

# 150+ Words from Editorial

(16.08.2019 - 31.08.2019)



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## Vocabulary from Editorial

### 1. Word: **Instinctive** (स्वाभाविक)

- Pronunciation: in-stink-tiv/ इन्स्टिंगक्टिव
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. relating to or prompted by instinct; done without conscious thought.
  - b. (of a person) doing or being a specified thing apparently naturally or automatically.
- Synonyms: natural, spontaneous, involuntary, intuitive
- Antonyms: deliberate, conscious, calculated
- Usage in a Sentence: The **instinctive** reaction of a mother is to protect her children

### 2. Word: **Inflict** (प्रयुक्त करना)

- Pronunciation: in-flikt/ इन्फ्लिक्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: cause (something unpleasant or painful) to be suffered by someone or something.
- Synonyms: impose, force, wreak
- Antonyms: annul, abstain, deter
- Usage in a Sentence: These insects are capable of **inflicting** a painful sting.

### 3. Word: **Referendum** (जनमत-संग्रह)

- Pronunciation: ref-uh-ren-duh m/ रेफरेन्डम
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a general vote by the electorate on a single political question which has been referred to them for a direct decision.
- Synonyms: plebiscite, popular vote, ballot, poll
- Usage in a Sentence: The issue was decided by **referendum**.

### 4. Word: **Denudation** (अनाच्छादन)

- Pronunciation: den-yoo-dey-shuh n/ डेन्युडेशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. removal of something important
  - b. stripping off all covering or surface layers
- Synonyms: stripping, baring, uncovering, exposure
- Antonyms: hiding, covering
- Usage in a Sentence: Excessive logging has **denuded** the hillside of trees.

### 5. Word: **Apprehension** (डर)

- Pronunciation: ap-ri-hen-shuh n/ ऐप्रिहेन्शन
- Part of Speech: Noun

- Meaning: anxiety or fear that something bad or unpleasant will happen.
  - Synonyms: dread, fear, anxiety, worry
  - Antonyms: confidence, calmness, ease
  - Use in a Sentence: The change in the law has caused **apprehension** among many people.
6. Word: **Accentuate** (अधिक सुस्पष्ट करना)
- Pronunciation: ak-sen-choo-eyt/ ऐक्सेन्चूऐट
  - Part of Speech: Verb
  - Meaning: make more noticeable or prominent.
  - Synonyms: highlight, emphasize
  - Antonyms: degrade, belittle
  - Usage in a Sentence: The director uses music to **accentuate** the rising dramatic tension.
7. Word: **Backdrop** (पृष्ठभूमि)
- Pronunciation: bak-drop/ बैकड्रॉप
  - Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
  - Meaning:
    - a. a painted cloth hung at the back of a theatre stage as part of the scenery. (Noun)
    - b. lie behind or beyond; serve as a background to. (Verb)
  - Synonyms: background, setting, scenery, context
  - Antonyms: foreground, forefront
  - Usage in a Sentence: The mountains provided a perfect **backdrop** for the wedding photos.
8. Word: **Fray** (कलह)
- Pronunciation: frey/ फ्रे
  - Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
  - Meaning:
    - a. (of a fabric, rope, or cord) unravel or become worn at the edge, typically through constant rubbing. (Verb)
    - b. a situation of intense competitive activity. (Noun)
    - c. a battle or fight. (Noun)
  - Synonyms: fight, brawl, ruckus, conflict
  - Antonyms: harmony, agreement, improve, tranquillity
  - Usage in a Sentence: Aroused by the death of his friend, he returns to the **fray** and kills Hector.
9. Word: **Detractor** (आलोचना करके कलंकित करने वाला)
- Pronunciation: dih-traktor/ डीट्रैक्टर
  - Part of Speech: Noun

- Meaning: a person who disparages someone or something
  - Synonyms: critic, attacker, slanderer
  - Antonyms: benefactor, ally, supporter
  - Usage in a Sentence: The **detractors** say they are relative newcomers who would have constituted a gamble.
10. Word: **Appellation** (उपाधि)
- Pronunciation: ap-uh-ley-shuh n/ ऐपलेशन
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning:
    - a. a name or title.
    - b. the action of giving a name to someone or something.
  - Synonyms: designation, label, name, title, denomination
  - Usage in a Sentence: Somehow, though, the **appellation** doesn't quite suit her.
11. Word: **Sarcastic** (व्यंग्यात्मक)
- Pronunciation: sahr-kas-tik/ सार्कैस्टिक
  - Part of Speech: Adjective
  - Meaning: marked by or given to using irony in order to mock or convey contempt.
  - Synonyms: sardonic, ironic, ironical, satirical; derisive, scornful, contemptuous, mocking
  - Antonyms: diplomatic, gracious, polite, respectful
  - Usage in a Sentence: Memes are what inspired her jewellery line, which is meant to appropriate stereotypes about Asian Americans in a **sarcastic** way.
12. Word: **Approbation** (अनुमोदन)
- Pronunciation: ap-ruh-bey-shuh n/ ऐप्रबेशन
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning: approval or praise
  - Synonyms: approval, acceptance, assent, endorsement, encouragement
  - Antonyms: contempt, criticism, disapprobation, condemnation, shame
  - Usage in a Sentence: The company has even received the **approbation** of its former critics.
13. Word: **Discord** (अनबन)
- Pronunciation: dis-kawrd/ डिस्कॉर्ड
  - Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
  - Meaning:
    - a. disagreement between people. [Noun]
    - b. lack of harmony between notes sounding together. [Noun]
    - c. (of people) disagree. [Verb]

- Synonyms: dissension, strife, dispute, disharmony
  - Antonyms: peace, sympathy, agreement, concord
  - Usage in a Sentence: A note of **discord** surfaced during the proceedings.
14. Word: **Deliberate** (इच्छित, विचार करना)
- Pronunciation: dih-lib-uh-reyt/ डिलिबरट
  - Part of Speech: Adjective, Verb
  - Meaning:
    - done consciously and intentionally. (Adjective)
    - careful and unhurried. (Adjective)
    - engage in long and careful consideration. (Verb)
  - Synonyms: intentional, ponder, consider, premeditated, reflect
  - Antonyms: accidental, unintentional, inadvertent, abrupt
  - Usage in a Sentence: The leader's speech was a **deliberate** attempt to embarrass the government.
15. Word: **Adhere** (समर्थन करना, चिपकना)
- Pronunciation: ad-heer/ ऐड्हीर
  - Part of Speech: Verb
  - Meaning:
    - stick fast to (a surface or substance).
    - closely follow, observe, or represent.
  - Synonyms: accede, observe, hold, meet
  - Antonyms: abandon, abandon, vacillate
  - Usage in a Sentence: Once in the bloodstream, the bacteria **adhere** to the surface of the red cells.
16. Word: **Edify** (उपदेश देना)
- Pronunciation: ed-uh-fahy/ एडफाइ
  - Part of Speech: Verb
  - Meaning: instruct or improve (someone) morally or intellectually
  - Synonyms: enlighten, inform, teach, educate
  - Antonyms: discourage, befuddle
  - Usage in a Sentence: Help me speak words of blessing to **edify** those around me today.
17. Word: **Recourse** (अवलंब)
- Pronunciation: ree-kawrs/ रीकॉर्स
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning: a source of help in a difficult situation.
  - Synonyms: resort, appeal, refuge
  - Antonyms: avoidance, hindrance

