner, air, attitude, appearance, conduct
- Antonyms: deter, indecency, annihilation, indisposition
- Usage in a Sentence: While not exactly threatening, her demeanour was hard and off-putting.

#### 26. Word: Detract (घटाना)

- Pronunciation: dih-trakt/ डिट्रैक्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. diminish the worth or value of (a quality or achievement).
  - b. cause someone or something to be distracted or diverted from.
- Synonyms: diminish, disparage, depreciate, belittle
- Antonyms: increase, boost, aggrandize, contribute
- Usage in a Sentence: Her striking mannerisms detract from the reality of the character.

#### 27. Word: Vanguish (पराजित करना)

- Pronunciation: vang-kwish/ वैंगक्विश
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: defeat thoroughly.
- Synonyms: conquer, defeat, beat, crush
- Antonyms: surrender, fail, lose
- Usage in a Sentence: Courage alone cannot vanquish all evils.

#### 28. Word: Storied (दास्तानी)

- Pronunciation: stawr-eed/ स्टोरीड
- Part of Speech: Adjective



- Meaning: celebrated in or associated with stories or legends.
- Synonyms: celebrated, legendary, fabulous
- Antonyms: inglorious, infamous
- Usage in a Sentence: The storied intelligence agency was reorganized twice after the fall of the Soviet Union, finally becoming the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation.

#### 29. Word: Testament (इच्छापत्र)

- Pronunciation: tes-tuh-muh nt/ टेस्टमन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. a person's will, especially the part relating to personal property.
  - b. something that serves as a sign or evidence of a specified fact, event, or quality.
  - c. (in biblical use) a covenant or dispensation.
- Synonyms: evidence, will, testimony, confirmation
- Antonyms: rebuttal, denial, repudiation, contradiction
- Usage in a Sentence: The aircraft's safety record is a testament to its designers' skill.

#### 30. Word: Meltdown (पूर्णगलन)

- Pronunciation: melt-doun/ मेल्ट्डाउन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. a disastrous collapse or breakdown.b. an uncontrolled emotional outburst or a mental collapse.
- Synonyms: breakdown, collapse, crash
- Usage in a Sentence: The last few months have seen the progressive meltdown of the country's political system.

#### 31. Word: Compile (एकत्र करना)

- Pronunciation: kuh m-pahyl/ कम्पाइल
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: produce (a list or book) by assembling information collected from other sources.
- Synonyms: collect, gather, assemble, accumulate, compose, amass
- Antonyms: scatter, disassemble, separate, disperse
- Usage in a Sentence: It takes years of hard work to compile a good dictionary.

#### 32. Word: Purge (परिशोध)

• Pronunciation: purj/ पर्ज

- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. rid (someone or something) of an unwanted quality, condition, or feeling. (Verb)
  - b. remove (a group of people considered undesirable) from an organization or place in an abrupt or violent way. (Verb)
  - c. an abrupt or violent removal of a group of people. (Noun)
- Synonyms: clear, purify, cleanse, purification
- Antonyms: contaminate, maintain, corrupt
- Usage in a Sentence: The judge ordered Vineet to purge his contempt by apologizing to the court.

#### 33. Word: Insurgent (विद्रोही/बागी)

- Pronunciation: in-sur-juhnt/ इन्सर्जन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. a person fighting against a government or invading force; a rebel or revolutionary.[Noun]
  - b. rising in active revolt. [Adjective]
- Synonyms: rebel, recusant, revolutionary
- Antonyms: obedient, loyal, loyalist
- Usage in a sentence: It was also a fight to consolidate his position within the insurgent.

#### 34. Word: Anachronistic (कालभ्रमित)

- Pronunciation: uh-nak-ruh-nis-tik/ एनाकोनिस्टिक
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: belonging to a period other than that being portrayed.
- Synonyms: outdated, obsolete, tardy, incongruous
- Antonyms: synchronous, current, contemporary
- Usage in a Sentence: Some companies are keeping their options open on retaining or dumping anachronistic names.

#### 35. Word: Wrath (ਸ਼ਚਾਤ क्रोध)

- Pronunciation: rath/ रैथ
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: extreme anger
- Synonyms: rage, anger, fury, outrage
- Antonyms: happiness, calmness, peace, delight
- Usage in a Sentence: Jane braved the wrath of her parents by refusing to marry the man they had chosen.





#### 36. Word: Premise (परिसर)

- Pronunciation: prem-is/ प्रेमसज़
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. a house or building, together with its land and outbuildings, occupied by a business or considered in an official context. (Noun) b. a previous statement or proposition from which another is inferred or follows as a conclusion. (Noun)
  - c. base an argument, theory, or undertaking on. (Verb)
- Synonyms: area, place, place, assumptions, assumptions
- Usage in a Sentence: Unaccompanied children are not allowed on the premises of the building.

#### 37. Word: Systematic (स्नियोजित)

- Pronunciation: sis-tuh-mat-ik/ सिस्टमैटिक
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: done or acting according to a fixed plan or system; methodical.
- Synonyms: regular, methodical, organized, consistent
- Antonyms: unsystematic, unsystematic, disorderly
- Usage in a Sentence: They had not found any evidence of a systematic attempt to rig the ballot.

#### 38. Word: Interference (हस्तक्षेप)

- Pronunciation: in-ter-feer-uh ns/ इन्टर्फिरन्स
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the action of interfering or the process of being interfered with.
- Synonyms: disturbance, hindrance, intervention, impediment
- Antonyms: aid, help, support
- Usage in a Sentence: The USA will not tolerate any external interference in its domestic affairs.

#### 39. Word: Reputation (प्रतिष्ठा)

- Pronunciation: rep-yuh-tey-shuhn/ रेप्यटेशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the beliefs or opinions that are generally held about someone or something.
- Synonyms: fame, repute, prestige, distinction
- Antonyms: discredit, disgrace, disrepute, dishonour
- Usage in a Sentence: The rumours will do untold damage to his reputation.

#### 40. Word: Pluralist (बह्लतावादी)

- Pronunciation: ploo r-uh-lizt/ प्ल्रालिस्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. an advocate of a system in which two or more states, groups, principles, sources of authority, etc., coexist. (Noun) b. relating to or advocating a system in which two or more states, groups, principles, sources of authority, etc., coexist. (Adjective)
- Synonyms: multi-party, diverse, multiplicity
- Usage in a Sentence: A pluralist society allows its members to freely express their beliefs.

#### 41. Word: Reprieve (दण्डविराम)

- Pronunciation: ri-preev/ रिप्रीव
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. cancel or postpone the punishment of (someone, especially someone condemned to death). [Verb]
  - b. a cancellation or postponement of a punishment. [Noun]
- Synonyms: pardon, release, respite
- Antonyms: punish, charge, blame
- Usage in a sentence: The family has won a temporary reprieve from eviction.

#### 42. Word: Convict (अपराधी/ अपराधी ठहराना)

- Pronunciation: kuh n-vikt/ कन्विक्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. declare (someone) to be guilty of a criminal offence by the verdict of a jury or the decision of a judge in a court of law. (Verb.)
  - b. a person found guilty of a criminal offence and serving a sentence of imprisonment. (Noun)
- Synonyms: condemn, sentence, prisoner, condemned
- Antonyms: release, victim, acquit, absolve
- Usage in a Sentence: She walked through, feeling like a condemned convict.

#### 43. Word: Breach (विच्छेद/ दरार करना)

- Pronunciation: breech/ ब्रीच
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. an act of breaking or failing to observe a law, agreement, or code of conduct. (Noun) b. a gap in a wall, barrier, or defence,





especially one made by an attacking army. (Noun)

c. make a gap in and break through (a wall, barrier, or defence). (Verb)d. break or fail to observe (a law, agreement, or code of conduct). (Verb)

- Synonyms: violate, break, infringe
- Antonyms: bridge, fulfil, warranty
- Usage in a Sentence: A breach in the mountain wall permits warm sea air to penetrate inland.

#### 44. Word: Contention (কলह)

• Pronunciation: kuhn-ten-shuhn/ कन्टेन्शन

Part of Speech: Noun

Meaning:

a. heated disagreement.

b. an assertion, especially one maintained in argument.

 Synonyms: conflict, disagreement, dispute, disputation, argument, variance

 Antonyms: peace, agreement, serenity, harmony

Usage in a Sentence:

a. There is no contention between the two groups.

b. Columbus's contention that the earth was round turned out to be correct.

#### 45. Word: Espionage (चारवृत्ति)

• Pronunciation: es-pee-uh-nahzh/ एस्पीअनाज

Part of Speech: Noun

 Meaning: the practice of spying or of using spies, typically by governments to obtain political and military information.

Synonyms: spying, surveillance, secret service

 Usage in a Sentence: The authorities have arrested several people suspected of espionage.

#### 46. Word: Castigate (दण्ड देना)

Pronunciation: kas-ti-geyt/ कैस्टगेट

Part of Speech: Verb

Meaning: reprimand (someone) severely.

Synonyms: punish, reprimand, scold

Antonyms: celebrate, praise, laud

 Usage in a Sentence: She could not find sufficient reproaches with which to castigate herself.

#### 47. Word: Annul (रदद करना)

Pronunciation: uh-nuhl/ अनल

Part of Speech: Verb

- Meaning: declare invalid (an official agreement, decision, or result).
- Synonyms: cancel, quash, nullify, revoke
- Antonyms: validate, confirm, continue
- Usage in a Sentence: His second marriage was annulled because he never divorced his first wife.

#### 48. Word: Precedent (उदाहरण/ अग्रगामी)

• Pronunciation: pres-i-duh nt/ प्रेसिडन्ट

• Part of Speech: Noun, Adjective

Meaning:

a. an earlier event or action that is regarded as an example or guide to be considered in subsequent similar circumstances. [Noun]b. preceding in time, order, or importance. [Adjective]

Synonyms: model, example, preceding

· Antonyms: after, following, later

• Usage in a sentence: The judgment on pension rights has established a precedent.

#### 49. Word: Emulate (अन्करण करना)

• Pronunciation: em-yuh-leyt/ एम्युलेट

Part of Speech: Verb

 Meaning: match or surpass (a person or achievement), typically by imitation.

Synonyms: imitate, mimic, mimic, follow

Antonyms: neglect, disregard, divest

 Usage in a Sentence: The organisers hope the unofficial event will emulate last weekend's annual rugby sevens tournament.

#### 50. Word: Implement (उपकरण/ कार्यान्वित करना)

• Pronunciation: im-pluh-muh nt/ इम्प्लमेन्ट

• Part of Speech: Noun, Verb

Meaning:

a. a tool, utensil, or other piece of equipment that is used for a particular purpose. (Noun)

b. put (a decision, plan, agreement, etc.) into effect. (Verb)

• Synonyms: carry out, apply, fulfil, execute

• Antonyms: cancel, exempt, reject

• Usage in a Sentence: The government promised to implement a new system to control financial loan institutions.

#### 51. Word: Propel (उकसाना)

Pronunciation: pruh-pel / प्रपेल

Part of Speech: Verb

Meaning: drive or push something forwards.

Synonyms: thrust, drive, push

• Antonyms: restrain, hold, keep





- Usage in a sentence: We must first calculate the horse-power needed to propel the ship.
- 52. Word: Hinterland (अंतर्क्षेत्र)
  - Pronunciation: hin-ter-land/ हिन्टर्लैन्ड
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning:
    - a. the remote areas of a country away from the coast or the banks of major rivers.b. an area lying beyond what is visible or known
  - Synonyms: interior, outback, countryside, remote areas
  - Antonyms: urban centre, metropolitan area, heartland
  - Usage in a Sentence: The trade between the Adriatic ports & their hinterland has grown.

#### 53. Word: Channelise (दिशा देना)

- Pronunciation: chan-l-ahyz/ चैनलाइज़
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: direct towards a particular end or object.
- Synonyms: manoeuver, steer, direct, guide
- Usage in a Sentence: An idea is a force which when nurtured and cultivated would channelise the events to initiate the process of achievement.

#### 54. Word: Disparity (विषमता)

- Pronunciation: dih-spar-i-tee/ डिस्पैरिटी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a great difference.
- Synonyms: discrepancy, difference, dissimilarity, distinction
- Antonyms: similarity, likeness, agreement, correspondence
- Usage in a Sentence: There is a great disparity between the amount of work that I do and what I get paid for it.

#### 55. Word: Coercive (बलपूर्वक)

- Pronunciation: co-ar-cive/ कोअर्सिव
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: relating to or using force or threats.
- Synonyms: authoritarian, imperious, highhanded.
- Antonyms: conditional ,constitutional ,discretionary
- Usage in a Sentence: The president relied on the coercive powers of the military.

#### 56. Word: Foray (आक्रमण करना)

Pronunciation: fawr-ey/ फाँरै

- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a sudden attack or incursion into enemy territory, especially to obtain something; a raid.
- Synonyms: despoil, charge, attack
- Antonyms: idleness, relax
- Usage in a Sentence: After an unsuccessful foray into diplomacies, Sham went back to his law practice.

