

130+ Words from Editorial

(01.07.2019 - 15.07.2019)



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Vocabulary from Editorial

1. Word: **Germane** (उचित)

- Pronunciation: jer-meyn/ जर्मैन
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: relevant to a subject under consideration
- Synonyms: relevant, pertinent, applicable, appropriate
- Antonyms: irrelevant, unrelatable, inapplicable
- Usage in a Sentence: Her remarks could not have been more **germane** to the discussion.

2. Word: **Bedevil** (सताना)

- Pronunciation: bih-dev-uh / बिडेवल
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. (of something bad) cause great and continual trouble to.
 - b. (of a person) torment or harass.
- Synonyms: harass, torment, plague, bother, trouble
- Antonyms: please, enchant
- Usage in a Sentence: The senator has been **bedevilled** by allegations of corruption.

3. Word: **Exhaustive** (विस्तृत)

- Pronunciation: ig-zaws-tiv/ इग्ज़ॉस्टिव
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: including or considering all elements or aspects; fully comprehensive.

- Synonyms: thorough, complete, comprehensive, extensive
- Antonyms: incomplete, shallow, superficial, unfinished
- Usage in a Sentence: After two years of **exhaustive** consultation and research, the directive was close to the completion of the first draft.

4. Word: **Redress** (सुधारना)

- Pronunciation: ree-dres/ रिड्रेस
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. remedy or set right (an undesirable or unfair situation). [Verb]
 - b. remedy or compensation for a wrong or grievance. [Noun]
- Synonyms: remedy, correct, compensate
- Antonyms: wrong, worsen, blighted
- Usage in a sentence: He is seeking **redress** for what he alleges was an unfair demotion.

5. Word: **Emphatic** (बलपूर्वक)

- Pronunciation: em-fat-ik/ एम्फैटिक
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. expressing something forcibly and clearly.
 - b. (of an action or its result) definite and clear.
- Synonyms: forceful, assertive, insistent
- Antonyms: forceless, insignificant, unassertive

- Usage in a Sentence: She was equally **emphatic** about the importance of discipline.
6. Word: **Imperative** (अत्यावश्यक)
- Pronunciation: im-per-uh-tiv/ इम्पेरेटिव
 - Part of Speech: Adjective, Noun
 - Meaning:
 - a. of vital importance; crucial. (Adjective)
 - b. giving an authoritative command; peremptory. (Adjective)
 - c. an essential or urgent thing. (Noun)
 - Synonyms: essential, necessary, urgent, crucial
 - Antonyms: minor, unnecessary, needless, inessential
 - Usage in a Sentence: The collapse of the wall made it **imperative** to keep the water out by some other means.
7. Idiom: **Conducive** (हितकर)
- Pronunciation: kuh n-doo-siv/ कन्डूसिव
 - Part of Speech: Adjective
 - Meaning: making a certain situation or outcome likely or possible.
 - Synonyms: advantageous, helpful, contributory, favourable
 - Antonyms: hindering, unfavourable, cumbersome
 - Usage in a Sentence: This is a **conducive** environment for studying.
8. Word: **Bottleneck** (मार्गावरोध)
- Pronunciation: bot-l-nek/ बाटल्लेक
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning:
 - a. the neck or mouth of a bottle.
 - b. a narrow section of road or a junction that impedes traffic flow.
 - c. a situation that causes delay in a process or system.
 - Synonyms: obstruction, impediment, constriction, hindrance
 - Antonyms: allowance, disposal, management
 - Usage in a Sentence: There's always going to be a **bottleneck** because only two people review all the applications.
9. Word: **Repurpose** (पुनर्प्रयोग)
- Pronunciation: pur-puhs/ रीपरपस
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning: adapt for use in a different purpose.