- Usage in a sentence: An order was made, against which he sought **recourse** in the Supreme Court.
18. Word: **Inordinate** (अत्यधिक)
- Pronunciation: in-awr-dn-it/ इनॉर्डिनेट
  - Part of Speech: Adjective
  - Meaning: unusually or disproportionately large; excessive.
  - Synonyms: excessive, outrageous, exorbitant, extreme, unreasonable
  - Antonyms: frugal, moderate, reasonable, inadequate
  - Usage in a Sentence: Scientists have been criticized for devoting an **inordinate** amount of time to research on animals.
19. Word: **Naysayer** (नकारी)
- Pronunciation: ney-sey-er/ नेसेयर
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning: a person who criticizes, objects to, or opposes something.
  - Synonyms: pessimist, defeatist, dissenter
  - Antonyms: motivator, fan
  - Usage in a Sentence: If a **naysayer** close to you has been difficult and critical, there's a good chance you've finally silenced that person.
20. Word: **Exhortation** (प्रोत्साहन)
- Pronunciation: eg-zawr-tey-shuh n/ एग्ज़ॉर्टेशन
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning: an address or communication emphatically urging someone to do something.
  - Synonyms: persuasion, encouragement, urging
  - Antonyms: dissuasion, arbitration
  - Usage in a sentence: After repeated **exhortation** by his comrades, he finally straightened out his thinking.
21. Word: **Incorporate** (शामिल करना)
- Pronunciation: in-kawr-puh-reyt/ इन्कॉर्पोरेट
  - Part of Speech: Verb, Adjective
  - Meaning:
    - take in or contain (something) as part of a whole; include. (Verb)
    - having a bodily form; embodied.
  - Synonyms: include, integrate, combine, embody
  - Antonyms: exclude, separate, divide
  - Usage in a sentence: The party vowed to **incorporate** environmental considerations into all its policies.



22. Word: **Desist** (परहेज करना)

- Pronunciation: dih-zist, -sist/ डिज़िस्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: stop doing something; cease or abstain.
- Synonyms: abstain, refrain, forbear, discontinue
- Antonyms: continue, carry on, endure
- Usage in a Sentence: They agreed to **desist** from the bombing campaign.

23. Word: **Cohere** (संयुक्त रहना)

- Pronunciation: koh-heer/ कोहीर
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. form a unified whole.
  - b. (of an argument or theory) be logically consistent.
- Synonyms: adhere, cling, stick, connect
- Antonyms: separate, divide, dispute, differ
- Usage in a Sentence: The empire could not **cohere** as a legitimate whole.

24. Word: **Intervention** (हस्तक्षेप)

- Pronunciation: in-ter-ven-shuh n/ इन्टर्वेन्शन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the action or process of intervening
- Synonyms: interference, mediation, intrusion
- Antonyms: noninterference, nonintervention, challenge
- Usage in a Sentence: We would resist any armed **intervention** from outside in our country's affairs.

25. Word: **Ill-conceived** (व्यर्थ)

- Pronunciation: il-kuh n-seevd/
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: not carefully planned or considered.
- Synonyms: misguided, poorly planned, unwise, absurd
- Antonyms: wise, responsible, accountable, reasonable
- Usage in a Sentence: Meera made an **ill-conceived** attempt to save money.

26. Word: **Displace** (विस्थापित करना)

- Pronunciation: dis-plays/ डिस्प्लेस
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. take over the place, position, or role of.
  - b. remove (someone) from a job or position of authority.

c. force (someone) to leave their home, typically because of war, persecution, or natural disaster.

- Synonyms: move, oust, misplace, remove, dislodge
- Antonyms: accept, appoint, install, remain
- Usage in a Sentence: The hurricane **displaced** most of the town's residents.

27. Word: **Rebellion** (विद्रोह)

- Pronunciation: ri-bel-yuhn/ रिबेल्यून
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. an act of armed resistance to an established government or leader.
  - b. the action or process of resisting authority, control, or convention.
- Synonyms: revolt, uprising, revolution
- Antonyms: obedience, peace, alliance, compliance
- Usage in a Sentence: She's the head of a **rebellion** against the leaders of the party.

28. Word: **Militia** (नागरिक सेना)

- Pronunciation: mi-lish-uh/ मलिश
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a military force that is raised from the civil population to supplement a regular army in an emergency.
- Synonyms: military, cavalry, army
- Usage in a Sentence: The **militia** responded by saying it would retaliate against any attacks.

29. Word: **Tenuous** (तुच्छ)

- Pronunciation: ten-yoo-uhs/ टेन्यूअस
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. very weak or slight
  - b. very slender or fine; insubstantial
- Synonyms: insubstantial, flimsy, weak, fragile, dubious, thin, slender, delicate
- Antonyms: substantial, thick, stable, healthy, significant
- Usage in a Sentence: He could demonstrate only a **tenuous** claim to ownership.

30. Phrase: **Prop up** (संभालना)

- Pronunciation: प्रोप उप
- Meaning:
  - a. to stop something from falling by putting something under it or against it
  - b. to help a government, system, organization etc to continue to exist, especially by providing financial or military support

- Synonyms: support, bolster
- Antonyms: intimidate, repress
- Usage in a Sentence: The government introduced measures to **prop up** the stock market.

31. Word: **Blockade** (नाकेबन्दी/ संरोध करना)

- Pronunciation: blo-keyd/ ब्लाकेड
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. an act or means of sealing off a place to prevent goods or people from entering or leaving. [Noun]
  - b. seal off (a place) to prevent goods or people from entering or leaving. [Verb]
- Synonyms: block, barricade, siege
- Antonyms: access, opening
- Usage in a sentence: They attempted to break the **blockade** by using submarines.

32. Word: **Reckon** (माना जाना/ सम्मिलित करना/ संख्या करना)

- Pronunciation: rek-uhn/ रेकन
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. establish by calculation.
  - b. include someone or something in (a class or group).
- consider or regard in a specified way.
- Synonyms: calculate, consider, compute, estimate, suppose
- Antonyms: ponder, depreciate, subtract, deprive
- Usage in a sentence: I wouldn't **reckon** him among my enemies though I dislike him.

33. Word: **Mediation** (बीचबचाव)

- Pronunciation: mee-dee-ey-shuh n/ मीडिएशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: intervention in a dispute in order to resolve it; arbitration.
- Synonyms: conciliation, arbitration, reconciliation, intervention
- Antonyms: contention, disagreement, fight, argument
- Usage in a Sentence: The city would provide information to residents on available **mediation** services for neighbourhood disputes.

34. Word: **Doctrine** (सिद्धांत)

- Pronunciation: dok-trin/ डॉक्टरिन
- Part of Speech: Noun

- Meaning: a belief or set of beliefs held and taught by a Church, political party, or other groups.
- Synonyms: philosophy, belief, principle, dogma, tenet
- Antonyms: disbelief, scepticism,
- Usage in a Sentence: Many psychologists now question the **doctrines** of Sigmund Freud.

35. Word: **Integral** (अविभाज्य, आधारभूत)

- Pronunciation: in-ti-gruhl/ इन्टग्रल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. necessary to make a whole complete; essential or fundamental.
  - b. included as part of a whole rather than supplied separately.
- Synonyms: essential, fundamental, basic, intrinsic, inherent, incorporated, fitted, component
- Antonyms: incidental, peripheral, extrinsic, partial, secondary, supplemental
- Usage in a Sentence: An **integral** part of Korean culture, these bathhouses are where people come to relax and enjoy a variety of beauty and health rituals.

36. Word: **Ambiguity** (संदिग्धता)

- Pronunciation: am-bi-gyoo-i-tee/ ऐम्बिग्यूइटी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the quality of being open to more than one interpretation; inexactness.
- Synonyms: vagueness, obscurity, uncertainty
- Antonyms: certainty, clarity
- Usage in a Sentence: There was an element of **ambiguity** in the president's reply.

37. Word: **Envision** (कल्पना करना)

- Pronunciation: en-vizh-uh n/ एन्विजन
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: imagine as a future possibility; visualize
- Synonyms: visualize, imagine, envisage, picture
- Antonyms: misread, disregard, unforeseen
- Usage in a Sentence: She **envisioned** a better life for herself.

38. Word: **Deter** (डराना)

- Pronunciation: dih-tur/ डिटर
- Part of Speech: Verb

- Meaning: discourage (someone) from doing something by instilling doubt or fear of the consequences.
- Synonyms: discourage, dissuade, hinder
- Antonyms: encourage, support, persuade
- Usage in a sentence: These measures are designed to **deter** an enemy attack.