#### 57. Word: Liability (उत्तरदायित्व)

- Pronunciation: lahy-uh-bil-i-tee/ लाइअबिलिटी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. the state of being legally responsible for something.
  - b. a person or thing whose presence or behaviour is likely to put one at a disadvantage.
- Synonyms: responsibility, accountability, obligation, burden
- Antonyms: asset, aid, privilege, advantage
- Usage in a Sentence: The outspoken minister has become a liability to the government.

#### 58. Word: Imprudent (अविवेकी)

- Pronunciation: im-prood-nt/ इम्प्रडन्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: not showing care for the consequences of an action; rash.
- Synonyms: reckless, careless, rash, unwise, injudicious, incautious, unwary; illconsidered, ill-judged
- Antonyms: prudent, wise, advisable, cautious, careful
- Usage in a Sentence: It would be imprudent to resign from your present job before you are offered another.

#### 59. Word: Bolster (सहारा)

- Pronunciation: bohl-ster/ बोल्स्टर
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: support or strengthen.
- Synonyms: reinforce, brace, fortify
- Antonyms: obstruct, weaken, hinder
- Usage in a Sentence: He is making a strong effort to bolster the territory's confidence.

#### 60. Word: Divest (वंचित कर देना)

- Pronunciation: dih-vest/ डाइवेस्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. deprive someone of (power, rights, or possessions).





- b. deprive something of (a particular quality).
- Synonyms: strip, denude, deprive, disrobe
- Antonyms: invest, commit, provide
- Usage in a Sentence: There is a growing movement to divest the monarchy of its remaining constitutional power.

#### 61. Word: Assuage (सन्तोष देना)

- Pronunciation: uh-sweyj/ अस्वेज
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. make (an unpleasant feeling) less intense.
  - b. satisfy (an appetite or desire).
- Synonyms: relieve, ease, alleviate, soothe, mitigate, satisfy, fulfil
- Antonyms: aggravate, intensify, exacerbate
- Usage in a Sentence: The government has tried to assuage the public's fears.

#### 62. Word: Mollycoddle (अत्यधिक ध्यान देना)

- Pronunciation: mol-ee-kod-l/ मालीकाडल
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. treat (someone) in an indulgent or overprotective way. (Verb)
  - b. an effeminate or ineffectual man or boy. (Noun)
- Synonyms: indulge, pamper, cosset, coddle, spoil
- Antonyms: mistreat, maltreat, manhandle, harass
- Usage in a Sentence: He doesn't believe that children should be mollycoddled.

#### 63. Phrase: Clip the wings (पर काट देना/ प्रगति रोकना)

- Pronunciation: क्लिप द विंग्स
- Meaning: Restrain or reduce someone's freedom
- Synonyms: impede, curb, check, obstruct, throttle, retard
- Antonyms: assist, support, facilitate
- Usage in a sentence: The economic troubles could clip the wings of entrepreneurs starting small businesses.

#### 64. Word: Budge (हटना)

- Pronunciation: buhj/ ৰ্জ
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. make or cause to make the slightest movement.
  - b. change an opinion.
- Synonyms: move, shift, stir, change

- Antonyms: stay, continue, adhere
- Usage in a Sentence: I've tried moving the desk but it won't budge.

#### 65. Word: Autonomy (स्वराज्य)

- Pronunciation: aw-ton-uh-mee/ऑटानमी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the right or condition of selfgovernment.
- Synonyms: freedom, self-government
- Antonym: dependence
- Usage in a Sentence: Branch managers have full autonomy in their own areas.

#### 66. Word: Prima facie (प्रथमहष्टया)

- Pronunciation: prahy-muh fey-shee-ee/ प्राइम फेशीर्ड
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Adverb
- Meaning: based on the first impression; accepted as correct until proved otherwise.
- Synonyms: at first sight, at first glance, preliminarily
- Usage in a Sentence: There was a prima facie case that a contempt of court had been committed.

#### 67. Word: Rationale (औचित्य)

- Pronunciation: rash-uh-nal/ रैशनैल
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a set of reasons or a logical basis for a course of action or belief.
- Synonyms: reason, justification, logic
- Antonym: Effect
- Usage in a Sentence: I don't understand the rationale behind the council's housing policy.

#### 68. Word: Confiscate (ज़ब्त कर लेना)

- Pronunciation: kon-fuh-skeyt/ कान्फिस्केट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. take or seize (someone's property) with authority.
  - b. appropriate (something, especially land) to the public treasury as a penalty.
- Synonyms: seize, expropriate, sequester, arrogate, capture
- Antonyms: offer, provide, render, relinquish
- Usage in a Sentence: The teacher threatened to confiscate their Yo-Yos if they kept playing with them in class.

#### 69. Word: Quantum (तायदाद)

- Pronunciation: kwon-tuh m/ क्वांटम
- Part of Speech: Noun





- Meaning: a required or allowed amount, especially an amount of money legally payable in damages.
- Synonyms: measure, portion, amount, proportion
- Usage in a Sentence: This discovery marks a quantum leap forward in the fight against cancer.

#### 70. Word: Consolidate (संघटित करना)

- Pronunciation: kuh n-sol-i-deyt/ कन्सालिडेट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. make (something) physically stronger or more solid.
  - b. combine (a number of things) into a single more effective or coherent whole.
- Synonyms: merge, unite, combine, strengthen
- Antonyms: separate, weaken, divide
- Usage in a sentence: The company is planning to consolidate its business activities at a new site in Arizona.

#### 71. Word: Accountable (उत्तरदायी)

- Pronunciation: uh-koun-tuh-buh l/ अकाउन्टबल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. required or expected to justify actions or decisions; responsible.
  - b. able to be explained or understood.
- Synonyms: responsible, answerable, liable
- Antonyms: irresponsible, unaccountable
- Usage in a sentence: Local authorities should be publicly accountable to the communities they serve.

#### 72. Word: Subsume (सम्मिलित करना)

- Pronunciation: suh b-soom/ सब्सूम
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: include or absorb (something) in something else.
- Synonyms: encompass, contain, include, comprise, embody
- Antonyms: surrender, release
- Usage in a Sentence: More than anything, Dennis was interested in choosing people who could subsume their egos.

#### 73. Word: Credibility (विश्वसनीयता)

- Pronunciation: kred-uh-bil-i-tee/ क्रेडिबिलिटी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. the quality of being trusted and believed in.

- b. the quality of being convincing or believable.
- Synonyms: reliability, trustworthiness
- Antonyms: dishonesty, betrayal
- Usage in Sentence: The report gives an appearance of scientific credibility.

#### 74. Phrase: Iteration (प्नरावृत्ति)

- Pronunciation: it-uh-rey-shuh n/ इटरेशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the repetition of a process or utterance.
- Synonyms: repetition, recurrence, replication
- Usage in a sentence: The results from the experiment verify the veracity of the inverse iteration and weighted form-finding method.

#### 75. Word: Lapse (रद्द हो जाना)

- Pronunciation: laps/लैप्स
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. a brief or temporary failure of concentration, memory, or judgement.[Noun]
  - b. an interval or passage of time. [Noun] c. pass gradually into (an inferior state or condition). [Verb]
  - d. (of a right, privilege, or agreement) become invalid because it is not used, claimed, or renewed; expire. [Verb]
- Synonyms: decline, regresses
- Antonyms: improvements, renews
- Usage in a Sentence: The booking will automatically lapse unless you confirm it.

#### 76. Word: Detractor (आलोचना करके कलंकित करने वाला)

- Pronunciation: dih-traktor/ डीट्रैक्टर
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a person who disparages someone or something
- Synonyms: critic, attacker, slanderer
- Antonyms: benefactor, ally, supporter
- Usage in a Sentence: The detractors say they are relative newcomers who would have constituted a gamble.

#### 77. Word: Suffice (उपयुक्त होना)

- Pronunciation: suh-fahys/ सफाइस
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. be enough or adequate
  - b. meet the needs of
- Synonyms: satisfy, serve, be enough, be sufficient





- Antonyms: dissatisfy, dissatisfy, displease,
- Usage in a Sentence: A few brief observations will suffice for present purposes.

#### 78. Word: Hitherto (अब तक)

- Pronunciation: hith -er-too/ हिदर्टू
- Part of Speech: Adverb
- Meaning: until now or until the point in time under discussion.
- Synonyms: so far, as yet, till date, until now, thus far
- Antonyms: currently, instantly, recently
- Usage in a Sentence: Edenderry, hitherto a small village in the parish of Seagoe, became officially part of Portadown in 1840.

#### 79. Word: Resentment (रोष)

- Pronunciation: ri-zent-muhnt/ रिज़ेन्मन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: bitter indignation at having been treated unfairly.
- Synonyms: bitterness, animosity, rancour, hostility
- Antonyms: togetherness, delight, contentment
- Usage in a Sentence: He sensed an undercurrent of resentment among the crowd.

#### 80. Word: Elitism (उत्कृष्टता)

- Pronunciation: ih-lee-tiz-uh m/ एलिटिज़म
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. the belief that a society or system should be led by an elite.
  - b. the superior attitude or behaviour associated with an elite.
- Synonyms: exclusiveness, lordliness, exclusivity, snobbery
- Usage in a Sentence: It became difficult to promote excellence without being accused of elitism.

#### 81. Word: Bridge (सेत्, अंतर मिटाना)

- Pronunciation: brij/ ब्रिज
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. a structure carrying a road, path, railway, etc. across a river, road, or another obstacle. (Noun)
  - b. something intended to reconcile or connect two seemingly incompatible things.
  - (Noun)
  - c. be or make a bridge over (something).

#### (Verb)

- d. make (a difference between two groups) smaller or less significant. (Verb)
- Synonyms: link, connect, unite; straddle; overcome, reconcile
- Antonyms: disconnect, unlink, separate, gap
- Usage in a Sentence: The book serves as a bridge between ancient wisdom and modern science.

#### 82. Word: Lateral (पार्श्विक)

- Pronunciation: lat-er-uh l/ लैटरल
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. of, at, towards, or from the side or sides. (Adjective)
  - b. a side part of something, especially a shoot or branch growing out from the side of a stem. (Noun)
- Synonyms: sideways, sideward, skirting, parallel
- Antonyms: central, organic, critical, natural
- Usage in a Sentence: Employees can expect lateral moves to different departments, to gain experience.

#### 83. Word: Fraught (भारयुक्त, व्याकुल)

- Pronunciation: frawt/ फ्राँट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. (of a situation or course of action) filled with or likely to result in (something undesirable).
  - b. causing or affected by anxiety or stress.
- Synonyms: charged, laden, anxious, worried, upset, distraught, overwrought, agitated, distressed, distracted, desperate
- Antonyms: devoid, bare, destitute
- Usage in a Sentence: The long journey through the tropical forest was fraught with danger.

#### 84. Word: Diplomatic (क्टनीतिक)

- Pronunciation: dip-luh-mat-ik/ डिप्लमैटिक
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. of or concerning diplomacy.
  - b. having or showing an ability to deal with people in a sensitive and tactful way.
  - c. (of an edition or copy) exactly reproducing an original version.
- Synonyms: tactful, politic, discreet, prudent
- Antonyms: impolite, tactless, contemptuous





- Usage in a Sentence: The diplomatic relations between the two countries have been ruptured.
- 85. Word: Protocol (संलेख)
  - Pronunciation: proh-tuh-kawl / प्रोटकाल
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning: the official procedure or system of rules governing affairs of state or diplomatic occasions.
  - Synonyms: procedure, etiquette, convention
  - Antonyms: crudeness
  - Usage in a sentence: The organizer was familiar with the protocol of royal visits.

#### 86. Word: Furore (उत्तेजना)

- Pronunciation: fyoor-awr/ फ्यूरोर
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: an outbreak of public anger or excitement.
- Synonyms: commotion, uproar, outcry, disturbance, hubbub
- Antonyms: pleasure, docility
- Usage in a Sentence: His resignation passed almost unnoticed amid the furore of the elections.

#### 87. Word: Mediate (बीच बचाव करना)

- Pronunciation: mee-dee-eyt/ मीडीएट
- Part of Speech: Verb, Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. intervene in a dispute in order to bring about an agreement or reconciliation. (Verb) b. connected indirectly through another person or thing; involving an intermediate agency. (Adjective)
- Synonyms: arbitrate, negotiate, reconcile
- Antonyms: provoke, contend, aggravate, combat
- Usage in a Sentence: The former president has agreed to mediate the peace talks.

#### 88. Word: Arbitrate (मध्यस्थता करना)

- Pronunciation: ahr-bi-treyt/ आर्बिटेट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: (of an independent person or body) reach an authoritative judgement or settlement.
- Synonyms: mediate, adjudicate, intercede, moderate, negotiate
- Antonyms: make war, have a row, incite
- Usage in a Sentence: A committee was created to arbitrate between the management and the union.
- 89. Word: Outstanding (बकाया, उत्कृष्ट)

- Pronunciation: out-stan-ding/ आउट्स्टैन्डिंग
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. exceptionally good.
  - b. not yet paid, resolved, or dealt with.
- Synonyms: excellent, remarkable, extraordinary, notable, pending, unpaid
- Antonyms: mediocre, average, ordinary, inferior
- Usage in a Sentence: May you have health, happiness and outstanding success in all your ventures.