- Synonyms: reuse, remodel, reprocess, redeploy, reorient
 - Antonyms: waste, disuse, discontinue
 - Usage in a Sentence: Movie theatres are harder to **repurpose** than ordinary stores in a shopping mall.
10. Word: **Envisage** (परिकल्पना करना)
- Pronunciation: en-viz-ij/ एन्विज़िज
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning:
 - a. contemplate or conceive of as a possibility or a desirable future event.
 - b. form a mental picture of (something not yet existing or known).
 - Synonyms: imagine, envision, anticipate, visualize
 - Antonym: withdraw
 - Usage in a Sentence: Nobody can **envisage** the consequences of a nuclear war.
11. Word: **Ubiquitous** (सर्वव्यापी)
- Pronunciation: yoo-bik-wi-tuh s/ यूबिक्विटस
 - Part of Speech: Adjective
 - Meaning: present, appearing, or found everywhere.
 - Synonyms: omnipresent, universal, everywhere, prevalent
 - Antonyms: rare, absent, scarce, infrequent, sporadic
 - Usage in a Sentence: Leather is very much in fashion this season, as of course is the **ubiquitous** denim.
12. Word: **Plethora** (अधिकता)
- Pronunciation: pleth-er-uh/ प्लथॉर
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: a large or excessive amount of something.
 - Synonyms: superabundance, surplus, plenty
 - Antonyms: scarcity, dearth, shortage
 - Usage in a Sentence: The forensic report contains a **plethora** of detail.
13. Word: **Bugbear** (डरावना)
- Pronunciation: buhg-bair/ बग्बेर
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: a cause of obsessive fear, anxiety, or irritation.
 - Synonyms: nightmare, fear, terror, horror
 - Antonyms: delight, joy, pleasure
 - Usage in a Sentence: Germany was always a **bugbear** for France.

14. Word: **Expedite** (शीघ्रता करना)

- Pronunciation: ek-spi-dahyt/ एक्स्पिडाइट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: make (an action or process) happen sooner or be accomplished more quickly.
- Synonyms: accelerate, hasten, speed up, quicken
- Antonyms: delay, impede, hinder, check
- Usage in a Sentence: We must **expedite** the development of the Southwest area of our country.

15. Word: **Suasion** (उसकाव)

- Pronunciation: swey-zuh n/ स्वैशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: persuasion as opposed to force or compulsion.
- Synonyms: persuasion, convincing, conviction
- Antonyms: dissuasion, compulsion, constraint, coercion
- Usage in a Sentence: Now we must summon all of our might and moral **suasion** to meet the challenges of a new age.

16. Word: **Glaring** (सुस्पष्ट)

- Pronunciation: glair-ing/ ग्लेरिंग
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. giving out or reflecting a strong or dazzling light. (Adjective)
 - b. staring fiercely or fixedly. (Adjective)
 - c. highly obvious or conspicuous. (Adjective)
 - d. staring in an angry or fierce way. (Verb)
- Synonyms: obvious, dazzling, bright, blatant
- Antonyms: obscure, inconspicuous, sombre, gloomy
- Usage in a Sentence: I have never seen such a **glaring** example of misrepresentation.

17. Word: **Nominal** (संज्ञात्मक)

- Pronunciation: nom-uh-nl/ नामनल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. (of a role or status) existing in name only.
 - b. (of a price or charge) very small; far below the real value or cost.
 - c. (of a quantity or dimension) stated or expressed but not necessarily corresponding exactly to the real value.

- Synonyms: titular, nominative, symbolic, honorary
- Antonyms: real, significant, actual, important
- Usage in a Sentence: The charity pays a **nominal** sum to lease the premises.

18. Word: **Anticipate** (आशा रखना/ पूर्वानुमान करना)

- Pronunciation: an-tis-uh-peyt/ ऐन्टिसपेट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. regard as probable; expect or predict.
 - b. look forward to.
 - c. act as a forerunner or precursor of.
- Synonyms: expect, predict, foresee, hope
- Antonyms: unexpected, doubt
- Usage in a Sentence: This year, we anticipate our expenses to increase by 15%.

19. Word: **Impasse** (गतिरोध)

- Pronunciation: im-pas, im-pas/ इम्पैस
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a situation in which no progress is possible, especially because of disagreement; a deadlock.
- Synonyms: deadlock, stalemate, gridlock
- Antonyms: breakthrough, betterment
- Usage in a sentence: Negotiations seemed to have reached an **impasse**.

20. Word: **Deliberation** (मंत्रणा)

- Pronunciation: dih-lib-uh-rey-shuhn/ डिलिबरेशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. long and careful consideration or discussion.
 - b. slow and careful movement or thought.
- Synonyms: reflection, consideration, thought, contemplation
- Antonyms: alacrity, haste
- Usage in a Sentence: He spoke with **deliberation**, but often in vivid metaphors and with literary references.

21. Word: **Concerted** (अनुकूल)

- Pronunciation: kuhn-sur-tid/ कन्सर्टिड
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: jointly arranged or carried out; coordinated.
- Synonyms: combined, harmonious, conjunctive
- Antonyms: separate, unilateral
- Usage in a sentence: There has been a **concerted** campaign against the proposals.