39. Word: **Stagger** (विचलित करना)

- Pronunciation: stag-er/ स्टैगर
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. walk or move unsteadily as if about to fall. [Verb]
  - b. astonish or deeply shock. [Verb]
  - c. an unsteady walk or movement. [Noun]
- Synonyms: stumble, surprise, shocked
- Antonyms: comfort, relax, calm
- Use in a Sentence: It seems they **stagger** from one crisis to the next.

40. Word: **Punitive** (दंडात्मक)

- Pronunciation: pyoo-ni-tiv/ प्यूनिटिव
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. inflicting or intended as punishment.
  - b. (of a tax or other charge) extremely high.
- Synonyms: harsh, disciplinary, penal, corrective
- Antonyms: rewarding, beneficial, compensatory
- Usage in a Sentence: The government is expected to take **punitive** steps against the offenders.

41. Word: **Retaliation** (प्रतिशोध)

- Pronunciation: ri-tal-ee-ey-shuh n/ रिटैलीएशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the action of returning a military attack; counter-attack.
- Synonyms: revenge, vengeance, reprisal
- Antonyms: mercy, forgiveness, acceptance
- Usage in a sentence: He, in **retaliation**, has launched against them the most concentrated onslaughts that he has been able to devise

42. Word: **Adversary** (प्रतिवादी)

- Pronunciation: ad-ver-ser-ee / ऐड्वर्सेरी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: one's opponent in a contest, conflict, or dispute.
- Synonyms: opponent, competitor, enemy
- Antonyms: friend, ally, supporter

- Usage in a sentence: He saw her as his main **adversary** within the company.

43. Word: **Viable** (साध्य)

- Pronunciation: vahy-uh-buhl / वाइअबल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: capable of working successfully; feasible.
- Synonyms: strong, sound, feasible
- Antonyms: unsustainable, unfeasible
- Usage in a sentence: The committee came forward with one **viable** solution.

44. Word: **Enigmatic** (रहस्यपूर्ण)

- Pronunciation: en-ig-mat-ik/ एनिगमैटिक
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: difficult to interpret or understand; mysterious.
- Synonyms: mysterious, puzzling, inexplicable, baffling, perplexing, bewildering
- Antonyms: straightforward, clear, obvious
- Usage in a Sentence: The discovery of the abandoned ship in mid-ocean remains one of the most **enigmatic** episodes in seafaring history.

45. Word: **Affirm** (अनुमोदन करना)

- Pronunciation: uh-furm/ अफर्म
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. state emphatically or publicly.
  - b. offer (someone) emotional support or encouragement.
- Synonyms: confirm, assert, verify, approve
- Antonyms: deny, negate, nullify, disavow
- Usage in a Sentence: We cannot **affirm** that this painting is genuine.

46. Word: **Tenure** (कार्यकाल)

- Pronunciation: ten-yer/ टेन्यर
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. the conditions under which land or buildings are held or occupied. [Noun]
  - b. give (someone) a permanent post, especially as a teacher or lecturer. [Verb]
- Synonyms: term of office, occupancy, tenancy
- Usage in a Sentence: During his **tenure** as the head coach, the team won the championship twice.

47. Word: **Alignment** (एकत्रीकरण)

- Pronunciation: uh-lahyn-muh nt/ अलाइन्मन्ट

- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. arrangement in a straight line or in correct relative positions.
  - b. a position of agreement or alliance.
- Synonyms: adjustment, arrangement, alliance, correspondence
- Antonyms: disorder, nonalignment
- Usage in a Sentence: New **alignments** have been created within the political party.

48. Word: **Unequivocal** (असंदिग्ध)

- Pronunciation: uhn-i-kwiv-uh-kuhl/ अनिक्विक्कल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: leaving no doubt; unambiguous.
- Synonyms: clear, unambiguous, unmistakable, indisputable, incontrovertible
- Antonyms: equivocal, ambiguous, vague
- Usage in a Sentence: His views turned out to be staunch and **unequivocal**.

49. Word: **Flinch** (हिचकना)

- Pronunciation: flinch/ फ्लिन्च
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. make a quick, nervous movement as an instinctive reaction to fear, pain, or surprise. [Verb]
  - b. avoid doing or becoming involved in (something) through fear or anxiety. [Verb]
  - c. an act of flinching. [Noun]
- Synonyms: wince, recoil, shy, shrink
- Antonyms: confront, face, meet
- Usage in a Sentence: He **flinched** when I tapped him on the shoulder.

50. Word: **Nurture** (पालन-पोषण)

- Pronunciation: nur-cher/ नर्चर
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. care for and protect (someone or something) while they are growing. [Verb]
  - b. the action or process of nurturing someone or something. [Noun]
- Synonyms: foster, nourish, cherish, nurse, raise, sustain
- Antonyms: neglect, ignore, deprive, negligence
- Usage in a Sentence: Teachers should **nurture** their students' creativity.

51. Word: **Exemplary** (अनुकरणीय)

- Pronunciation: sangk-shuhn/ इग्ज़ेम्प्लरी
- Part of Speech: Adjective

- Meaning: serving as a desirable model; very good.
- Synonyms: admirable, commendable
- Antonyms: outrageous, sinful, unworthy
- Usage in a sentence: His behaviour in the aftermath of the Hillsborough disaster was **exemplary**.

52. Word: **Strain** (क्षति पहुँचाना/विकृति)

- Pronunciation: streyn/ स्ट्रेन
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. force (a part of one's body or oneself) to make an unusually great effort. [Verb]
  - b. a force tending to pull or stretch something to an extreme or damaging degree. [Noun]
- Synonyms: stress, pressure, struggle
- Antonyms: relax, rest, compress
- Usage in a sentence: The transport service cannot cope with the **strain** of so many additional passengers.

53. Word: **Assiduously** (परिश्रम से)

- Pronunciation: uh-sij-oo-uhs/ असिड्वस्ली
- Part of Speech: Adverb
- Meaning: with great care and perseverance.
- Synonyms: diligently, industriously, sedulously, strenuously
- Antonyms: casually, indolently, negligently, inattentively, inadvertently
- Usage in a Sentence: They labour **assiduously** for the benefit of future generations.

54. Word: **Courting** (प्रणय निवेदन)

- Pronunciation: kawrt/ कॉर्टिंग
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. be involved with (someone) romantically, with the intention of marrying.
  - b. pay special attention to (someone) in an attempt to win their support or favour.
  - c. risk incurring (misfortune) because of one's behaviour.
- Synonyms: wooing, pursuing, inviting, attracting, provoking
- Antonyms: avoiding, rejecting, disregarding, ignoring
- Usage in a Sentence: Both Democratic and Republican parties are **courting** former supporters of Ross Perot.

55. Word: **Flashpoint** (उत्तेजना का समय)

- Pronunciation: फ्लैशपॉइन्ट



- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a place, event, or time at which violence or hostility flares up.
- Synonyms: trouble spot, crisis point
- Antonyms: dreamland, utopia
- Usage in a Sentence: The immediate **flashpoint** was Wednesday's big rally in the city centre.

56. Word: **Rhetoric** (वाक्पटुता)

- Pronunciation: ret-er-ik / रेटरिक
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the art of effective or persuasive speaking or writing, especially the exploitation of figures of speech and other compositional techniques.
- Synonyms: oratory, eloquence, expression
- Antonyms: quiet
- Usage in a sentence: His speech was dismissed as mere **rhetoric** by the opposition.

57. Word: **Revoke** (रद्द करना)

- Pronunciation: ri-vohk/ रिवोक
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: officially cancel (a decree, decision, or promise).
- Synonyms: cancel, repeal, rescind, annul
- Antonyms: collaborate, approve, authorize
- Usage in a sentence: The Board has the power to **revoke** the licence of any bank to take deposits.