#### 90. Word: Discreet (चत्र)

- Pronunciation: dih-skreet/ डिस्क्रीट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. careful and prudent in one's speech or actions, especially in order to keep something confidential or to avoid embarrassment.
  - b. intentionally unobtrusive.
- Synonyms: prudent, careful, judicious, cautious
- Antonyms: careless, indiscreet, foolish, reckless
- Usage in a Sentence: The family made discreet enquiries about his background.

#### 91. Word: Nip (नष्ट करना, निंदा करना)

- Pronunciation: nip/ निप
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. bite or pinch sharply. (Verb)
  - b. a sharp bite or pinch. (Noun)
- Synonyms: pinch, bite, squeeze, clip, snap
- Antonyms: encourage, permit
- Usage in a Sentence: It is important to recognize jealousy and nip it in the bud before it gets out of hand.

#### 92. Word: Repercussion (प्रभाव)

- Pronunciation: ree-per-kuhsh-uh n/ रीपर्कशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: an unintended consequence of an event or action, especially an unwelcome one.
- Synonyms: effect, impact, backlash, consequence
- Usage in a Sentence: The repercussions of the change in policy will be felt throughout Europe.

#### 93. Word: Contention (कलह, दावा)

• Pronunciation: kuhn-ten-shuhn/ कन्टेन्शन





- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. heated disagreement.
  - b. an assertion, especially one maintained in argument.
- Synonyms: conflict, disagreement, dispute, disputation, argument, variance
- Antonyms: peace, agreement, serenity, harmony
- Usage in a Sentence:
  - a. There is no contention between the two groups.
  - b. Columbus's contention that the earth was round turned out to be correct.

#### 94. Word: Culmination (चरमबिन्द्र)

- Pronunciation: kuhl-muh-ney-shuhn/ कल्मनेशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the highest or climactic point of something, especially as attained after a long time.
- Synonyms: peak, climax, pinnacle, conclusion
- Antonyms: beginning, commencement, opening
- Usage in a sentence: The space race reached its culmination in the first moon walk.

#### 95. Word: Skulduggery (छल-कपट)

- Pronunciation: skuhl-duhg-uh-ree/ स्कल्डगरी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: underhand, unscrupulous, or dishonest behaviour or activities.
- Synonyms: trickery, deception, artifice, deceit
- Antonyms: honesty, good faith, fair deal
- Usage in a Sentence: He is serving a prison sentence for financial skulduggery.

#### 96. Word: Slugfest (च्नौतीपूर्ण लड़ाई)

- Pronunciation: sluhg-fest/ सल्ग्फेस्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a tough and challenging contest, especially in sports such as boxing and baseball.
- Synonyms: fistfight, struggle, tussle, fighting
- Antonym: peace
- Usage in a Sentence: The annual Oxford-Cambridge Boat Race is much the same: a slugfestbetween predominantly non-British mercenaries.

#### 97. Word: Mandate (अधिकार-पत्र/ सौंपना)

- Pronunciation: man-deyt/ मैन्डेट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. an official order or commission to do something. [Noun]
  - b. give (someone) authority to act in a certain way. [Verb]
- Synonyms: order, command, charge
- Antonyms: denial, abolish
- Usage in a sentence: The government gave the police a mandate to reduce crime.

#### 98. Phrase: Drive a wedge (विवाद करवाना)

- Pronunciation: ड्राइव अ वैज
- Meaning: to cause disagreement or anger between (people who had been friendly before)
- Synonyms: sow discord, partition, create discord, discord
- Antonyms: harmonise, unite, ally
- Usage in a Sentence: It would be silly to let things which have happened in the past drive a wedgebetween us now.

#### 99. Word: Precedent (उदाहरण/ अग्रगामी)

- Pronunciation: pres-i-duh nt/ प्रेसिडन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. an earlier event or action that is regarded as an example or guide to be considered in subsequent similar circumstances. [Noun] b. preceding in time, order, or importance. [Adjective]
- Synonyms: model, example, preceding
- Antonyms: after, following, later
- Usage in a sentence: The judgment on pension rights has established a precedent.

#### 100. Word: Facetious (हासोत्पादक)

- Pronunciation: fuh-see-shuhs / फसीशस
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: treating serious issues with deliberately inappropriate humour; flippant.
- Synonyms: humorous, jocular, witty, comical, amusing
- Antonyms: serious, solemn, grave, humorless
- Usage in a Sentence: Meera kept interrupting our discussion with facetious remarks.

#### 101. Word: Deem (मानना)

• Pronunciation: deem/ डीम





- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: regard or consider in a specified way.
- Synonyms: consider, believe, judge, regard
- Antonyms: disregard, accuse, ignore, disbelieve
- Usage in a Sentence: I deem it advisable to purchase the shares in the railway now.

#### 102. Word: Desperation (आशाहीनता)

- Pronunciation: des-puh-rey-shuh n/ डेस्परेशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a state of despair, typically one which results in rash or extreme behaviour.
- Synonyms: despair, despondency, misery
- Antonyms: peace, confidence, hopelessness
- Usage in a sentence: The feeling of desperation and helplessness was common to most of the refugees.

#### 103. Word: Wield (उपयोग करना)

- Pronunciation: weeld/ वील्ड
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: have and be able to use (power or influence).
- Synonyms: handle, exert, utilize
- Antonyms: conceal, flip
- Usage in a sentence: Though the central banks wield enormous power, we should not overstate their ability to shape the economy in the long run.

#### 104. Word: Designate (प्राधिकृत करना)

- Pronunciation: dez-ig-neyt/ डेज़ग्नैट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: appoint (someone) to a specified office or post.
- Synonyms: appoint, nominate, depute
- Antonyms: dethrone, displace
- Usage in a sentence: The directive requires member states to designate sites of special scientific interest.

#### 105. Word: Innocuous (क्षति न पहुंचानेवाला)

- Pronunciation: ih-nok-yoo-uh s/ इनाक्युअस
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: not harmful or offensive.
- Synonyms: harmless, safe, non-dangerous, non-poisonous, non-toxic, inncocent
- Antonyms: harmful, obnoxious, injurious, pernicious
- Usage in a sentence: Even innocuous substances can sometimes register a positive result in a drug test.

#### 106. Word: Conviction (अपराधी ठहराना)

- Pronunciation: kuhn-vik-shuhn/ कन्विक्शन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a formal declaration by the verdict of a jury or the decision of a judge in a court of law that someone is guilty of a criminal offence.
- Synonyms: sentence, judgement
- Antonyms: acquittal, amnesty
- Usage in a sentence: She appealed unsuccessfully against her conviction for murder.

#### 107. Word: Invalidation (रदद करना)

- Pronunciation: in-val-i-deyt/ इन्वैलडेशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. the action of stopping a document, ticket, law, etc. from being legally or officially acceptable.
  - b. the action of proving that an opinion, argument, etc. is wrong.
- Synonyms: annulment, nullify, negate, annul, abrogate
- Antonyms: mandate, establish, validate
- Usage in a sentence: Their terrible behaviour has led to the invalidation of any argument they make.

#### 108. Word: Detention (कारावास)

- Pronunciation: dih-ten-shuh n/ डिटेन्शन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the action of detaining someone or the state of being detained in official custody.
- Synonyms: custody, imprisonment, confinement, incarceration
- Antonyms: redemption, release, liberation, discharge, freedom
- Usage in a sentence: The detention raised two distinct but closely linked questions.

#### 109. Word: Taint (दुषण, दुषित करना)

- Pronunciation: teynt/ टेन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. something with a contaminating influence or effect. (Noun)
  - b. contaminate or pollute (something).(Verb)
- Synonyms: contaminate, pollute, adulterate, infect, tarnish, sully
- Antonyms: disinfect, purify, cleanse, enhance



 Usage in a sentence: The taint of politics in conservation is not peculiar to the federal agencies.

#### 110. Word: Redress (उपाय करना)

- Pronunciation: ree-dres/रिडेस
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: remedy or set right (an undesirable or unfair situation).
- Synonyms: remedy, correct, rectify
- Antonyms: wrong, worsen, blighted
- Usage in a sentence: Attempts are being made to redress the imbalance between our import and export figures.

#### 111. Word: Portentous (अनिष्टस्चक, असाधारण)

- Pronunciation: pawr-ten-tuh s/ पोर्टेन्टस
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. of or like a portent; of momentous significance.
  - b. done in a pompously or overly solemn manner so as to impress.
- Synonyms: fateful, momentous, consequential, pompous, bombastic
- Antonyms: humble, minor, insignificant, modest
- Usage in a sentence: The report contains numerous portentous references to a future environmental calamity.

#### 112. Word: Forfeiture (अपहार)

- Pronunciation: fawr-fi-cher/ फॉर्फचर
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the loss or giving up of something as a penalty for wrongdoing.
- Synonyms: confiscation, forfeit, loss, deprivation
- Antonyms: gain, advantage
- Usage in a sentence: Failure to meet repayments leads automatically to forfeiture of the lease.

#### 113. Word: Override (अवहेलना करना)

- Pronunciation: oh-ver-rahyd/ ओवर्राइड
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. use one's authority to reject or cancel (a decision, view, etc.). (Verb)
  - b. an excess or increase on a budget, salary, or cost. (Noun)
- Synonyms: cancel, annul, nullify, revoke
- Antonyms: accept, assume, mandate

 Usage in a sentence: The welfare of a child should always override the wishes of its parents.

#### 114. Word: Reckon (समझना, सम्मिलित करना)

- Pronunciation: rek-uhn/ रेकन
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. establish by calculation.
  - b. be of the opinion.
  - c. rely on or be sure of.
- Synonyms: calculate, think, figure, estimate, count
- Antonyms: deprive, disavow, depreciate, abandon
- Usage in a sentence: I reckon that it's going to rain.

#### 115. Word: Abjure (त्यागना)

- Pronunciation: ab-joor/ ऐब्ज्र
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: solemnly renounce (a belief, cause, or claim).
- Synonyms: renounce, withdraw, deny, retract
- Antonyms: adopt, admit, acknowledge, uphold
- Usage in a sentence: The conqueror tried to make the natives abjure their religion.

#### 116. Word: Brinkmanship (सीमांतवर्तिता)

- Pronunciation: bringk-muh n-ship/ बिंगक्मन्शिप
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the art or practice of pursuing a dangerous policy to the limits of safety before stopping, especially in politics.
- Usage in a sentence: There is a lot of political brinkmanship involved in this latest development.

#### 117. Word: Doomster (प्रलयवक्ता)

- Pronunciation: doom-ster/ दूम्स्टर
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a person who predicts disaster.
- Synonyms: doomsayer, pessimist
- Antonym: motivator
- Usage in a sentence: The Hong Kong doomster Alion Yeo has predicted that North Korea will undergo a power struggle that will bring leadership changes around May.

#### 118. Word: Induction (अन्गम)

- Pronunciation: in-duhk-shuh n/ इन्डक्शन
- Part of Speech: Noun





- Meaning:
  - a. the action or process of inducting someone to a post or organization.b. the process or action of bringing about or giving rise to something.
- Synonyms: initiation, installation, inauguration, introduction
- Antonyms: conclusion, rejection, closure
- Usage in a sentence: The induction of new students will take place in the main hall.

#### 119. Word: Prorogue (ਟਾलना)

- Pronunciation: proh-rohg, प्रोरोग
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: discontinue a session of (a parliament or other legislative assembly) without dissolving it.
- Synonyms: postpone, extend, table, shelve
- Antonyms: assemble, continue, carry on
- Usage in a sentence: The Parliament was prorogued to the tenth of February.

#### 120. Word: Precarious (खतरनाक)

- Pronunciation: pri-kair-ee-uhs/ प्रिकेरीअस
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. not securely held or in position;dangerously likely to fall or collapse.b. dependent on chance; uncertain.
- Synonyms: risky, hazardous, dangerous, perilous
- Antonyms: safe, secure, strong, firm
- Usage in a sentence: The museum is in a financially precarious position.

#### 121. Word: Reminiscent (संस्मरणशील)

- Pronunciation: rem-uh-nis-uh nt/ रेमनिसन्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. tending to remind one of something.b. suggesting something by resemblance.
- Synonyms: remindful, evocative, suggestive
- Antonyms: forgetful, oblivious
- Usage in a sentence: The way he laughed was strongly reminiscent of his father.

#### 122. Word: Instinct (सहज-ज्ञान)

- Pronunciation: in-stingkt/ इन्स्टिंगक्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. an innate, typically fixed pattern of behaviour in animals in response to certain stimuli. (Noun)
  - b. imbued or filled with (a quality, especially a desirable one). (Adjective)

- Synonyms: feeling, hunch, insight
- Antonyms: incapacity, inaptitude
- Usage in a sentence: She has an unerring instinct for people's weak spots.