22. Word: **Articulate** (स्पष्ट)

- Pronunciation: ahr-tik-yuh-leyt/ आर्टिक्युलैट
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. having or showing the ability to speak fluently and coherently. [Adjective]
 - b. pronounce (something) clearly and distinctly. [Verb]
- Synonyms: enunciate, eloquent, fluent
- Antonyms: mute, silent, disconnect
- Usage in a sentence: The teachers help the children to be more **articulate** about their strengths and weaknesses.

23. Word: **Detract** (घटाना)

- Pronunciation: dih-trakt/ डिट्रैक्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. diminish the worth or value of (a quality or achievement).
 - b. cause someone or something to be distracted or diverted from.
- Synonyms: diminish, disparage, depreciate, belittle
- Antonyms: enhance, aggrandize, boost
- Usage in a Sentence: The omission of these chapters will not **detract** from your general appreciation of homoeopathy.

24. Word: **Grandstand** (दिखावटी)

- Pronunciation: gran-stand, grand-/ ग्रैन्डस्टैन्ड
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: seek to attract applause or favourable attention from spectators or the media.
- Synonyms: demagogy, cockiness, flamboyance
- Usage in a Sentence: Politicians will **grandstand** about remaking finance.

25. Word: **Substantive** (विशेष्य/ मूलभूत)

- Pronunciation: suhb-stuh n-tiv/ सब्स्टन्टिव
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. having a separate and independent existence. (Adjective)
 - b. a noun. (Noun)
- Synonyms: substantial, material, significant, essential
- Antonyms: worldly, inessential
- Usage in a sentence: The report concluded that no **substantive** changes were necessary.

26. Word: **Allude** (प्रसंगवश उल्लेख करना)

- Pronunciation: uh-lood/ अलूड
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. suggest or call attention to indirectly; hint at.
 - b. mention without discussing at length.
 - c. (of an artist or a work of art) recall (an earlier work or style) in such a way as to suggest a relationship with it.
- Synonyms: refer, hint, suggest, imply, indicate
- Antonyms: reveal, divulge, disseminate
- Usage in a Sentence: You mustn't **allude** to his baby's death when you meet John.

27. Word: **Acumen** (कुशाग्रता)

- Pronunciation: uh-kyoo-muh n/ अक्यूमन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the ability to make good judgements and take quick decisions.
- Synonyms: shrewdness, sharpness, sharp-wittedness, cleverness, brightness
- Antonyms: dullness, foolishness
- Usage in a Sentence: He had demonstrated considerable business **acumen**.

28. Word: **Stroll** (परिभ्रमण)

- Pronunciation: strohl/ स्ट्रोल
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. walk in a leisurely way. (Verb)
 - b. achieve a sporting victory without effort. (Verb)
 - c. a short leisurely walk. (Noun)
 - d. a victory or objective that is easily achieved. (Noun)
- Synonyms: walk, tour, cruise
- Antonyms: run, dash, scurry
- Usage in a Sentence: They took a leisurely **stroll** along the river bank.

29. Word: **Ebullient** (उल्लासित)

- Pronunciation: ih-buhl-yuh nt/ इबल्यन्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: cheerful and full of energy. (Adjective)
- Synonyms: exuberant, vivacious, lively, excited
- Antonyms: apathetic, disinterested, unenthusiastic, crestfallen
- Usage in a Sentence: The Prime Minister was in **ebullient** mood.

30. Word: **Unprecedented** (अद्वितीय)

- Pronunciation: uhn-pres-i-den-tid/ अन्प्रेसिडेन्टिड
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: never done or known before.
- Synonyms: unparalleled, record breaking, remarkable
- Antonyms: traditional, familiar, typical
- Usage in a sentence: An **unprecedented** change has been the keynote of the electronic revolution.

31. Word: **Spike** (भेदना)

- Pronunciation: spahyk/ स्पाइक
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a thin, pointed piece of metal, wood, or another rigid material. [Noun]
 - impale on or pierce with a sharp point. [Verb]
- Synonyms: spear, pin, impale, fasten
- Antonyms: detach, release, unfasten, loosen
- Usage in a Sentence: The murder weapon was a frozen **spike** and it melted in the steam room.

32. Word: **Charisma** (आकर्षण)

- Pronunciation: kuh-riz-muh/ करिज़्मआ
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
 - compelling attractiveness or charm that can inspire devotion in others.
 - a divinely conferred power or talent.
- Synonyms: magnetism, charm, allure, glamour, fascination
- Antonyms: ugliness, unattractiveness, offensiveness
- Usage in a Sentence: He has neither the policies nor the personal charisma to inspire people.