58. Word: **Trope** (अलंकार)

- Pronunciation: trohp/ ट्रौप
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a figurative or metaphorical use of a word or expression.
- Synonyms: figure of speech, imagery, metaphor
- Usage in a sentence: He was acting on a common **trope** in literature: the collapse of our technology and a return to old ways.

59. Word: **Radicalism** (मूलसिद्धांत)

- Pronunciation: rad-i-kuh-liz-uh m/ रेडिकलिज़म
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the beliefs or actions of people who advocate thorough or complete political or social reform.
- Synonyms: extremity, radicality
- Antonyms: conservatism

- Usage in a sentence: The anarchist movement and its **radicalism** provided a crucial background for the introduction of Marxist ideas.

60. Word: **Hoarse** (कर्कश)

- Pronunciation: hawrs, hohrs/ होर्स
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: (of a person's voice) sounding rough and harsh, typically as the result of a sore throat or of shouting.
- Synonyms: rough, harsh, croaky, husky
- Antonyms: mellow, soft, smooth, soothing
- Usage in a Sentence: Dragojevic, who died Sunday at the age of 70, was known for his **hoarse** voice and accent typical of Croatia's Dalmatian coast.

61. Word: **Desperation** (आशाहीनता)

- Pronunciation: des-puh-rey-shuh n/ डेस्पेरेशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a state of despair, typically one which results in rash or extreme behaviour.
- Synonyms: despair, despondency, misery
- Antonyms: peace, confidence, hopelessness
- Usage in a sentence: The feeling of **desperation** and helplessness was common to most of the refugees.

62. Word: **Peddle** (फेरी लगाना)

- Pronunciation: ped-l/ पेडल
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - try to sell (something, especially small goods) by going from place to place.
  - promote (an idea or view) persistently or widely.
- Synonyms: sell, vend, market, advocate, suggest, urge
- Antonyms: buy, purchase
- Usage in a sentence: His attempts to **peddle** his paintings in the streets of London proved unsuccessful.

63. Word: **Proclivity** (प्रवृत्ति)

- Pronunciation: proh-kliv-i-tee/ प्रोक्लिविटी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a tendency to choose or do something regularly; an inclination or predisposition towards a particular thing.
- Synonyms: liking, inclination, tendency, leaning, disposition
- Antonyms: repulsion, disinclination, aversion, hatred

- Usage in a Sentence: His **proclivity** for introspection, buying his own groceries and riding motorcycles have just made fans fall more and more in love with the star.
64. Word: **Parity** (समतुल्यता)
- Pronunciation: par-i-tee/ पैरिटी
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning: the state or condition of being equal, especially as regards status or pay.
  - Synonyms: equality, equivalence, uniformity, sameness, consistency
  - Antonyms: disproportion, inequality, discrepancy, contrast
  - Usage in a Sentence: Prison officers are demanding pay **parity** with the police force.
65. Word: **Leash** (नियंत्रण)
- Pronunciation: leesh/ लीश
  - Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
  - Meaning:
    - a restraint (Noun)
    - restrain (Verb)
  - Synonyms: control, restraint, check, curb, suppress, chain
  - Antonyms: release, unlace, unleash, emancipate
  - Usage in a Sentence: I managed to hold my anger in **leash** until she had gone.
66. Word: **Estrange** (चित फेर लेना)
- Pronunciation: ih-streynj/ एस्ट्रेन्ज
  - Part of Speech: Verb
  - Meaning: cause (someone) to be no longer on friendly terms with someone.
  - Synonyms: alienate, antagonize, separate, disunite
  - Antonyms: unite, engage, reconcile, reconcile, reunite
  - Usage in a Sentence: The novel unravels the past to explain why Hadia's younger brother, Amar, is **estranged** from the family.
67. Word: **Opportunistic** (अवसरवादी)
- Pronunciation: op-er-too-nis-tik/ आपर्टूनिस्टिक
  - Part of Speech: Adjective
  - Meaning: exploiting immediate opportunities, especially regardless of planning or principle.
  - Synonyms: strategic, calculating, shrewd, unscrupulous
  - Antonyms: immaterial, tactless
  - Usage in a Sentence: Meat-eating isn't typical for parrots, but the birds have been known to be **opportunistic**.

68. Word: **Contradiction** (असंगति)

- Pronunciation: kon-truh-dik-shuh n/ कान्ट्रडिक्शन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a combination of statements, ideas, or features which are opposed to one another.
- Synonyms: conflict, rebuttal, opposition, discrepancy
- Antonyms: agreement, concession, approval
- Usage in a Sentence: The paradox of these lofty ideals and the reality of slavery creates a **contradiction** of American mythology.

69. Word: **Immigrant** (इमग्रान्ट)

- Pronunciation: im-i-gruh nt/
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a person who comes to live permanently in a foreign country.
- Synonyms: migrant, foreigner, newcomer, settler, emigrant
- Antonyms: native, local, citizen
- Usage in a Sentence: Millions of **immigrants** came to America from Europe in the 19th century.

70. Word: **Reel under** (भार तले दबना)

- Pronunciation: रील अंडर
- Meaning: to suffer because of a burden/to stagger under the weight of something
- Synonyms: stagger under, suffer
- Antonyms: stabilize, steady, comforting
- Usage in a Sentence: Gary **reeled under** the responsibilities he had been given.

71. Word: **Stitch-up** (धोखा देना)

- Pronunciation: स्तिच उप
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: an act of placing someone in a position in which they will be wrongly blamed for something, or of manipulating a situation to one's advantage.
- Synonyms: setup, ploy, scam, frame, trick
- Usage in a Sentence: He claimed that a police officer had threatened to **stitch him up** and send him to prison.

72. Word: **Ascent** (उदय)

- Pronunciation: uh-sent/असेन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a climb or walk to the summit of a mountain or hill.
  - an instance of rising or moving up through the air.
- Synonyms: rise, incline, climb

- Antonyms: descent, decline
  - Usage in a sentence: His **ascent** to power was rapid and unexpected.
73. Phrase: **Shy away** (संकोच करना)
- Pronunciation: शाय अवे
  - Meaning: avoid having to deal with some unpleasant task
  - Synonyms: recoil, flinch, hesitate, avoid
  - Antonym: show off
  - Usage in a Sentence: She **shies away** from making any predictions.
74. Word: **Avenue** (मार्ग)
- Pronunciation: av-uh-nyoo/ ऐवन्यू
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning:
    - a. a broad road in a town or city, typically having trees at regular intervals along its sides.
    - b. a way of approaching a problem or making progress towards something.
  - Synonyms: road, route, street, roadway
  - Usage in a Sentence: We plan to pursue all available **avenues** to get our message to the public.
75. Word: **Determined** (दृढ़ संकल्पी)
- Pronunciation: dih-tur-mind/ डिटर्मिन्ड
  - Part of Speech: Adjective
  - Meaning: having made a firm decision and being resolved not to change it.
  - Synonyms: resolute, firm, stubborn, rigid
  - Antonyms: unmotivated, uncertain, irresolute
  - Usage in a Sentence: We are making a **determined** effort to correct our mistakes.
76. Word: **Flee** (फरार होना)
- Pronunciation: flee/ फ्ली
  - Part of Speech: Verb
  - Meaning: run away from a place or situation of danger.
  - Synonyms: escape, run away, elope
  - Antonyms: stay, arrive, face
  - Usage in a Sentence: He was accused of trying to **flee** the scene of the accident.
77. Word: **Broad-based** (वैविध्यपूर्ण)
- Pronunciation: brawd-beyst/ ब्रॉड बेस्ट
  - Part of Speech: Adjective
  - Meaning: wide-ranging; general.
  - Synonyms: wide, comprehensive, extensive, widespread
  - Antonyms:

- Usage in a Sentence: The activist is responsible for leading a **broad-based** environmental movement
78. Word: **Bypass** (उपमार्ग, उपेक्षा करना)
- Pronunciation: bahy-pas/ बाइपास
  - Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
  - Meaning:
    - a. a road passing round a town or its centre to provide an alternative route for through traffic. (Noun)
    - b. go past or round. (Verb)
    - c. avoid or circumvent (an obstacle or problem). (Verb)
  - Synonyms: circumvent, evade, avoid, detour
  - Antonyms: taken into account, accept, face, scrutinize, intervene
  - Usage in a Sentence: He **bypassed** the manager and talked directly to the owner.
79. Word: **Globalise** (वैश्वीकरण करना)
- Pronunciation: gloh-buh-lahyz/ ग्लोबलाइस
  - Part of Speech: Verb
  - Meaning: develop or be developed so as to make international influence or operation possible.
  - Usage in a Sentence: The company is planning to **globalise**.
80. Word: **Allay** (कम कर देना)
- Pronunciation: uh-ley/ अलै
  - Part of Speech: Verb
  - Meaning:
    - a. diminish or put at rest (fear, suspicion, or worry).
    - b. relieve or alleviate (pain or hunger).
  - Synonyms: reduce, decrease, lessen
  - Antonyms: provoke, intensify, aggravate
  - Usage in a Sentence: The government is enthusiastic to **allay** the public's fears.
81. Word: **Amend** (ठीक करना)
- Pronunciation: uh-mend/ अमेन्ड
  - Part of Speech: Verb
  - Meaning: make minor changes to (a text, piece of legislation, etc.) in order to make it fairer or more accurate, or to reflect changing circumstances.
  - Synonyms: change, modify, alter
  - Antonyms: worsen, degrade
  - Usage in a sentence: A two-thirds majority is needed to **amend** the club's constitution.
82. Word: **Overreach** (अधिक महत्वाकांक्षी होने के कारण असफल हो जाना)

- Pronunciation: oh-ver-reech/ ओवर्रीच
  - Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
  - Meaning:
    - a. reach out too far. (Verb)
    - b. try to do more than is possible. (Verb)
    - c. an injury to a forefoot of a horse resulting from its having overreached. (Noun)
  - Synonyms: exceed, overdo, outwit, outsmart
  - Antonyms: trail, follow, understate
  - Usage in a Sentence: She **overreaches** in her latest book, and her argument is not convincing.
83. Word: **Persistent** (अनवरत)
- Pronunciation: per-sis-tuhnt/ पर्सिस्टन्ट
  - Part of Speech: Adjective
  - Meaning: continuing firmly or obstinately in an opinion or course of action in spite of difficulty or opposition.
  - Synonyms: firm, persevering, resolute, tenacious, determined, constant
  - Antonyms: inconstant, irresolute
  - Usage in a sentence: Albert had a **persistent** headache that lasted for three days.
84. Word: **Deflect** (झुकाना)
- Pronunciation: dih-flekt/ डिफ्लेक्ट
  - Part of Speech: Verb
  - Meaning:
    - a. cause (something) to change direction; turn aside from a straight course.
    - b. cause (someone) to deviate from an intended purpose.
    - c. cause (something) to change orientation.
  - Synonyms: divert, avert, distract, deviate
  - Antonyms: attract, collide, contact
  - Usage in a Sentence: The goalie **deflected** the ball with his hands.
85. Word: **Nimble** (कुशल)
- Pronunciation: nim-buhl/ निम्बल
  - Part of Speech: Adjective
  - Meaning:
    - a. quick and light in movement or action; agile.
    - b. (of the mind) able to think and understand quickly.
  - Synonyms: agile, quick, swift, clever
  - Antonyms: clumsy, slow, awkward, sluggish
  - Usage in a sentence: A **nimble** mind backed by a degree in economics gave him a firm grasp over financial matters.

86. Word: **Flip-flopping**
- Pronunciation: flip-flop- ing/ फ्लिप फ्लोप्पिंग
  - Part of Speech: Verb
  - Meaning:
    - a. move with a flapping sound or motion.
    - b. make an abrupt reversal of policy.
  - Synonyms: reversal, turnaround, shift
  - Usage in a Sentence: The vice-president was accused of **flip-flopping** on several major issues.
87. Word: **Tacit** (निहित)
- Pronunciation: as-it/ टैसिट
  - Part of Speech: Adjective
  - Meaning: understood or implied without being stated.
  - Synonyms: unspoken, implicit, implied, unexpressed
  - Antonyms: spoken, explicit, blatant
  - Usage in a Sentence: His answer depends on a distinction between **tacit** and explicit consent.
88. Word: **Fault lines** (भ्रंश-रेखा)
- Pronunciation: फॉल्ट लाइन
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning: a divisive issue or difference of opinion that is likely to have serious consequences.
  - Synonyms: split, crack, fracture, dividing line
  - Antonyms: collaborate, mend, attach
  - Usage in a Sentence: These issues have created a stark **fault line** within the peace process.
89. Word: **Perception** (अनुभूति)
- Pronunciation: per-sep-shuhn/ पर्सेप्शन
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning:
    - a. the ability to see, hear, or become aware of something through the senses.
    - b. the way in which something is regarded, understood or interpreted.
  - Synonyms: understanding, impression, notion
  - Antonyms: misunderstanding, ignorance
  - Usage in a sentence: The television has irreversibly changed our **perception** about the Royal Family.
90. Word: **Staunch** (निष्ठावान)
- Pronunciation: stawnych/ स्टॉन्च
  - Part of Speech: Adjective, Verb



- Meaning:
  - a. very loyal and committed in attitude. (Adjective)
  - b. (of a wall) of strong or firm construction. (Adjective)
  - c. stop or restrict (a flow of blood) from a wound. (Verb)
- Synonyms: steadfast, loyal, firm, faithful, resolute
- Antonyms: disloyal, irresolute, unreliable
- Usage in a Sentence: She is a **staunch** advocate of women's rights.

91. Word: **Discrepancy** (असहमति)

- Pronunciation: dih-skrep-uhn-see/ डिस्क्रेपन्सी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: an illogical or surprising lack of compatibility or similarity between two or more facts.
- Synonyms: inconsistency, difference, disparity
- Antonyms: agreement, harmony
- Usage in a Sentence: There was a **discrepancy** in the two reports of the accident.

92. Word: **Apex** (चोटी)

- Pronunciation: ey-peks/ एपेक्स
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the top or highest part of something, especially one forming a point.
- Synonyms: peak, acme, zenith
- Antonyms: nadir, bottom, base
- Usage in a sentence: He was at the **apex** of his career.

93. Word: **Indigenous** (स्वदेशीय)

- Pronunciation: in-dij-uh-nuhs/ इन्डिजनस
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: originating or occurring naturally in a particular place; native
- Synonyms: native, domestic, aboriginal, natural
- Antonyms: foreign, alien, exotic, immigrant
- Usage in a Sentence: Many of the **indigenous** insects are needed to pollinate the local plants.

94. Word: **Trigger** (सक्रिय करना)

- Pronunciation: trig-er/ ट्रिगर
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: cause (a device) to function.
- Synonyms: activate, spark, initiate
- Antonyms: halt, block, deactivate

- Usage in a Sentence: Some people notice that certain foods **trigger** their headaches.

95. Word: **Desist** (परहेज करना)

- Pronunciation: dih-zist, -sist/ डिज़िस्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: stop doing something; cease or abstain.
- Synonyms: abstain, refrain, forbear, discontinue
- Antonyms: continue, carry on, endure
- Usage in a Sentence: They agreed to **desist** from the bombing campaign.

96. Word: **Tweak** (सुधारना)

- Pronunciation: tweek/ ट्वीक
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. twist or pull (something) sharply. (Verb)
  - b. a sharp twist or pull. (Noun)
- Synonyms: twist, tug, pinch, nip, twitch, squeeze, jerk
- Antonyms: go awry, damage
- Usage in a Sentence: We just wanted to **tweak** his original idea a bit.