#### 123. Word: Resurrect (प्नर्जीवित करना)

- Pronunciation: rez-uh-rekt/ रेज़रेक्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. restore (a dead person) to life.
  - b. revive or revitalize (something that is inactive, disused, or forgotten).
- Synonyms: revive, raise, revitalize, renew, restore
- Antonyms: terminate, execute, euthanize
- Usage in a sentence: She has been busily trying to resurrect her Hollywood career.

#### 124. Word: Dissent (असम्मति)

- Pronunciation: dih-sent/डिसेन्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. hold or express opinions that are at variance with those commonly or officially held. [Verb]
  - b. the holding or expression of opinions at variance with those commonly or officially held. [Noun]
- Synonyms: conflict, disagree, protest
- Antonyms: agree, assent, agreement
- Usage in a sentence: Voices of dissent began to rise against the bombing.

#### 125. Word: Nitty-gritty (सार)

- Pronunciation: nit-ee-grit-ee/ निटी ग्रिटी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the most important aspects or practical details of a subject or situation.
- Synonyms: essence, core, essence, gist, pith, crux
- Usage in a sentence: The first question you'll need to ask yourself before you get caught up in all the nitty-gritty details, is whether you want a desktop or laptop computer.

#### 126. Word: Digress (विषय से हटना)

- Pronunciation: dih-gres/ डाइग्रेस
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: leave the main subject temporarily in speech or writing.
- Synonyms: deviate, go off at a tangent, diverge, depart, drift
- Antonyms: stay, associate, concentrate, focus, achieve





- Usage in a sentence: The old professor used to digress from his subject for a moment to tell his students a funny story.
- 127. Word: Quip (परिहास करना)
  - Pronunciation: kwip/ क्विप
  - Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
  - Meaning:
    - a. a witty remark. (Noun)
    - b. make a witty remark. (Verb)
  - Synonyms: jest, joke, gibe, jeer, deride
  - Antonyms: seriousness, earnest, tragedy
  - Usage in a sentence: Europe, to repeat the quip of the day, had lost a mistress and gained a master.

#### 128. Word: Blot (दाग)

- Pronunciation: blot/ ब्लाट
- Part of Speech: Noun,
- Meaning:
  - a. a dark mark or stain made by ink, paint, dirt, etc. (Noun)
  - b. a shameful act or quality that damages an otherwise good character or reputation. (Noun)
  - c. dry (a wet surface or substance) using an absorbent material. (Verb)
  - d. mark or stain (something). (Verb)
  - e. obliterate or disregard something painful in one's memory or existence. (Verb)
- Synonyms: spot, dot, mark, speck, tarnish, absorb, erase, efface, eradicate
- Antonyms: clarity, honour, beautify, grace, moisten, dampen
- Usage in a sentence: His involvement in the scandal was a blot on his reputation.

#### 129. Word: Veteran (अनुभवी व्यक्ति)

- Pronunciation: vet-er-uh n/ वेटरन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a person who has had long experience in a particular field.
- Synonyms: experienced, seasoned, expert, skilled
- Antonyms: inexperienced, rookie, amateur, unskilled
- Usage in a sentence: He is a veteran parliamentarian whose views enjoy widespread respect.

#### 130. Word: Misogynist (महिलाओं से घुणा करने वाला)

- Pronunciation: mi-soj-uh-nist/ मसाजनस्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Adjective

- Meaning:
  - a. a person who dislikes, despises, or is strongly prejudiced against women. (Noun)b. relating to or characteristic of a misogynist. (Adjective)
- Synonyms: woman-hater, sexist
- Antonyms: feminist, philogynist
- Usage in a sentence: The movie is a moral tale about a misogynist who dies and is reborn as a woman.

#### 131. Word: Thwart (व्यर्थ कर देना)

- Pronunciation: thwawrt/ थ्वॉर्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. prevent (someone) from accomplishing something.
  - b. oppose (a plan, attempt, or ambition) successfully.
- Synonyms: foil, frustrate, disappoint
- Antonyms: assist, facilitate
- Usage in a Sentence: As per the perfect planning, Meera knows that nobody can thwart her plans.

#### 132. Word: Lip-service (दिखावटी प्रेम)

- Pronunciation: लिप सर्विस
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: insincere expression of friendship, admiration, support, etc.; service by words only (while dissenting in one's heart)
- Synonyms: rhetoric, sweet talk,
- Antonyms: humility, fairness, frankness
- Usage in a sentence: Local authorities are expected to pay more than lip service to this requirement.

#### 133. Word: Prejudice (पूर्वधारणा)

- Pronunciation: prej-uh-dis/ प्रेजडिस
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. preconceived opinion that is not based on reason or actual experience. (Noun)
  - b. give rise to prejudice in (someone); make biased. (Verb)
- Synonyms: bias, partiality, harm, discrimination
- Antonyms: tolerance, fairness, justice, respect
- Usage in a sentence: The party's policies were based on prejudices rather than on any coherent ideology.

#### 134. Word: Chauvinistic (अंधराष्ट्रवादी)

• Pronunciation: shoh-vuh-nist/ चोवनिस्टिक





- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: feeling or displaying aggressive or exaggerated patriotism.
- Synonyms: nationalistic, xenophobic, jingo
- Antonyms: multicultural, tolerant, nonbiased
- Usage in a Sentence: The crowd was enthusiastically singing chauvinistic patriotic songs.

#### 135. Word: Saddle (भार डालना)

Meaning:

a. a seat fastened on the back of a horse or other animal for riding, typically made of leather and raised at the front and rear. (Noun)

b. a lower part of a ridge between two higher points or peaks. (Noun) c. put a saddle on (a horse). (Verb) d. burden (someone) with an onerous responsibility or task. (Verb)

- Synonyms: burden, charge, seat, oppress
- Antonyms: relieve, disintegrate, disengage, offload
- Usage in a sentence: I put a pillow on the saddle so that I could ride comfortably.

#### 136. Word: Relentless (अनवरत)

- Pronunciation: ri-lent-lis/ रिलेन्ट्लिस
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. unceasingly intense.
  - b. harsh or inflexible.
- Synonyms: constant, persisting, continuing, inflexible, rigid, stubborn
- Antonyms: merciful, sympathetic, benevolent, compassionate
- Usage in a sentence: It is easy to feel trampled by the relentless march of technology.

#### 137. Word: Amoral (नीतिभ्रष्ट)

- Pronunciation: ey-mawr-uh/ एमॉरल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: lacking a moral sense; unconcerned with the rightness or wrongness of something.
- Synonyms: sinful, wicked, dissolute, evil
- Antonyms: moral, honest, ethical, virtuous
- Usage in a sentence: Students lose their innate inquisitiveness and imagination, and become insecure and amoral in the pursuit of high scores.

#### 138. Word: Pursuit (अन्सरण, कोशिश)

- Pronunciation: per-soot/ पर्सूट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. the action of pursuing someone or something.
  - b. an activity of a specified kind, especially a recreational or sporting one.
- Synonyms: work, enterprise, mission, seeking
- Antonyms: retreat, surrender, detest
- Usage in a Sentence: She travelled the world in pursuit of her dreams.

#### 139. Word: Elated (प्रफुल्लित)

- Pronunciation: ih-ley-tid/ इਕੈਟਤ
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: exhilarated, happy, delighted
- Synonyms: happy, jubilant, exultant, joyous, overjoyed
- Antonyms: depressed, dispirited, despondent, miserable
- Usage in a sentence: We were elated to find out Sue had topped again.

#### 140. Word: Precede (अग्रगामिता)

- Pronunciation: प्रिसीड/
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. come before in order or position.
  - b. preface or introduce something with.
- Synonyms: lead, introduce, direct, predate
- Antonyms: follow, succeed, come after
- Usage in a sentence: It would be helpful if you were to precede the report with an introduction.

#### 141. Word: Linger (रुका रहना)

- Pronunciation: ling-ger/ लिंगर
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. stay in a place longer than necessary because of a reluctance to leave.
  - b. spend a long time over (something).
  - c. be slow to disappear or die.
- Synonyms: loiter, stay, remain, wait
- Antonyms: rush, hurry, leave
- Usage in a sentence: There's no need to linger over this stage of the interview.

#### 142. Word: Rapacity (ਨੀਮ)

- Pronunciation: ruh-pey-shuhs/ रपैसिटी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: aggressive greed.





- Synonyms: greed, avarice, rapaciousness
- Antonyms: generosity, bounteousness, altruism, abstinence
- Usage in a sentence: In much of Western Europe, he is remembered as the epitome of cruelty and rapacity.

#### 143. Word: Dent (धंसाना)

- Pronunciation: dent-ed/ डेन्टिड
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - have an adverse effect on; diminish. (Verb) b. a slight hollow in a hard-even surface made by a blow or pressure. (Noun)
- Synonyms: diminish, reduce, lessen, shrink
- Antonyms: increase
- Usage in a sentence: This neither deterred him nor dented his enthusiasm.

#### 144. Word: Garner (इकटठा करना)

- Pronunciation: gahr-ner/ गार्नर
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: gather or collect (something, especially information or approval).
- Synonyms: gather, collect, amass, accumulate
- Antonyms: disperse, dissipate, spread
- Usage in a sentence: The police struggled to garner sufficient evidence.

#### 145. Word: Peer (हमउम्र, झांकना)

- Pronunciation: peer/ पीर
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. look with difficulty or concentration at someone or something. (Verb)b. a person of the same age, status, or
  - ability as another specified person. (Noun) Synonyms: equal, look, peek, fellow,
- Antonyms: glance, gaze, superior, stranger
- Usage in a sentence:

counterpart

- a. Love is not to peer at each other but to stare the same way together.
- b. Teenagers may find it difficult to resist peer pressure.

#### 146. Word: Fiasco (विफलता)

- Pronunciation: fee-as-koh/ फीऐस्को
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a complete failure, especially a ludicrous or humiliating one.
- Synonyms: failure, disaster, disappointment, debacle
- Antonyms: success, blessing, benefit, boon

• Usage in a sentence: The conference degenerated into a complete fiasco.

#### 147. Word: Wipeout (विनाश)

- Pronunciation: wahyp-out/ वाइपाउट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: an instance of being destroyed or overwhelmingly defeated.
- Synonyms: crash, collapse, downfall, destruction, decline
- Antonyms: existence, birth, prosper
- Usage in a sentence: The party faces a virtual wipeout in the election.

#### 148. Word: Heritage (धरोहर)

- Pronunciation: her-i-tij/ हेरिटिज
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. property that is or may be inherited; an inheritance.
  - b. denoting or relating to things of special architectural, historical, or natural value that are preserved for the nation.
- Synonyms: inheritance, legacy, ancestry, descent, tradition
- Usage in a sentence: The city has an exceptionally rich heritage of historic buildings.

#### 149. Word: Marvel (अचमभा)

- Pronunciation: mahr-vuh l/ मार्वल
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. be filled with wonder or astonishment. (Verb)
  - b. a wonderful or astonishing person or thing. (Noun)
- Synonyms: wonder, miracle, prodigy, curiosity
- Antonyms: indifference, disrespect, neglect
- Usage in a sentence: One can only marvel at the way the building has been constructed.

#### 150. Word: Rigorous (सश्रम)

- Pronunciation: rig-er-uhs/ रिगरस
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. extremely thorough and careful.
  - b. (of a rule, system, etc.) strictly applied or adhered to.
  - c. (of a person) adhering strictly to a belief or system.
  - d. harsh and demanding.
- Synonyms: strict, stringent, severe, meticulous





- Antonyms: easy, lenient, negligent, flexible
- Usage in a sentence: The second team adopted a much more rigorous approach to the problem.

#### 151. Word: Stagger (विचलित करना)

- Pronunciation: stag-er/ स्टैगर
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. walk or move unsteadily as if about to fall. [Verb]
  - b. astonish or deeply shock. [Verb]c. an unsteady walk or movement. [Noun]
- Synonyms: stumble, surprise, shocked
- Antonyms: comfort, relax, calm
- Use in a Sentence: It seems they stagger from one crisis to the next.

#### 152. Word: Charismatic (आकर्षक व्यक्तित्व युक्त)

- Pronunciation: कैरीज्मैटिक/
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. exercising a compelling charm which inspires devotion in others. (Adjective) b. an adherent of the charismatic movement. (Noun)
- Synonyms: charming, captivating, enchanting, glamorous
- Antonyms: repulsive, unrelatable, tedious, abominable, unappealing
- Usage in a sentence: Not an obviously charismatic figure, Mr Chan's principal qualities are those of a high-order bureaucrat.

#### 153. Word: Imperative (अत्यावश्यक)

- Pronunciation: im-per-uh-tiv/ इम्पेरिव
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. of vital importance; crucial. (Adjective)b. giving an authoritative command;peremptory. (Adjective)
  - c. an essential or urgent thing. (Noun)
- Synonyms: essential, necessary, urgent, crucial
- Antonyms: minor, unnecessary, needless, inessential
- Usage in a Sentence: The collapse of the wall made it imperative to keep the water out by some other means.