33. Word: **Populist** (लोकाधिकारवादी)

- Pronunciation: pop-yuh-list/ पाप्युलिस्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a person, especially a politician, who strives to appeal to ordinary people who feel that their concerns are disregarded by established elite groups (Noun)
 - relating to or characteristic of a political approach that strives to appeal to ordinary people (Adjective)
- Synonyms: democrat, ordinary, egalitarian
- Antonyms: elitist, upper crust

- Usage in a Sentence: He co-opted many nationalist slogans and cultivated a **populist** image.

34. Word: **Standstill** (ठहराव)

- Pronunciation: stand-stil/ स्टैन्डस्टिल
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a situation or condition in which there is no movement or activity at all.
- Synonyms: deadlock, stalemate, impasse, dead end
- Antonyms: advance, progress, journey, synergy
- Usage in a Sentence: The entire city came to a **standstill** after the transportation department declared a day-long strike.

35. Word: **Stalemate** (गतिरोध)

- Pronunciation: steyl-meyt/ स्टेल्मेट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a situation in which further action or progress by opposing or competing parties seems impossible.
- Synonyms: deadlock, impasse
- Antonyms: progress, advance
- Usage in a sentence: The discussions with the miners' union ended in a **stalemate**.

36. Word: **Parley** (बातचीत)

- Pronunciation: pahr-lee/ पार्ली
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a conference between opposing sides in a dispute, especially a discussion of terms for an armistice. [Verb]
 - hold a conference with the opposing side to discuss terms. [Noun]
- Synonyms: dialogue, conclave
- Antonyms: silence
- Usage in a Sentence: The general manager decided to hold a **parley** with the opposition.

37. Word: **Infuse** (भर देना)

- Pronunciation: in-fyooz/ इन्फ्यूज़
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: fill; pervade
- Synonyms: permeate, suffuse
- Antonyms: remove, take away
- Usage in a Sentence: He **infused** enthusiasm into his students.

38. Word: **Negotiation** (समझौता)

- Pronunciation: ni-goh-shee-ey-shuh n/ निगोशीऐशन
- Part of Speech: Noun

- Meaning:
 - a. discussion aimed at reaching an agreement.
 - b. the action or process of transferring legal ownership of a document.
- Synonyms: bargain, talks, agreement
- Antonyms: altercation, challenge, battle
- Usage in a Sentence: After 10 years of **negotiation**, the Senate ratified the strategic arms reduction treaty.

39. Word: **Intervention** (हस्तक्षेप)

- Pronunciation: in-ter-ven-shuh n/ इन्टर्वेन्शन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the action or process of intervening
- Synonyms: interference, mediation, intrusion
- Antonyms: noninterference, nonintervention, challenge
- Usage in a Sentence: We would resist any armed **intervention** from outside in our country's affairs.

40. Word: **Impatient** (अधीर)

- Pronunciation: im-pey-shuhnt/ इम्पेशन्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. having or showing a tendency to be quickly irritated or provoked.
 - b. restlessly eager.
- Synonyms: irritable, anxious, eager, ardent
- Antonyms: patient, enduring, tolerant, forbearing
- Usage in a Sentence: Sarah was becoming increasingly **impatient** at their lack of interest.

41. Word: **Logjam** (अड़चन)

- Pronunciation: lawg-jam/ लॉगजैम
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. a crowded mass of logs blocking a river.
 - b. a situation that seems irresolvable.
- Synonyms: deadlock, gridlock, standoff, impasse
- Antonym: advantage
- Usage in a Sentence: The **logjam** on the railways is now playing havoc with the national economy.

42. Word: **Cryptic** (रहस्यमय)

- Pronunciation: krip-tik/ क्रिप्टिक
- Part of Speech: Adjective

- Meaning:
 - a. having a meaning that is mysterious or obscure.
 - b. (of colouration or markings) serving to camouflage an animal in its natural environment.
- Synonyms: mysterious, obscure, dark, secret, enigmatic
- Antonyms: clear, obvious, straightforward, distinct
- Usage in a Sentence: He has issued a short, **cryptic** statement denying the spying charges.

43. Word: **Reprieve** (अवकाश)

- Pronunciation: ri-preev/ रिप्रीव
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. cancel or postpone the punishment of (someone, especially someone condemned to death). (Verb)
 - b. a cancellation or postponement of a punishment. (Noun)
- Synonyms: pardon, respite, release, amnesty
- Antonyms: punish, charge, blame
- Usage in a Sentence: Shoppers will get a temporary **reprieve** from the new sales tax.