97. Word: **Stagger** (विचलित करना)

- Pronunciation: stag-er/ स्टैगर
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. walk or move unsteadily as if about to fall. [Verb]
  - b. astonish or deeply shock. [Verb]
  - c. an unsteady walk or movement. [Noun]
- Synonyms: stumble, surprise, shocked
- Antonyms: comfort, relax, calm
- Use in a Sentence: It seems they **stagger** from one crisis to the next.

98. Word: **Kowtow** (घुटने के बल झुक कर प्रणाम करना)

- Pronunciation: kou-tou/ काउटाउ
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. act in an excessively subservient manner. (Verb)
  - b. an act of kowtowing as part of Chinese custom. (Noun)
- Synonyms: bow, genuflect, bend, obeisance
- Antonyms: disrespect, despise, rebel, revolt
- Usage in a Sentence: You can try **kowtowing** to the boss, but he'll see right through you.

99. Word: **Brazenly** (ढिठाई से)

- Pronunciation: brey-zuhn-lee / ब्रेज़न्ली
- Part of Speech: Adverb

- Meaning: in a bold and shameless way.
  - Synonyms: boldly, unashamedly, audaciously
  - Antonyms: meekly
  - Usage in a sentence: Iran **brazenly** insisted on continuing its nuclear program despite international objections.
100. Word: **Erstwhile** (भूतपूर्व)
- Pronunciation: urst-hwahyl/ अर्स्टवाइल
  - Part of Speech: Adjective, Adverb
  - Meaning:
    - a. former (Adjective)
    - b. formerly (Adverb)
  - Synonyms: former, previous, old, past, late
  - Antonyms: current, future, ongoing, present
  - Usage in a Sentence: My **erstwhile** friend ignored me when I ran into her at the mall.
101. Word: **Rationale** (औचित्य)
- Pronunciation: rash-uh-nal/ रैशनैल
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning: a set of reasons or a logical basis for a course of action or belief.
  - Synonyms: reason, justification, logic
  - Antonym: Effect
  - Usage in a Sentence: I don't understand the **rationale** behind the council's housing policy.
102. Word: **Despotism** (तानाशाही)
- Pronunciation: des-puh-tiz-uh m/ डेस्पटिज़म
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning: the exercise of absolute power, especially in a cruel and oppressive way.
  - Synonyms: tyranny, dictatorship, monarchy, totalitarianism, autocracy
  - Antonyms: democracy, self-government, charity, benevolence, commonwealth
  - Usage in a Sentence: By the end of the 20th century, many countries around the world had rejected **despotism** in favour of democracy.
103. Word: **Raison d'être** (उद्देश्य)
- Pronunciation: rey-zohn de-truh/ रेज़ोन डेट्र
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning: the most important reason or purpose for someone or something's existence.
  - Synonyms: reason, cause, purpose, rationale
  - Usage in a Sentence: His wife, six children, their spouses, and his fifteen grandchildren were his **raison d'être**.
104. Word: **Defile** (दूषित करना, सकरी घाटी)

- Pronunciation: dih-fahyl/ डिफाइल
  - Part of Speech: Verb
  - Meaning:
    - a. damage the purity or appearance of; mar or spoil. (Verb)
    - b. desecrate or profane (something sacred). (Verb)
    - c. a steep-sided narrow gorge or passage (originally one requiring troops to march in single file). (Noun)
  - Synonyms: pollute, sully, contaminate, taint, tarnish
  - Antonyms: purify, sanctify, clean, cleanse
  - Usage in a Sentence: Violence destroys the purity of the mind of the individual and **defiles** the conscience of the Nation.
105. Word: **Deviant** (विपथगामी)
- Pronunciation: dee-vee-uh nt/ डीवीअन्ट
  - Part of Speech: Adjective, Noun
  - Meaning:
    - a. departing from usual or accepted standards, especially in social or sexual behaviour. (Adjective)
    - b. a deviant person or thing. (Noun)
  - Synonyms: abnormal, aberrant, pervert, unusual
  - Antonyms: normal, usual, regular, standard
  - Usage in a Sentence: Some studies show that many violent criminals begin exhibiting **deviant** behaviour in early childhood.
106. Word: **Highhanded** (अहंकार)
- Pronunciation: hahy-han-did/ हाइहैन्डिड
  - Part of Speech: Adjective
  - Meaning: having or showing no regard for the rights, concerns, or feelings of others
  - Synonyms: arbitrary, overbearing, arrogance, haughtiness
  - Antonyms: humble, lowly, modest, unarrogant, unpretentious
  - Usage in a Sentence: They have been accused of secrecy and **high-handedness** in their dealings.
107. Word: **Vile** (घिनौना)
- Pronunciation: vahyl/ वाइल
  - Part of Speech: Adjective
  - Meaning: extremely unpleasant
  - Synonyms: foul, nasty, despicable, loathsome, abominable
  - Antonyms: lovely, beautiful, decent, pretty
  - Usage in a Sentence: News sources should try a little harder to be less **vile**.

108. Word: **Impropriety** (अनौचित्य)

- Pronunciation: im-pruh-prahy-i-tee/ इम्प्रप्राइटी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: failure to observe standards of honesty or modesty; improper behaviour or character.
- Synonyms: inappropriateness, wrongdoing, misconduct, dishonesty, corruption
- Antonyms: decency, propriety, courtesy
- Usage in a Sentence: The judge excused herself from the case to avoid any appearance of **impropriety**.

109. Word: **Debasement** (नीचा दिखाना)

- Pronunciation: dih-beys/ डबैस्मन्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: to lower in status, esteem, quality, or character
- Synonyms: degradation, corruption, vilification, humiliation
- Antonyms: sanctuary, purification, exaltation, glorification
- Usage in a Sentence: The governor **debased** himself by lying to the public.

110. Word: **Ablaze** (प्रज्वलित, लपटों में, उतेजित)

- Pronunciation: uh-bleyz/ अब्लेज़
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. burning fiercely
  - b. very brightly coloured or lighted
  - c. filled with anger or another strong emotion
- Synonyms: burning, afire, aflame, passionate, excited
- Antonyms: dark, dim, dull, unexcited, gloomy
- Usage in a Sentence: One died and the other, who set himself **ablaze** on Thursday, remained in critical condition.

111. Word: **Confine** (सीमा, सीमित करना)

- Pronunciation: kuhn-fahyn/ कन्फाइन
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. keep or restrict someone or something within certain limits of (space, scope, or time). (Verb)
  - b. restrain or forbid someone from leaving (a place). (Verb)
  - c. the borders or boundaries of a place, especially with regard to their restricting freedom of movement. (Noun)

- Synonyms: limit, restrict, restrain, imprison, incarcerate
- Antonyms: free, release, liberate, unchain
- Usage in a Sentence: This collective endeavour to live free unfolds in the **confines** of the carceral landscape.

112. Word: **Distinct** (अलग)

- Pronunciation: dih-stingkt / डिस्टिंगक्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: recognizably different in nature from something else of a similar type.
- Synonyms: clear, diverse, separate
- Antonyms: similar, alike
- Usage in a sentence: The party is divided into two **distinct** camps over the legislation.

113. Word: **Tract** (ग्रंथ, विस्तार)

- Pronunciation: trakt/ ट्रैक्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. an area of land, typically a large one.
  - b. an indefinitely large extent of something.
  - c. a short treatise in pamphlet form, typically on a religious subject.
- Synonyms: area, region, pamphlet, district, territory
- Usage in a Sentence: He's suffering from an acute infection of the lower respiratory **tract**.

114. Phrase: **Chip away** (कम करना)

- Pronunciation: चिप अवे
- Meaning: to gradually make something weaker, smaller, or less effective
- Synonyms: gnaw, nibble, undermine, erode
- Antonym: renew
- Usage in a Sentence: The group had hoped to **chip away** at its debts by selling assets.