#### 154. Word: Reflective (चिंतनशील)

- Pronunciation: ri-flek-tiv/ रिफ्लेक्टिव
- Part of Speech: Adjective

- Meaning:
  - a. providing a reflection; capable of reflecting light or other radiation.b. relating to or characterized by deep thought; thoughtful.
- Synonyms: thoughtful, meditative, contemplative, introspective
- Antonyms: ignorant, thoughtless
- Usage in a sentence: Philosophy deals systematically with questions that every reflective person asks from time to time.

#### 155. Word: Desertion (परित्याग)

- Pronunciation: dih-zur-shuh n/ डिज़र्शन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. the action of deserting a person, cause, or organization.
  - b. the action of illegally leaving the armed forces
- Synonyms: abandonment, defection, withdrawal
- Antonyms: assistance, appearance, advent
- Usage in a sentence: Armies so non-national and drawn so largely from the lowest strata of the social pyramid were prone to lose men by desertion.

#### 156. Word: Cognisable (संज्ञेय)

- Pronunciation: kog-nuh-zuh-buh l/ काग्निज़बल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. perceptible; clearly identifiable.
  - b. within the jurisdiction of a court.
- Synonyms: perceptible, indicated, evident, perceptible, likely
- Usage in a Sentence: A hieroglyph is an emblem of something not cognisable by the senses but which possesses qualities resembling those of the symbol.

#### 157. Word: Persistent (अनवरत)

- Pronunciation: per-sis-tuhnt/ पर्सिस्टन्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: continuing firmly or obstinately in an opinion or course of action in spite of difficulty or opposition.
- Synonyms: firm, persevering, resolute, tenacious, determined, constant
- Antonyms: inconstant, irresolute
- Usage in a sentence: Albert had a persistent headache that lasted for three days.

#### 158. Word: Dilute (कमज़ोर करना, फ़ीका करना)

Pronunciation: dih-loot/ डाइल्ट





- Part of Speech: Verb, Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. make (a liquid) thinner or weaker by adding water or another solvent to it. (Verb) b. (of a liquid) made thinner or weaker by having had water or another solvent added to it. (Adjective)
- Synonyms: weaken, thin, reduce, adulterate
- Antonyms: strong, undiluted, strengthen, concentrated
- Usage in a sentence: These measures are designed to dilute public fears about the product's safety.

#### 159. Word: Conceive (विचार करना, गर्भ धारण करना)

- Pronunciation: kuh n-seev/ कन्सीव
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. create (an embryo) by fertilizing an egg.b. form or devise (a plan or idea) in the mind.
  - c. form a mental representation of; imagine. d. become affected by (a feeling).
- Synonyms: devise, create, invent, invent, imagine, design
- Antonyms: destroy, distrust, doubt, disbelieve, misapprehend
- Usage in a sentence: He couldn't conceive of a time when he would have no job.

#### 160. Word: Subsistence (जीविका)

- Pronunciation: suhb-sis-tuhns/ सब्सिस्टन्स
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. the action or fact of maintaining or supporting oneself, especially at a minimal level.
  - b. the means of maintaining or supporting oneself.
  - c. denoting or relating to production at a level sufficient only for one's own use or consumption, without any surplus for trade.
- Synonyms: sustenance, livelihood, support, maintenance, survival
- Antonyms: extinction, adversity, fatality
- Usage in a sentence: Seventy percent of the country's population practises subsistence agriculture.

#### 161. Word: Abhorrent (घुणास्पद)

- Pronunciation: ab-hawr-uhnt/ ऐब्हॉरन्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: inspiring disgust and loathing; repugnant.

- Synonyms: repulsive, repugnant, abominable, loathsome, disgusting
- Antonyms: delicious, nice, tasty, appealing
- Usage in a Sentence: Discrimination of any sort is abhorrent to a civilized society.

#### 162. Word: Irrevocable (अखण्डनीय)

- Pronunciation: ih-rev-uh-kuh-buh l/ इरेवकबल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: not able to be changed, reversed, or recovered.
- Synonyms: irreversible, unalterable, final
- Antonyms: changeable, reversible
- Usage in a sentence: We will arrange to open an irrevocable credit in your favour.

#### 163. Word: Proponent (समर्थक)

- Pronunciation: pruh-poh-nuhnt/ प्रपोनन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a person who advocates a theory, proposal, or course of action
- Synonyms: supporter, advocate, exponent, upholder, defender
- Antonyms: opponent, enemy, rival, antagonist, foe
- Usage in a Sentence: Halsey was identified as a leading proponent of the values of progressive education.

#### 164. Word: Invoke (आहवान)

- Pronunciation: in-vohk/ इन्वोक
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: cite or appeal to (someone or something) as an authority for an action or in support of an argument.
- Synonyms: call forth, appeal, evoke, summon
- Antonyms: dismiss, avert, avoid, abandon, banish
- Usage in a sentence: The UN threatened to invoke economic sanctions if the talks were broken off.

#### 165. Word: Supplicant (निवेदक)

- Pronunciation: suhp-li-kuh nt/ सप्लकेन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a person who prays to God or respectfully asks an important person to help them or to give them something that they want very much.
- Synonyms: petitioner, applicant, beggar
- Antonym: donor
- Usage in a sentence: Most newly-appointed Prime Ministers are embarrassed by a plethora of well-qualified supplicants.





#### 166. Word: Ram (भर देना)

- Pronunciation: ram/ रैम
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. an uncastrated male sheep. (Noun)b. roughly force (something) into place. (Verb)
  - c. crash violently against something. (Verb)
- Synonyms: force, thrust, jam, cram, crowd
- Antonym: break free
- Usage in a sentence: The ads are intended to ram home the dangers of driving too fast in fog.

#### 167. Word: Rogue (कपटी)

- Pronunciation: rohg/ रोग
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a dishonest or unprincipled (man/ organisation).
- Synonyms: blackguard, villain, knave
- Antonyms: hero, angel, honest man
- Usage in a sentence: Officials are concerned about rogue regimes that may have nuclear weapons.

#### 168. Word: Assault (दुरागतचर्य)

- Pronunciation: uh-sawlt/ असॉल्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. make a physical attack on [Verb]b. a physical attack [Noun]
- Synonyms: attack, assail, strike, charge
- Antonyms: defend, support, protect
- Usage in a Sentence: The organizers of the march were charged with assault and riotous assembly.

#### 169. Word: Immolate (बिल देना)

- Pronunciation: im-uh-leyt/ इमलेट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: kill or offer as a sacrifice, especially by burning.
- Synonyms: cause death, sacrifice, victimize
- Usage in a sentence: Millions of people were immolated in World War I.

#### 170. Word: Brazen (ਜਿਨੀਤ੍ਤ)

- Pronunciation: brey-zuhn/ ब्रेज़न
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Verb
- Meaning: bold and without shame.
- Synonyms: bold, shameless, cheeky, impertinent, insolent
- Antonyms: shy, timid, gentle, shameful

• Usage in a Sentence: They showed a brazen disregard for user's privacy.

#### 171. Word: Complicit (भागीदार)

- Pronunciation: im-uh-leyt/ कोम्प्लिसेट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: involved with others in an activity that is unlawful or morally wrong.
- Synonyms: accomplice, co-conspirator, confederates, partners
- Antonyms: unattached, uninvolved, unconcerned, indifferent
- Usage in a sentence: His complicity with the former government had led to his downfall.

#### 172. Word: Expel (निष्कासित करना)

- Pronunciation: ik-spel/ इक्स्पेल
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: officially make (someone) leave a school or other organization.
- Synonyms: eject, banish, discharge, dismiss
- Antonyms: absorb, welcome, admit, permit
- Usage in a Sentence: The government is trying to expel all foreign journalists.

#### 173. Word: Inordinately (बह्त ज़्यादा)

- Pronunciation: in-awr-dn-it/ इनॉर्डनट्ली
- Part of Speech: Adverb
- Meaning: to an unusually or disproportionately large degree; excessively.
- Synonyms: excessively, unduly, exceedingly, unreasonably, disproportionately
- Antonyms: slightly, economically, trivially, weakly, faintly
- Usage in a sentence: They fretted that their personal responsibilities would be inordinatelydemanding of their time and energy.

#### 174. Word: Impunity (दण्ड से म्कित)

- Pronunciation: im-pyoo-ni-tee/ इम्प्यूनिटी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: exemption from punishment or freedom from the injurious consequences of an action.
- Synonyms: exemption, immunity, emancipation
- Antonyms: custody, correction
- Usage in a sentence: A general sense of impunity has added greatly to this situation.

#### 175. Word: Rationale (औचित्य)

Pronunciation: rash-uh-nal/ रैशनैल

Part of Speech: Noun





- Meaning: a set of reasons or a logical basis for a course of action or belief.
- Synonyms: reason, justification, logic
- Usage in a Sentence: I don't understand the rationale behind the council's housing policy.

#### 176. Word: Emphatic (प्रभावी)

- Pronunciation: em-fat-ik/ एम्फैटिक
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. expressing something forcibly and clearly.b. (of an action or its result) definite & clear.
- Synonyms: forceful, assertive, insistent
- Antonyms: forceless, insignificant, unassertive
- Usage in a Sentence: She was equally emphatic about the importance of discipline.

#### 177. Word: Exacerbate (बढ़ा देना)

- Pronunciation: ig-zas-er-beyt/ इंग्ज़ैसर्बेट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: make (a problem, bad situation, or negative feeling) worse.
- Synonyms: aggravate, increase, worsen
- Antonyms: improve, alleviate
- Usage in a sentence: The current cuts in public expenditure will inevitably exacerbate this situation.

#### 178. Word: Insular (एकांत)

- Pronunciation: in-suh-ler/ इन्सलर
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. ignorant of or uninterested in cultures, ideas, or peoples outside one's own experience.
  - b. lacking contact with other people.
  - c. relating to or from an island.
- Synonyms: local, parochial, isolated, sectarian, restricted
- Antonyms: multicultural, cosmopolitan
- Usage in a sentence: Edna McGurk came from an insular inner circle of elite Philadelphia society.

#### 179. Word: Pare (संक्षिप्त करना)

- Pronunciation: pair/ पेर
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. trim (something) by cutting away its outer edges.
  - b. cut off (the outer skin) of something. c. reduce (something) in size, extent, or quantity in a number of small successive stages.

- Synonyms: trim, cut, shave, clip, reduce, prune
- Antonyms: expand, increase, lengthen, enlarge, magnify
- Usage in a sentence: To get at the fruit, you pare off the rather thick peel with a sharp knife.

#### 180. Word: Offset (बदला देना)

- Pronunciation: awf-set/ ऑफ्सेट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. a consideration or amount that diminishes or balances the effect of an opposite one. (Noun)
  - b. the amount or distance by which something is out of line. (Noun)
  - c. counteract (something) by having an equal and opposite force or effect. (Verb) d. place out of line. (Verb)
- Synonyms: counterbalance, compensate, counteract, neutralize
- Usage in a sentence: He put up his prices to offset the increased cost of materials.

#### 181. Word: Enviable (ईर्षा के योग्य)

- Pronunciation: en-vee-uh-buhl/ एन्वीअबल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: arousing or likely to arouse envy.
- Synonyms: desirable, fortunate, desired
- Antonyms: undesirable, unwanted, obnoxious
- Usage in a sentence: She has built up an enviable reputation as a harpist.

#### 182. Word: Protract (फैलना)

- Pronunciation: proh-trakt/ प्रोट्टैक्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: prolong
- Synonyms: extend, lengthen, stretch
- Antonyms: curtail, contract, abbreviate, shorten
- Usage in a Sentence: The oncologist was excited when he discovered a remarkable new treatment that would protract his patients' lives.

#### 183. Word: Muddle (अव्यवस्था)

- Pronunciation: muhd-l/ मडल
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. bring into a disordered or confusing state. (Verb)
  - b. mix (a drink) or stir (an ingredient) into a drink. (Verb)





- c. an untidy and disorganized state or collection. (Noun)d. a mistake arising from or resulting in confusion. (Noun)
- Synonyms: mess, disorder, jumble, tangle, confusion, chaos
- Antonyms: order, structure, organize
- Usage in a sentence: I've arranged the books alphabetically so don't muddle them up.

#### 184. Word: Spur (उत्साहन, उसकाना)

- Pronunciation: spur/ स्पर
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. a thing that prompts or encourages someone; an incentive. [Noun]b. give an incentive or encouragement to (someone). [Verb]
- Synonyms: urge, encourage, motivate
- Antonyms: discourage, hindrance, obstacle
- Usage in a Sentence: On the spur of the moment, we all decided to hold a dance party.

#### 185. Word: Perennial (चिरस्थायी)

- Pronunciation: puh-ren-ee-uhl/ परेनीअल
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. lasting or existing for a long or apparently infinite time; enduring or continually recurring. (Adjective)
    b. a perennial plant. (Noun)
- Synonyms: eternal, everlasting, constant, permanent, perpetual
- Antonyms: brief, short, episodic, temporary
- Usage in a Sentence: Every election seems to continue to deal with the same perennial issues that have been the focus of all the past elections.

#### 186. Word: Paucity (अभाव)

- Pronunciation: paw-si-tee/ पॉसिटी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the presence of something in only small or insufficient quantities or amounts.
- Synonyms: lack, dearth, insufficiency, scarcity, shortage, deficiency, inadequacy
- Antonyms: plethora, abundance, opulence, plenty
- Usage in a Sentence: This paucity of animal life seems inconsistent with the theory that the islands were once connected with the mainland.