44. Word: **Accede** (स्वीकार करना)

- Pronunciation: ak-seed/ ऐक्सीड
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: agree to a demand, request, or treaty.
- Synonyms: agree, join, acquiesce
- Antonyms: deny, demur, refuse
- Usage in a sentence: I recognize that publishers will not **accede** to all the details of this plan.

45. Word: **Outreach** (पहुँच/ बढ़ जाना)

- Pronunciation: out-reech/ आउट्रीच
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. the extent or length of reaching out. [Noun]
 - b. reach further than. [Verb]
- Synonyms: awareness, advocacy
- Antonyms: disappear
- Usage in a sentence: The regents are also calling for greater **outreach** to increase the diversity of the pool of applicants applying to the system.

46. Word: **Vain** (निष्प्रभाव)

- Pronunciation: krip-tik/ वेन
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. producing no result; useless.
 - b. having no likelihood of fulfilment; empty.
 - c. having or showing an excessively high opinion of one's appearance, abilities, or worth.
- Synonyms: futile, conceited, arrogant, fruitless
- Antonyms: modest, humble, powerful, fruitful
- Usage in a Sentence: A seemingly endless line of trucks waits in **vain** to load up.

47. Word: **Defection** (त्याग)

- Pronunciation: dih-fek-shuhn/डिफेक्शन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the desertion of one's country or cause in favour of an opposing one.
- Synonyms: desertion, abandonment, withdrawal
- Antonyms: loyalty, commitment
- Usage in a sentence: Recent changes in policy have resulted in large-scale **defection** from the party.

48. Word: **Lure** (प्रलोभन/ प्रलोभन देना)

- Pronunciation: loor/ लुर
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. tempt (a person or animal) to do something or to go somewhere, especially by offering some form of reward. (Verb)
 - b. something that tempts or is used to tempt a person or animal to do something. (Noun)
 - c. a type of bait used in fishing or hunting. (Noun)
- Synonyms: attract, draw, decoy, entice, seduce
- Antonyms: repel, dissuade, appal, aversion, browbeat
- Usage in a Sentence: The **lure** of rural life is proving as strong as ever.

49. Word: **Reconcile** (मेल करना या कराना)

- Pronunciation: rek-uh n-sahyl/ रेकन्साइल
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: restore friendly relations between.
- Synonyms: harmonize, conciliate
- Antonyms: alienate, disagree

- Usage in a Sentence: You must **reconcile** yourself to your present job.

50 Word: **Manoeuvre** (छल करना)

- Pronunciation: muh-noo-ver/ मनुवर
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. a movement or series of moves requiring skill and care. (Noun)
 - b. move skilfully or carefully. (Verb)
 - c. carefully guide or manipulate (someone or something) in order to achieve an end. (Verb)
- Synonyms: trick, manipulate, move, ploy, intrigue
- Antonym: honesty
- Usage in a Sentence: She managed to **manoeuvre** expertly into the parking space.

51. Word: **Disenchantment** (निराशा)

- Pronunciation: dis-en-chant/ डिसिन्चैन्ट्मन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a feeling of disappointment about someone or something you previously respected or admired; disillusionment.
- Synonyms: disappointment, disillusionment, frustration, discontent
- Antonyms: lust, trust, satisfaction
- Usage in a sentence: This **disenchantment** reflects an unpalatable truth about their country.

52. Word: **Inherent** (अंतर्निहित)

- Pronunciation: in-heer-uhnt/ इन्हेरन्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: existing in something as a permanent, essential, or characteristic attribute.
- Synonyms: innate, intrinsic, natural, inborn, ingrained
- Antonyms: acquired, extrinsic, external, accidental
- Usage in a Sentence: I'm afraid the problems you mention are **inherent** in the system.

53. Word: **Meagre** (अत्यल्प)

- Pronunciation: mee-ger/ मीगर
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. (of something provided or available) lacking in quantity or quality.
 - b. (of a person or animal) lean; thin.