115. Word: **Impropriety** (अनुपयुक्तता)

- Pronunciation: im-pruh-prahy-i-tee/ इम्प्रप्राइटी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: failure to observe standards of honesty or modesty; improper behaviour or character.
- Synonyms: wrongdoing, misconduct, inappropriateness, indecency
- Antonyms: propriety, propriety, prudery, suitability
- Usage in a Sentence: The judge excused herself from the case to avoid any appearance of **impropriety**.

116. Word: **Absurd** (विसंगति)

- Pronunciation: ab-surd/ ऐब्सर्ड
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Noun
- Meaning:
  - wildly unreasonable, illogical, or inappropriate. (Adjective)
  - an absurd state of affairs. (Noun)
- Synonyms: preposterous, ridiculous, ludicrous, farcical
- Antonyms: reasonable, sensible, logical, serious
- Usage in a Sentence: The Trump administration is taking this argument to an **absurd** and cruel extreme.

117. Word: **Allegation** (आरोपण)

- Pronunciation: al-i-gey-shuhn/ ऐलगेशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a claim or assertion that someone has done something illegal or wrong, typically one made without proof.
- Synonyms: charge, assertion, declaration, statement, proclamation, contention, argument
- Antonyms: denial, cancellation, abnegation, rejection
- Usage in a Sentence: There have been **allegations** of fraud in the city government.

118. Word: **Disclose** (प्रकट करना)

- Pronunciation: dih-skloh-z/ डिस्कलोज़
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
  - make (secret or new information) known.
  - allow (something hidden) to be seen.
- Synonyms: reveal, divulge, expose, show, uncover
- Antonyms: hide, conceal, withhold, cover
- Usage in a Sentence: He refused to **disclose** the source of his information.

119. Word: **Discernible** (ज्ञेय)

- Pronunciation: dih-sur-nuh-buh-l/ डिसर्नबल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: able to be discerned; perceptible
- Synonyms: perceivable, observable, visible, noticeable
- Antonyms: indistinct, invisible, unnoticeable, unrecognizable, unrelatable
- Usage in a Sentence: The colour code cannot be seen and highlighted entries are not **discernable**.

120. Word: **Prudent** (चतुर)

- Pronunciation: prood-nt/ प्रूडन्ट

- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: acting with or showing care and thought for the future.
- Synonyms: careful, wise
- Antonyms: foolish, careless
- Usage in a Sentence: It would be **prudent** to save some of the money.

121. Word: **Swallow** (निगलना)

- Pronunciation: swol-oh/ स्वॉलो
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - cause or allow (something, especially food or drink) to pass down the throat. (Verb)
  - believe unquestioningly (a lie or unlikely assertion). (Verb)
  - take in and cause to disappear; engulf. (Verb)
  - an act of swallowing something, especially food or drink. (Noun)
  - a kind of migratory bird. (Noun)
- Synonyms: gulp, consume, accept, absorb, tolerate
- Antonyms: disbelieve, reject, doubt
- Usage in a Sentence: Her story is pretty hard to **swallow**.

122. Word: **Eventually** (अंततः)

- Pronunciation: ih-ven-choo-uh-lee/ इवेन्चवली
- Part of Speech: Adverb
- Meaning: in the end, especially after a long delay, dispute, or series of problems.
- Synonyms: ultimately, finally, at last
- Antonyms: immediately, instantly, currently
- Usage in a Sentence:

123. Word: **Contingency** (आकस्मिक घटना)

- Pronunciation: kuhn-tin-juhn-see / कन्टिन्जन्सी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a future event or circumstance which is possible but cannot be predicted with certainty.
- Synonyms: emergency, incident, chance
- Antonyms: certainty, reality, truth
- Usage in a sentence: Mike had talked about **contingency** plans for the catastrophe.

124. Word: **Precise** (यथार्थ)

- Pronunciation: pri-sahys/ प्रीसाइस
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: marked by exactness and accuracy of expression or detail.
- Synonyms: exact, accurate, correct, meticulous



- Antonyms: inaccurate, false, approximate, rough, imprecise
  - Usage in a Sentence: Be sure to take **precise** measurements before you cut the cloth.
125. Word: **Peg** (स्थिर रखना)
- Pronunciation: peg/ पेग
  - Part of Speech: Verb
  - Meaning: fix, secure, or mark with a peg or pegs.
  - Synonyms: pin, nail, fasten, secure
  - Antonyms: detach, unfasten, glance
  - Usage in a Sentence: I'll **peg** out the clothes before I go to work.
126. Word: **Bridge** (सेतु, अंतर मिटाना)
- Pronunciation: brij/ ब्रिज
  - Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
  - Meaning:
    - a. a structure carrying a road, path, railway, etc. across a river, road, or another obstacle. (Noun)
    - b. something intended to reconcile or connect two seemingly incompatible things. (Noun)
    - c. be or make a bridge over (something). (Verb)
    - d. make (a difference between two groups) smaller or less significant. (Verb)
  - Synonyms: link, connect, unite; straddle; overcome, reconcile
  - Antonyms: disconnect, unlink, separate, gap
  - Usage in a Sentence: The book serves as a **bridge** between ancient wisdom and modern science.
127. Word: **Equity** (निष्पक्षता)
- Pronunciation: ek-wi-tee/ एक्विटी
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning: the quality of being fair and impartial.
  - Synonyms: fairness, justice, equality
  - Antonyms: injustice, partiality, discrimination, dishonesty
  - Usage in a sentence: The rules of common law and **equity** are both, in essence, systems of private law.
128. Word: **Squirrelling** (संचय)
- Pronunciation: skwur-uh lling/ स्कुइरिल्लिंग
  - Part of Speech: Verb
  - Meaning:
    - a. hide money or something of value in a safe place.

- b. move in an inquisitive and restless manner.
  - Synonyms: preserve, deposit, keep, store, stockpile, accumulate, collect
  - Antonyms: spend, give away
  - Usage in a Sentence: While **squirrelling** away the money, university officials also requested and received several state funding increases.
129. Word: **Undershoot** (निशाने से नीचे मारना)
- Pronunciation: uhn-der-shoot/ अन्डर्शूट
  - Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
  - Meaning:
    - a. fall short of (a point or target). (Verb)
    - b. an act of undershooting. (Noun)
  - Synonyms: shortfall, be less than, drop, descend
  - Antonyms: overshoot, achieve, exceed, surpass
  - Usage in a Sentence: If inflation **undershoots** the Fed's target, that could cause the central bank to halt its campaign of interest-rate increases next year.
130. Word: **Kickstart** (झटके से बल लगाकर शुरू करना)
- Pronunciation: किक्सटार्ट
  - Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
  - Meaning:
    - a. start (a motorcycle engine) with a downward thrust of a pedal. (Verb)
    - b. an impetus given to start or resume a process. (Noun)
  - Synonyms: begin, revitalize, reinvigorate, revive
  - Usage in a Sentence: Kylie's mother Carol, could probably take a lot of credit for helping **kick start** Kylie's acting career.
131. Word: **Endorse** (समर्थन करना)
- Pronunciation: en-dawrs/ एन्डॉर्स
  - Part of Speech: Verb
  - Meaning:
    - a. declare one's public approval or support of.
    - b. recommend (a product) in an advertisement.
  - Synonyms: support, approve, sanction, agree
  - Antonyms: disapprove, oppose, reject, condemn
  - Usage in a Sentence: The newspaper has **endorsed** the conservative candidate for mayor.

132. Word: **Face-off** (सामना करना)

- Pronunciation: feys-awf/ फेस ऑफ
- Part of Speech: Noun, Phrase
- Meaning:
  - a. a direct confrontation between two people or groups. (Noun)
  - b. take up an attitude of confrontation, especially at the start of a fight or game. (Phrase)
- Synonyms: encounter, confront, showdown, clash
- Antonym: peace
- Usage in a Sentence: Serena was eager to **face off** with her longtime tennis rival

133. Word: **Sequester** (अलग होना)

- Pronunciation: si-kwes-ter/ सिक्वेस्टर
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. isolate or hide away. (Verb)
  - b. a general cut in government spending. (Noun)
- Synonyms: isolate, separate, segregate
- Antonyms: reveal, uncover
- Usage in a Sentence: The jury was **sequestered** until a verdict was reached.