#### 187. Word: Moot (विवादास्पद)

- Pronunciation: moot/ मृट
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. subject to debate, dispute, or uncertainty. (Adjective)
  - b. having little or no practical relevance, typically because the subject is too uncertain to allow a decision. (Adjective)
  - c. raise (a question or topic) for discussion; suggest (an idea or possibility). (Verb) d. an assembly held for debate, especially in Anglo-Saxon and medieval times. (Noun)
- Synonyms: disputable, debatable, questionable, controversial
- Antonyms: certain, definite, irrefutable
- Usage in a Sentence: By the time the order took effect, the issue had already become moot.

#### 188. Word: Mundane (सांसारिक, साधारण)

- Pronunciation: muhn-deyn/ मन्डेन
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. lacking interest or excitement; dull.
  - b. of this earthly world rather than a heavenly or spiritual one.
- Synonyms: ordinary, worldly, commonplace, prosaic
- Antonyms: extraordinary, otherworldly, supernatural, heavenly
- Usage in a Sentence: The way he described her, I don't think she paid much attention to the mundane things in life.

#### 189. Word: Impinge (अतिक्रमण करना)

- Pronunciation: im-pinj/ इम्पिन्ज
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. have an effect, especially a negative one.b. advance over an area belonging to someone or something else; encroach.
- Synonyms: encroach, infringe, impact, impact, intrude
- Antonyms: dodge, avoid
- Usage in a Sentence: You are free to pursue all the things that make you happy as long as you do not impinge on the freedoms of others during your pursuit.

#### 190. Word: Litigant (मुक़दमेबाज़)

• Pronunciation: lit-i-guh nt/ लिटिगन्ट

Part of Speech: Noun, Adjective





- Meaning:
  - a. a person involved in a lawsuit.
  - b. involved in a lawsuit.
- Synonyms: litigator, appellant, opponent, contestant, contender
- Antonym: defendant
- Usage in a Sentence: His fate would be no different from that of a conventional legally aided litigantin modern times.

#### 191. Word: Ostensibly (काल्पनिक रूप से)

- Pronunciation: o-sten-suh-buh I/ ओस्तेंसिब्ली
- Part of Speech: Adverb
- Meaning: as appears or is stated to be true, though not necessarily so; apparently
- Synonyms: apparently, seemingly, allegedly, superficially
- Antonyms: truly, improbably, unlikely
- Usage in a Sentence: Ostensibly he was on a business trip, but he spent most of the time on the beach.

#### 192. Word: Liquidate (कर्ज़ चुकाना)

- Pronunciation: lik-wi-deyt/ लिक्विडेट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. wind up the affairs of (a business) by ascertaining liabilities and apportioning assets.
  - b. convert (assets) into cash.
  - c. kill (someone), typically by violent means
- Synonyms: kill, eliminate, destroy, settle, annihilate, eradicate
- Antonyms: build, construct, establish, invest
- Usage in a Sentence: The owners were ordered to liquidate the company and pay their creditors.

#### 193. Word: Burgeon (किसलय)

- Pronunciation: bur-juhn/ बर्जन
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: begin to grow or increase rapidly; flourish.
- Synonyms: increase, flourish, grow, expand
- Antonyms: dwindle, diminish, fade, wither, drop
- Usage in a Sentence: The market for collectables has burgeoned in recent years.

#### 194. Word: Docket (कार्य-सूची, सारांश बनाना)

- Pronunciation: dok-it / डाकट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. a document or label listing the contents of a consignment or package. (Noun)

- b. mark (a consignment or package) with a document or label listing the contents. (Verb)
- Synonyms: schedule, diary, agenda, record
- Usage in a Sentence: The judge had to postpone some of the cases on the docket.

#### 195. Word: Arbiter (न्यायकर्ता)

- Pronunciation: ahr-bi-ter/ आर्बिटर
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. a person who settles a dispute or has ultimate authority in a matter.
  - b. a person whose views or actions have influence in a particular sphere.
- Synonyms: referee, judge, umpire, arbitrator, mediator
- Usage in a Sentence: Unicode became the arbiter of more than a hundred and fifty modern and ancient scripts.

#### 196. Word: Far-flung (दूर-दराज़, विस्तृत, व्यापक)

- Pronunciation: fahr-fluhng/ फार्फ्लंग
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. distant or remote.
  - b. widely distributed.
- Synonyms: distant, remote, widespread, faraway
- Antonyms: close, concentrated, limited, restricted
- Usage in a Sentence: The location is switched from a provincial backwater of Imperial Russia to a far-flung outpost of the British Empire, Trinidad.

#### 197. Word: Shun (बचना)

- Pronunciation: shuhn/ शन
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: persistently avoid, ignore, or reject (someone or something) through antipathy or caution.
- Synonyms: avoid, reject, dodge
- Antonyms: accept, pursue, welcome
- Usage in a sentence: Tourists shun regions with high malaria, as do multinational firms choosing the location of foreign investments.

#### 198. Word: Abrogate (रद्द करना)

- Pronunciation: ab-ruh-geyt/ ऐब्रगेट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. repeal or do away with (a law, right, or formal agreement).
  - b. evade (a responsibility or duty).





- Synonyms: repeal, nullify, abolish
- Antonyms: collaborate, establish
- Usage in a sentence: The pro-slavery compromise of the Constitution which required the rendition of fugitive slaves was abrogated.

#### 199. Word: Stealthy (ग्प्त)

- Pronunciation: stel-thee/ स्टेल्थी
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: behaving or done in a cautious and surreptitious manner, so as not to be seen or heard.
- Synonyms: sneaky, furtive, sly
- Antonyms: evident, unconcealed, clear
- Usage in a sentence: I managed to get there by a series of stealthy.

#### 200. Word: Strain (क्षति पहुँचाना/विकृति)

- Pronunciation: streyn/ स्ट्रेन
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. force (a part of one's body or oneself) to make an unusually great effort. [Verb] b. a force tending to pull or stretch something to an extreme or damaging degree. [Noun]
- Synonyms: stress, pressure, struggle
- Antonyms: relax, rest, compress
- Usage in a sentence: The transport service cannot cope with the strain of so many additional passengers.

#### 201. Word: Portent (चेतावनी)

- Pronunciation: pawr-tent/ पॉर्टेन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a sign or warning that a momentous or calamitous event is likely to happen.
- Synonyms: omen, sign, prophecy
- Usage in a sentence: Many birds are regarded as being portents of death.

#### 202. Word: Dismember (विखंडित करना)

- Pronunciation: dis-mem-ber/ डिस्मेम्बर
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. cut off the limbs of (a person or animal).b. partition or divide up (a territory or organization).
- Synonyms: sever, dissect, divide
- Antonyms: join, heal
- Usage in a sentence: In a medical autopsy, doctors dismember a dead body to investigate its parts.

#### 203. Word: Prudent (बुद्धिमान)

- Pronunciation: prood-nt/ प्रडन्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: acting with or showing care and thought for the future.
- Synonyms: careful, wise, cautious
- Antonyms: foolish, careless, reckless
- Usage in a sentence: It might be more prudent to get a second opinion before going ahead.

#### 204. Word: Unitary (संगठित)

- Pronunciation: yoo-ni-ter-ee/ युनिटेरी
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: forming a single or uniform entity.
- Synonyms: integral, single
- Antonyms: federal, combined, differentiated
- Usage in a sentence: We will reform principal local councils into a unitary system based on natural communities and the wishes of local people.

#### 205. Word: Impediment (अवरोध)

- Pronunciation: im-ped-uh-muhnt/ इम्पेडमन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a hindrance or obstruction in doing something.
- Synonyms: hindrance, obstacle, barrier
- Antonyms: advantage, privilege
- Usage in a sentence: The new taxes were a major impediment to economic growth.

#### 206. Word: Concurrence (एकचित्तता)

- Pronunciation: kuh n-kur-uh ns/ कन्करन्स
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. the fact of two or more events or circumstances happening or existing at the same time.
  - b. agreement or consistency.
- Synonyms: concord, acceptance, assent
- Antonyms: dissension, difference
- Usage in a sentence: The concurrence of threatening life events and psychosocial distress may partly explain these phenomena.

#### 207. Word: Dispensation (वितरण)

- Pronunciation: dis-puhn-sey-shuhn/ डिस्पन्सेशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: exemption from a rule or usual requirement.
- Synonyms: exemption, immunity, exception





- Usage in a sentence: They were promised dispensation from military service.
- 208. Word: Precedent (पूर्ववर्ती, उदाहरण)
  - Pronunciation: pres-i-duh nt/ प्रेसिडन्ट
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning: an earlier event or action that is regarded as an example or guide to be considered in subsequent similar circumstances.
  - Synonyms: example, model
  - Usage in a sentence: This case could serve as a precedent for others against the tobacco companies.

#### 209. Word: Venture (उपक्रम, जोखिम उठाना)

- Pronunciation: ven-cher/ वेन्चर
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. a risky or daring journey or undertaking.[Noun]
  - b. undertake a risky or daring journey or course of action. [Verb]
- Synonyms: risk, hazard, adventure
- Antonyms: protection, safety
- Usage in a sentence: A disastrous business venture lost him thousands of dollars.

#### 210. Word: Bifurcation (द्विभाजन)

- Pronunciation: bahy-fer-key-shuhn/ बाइफकेशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the division of something into two branches or parts.
- Synonyms: branch, ramification
- Antonyms: unification
- Usage in a sentence: The author has written a thoughtful book about the nation's bifurcation into two distinct and antagonistic cultures

#### 211. Word: Ratify (अभिप्ष्टि करना)

- Pronunciation: rat-uh-fahy/ रैटफाइ
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: sign or give formal consent to (a treaty, contract, or agreement), making it officially valid.
- Synonyms: approve, endorse, confirm
- Antonyms: abolish, deny, reject
- Usage in a sentence: The US Senate refused to ratify the agreement on weapons reduction.

#### 212. Word: Fraught (भारय्क्त, व्याक्ल)

• Pronunciation: frawt/ फ्रॉट

- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. (of a situation or course of action) filled with or likely to result in (something undesirable).
  - b. causing or affected by anxiety or stress.
- Synonyms: charged, laden, anxious, worried, upset, distraught, overwrought, agitated, distressed, distracted, desperate
- Antonyms: devoid, bare, destitute
- Usage in a Sentence: The long journey through the tropical forest was fraught with danger.

#### 213. Word: Aplenty (ढेर सारा)

- Pronunciation: uh-plen-tee/ अप्लेन्टी
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: in abundance
- Synonyms: abundant, ample, plentiful
- Antonyms: deficient, inadequate, lacking, meagre
- Usage in a sentence: There will be food and drink aplenty, so please come.

#### 214. Word: Rampant (अनियंत्रित)

- Pronunciation: ram-puhnt/ रैम्पन्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. (especially of something unwelcome) flourishing or spreading unchecked.
  - b. unrestrained in action or performance.
- Synonyms: wild, unrestrained, widespread, uncontrolled
- Antonyms: controlled, restrained, limited
- Usage in a sentence: The mayor promised to put a stop to the rampant crime that plagued the city.

#### 215. Word: Excursion (पर्यटन)

- Pronunciation: ik-skur-zhuh n/ इक्स्कर्शन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. a short journey or trip, especially one taken as a leisure activity.
  - b. a deviation from a regular activity or course.
- Synonyms: outing, tour, journey, trip
- Antonyms: Stay
- Usage in a sentence: Our weekend excursions have encompassed virtually all parts of our home state.

#### 216. Word: Mushroom (तेजी से फैलना)

- Pronunciation: muhsh-room/ मश्र्म
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb





- Meaning:
  - a. a fungal growth that typically takes the form of a domed cap on a stalk, with gills on the underside of the cap. (Noun)
    b. increase, spread, or develop rapidly (Verb)
- Synonyms: increase, flourish, spread, expand
- Antonyms: dwindle, shrink, recede, diminish
- Usage in a sentence: The interest of the masses in local history is suddenly mushrooming.

#### 217. Word: Altruistic (परहितवादी)

- Pronunciation: al-troo-is-tik/ ऐल्हूइस्टिक
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: showing a disinterested and selfless concern for the well-being of others; unselfish.
- Synonyms: selfless, benevolent, kindhearted
- Antonyms: selfish, greedy, self-absorbed, self-centered
- Usage in a sentence: Kumud is a generous and altruistic person.

#### 218. Word: Compliance (सम्मति)

- Pronunciation: kuh m-plahy-uh ns/ कम्प्लाइअन्स
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the action or fact of complying with a wish or command.
- Synonyms: observance, obedience, respect
- Antonyms: refusal, noncompliance, defiance
- Usage in a sentence: The staff involved should be monitored to ensure compliance with the policy.