- Synonyms: poor, scanty, inadequate, insufficient, lean
 - Antonyms: ample, bountiful, bounteous, abundant
 - Usage in a Sentence: If you have to manage on **meagre** resources, you will cope well.
54. Word: **Divergent** (भिन्न)
- Pronunciation: dih-vur-juh nt/ डाइवर्जन्ट
 - Part of Speech: Adjective
 - Meaning: tending to be different or develop in different directions.
 - Synonyms: diverse, different, dissimilar, disparate
 - Antonyms: convergent, similar, uniform, parallel
 - Usage in a Sentence: They hold widely **divergent** opinions on controversial issues like abortion.
55. Word: **Brazen** (निरलज्ज)
- Pronunciation: brey-zuhn/ ब्रेज़न
 - Part of Speech: Adjective, Verb
 - Meaning: bold and without shame.
 - Synonyms: bold, shameless, cheeky, impertinent, insolent
 - Antonyms: shy, timid, gentle, shameful
 - Usage in a Sentence: They showed a **brazen** disregard for user's privacy.
56. Word: **Hiatus** (विच्छेद)
- Pronunciation: hahy-ey-tuhs/ हाइएटस
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: a pause or break in continuity in a sequence or activity.
 - Synonyms: break, gap, pause
 - Antonyms: continuation, subsequence
 - Usage in a Sentence: We renewed our friendship after a **hiatus** of 10 years.
57. Word: **Attribute** (विशेषता)
- Pronunciation: a-truh-byoot/ ऐट्रिब्यूट
 - Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
 - Meaning:
 - a. regard something as being caused by. (Verb)
 - b. a quality or feature regarded as a characteristic or inherent part of someone or something. (Noun)
 - Synonyms: quality, trait, assign, ascribe, peculiarity
 - Antonyms: discredit, stereotype
 - Usage in a sentence: She said she was not going to **attribute** blame or seek revenge for what had happened.

58. Word: **Posit** (किसी स्थिति में रखना)

- Pronunciation: poz-it/ पाज़िट
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - put forward as fact or as a basis for argument. (Verb)
 - a statement which is made on the assumption that it will prove to be true. (Noun)
- Synonyms: postulate, put forward, suppose, propose
- Antonym: withdraw, retract
- Usage in a sentence: Other historians **posit** that the queen died of old age around 550 BC.

59. Word: **Nudge** (टहोका मारना)

- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Pronunciation: nuhj/ नज़
- Meaning:
 - prod (someone) gently with one's elbow in order to attract attention. [Verb]
 - a light touch or push. [Noun]
- Synonyms: push, poke
- Antonyms: discourage, dissuade
- Usage in a Sentence: I gave him a **nudge** to wake him up.

60. Word: **Paradigms** (आदर्श)

- Part of Speech: Noun
- Pronunciation: par-uh-dahym/ पैरडाइम
- Meaning:
 - a typical example or pattern of something; a pattern or model.
 - a set of linguistic items that form mutually exclusive choices in particular syntactic roles.
- Synonyms: prototype, standard
- Antonyms: atypical example
- Usage in a Sentence: The new **paradigm** will be different from the old one.

61. Word: **Slump** (गिरावट)

- Pronunciation: sluhmp/ स्लम्प
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - undergo a sudden severe or prolonged fall in price, value, or amount. [Verb]
 - a sudden severe or prolonged fall in the price, value, or amount of something. [Noun]
- Synonyms: decline, fall, drop
- Antonyms: surge, rise, ascent

- Usage in a sentence: There's been a **slump** in the demand for new cars.
62. Word: **Rebound** (पलटाव)
- Pronunciation: ri-bound/ रीबाउन्ड
 - Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
 - Meaning:
 - a. bounce back through the air after hitting something hard. (Verb)
 - b. recover in value, amount, or strength after a decrease or decline. (Verb)
 - c. an increase in value, amount, or strength after a previous decline. (Noun)
 - Synonyms: recoil, bounce, ricochet, backfire
 - Antonyms: languish, wither, fade, decline, weaken
 - Usage in a sentence: The recent **rebound** in mortgage rates could snuff out the housing recovery.
63. Word: **Trajectory** (प्रक्षेपपथ)
- Pronunciation: truh-jek-tuh-ree/ट्रजेक्टरी
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: the path followed by a projectile flying or an object moving under the action of given forces.
 - Synonyms: course, track, route, path
 - Antonyms: off track, off route
 - Usage in a sentence: The decision was certain to affect the **trajectory** of French politics for some time to come.
64. Word: **Cripple** (अयोग्य करना)
- Pronunciation: krip-uh l/ क्रिपल
 - Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
 - Meaning:
 - a. cause (someone) to become unable to walk or move properly. (Verb)
 - b. deprive of the ability to function normally. (Verb)
 - c. a person with a severe limitation of a specified kind. (Noun)
 - Synonyms: incapacitate, mutilate, disable, debilitate
 - Antonyms: aid, help, strengthen, assist
 - Usage in a sentence: Her ill-gotten gains will **cripple** not only her students but her young country too.
65. Word: **Circumspection** (परिनिरीक्षण)
- Pronunciation: sur-kuh m-spek-shuh n/ सर्कुम्स्पेक्शन
 - Part of Speech: Noun