134. Word: **Earmark** (निर्धारित करना)

- Pronunciation: eer-mahrk/ ईमार्क
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. designate (funds or resources) for a particular purpose. (Verb)
  - b. a characteristic or identifying feature. (Noun)
- Synonyms: allocate, reserve, assign, book, brand
- Antonyms: waste, throw away
- Usage in a Sentence: The project uses funds that had been **earmarked** for education.

135. Word: **Sputter** (हलचल)

- Pronunciation: spuht-er/ स्पटर
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. make a series of soft explosive or spitting sounds. (Verb)
  - b. a series of soft explosive or spitting sounds. (Noun)
- Synonyms: spray, spatter
- Usage in a Sentence: He was **sputtering** with rage.

136. Word: **Loath** (विमुख)

- Pronunciation: lohth/ लोथ
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: reluctant; unwilling
- Synonyms: averse, disinclined, indisposed, hesitant
- Antonyms: desirous, eager, willing, determined
- Usage in a Sentence: I was **loath** to accept his claim of having climbed Mount Everest.

137. Word: **Leeway** (गुंजाइश)

- Pronunciation: lee-wey/ लीवे
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the amount of freedom to move or act that is available.
- Synonyms: scope, room, space, margin
- Antonyms: inflexibility, bigotry
- Usage in a sentence: The government does not have much **leeway** in foreign policy.

138. Word: **Slack** (शिथिलता)

- Pronunciation: slak/ स्लैक
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Noun
- Meaning:
  - a. not taut or held tightly in position; loose. (Adjective)
  - b. having or showing laziness or negligence. (Adjective)
  - c. the part of a rope or line which is not held taut; the loose or unused part. (Noun)
- Synonyms: slow, loose, sluggish, flaccid
- Antonyms: tight, desirous, diligent
- Usage in a Sentence: He accused the government of **slack** supervision of nuclear technology.

139. Word: **Down the line** (अब से आगे)

- Pronunciation: doun-th uh-lahyn/
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Phrase
- Meaning:
  - a. thorough and uncompromising. (Adjective)
  - b. at a further, later, or unspecified point. (Phrase)
- Synonyms: later on, in the future
- Antonyms: straightaway, straightaway
- Usage in a Sentence: Sixty years **down the line**, grandad's bravery genes have been seriously diluted.

140. Word: **Headwind** (प्रतिवात)

- Pronunciation: hed-wind/ हेड विन्ड

- Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning: a
    - a wind blowing from directly in front, opposing forward motion.
    - a force or influence that inhibits progress
  - Synonyms: updraft, upwind
  - Antonym: tailwind
  - Usage in a Sentence: Beijing is trying to strengthen patriotic sentiment at home amid **headwinds** that include a trade war with the United States, protests in Hong Kong, and a slowing economy.
141. Word: **Sway** (हिलना-डुलना)
- Pronunciation: swey / स्वे
  - Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
  - Meaning:
    - move or cause to move slowly or rhythmically backwards and forwards or from side to side. [Verb]
    - rule; control. [Noun]
  - Synonyms: influence, control, oscillate, swing, dominion
  - Antonyms: stay, steady, dissuade
  - Usage in a sentence: The boat suddenly began to lurch and **sway**.
142. Word: **Abrogation** (निराकरण)
- Pronunciation: ab-ruh-gey-shuh n / ऐब्रगेशन
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning: the repeal or abolition of a law, right, or agreement.
  - Synonyms: repeal, abolition, annulment
  - Antonyms: collaboration, appointment, mandate
  - Usage in a sentence: Measures for the **abrogation** shall be stipulated by the State Council.
143. Word: **Acquiescence** (अनुमति)
- Pronunciation: ak-wee-es-uh ns/ ऐक्वीएसन्स
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning: the reluctant acceptance of something without protest.
  - Synonyms: consent, agreement, acceptance, accession, concurrence, approval
  - Antonyms: refusal, disagreement, defiance, rejection
  - Usage in a Sentence: Good manners demanded our cheerful **acquiescence** to our host's plans for dinner
144. Word: **Intervene** (हस्तक्षेप करना)
- Pronunciation: in-ter-veen/ इन्टर्वीन

- Part of Speech: Verb
  - Meaning:
    - take part in something so as to prevent or alter a result or course of events.
    - occur in the time between events.
  - Synonyms: interfere, interpose, intercede, meddle
  - Antonyms: ignore, disregard, leave, avoid
  - Usage in a Sentence: The prisoner asked me to **intervene** with the authorities on his behalf.
145. Word: **Latitude** (अक्षांश, स्वतंत्रता)
- Pronunciation: lat-i-tood/ लैटिट्यूड
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning:
    - regions, especially with reference to their temperature and distance from the equator.
    - scope for freedom of action or thought.
  - Synonyms: freedom, leeway, scope, space
  - Antonyms: limitation, restriction, termination
  - Usage in a Sentence: We weren't given much **latitude** in deciding how to do the job.
146. Word: **Integration** (एकीकरण)
- Pronunciation: in-ti-grey-shuhn/ इन्टिग्रेशन
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning: the action or process of integrating.
  - Synonyms: inclusion, union, consolidation, incorporation, amalgamation
  - Antonyms: segregation, isolation, division, discrimination
  - Usage in a Sentence: Catron failed to clarify that this study focused on immediate social ties, rather than on more formal forms of **integration** into civic life and other social institutions.
147. Word: **Detention** (कारावास)
- Pronunciation: dih-ten-shuh n/ डिटेन्शन
  - Part of Speech: Noun
  - Meaning: the action of detaining someone or the state of being detained in official custody.
  - Synonyms: custody, imprisonment, confinement, incarceration
  - Antonyms: redemption, release, liberation, discharge, freedom
  - Usage in a sentence: The **detention** raised two distinct but closely linked questions.
148. Word: **Approbation** (अनुमोदन)
- Pronunciation: ap-ruh-bey-shuh n/ ऐप्रबेशन

- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: approval or praise
- Synonyms: approval, acceptance, assent, endorsement, encouragement
- Antonyms: contempt, criticism, disapprobation, condemnation, shame
- Usage in a Sentence: The company has even received the **approbation** of its former critics.

149. Word: **Substitution** (स्थानापन्नता)

- Pronunciation: in-ti-grey-shuhn/ सब्स्टिटूशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the action of replacing someone or something with another person or thing.
- Synonyms: exchange, change, interchange; replacement
- Usage in a Sentence: The coach made three **substitutions** in the second half of the game.

150. Word: **Consent** (सहमति)

- Pronunciation: kuh n-sent/ कन्सेन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
  - a. permission for something to happen or agreement to do something. (Noun)
  - b. give permission for something to happen. (Verb)
- Synonyms: agreement, assent, approval, accord, allow, sanction, accept

- Antonyms: dissent, forbid, disagree, refuse, oppose
- Usage in a Sentence: He was reluctant at first but finally **consented**.

151. Word: **Loom** (संकट मँडराना)

- Pronunciation: loom/ लूम
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: appear as a vague form, especially one that is large or threatening
- Synonyms: menace, emerge, stand out
- Antonyms: disappear, diminish, remove
- Use in a Sentence: We should flag those problems that could **loom** ahead.

152. Word: **Precedent** (उदाहरण/ अग्रगामी)

- Pronunciation: pres-i-duh nt/ प्रेसिडन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Adjective
- Meaning:
  - a. an earlier event or action that is regarded as an example or guide to be considered in subsequent similar circumstances. [Noun]
  - b. preceding in time, order, or importance. [Adjective]
- Synonyms: model, example, preceding
- Antonyms: after, following, later
- Usage in a sentence: The judgment on pension rights has established a **precedent**.

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