#### 219. Word: Pan (कट् आलोचना करना)

- Pronunciation: pan/ पैन
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. criticize severely.
  - b. swing (a video or film camera) in a horizontal or vertical plane, typically to give a panoramic effect or follow a subject.
- Synonyms: disparage, criticize
- Antonyms: appreciate, praise
- Usage in a sentence: The controversial episode of the late-night show was panned.

#### 220. Word: Implement (उपकरण/ कार्यान्वित करना)

- Pronunciation: im-pluh-muh nt/ इम्प्लमेन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. a tool, utensil, or other piece of

- equipment that is used for a particular purpose. (Noun)
- b. put (a decision, plan, agreement, etc.) into effect. (Verb)
- Synonyms: carry out, apply, fulfil, execute
- Antonyms: cancel, exempt, reject
- Usage in a Sentence: The government promised to implement a new system to control financial loan institutions.

#### 221. Word: Spectacular (असाधारण/ भव्य प्रदर्शन)

- Pronunciation: spek-tak-yuh-ler/ स्पेक्टैक्यलर
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. beautiful in a dramatic and eye-catching way. [Adjective]
  - b. an event such as a pageant or musical, produced on a large scale and with striking effects. [Noun]
- Synonyms: splendid, marvellous, fabulous
- Antonyms: usual, regular
- Usage in a sentence: I was attracted by the spectacular display of fireworks.

#### 222. Word: Blackout (अँधेरा)

- Pronunciation: blak-out/ ब्लैकाउट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. a period of darkness enforced as a precaution against air raids
  - b. a failure of an electrical power supply.
  - c. a temporary loss of consciousness.
  - d. a suppression of information, especially one imposed on the media by the government.
- Synonyms: power cut, faint, swoon, collapse, suppression
- Antonyms: vibes, consciousness, wakefulness
- Usage in a Sentence: She keeps flashlights and candles handy in case of a blackout.

#### 223. Word: Lockdown (लॉकडाउन)

- Pronunciation: lok-doun/ लाक्डाउन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. the confining of prisoners to their cells, typically in order to regain control during a riot.
  - b. a state of isolation or restricted access instituted as a security measure.
- Synonyms: solitary confinement, curfew, isolation
- Antonyms: freedom, liberty, release





 Usage in a Sentence: Thirty-nine states require lockdown, active-shooter or similar safety drills.

#### 224. Word: Dissent (असम्मत होना/ असम्मति)

• Pronunciation: dih-sent/डिसेन्ट

Part of Speech: Verb, Noun

Meaning:

a. hold or express opinions that are at variance with those commonly or officially held. [Verb]

b. the holding or expression of opinions at variance with those commonly or officially held. [Noun]

• Synonyms: conflict, disagree, protest

• Antonyms: agree, assent, agreement

• Usage in a sentence: Voices of dissent began to rise against the bombing.

#### 225. Word: Throttle (गला दबाना)

Pronunciation: throt-l/ थ्राटल

Part of Speech: Noun, Verb

Meaning:

a. a device controlling the flow of fuel or power to an engine. (Noun)

b. attack or kill (someone) by choking or strangling them. (Verb)

Synonyms: accelerator, choke, strangle, stifle

Antonyms: release, breathe, respire, restore

Usage in a Sentence: He throttled her in a fit of jealous rage

#### 226. Word: Annul (रद्द करना)

• Pronunciation: uh-nuhl/ अनल

Part of Speech: Verb

 Meaning: declare invalid (an official agreement, decision, or result).

Synonyms: cancel, quash, nullify, revoke

Antonyms: validate, confirm, continue

 Usage in a Sentence: His second marriage was annulled because he never divorced his first wife.

#### 227. Word: Clampdown (कठोर नीति)

• Pronunciation: klamp-doun/ क्लैम्प्डाउन

Part of Speech: Noun

 Meaning: a concerted or harsh attempt to suppress something.

 Synonyms: suppression, prevention, crackdown, limitation, restriction, restraint, curb, check

Antonyms: freedom, advantage, liberty, arousal

 Usage in a Sentence: The ensuing clampdown resulted in at least 128 people being killed across Sudan, according to protest organizers.

#### 228. Word: Cavalier (घुड़सवार, अभिमानी)

• Pronunciation: kav-uh-leer/ कैवलिर

• Part of Speech: Noun, Adjective

Meaning:

a. a dashing and attentive man, especially one acting as a lady's escort. (Noun)b. a horseman, especially a cavalryman. (Noun)

c. showing a lack of proper concern; offhand. (Adjective)

Synonyms: arrogant, knight, haughty, contemptuous

Antonyms: humble, decent, polite, modest, frugal

• Usage in a Sentence: They are too cavalier in their treatment of others.

#### 229. Word: Muzzle (मुँह बंद करना)

• Pronunciation: muhz-uhl/ मज़ल

• Part of Speech: Noun, Verb

Meaning:

a. the projecting part of the face, including the nose and mouth, of an animal such as a dog or horse. (Noun)

b. put a muzzle on (an animal). (Verb) c. prevent (a person or group) from

expressing their opinions freely. (Verb)

Synonyms: gag, muffle, restrain, suppress, repress

• Antonyms: free, liberate, assist, release

 Usage in a Sentence: The present government is evidently trying to muzzle the press.

#### 230. Word: Corollary (स्वाभाविक परिणाम)

Pronunciation: kawr-uh-ler-ee/ कॉरलेरी

Part of Speech: Noun, Adjective

Meaning:

a. a direct or natural consequence or result.(Noun)

b. forming a proposition that follows from one already proved. (Adjective)

Synonyms: conclusion, result, deduction, effect

 Antonyms: cause, commencement, foundation, reason

 Usage in a Sentence: Increased taxes or expanding deficits are the inevitable corollary to any new government spending program.





#### 231. Word: Insurgency (विद्रोह)

- Pronunciation: in-sur-juh n-see/ इन्सर्जन्सी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: an active revolt or uprising.
- Synonyms: rebellion, revolt, uprising, mutiny
- Antonyms: social peace, social order, obedience, submission
- Usage in a Sentence: Along with the economic challenges, Egypt also faces an insurgency by Islamic militants in northern Sinai.

#### 232. Word: Flurry (हलचल/ हवा का झोंका)

- Pronunciation: flur-ee/ फ्लरी
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. a sudden short period of activity or excitement. [Noun]
  - b. (especially of snow or leaves) be moved in small swirling masses by sudden gusts of wind. [Verb]
- Synonyms: fluster, commotion, fuss
- Antonyms: calm, quiet, calmness
- Usage in a sentence: A flurry of excitement went among the audience as the popular singers arrived.

#### 233. Word: Tight-fisted (कृपण)

- Pronunciation: tahyt-fis-tid/ टाइट फिस्टिड
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: not willing to spend or give much money; miserly.
- Synonyms: mean, miserly, parsimonious, niggardly, close-fisted, penurious
- Antonyms: generous, liberal
- Usage in a Sentence: The company's tightfisted owner won't raise the workers' salaries.

#### 234. Word: Aversion (विमुखता)

- Pronunciation: uh-vur-zhuhn/ अवर्शन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. a strong dislike or disinclination.b. someone or something that arouses a strong dislike or disinclination.
- Synonyms: antipathy, distaste, abhorrence, loathing, disgust
- Antonyms: desire, alacrity, passion, affinity
- Usage in a Sentence: I simply have this ingrained aversion to the sight of bloodshed.

#### 235. Word: Vigour (जोश)

- Pronunciation: vig-er/ विगर
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. physical strength and good health.b. effort, energy, and enthusiasm
- Synonyms: energy, power, spirit
- Antonyms: laziness, boredom, fearfulness
- Usage in a sentence: His health and vigour were unimpaired by a stroke.

#### 236. Word: Robust (प्ष्ट, स्दढ़)

- Pronunciation: roh-buhst/ रोबस्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: strong and healthy; vigorous.
- Synonyms: strong, sound, powerful
- Antonyms: weak, feeble, frail
- Usage in a sentence: The company is taking a more robust approach to management.

#### 237. Word: Augur (आगम कहना/ निमित्तज्ञ)

- Pronunciation: aw-ger/ ऑगर
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a.(in ancient Rome) a religious official who observed natural signs, especially the behaviour of birds, interpreting these as an indication of divine approval or disapproval of a proposed action. [Noun] b.(of an event or circumstance) portend a good or bad outcome. [Verb]
- Synonyms: portend, presage, bode
- Usage in a sentence: Conflicts among the various groups do not augur well for the future of the peace talks.

#### 238. Word: Bountiful (उदार)

- Pronunciation: boun-tuh-fuh l/ बाउन्टिफल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: large in quantity; abundant.
- Synonyms: generous, abundant, liberal
- Antonyms: sparse, scarce, insufficient
- Usage in a sentence: We found a bountiful supply of coconuts on the island.

#### 239. Word: Underscore (बल देना)

- Pronunciation: uhn-der-skawr/ अन्डस्कॉर
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: emphasize
- Synonyms: stress, underline, highlight
- Antonym: ignore
- Usage in a sentence: The Labour Department figures underscore the shaky state of the economic recovery.





#### 240. Word: Mitigate (घटाना)

- Pronunciation: mit-i-geyt/ मिटिगेट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: make (something bad) less severe, serious, or painful.
- Synonyms: reduce, alleviate, lessen
- Antonyms: aggravate, increase, intensify
- Usage in a sentence: Measures need to be taken to mitigate the environmental effects of burning more coal.

#### 241. Word: Resilience (लचीलापन)

- Pronunciation: ri-zil-yuh ns/ रिज़िलीअन्स
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the capacity to recover quickly from difficulties; toughness.
- Synonyms: flexibility, elasticity, strength
- Antonyms: fragility, inflexibility, rigidity
- Usage in a sentence: He showed great courage and resilience in fighting back from a losing position to win the game.

#### 242. Word: Imperative (अत्यावश्यक)

- Pronunciation: im-per-uh-tiv/ इम्पेरिव
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: of vital importance; crucial.
- Synonyms: essential, necessary, urgent
- Antonyms: unnecessary, unimportant
- Usage in a sentence: It remains imperative that all sides should be involved in the talks.

#### 243. Word: Tardy (दीर्घसूत्री)

- Pronunciation: tahr-dee/ टार्डी
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: delaying or delayed beyond the right or expected time; late.
- Synonyms: late, belated, overdue, unpunctual
- Antonyms: punctual, early
- Usage in a sentence: We apologize for our tardy response to your letter.

#### 244. Word: Abdication (त्याग)

- Pronunciation: ab-di-key-shuh n/ ऐब्डकेशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. failure to fulfil a responsibility or duty.b. an act of abdicating or renouncing the throne.
- Synonyms: resignation, abandonment, surrender
- Antonyms: acceptance
- Usage in a sentence: There had been a complete abdication of responsibility.

#### 245. Word: Knee-jerk (स्वभाविक)

- Pronunciation: nee-jurk/ नी जर्क
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. (of a response) automatic and unthinking.[Adjective]
  - b. a sudden involuntary reflex kick caused by a blow on the tendon just below the knee. [Noun]
- Synonyms: instinctive, spontaneous
- Usage in a sentence: There is a knee jerk reaction in the west to view China's space program as a threat to western hegemony.

#### 246. Word: Envoy (प्रतिनिधि)

- Pronunciation: en-voi/ एन्वॉइ
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a messenger or representative, especially one on a diplomatic mission.
- Synonyms: emissary, delegate, agent, messenger
- Usage in a sentence: The UN peace envoy
  has failed to find any middle ground
  between the government and the opposition
  parties.

#### 247. Word: Downgrade (दर्जा घटाना/अवनित)

- Pronunciation: doun-greyd/ डाउन्ग्रेड
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. reduce to a lower grade, rank, or level of importance. [Verb]
  - b. an instance of reducing someone or something's rank, status, or level of importance. [Noun]
- Synonyms: degrade, decline, depreciate
- Antonyms: upgrade, promote, raise
- Usage in a sentence: The government is expected to downgrade its forecast for economic growth this year.

#### 248. Word: Snap (आकस्मिक/ तोड़ना)

- Pronunciation: snap/ स्नैप
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun, Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. break suddenly and completely, typically with a sharp cracking sound. [Verb]
  - b. a sudden, sharp cracking sound or movement. [Noun]
  - c. done or taken on the spur of the moment, unexpectedly, or without notice. [Adjective]
- Synonyms: crack, cinch, break
- Antonyms: combine, hold





- Usage in a sentence: That elastic band will snap if you stretch it too far.
- 249. Word: Mounting (बढ़ता हआ)
  - Pronunciation: moun-ting/ माउन्टिंग
  - Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
  - Meaning:
    - a. a backing, setting, or support for something. [Noun]
    - b. climbing up (stairs, a hill, or another rising surface). [Verb]
    - c. growing larger or more numerous. [Verb]
  - Synonyms: assembling, installation, ascend
  - Antonyms: drop, decreasing
  - Usage in a sentence: A lot of pressure is mounting on the government to change the

#### 250. Word: Whittle (छीलना)

- Pronunciation: hwit-l/ विटल
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. carve (wood) into an object by repeatedly cutting small slices from it.
  - b. reduce something in size, amount, or extent by a gradual series of steps. [Verb]
- Synonyms: carve, cut, pare
- Antonyms: build, create, construct
- Usage in a sentence: We need to whittle down the list of guests for the party.