- Meaning: the quality of being wary and unwilling to take risks; prudence.
 - Synonyms: caution, prudence, vigilance, heedfulness
 - Antonyms: foolishness, carelessness, recklessness, negligence
 - Usage in a sentence: Civil libertarians fear the era of surveillance and **circumspection** could become permanent.
66. Word: **Apprehension** (डर)
- Pronunciation: ap-ri-hen-shuh n/ ऐप्रिहेन्शन
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: anxiety or fear that something bad or unpleasant will happen.
 - Synonyms: dread, fear, anxiety, worry
 - Antonyms: confidence, calmness, ease
 - Usage in a Sentence: The change in the law has caused **apprehension** among many people.
67. Word: **Imperative** (अत्यावश्यक)
- Pronunciation: im-per-uh-tiv/ इम्पेरेटिव
 - Part of Speech: Adjective, Noun
 - Meaning:
 - a. of vital importance; crucial. (Adjective)
 - b. giving an authoritative command; peremptory. (Adjective)
 - c. an essential or urgent thing. (Noun)
 - Synonyms: essential, necessary, urgent, crucial
 - Antonyms: minor, unnecessary, needless, inessential
 - Usage in a Sentence: The collapse of the wall made it **imperative** to keep the water out by some other means.
68. Word: **Buoyancy** (उत्प्लावकता/ प्रफुल्लता)
- Pronunciation: boi-uh n-see/ बॉइअन्सी
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning:
 - a. the ability or tendency of something to float in water or other fluid.
 - b. a cheerful and optimistic attitude or disposition.
 - Synonyms: resilience, cheerfulness, happiness
 - Antonyms: bleakness, boredom, irritable
 - Usage in a sentence: He had some other assets, but the collapse of the central part of his fortune did not make for **buoyancy**.
69. Phrase: **Raise the bar** (स्तर ऊँचा उठाना)
- Pronunciation: रेस द बार

- Meaning: raise the standards which need to be met in order to qualify for something.
- Synonyms: up the ante, raise the level, improve the standard, create higher standards
- Antonyms: lower the bar, lower standards, get worse
- Usage in a sentence: Celebrate what you've accomplished, but **raise the bar** a little higher each time you succeed.

70. Word: **Churn** (मन्थन करना)

- Pronunciation: churn/ चर्न
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
 - (with reference to liquid) move or cause to move about vigorously.
 - break up the surface of (an area of ground).
- Synonyms: shake, stir, swirl, agitate
- Antonym: freeze
- Usage in a sentence: We stood on the dock and watched the ocean **churn**.

71. Word: **Culmination** (चरमबिन्दु)

- Pronunciation: kuhl-muh-ney-shuhn/ कल्मनेशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the highest or climactic point of something, especially as attained after a long time.
- Synonyms: peak, climax, pinnacle, conclusion
- Antonyms: beginning, commencement, opening
- Usage in a sentence: The space race reached its **culmination** in the first moon walk.

72. Word: **Introspection** (अंतर्निरीक्षण)

- Pronunciation: in-truh-spek-shuhn/ इन्ट्रोस्पेक्शन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the examination or observation of one's own mental and emotional processes.
- Synonyms: self-examination, reflection, self-contemplation, contemplation
- Usage in a sentence: Inactivity and **introspection** left him lethargic and uninterested in anything.

73. Word: **Coterie** (मण्डली)

- Pronunciation: koh-tuh-ree/ कोटरी
- Part of Speech: Noun

- Meaning: a small group of people with shared interests or tastes, especially one that is exclusive of other people.
- Synonyms: clique, group, party, company, faction
- Usage in a sentence: His loyal **coterie** of fans crowded the stage.

74. Word: **Indictment** (अभियोग)

- Pronunciation: in-dahyt-muh nt/ इन्डाइट्मन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a formal charge or accusation of a serious crime.
- Synonyms: charge, accusation, allegation
- Antonyms: justification, apology
- Usage in a sentence: This research is a terrible **indictment** on the medical profession.

75. Word: **Plummet** (तेज़ी से गिरना)

- Pronunciation: pluhm-it/ प्लमट
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - fall or drop straight down at high speed. (Verb)
 - a steep and rapid fall or drop. (Noun)
- Synonyms: plunge, fall, drop, descend
- Antonyms: ascend, escalate, rise, soar, climb
- Usage in a sentence: An excellent rice harvest caused prices to **plummet** by 40 %.

76. Word: **Insurmountable** (अलंघ्य)

- Pronunciation: in-ser-moun-tuh-buh l/ इन्सर्माउन्टबल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: too great to be overcome.
- Synonyms: impassable, unconquerable, invincible, unbeatable
- Antonyms: surmountable, attainable, vulnerable
- Usage in a sentence: They were now faced with seemingly **insurmountable** technical problems.