#### 251. Word: Muddle (अक्रम/अव्यवस्थित करना)

- Pronunciation: muhd-l/ मडल
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. an untidy and disorganized state or collection. [Noun]
  - b. bring into a disordered or confusing state. [Verb]
- Synonyms: mess, disorder, jumble
- Antonyms: order, structure
- Usage in a sentence: I've arranged the books alphabetically, so don't muddle them up.

#### 252. Word: Articulate (स्स्पष्ट)

- Pronunciation: ahr-tik-yuh-lit/ आर्टिक्यलट
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. having or showing the ability to speak fluently and coherently. [Adjective]b. pronounce (something) clearly and distinctly. [Verb]
- Synonyms: enunciate, pronounce, express, eloquent, fluent

- Antonyms: mute, incoherent, silent, inarticulate, hesitant
- Usage in a sentence: He is polished, charming, articulate and an excellent negotiator.

#### 253. Word: Peddle (फेरी लगाना)

- Pronunciation: ped-l/ पेडल
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. try to sell (something, especially small goods) by going from place to place.b. promote (an idea or view) persistently or
- Synonyms: sell, vend, market, advocate, suggest, urge
- Antonyms: buy, purchase
- Usage in a sentence: His attempts to peddle his paintings in the streets of London proved unsuccessful.

#### 254. Word: Setback (असफलता)

- Pronunciation: set-bak/ सेट्बैक
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a reversal or check in progress.
- Synonyms: problem, difficulty, complication, disappointment
- Antonyms: positive outcome, success, breakthrough
- Usage in a sentence: The December elections were a major setback for the party.

#### 255. Word: Status quo (यथापूर्व स्थिति)

- Pronunciation: stey-tuh s kwoh/ स्टेटस क्वो
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the existing state of affairs, especially regarding social or political issues.
- Synonyms: prevailing situation, stand-still, immobilism
- Usage in a sentence: There are many people who wish to maintain their social status quo.

#### 256. Word: Clout (घंसा मारना)

- Pronunciation: klout/ क्लाउट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. a heavy blow with the hand or a hard object. [Noun]
  - b. influence or power, especially in politics or business. [Noun]
  - c. hit (someone or something) hard. [Verb]
- Synonyms: punch, whack, influence
- Usage in a sentence: I clouted him round the head.





#### 257. Word: Covert (गुप्त)

- Pronunciation: koh-vert/ कवर्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: not openly acknowledged or displayed.
- Synonyms: secret, hidden, concealed
- Antonyms: open, public
- Usage in a sentence: The government was accused of covert military operations against the regime.

#### 258. Word: Recede (घटना)

- Pronunciation: ri-seed/ रिसीड
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: go or move back or further away from a previous position
- Synonyms: retreat, withdraw, diminish, lessen, retire, subside
- Antonyms: approach, advance, increase, emerge, rise
- Usage in a Sentence: After the waters recede, extensive lagoons and marshes are formed as the ground gradually dries out.

#### 259. Word: Extradite (प्रत्यर्पण करना)

- Pronunciation: ek-struh-dahyt/ एक्स्ट्रडाइट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: hand over (a person accused or convicted of a crime) to the jurisdiction of the foreign state in which the crime was committed.
- Synonyms: deliver, deport, surrender
- Antonyms: shelter, discharge, protect
- Usage in a sentence: The man was arrested last Wednesday and will be extradited to Utah to face charges alleged in the warrant.

#### 260. Word: Unprecedented (अद्वितीय)

- Pronunciation: uhn-pres-i-den-tid/ अन्प्रेसिडेन्टिड
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: never done or known before.
- Synonyms: unparalleled, record-breaking, remarkable
- Antonyms: traditional, familiar, typical
- Usage in a sentence: An unprecedented change has been the keynote of the electronic revolution.

#### 261. Word: Tactic (कार्यनीति)

- Pronunciation: tak-tik/ टैक्टिक
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: an action or strategy carefully planned to achieve a specific end.

- Synonyms: plan, strategy, ploy
- Antonyms: chance
- Usage in a sentence: The players were upset when they failed to pull off their highly strategic tactic.

#### 262. Word: Rein (नियंत्रण)

- Pronunciation: reyn/ रेन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. a long, narrow strap attached at one end to a horse's bit, typically used in pairs to guide or check a horse in riding or driving. (Noun)
  - b. the power to direct and control. (Noun) c. check or guide (a horse) by pulling on its reins. (Verb)
  - d. keep under control; restrain. (Verb)
- Synonyms: restrain, check, curb, constrain
- Antonyms: accelerate, bring forward, give rise to
- Usage in a sentence: After the president resigned, the vice president stepped in and took the reinsof the company.

#### 263. Word: Standstill (ठहराव)

- Pronunciation: stand-stil/ स्टैन्ड्स्टिल
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a situation or condition in which there is no movement or activity at all.
- Synonyms: deadlock, stalemate, impasse, dead-end
- Antonyms: advance, progress, journey, synergy
- Usage in a Sentence: The entire city came to a standstill after the transportation department declared a day-long strike.

#### 264. Word: Ransack (लूट लेना)

- Pronunciation: ran-sak/ रैन्सैक
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. go through (a place) stealing things and causing damage.
  - b. search (a place or receptacle) thoroughly, especially in such a way as to cause harm.
- Synonyms: pillage, plunder, loot, despoil, strip
- Antonyms: clean, mend, safeguard, enrich, hone
- Usage in a sentence: Robbers ransacked the apartment looking for money.

#### 265. Word: Probe (जांच करना)

• Pronunciation: prohb/ प्रोब





- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. a thorough investigation into a crime or other matter. [Noun]
  - b. explore or examine (something),especially with the hands or an instrument.[Verb]
- Synonyms: scrutinize, inquiry
- Antonyms: ignore, overlook, answer
- Usage in a Sentence: I don't want to probe too deeply into your personal affairs.

#### 266. Phrase: Fan the flames (उत्तेजित करना)

- Pronunciation: फैन द फ्लेम्स
- Meaning: cause an emotion such as anger or hatred to become stronger.
- Synonyms: add fuel to the fire, stir up, incite, provoke, excite, aggravate
- Antonyms: calm, soothe
- Usage in a sentence: There are several specific and new issues that are fanning the flames in this dispute.

#### 267. Word: Provocative (उकसाने वाला)

- Pronunciation: pruh-vok-uh-tiv/ प्रोवाकटिव
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. causing anger or another strong reaction, especially deliberately.
  - b. intended or intending to arouse sexual desire or interest.
- Synonyms: annoying, irritating, exasperating, infuriating, alluring, seductive, tempting
- Antonyms: soothing, calming, boring
- Usage in a sentence: Regional theatre is new, exciting, provocative & makes people talk.

#### 268. Word: Superficial (छिछला/ अल्पज्ञ)

- Pronunciation: soo-per-fish-uh l/ स्पर्फिशल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. existing or occurring at or on the surface.
  - b. appearing to be true or real only until examined more closely.
  - c. not thorough, deep, or complete; cursory.
  - d. lacking depth of character or understanding.
- Synonyms: shallow, surface, cursory, external
- Antonyms: deep, profound, thorough, genuine
- Usage in a Sentence: These superficial changes don't address the underlying problem.

#### 269. Word: Free-fall (नीचे गिरना)

- Pronunciation: free-fawl/ फ्री फॉल
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. downward movement under the force of gravity only. (Noun)
  - b. a rapid decline that cannot be stopped. (Noun)
  - c. move under the force of gravity only; fall rapidly. (Verb)
- Synonyms: plummeting, descend,
- Antonym: soar
- Usage in a Sentence: The economy has been in free fall without ending the waivers.

#### 270. Word: Impetuous (अविवेकी)

- Pronunciation: im-pech-oo-uhs/ इम्पेच्वस
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. acting or done quickly and without thought or care.
  - b. moving forcefully or rapidly.
- Synonyms: rash, impulsive, hasty, reckless
- Antonyms: cautious, thoughtful, careful, considerate
- Usage in a Sentence: Men who don't wear hats are generally youthful, vigorous, impetuous, and have a devil-may-care glint in their eyes.

#### 271. Word: Tailspin (अनियंत्रित गिरावट)

- Pronunciation: teyl-spin/ टेल्स्पन
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. a spin by an aircraft. (Noun)
  - b. a state of rapidly increasing chaos or panic. (Noun)
  - c. become increasingly chaotic and out of control. (Verb)
- Synonyms: collapse, fall, crash, descent
- Antonyms: level, restraint
- Usage in a Sentence: After the withdrawal, the U.S. imposed harsh sanctions, including on Tehran's oil trade, that have sent the Iranian economy into a tailspin.

#### 272. Word: Cardinal (आधारभूत)

- Pronunciation: kahr-dn-l/ कार्डिनल
- Part of Speech: Noun, Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. a leading dignitary of the Roman Catholic Church (Noun)
  - b. of the greatest importance; fundamental. (Adjective)





- Synonyms: fundamental, basic, chief, primary, principal
- Antonyms: minor, unimportant, ordinal, insignificant
- Usage in a Sentence: My cardinal rule is to always be honest.

#### 273. Word: Credibility (विश्वसनीयता)

- Pronunciation: kred-uh-bil-i-tee/ क्रेडिबिलिटी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. the quality of being trusted and believed in
  - b. the quality of being convincing or believable.
- Synonyms: reliability, trustworthiness
- Antonyms: dishonesty, betrayal
- Usage in Sentence: The report gives an appearance of scientific credibility.

#### 274. Word: Intrigue (षड्यंत्र, षड्यंत्र रचना)

- Pronunciation: in-treeg/ इन्ट्रीग
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. arouse the curiosity or interest of; fascinate. (Verb)
  - b. make secret plans to do something illicit or detrimental to someone. (Verb)
  - c. the secret planning of something illicit or detrimental. (Noun)
  - d. a secret love affair. (Noun)
  - e. a mysterious or fascinating quality. (Noun)
- Synonyms: plot, fascinate, scheme, conspiracy, liaison
- Antonyms: bore, dismiss, displease
- Usage in a Sentence: The story of how Christiansborg Castle's keys come to be at the Bogyawe Palace is an intriguing one.

#### 275. Word: Revamp (प्नर्निर्माण करना)

- Pronunciation: ree-vamp/ रीवैम्प
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. give new and improved form, structure, or appearance to. (Verb)
  - b. an act of improving the form, structure, or appearance of something. (Noun)
- Synonyms: overhaul, repair, refurbish, renovate, restore
- Antonyms: destroy, damage, vandalize, injure
- Usage in a Sentence: The soaring cost of drugs has been a part of the growing national debate about revamping U.S. health care.

#### 276. Word: Coherent (स्पष्ट)

- Pronunciation: koh-heer-uh nt/ कोहिरन्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. (of an argument, theory, or policy) logical and consistent.
  - b. (of a person) able to speak clearly and logically.
  - c. forming a unified whole.
- Synonyms: consistent, cohesive, orderly, lucid
- Antonyms: irrational, incoherent, confused
- Usage in a Sentence: He is without a political agenda as he is without a coherent moral sensibility.

#### 277. Word: Abhor (घृणा करना)

- Pronunciation: ab-hawr/ ऐब्हॉर
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: regard with disgust and hatred.
- Synonyms: detest, hate, loathe, despise, abominate
- Antonyms: love, admire, adore
- Usage in a Sentence: We believe we know that Americans abhor extremes and mistrust ideology.

#### 278. Word: Squabble (झगड़ा)

- Pronunciation: skwob-uhl/ स्क्वाबल
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. a noisy quarrel about something trivial.(Noun)
  - b. quarrel noisily over a trivial matter. (Verb)
- Synonyms: quarrel, row, argument, fight, dispute, spat
- Antonyms: agreement, agree, accord, acquiesce
- Usage in a Sentence: Frightened by the noise of the squabble, the cat hid under the couch.

#### 279. Word: Reconcile (मेल करना या कराना)

- Pronunciation: rek-uh n-sahyl/ रेकन्साइल
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: restore friendly relations between.
- Synonyms: harmonize, conciliate
- Antonyms: alienate, disagree
- Usage in a Sentence: You must reconcile yourself to your present job.

#### 280. Word: Devise (योजना बनाना)

Pronunciation: dih-vahyz/ डिवाइस





- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. plan or invent (a complex procedure, system, or mechanism) by careful thought. (Verb)
  - b. a clause in a will leaving something, especially real estate, to someone. (Noun)
- Synonyms: design, invent, contrive, formulate, create, develop
- Antonyms: dispose, abandon
- Usage in a Sentence: They have devised a new method for converting sunlight into electricity.

281. Word: Helm (शिरस्राण/ संचालन करना)

- Pronunciation: helm/हेल्म
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. a tiller or wheel for steering a ship or boat. [Noun]
  - b. a position of leadership. [Noun]
  - c. manage (an organization). [Verb]
- Synonyms: control, leadership, command, tiller, wheel
- Antonyms: uncontrol, chaos
- Usage in a sentence: He was determined to helm the exhibition.

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