77. Word: **Façade** (दिखावा)

- Pronunciation: fuh-sahd/ फसाड
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
 - the principal front of a building, that faces on to a street or open space.
 - a deceptive outward appearance.
- Synonyms: mask, front, deceit, camouflage

- Usage in a sentence: Behind that amiable **facade**, he's a deeply unpleasant man.
78. Word: **Parasitic** (पराश्रयी)
- Pronunciation: par-uh-sit-ik/ पैरसिटिक
 - Part of Speech: Adjective
 - Meaning: habitually relying on or exploiting others.
 - Synonyms: rapacious, ravenous, dependent
 - Antonyms: independent, salubrious, individual
 - Usage in a sentence: She lives a **parasitic** life, constantly borrowing money from her friends.
79. Word: **Veteran** (अनुभवी)
- Pronunciation: vet-er-uh n/ वेटरन
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: a person who has had long experience in a particular field.
 - Synonyms: experienced, seasoned, expert, skilled
 - Antonyms: inexperienced, amateur, unskilled, unqualified, incompetent
 - Usage in a sentence: He is a **veteran** parliamentarian, who enjoys widespread respect.
80. Word: **Reiterate** (दोहराना)
- Pronunciation: ree-it-uh-reyt/ रीडिटरेट
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning: say something again or a number of times, typically for emphasis or clarity.
 - Synonyms: repeat, restate, renew
 - Antonyms: conceal, repudiate, contradict
 - Usage in a sentence: We would like to **reiterate** that confirmation copy will be coming by mail soon.
81. Word: **Resuscitation** (पुनः होश में लाना)
- Pronunciation: ri-suhs-i-teyt-ation/ रिससिटेशन
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning:
 - a. the action or process of reviving someone from unconsciousness or apparent death.
 - b. the action of making something active or vigorous again.
 - Synonyms: resurrection, reanimation, renewal, revival, restoration
 - Antonyms: extinction, suspension, death, expiration
 - Usage in a sentence: Our economy needs vigorous **resuscitation**.
82. Word: **Insistence** (अनुरोध)

- Pronunciation: in-sis-tuh ns/ इन्सिस्टन्स
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: the fact or quality of insisting that something is the case or should be done.
 - Synonyms: persistence, pressure, emphasis
 - Usage in a sentence: At the **insistence** of his father, he bought himself a new suit.
83. Word: **Retain** (पक्का करना)
- Pronunciation: per-sis-tuhnt/ रिटेन
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning: continue to have (something); keep possession of.
 - Synonyms: keep, hold, maintain
 - Antonyms: abandon, release
 - Usage in a sentence: She has lost her battle to **retain** control of the company.
84. Word: **Contender** (मुकाबला करने वाला)
- Pronunciation: kuhn-tend/ कन्टेन्डर
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: a person or group competing with others to achieve something.
 - Synonyms: competitor, contestant, opponent, rival
 - Antonyms: supporter, ally, comrade
 - Usage in a Sentence: She was a strong **contender** for Britain's Olympic team.
85. Word: **Solitary** (एकान्तवासी)
- Pronunciation: sol-i-ter-ee/ सालिटरी
 - Part of Speech: Adjective, Noun
 - Meaning:
 - a. done or existing alone. (Adjective)
 - b. a recluse or hermit. (Noun)
 - Synonyms: lonely, alone, isolated, recluse
 - Antonyms: combined, collaborative, communal
 - Usage in a sentence: He has been put in **solitary** confinement for attacking another prisoner.
86. Phrase: **Wake-up call** (चेतावनी)
- Pronunciation: weyk-uhp kaw/ वेक उप कॉल
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: a thing that alerts people to an unsatisfactory situation and prompts them to remedy it.
 - Synonyms: warning, alarm, alert
 - Usage in a sentence: My **wake-up call** arrived when the amount of spam selling lists of e-mail addresses exceeded those pushing miracle diet drugs.

87. Word **Prudent** (चतुर)

- Pronunciation: prood-nt/ प्रूडन्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: acting with or showing care and thought for the future.
- Synonyms: careful, wise
- Antonyms: foolish, careless
- Usage in a Sentence: It would be **prudent** to save some of the money.

88. Word: **Mind-boggling** (विलक्षण)

- Pronunciation: mahynd-bog-ling/ माइंड बोग्लिंग
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: overwhelming; startling.
- Synonyms: astonishing, overwhelming, breathtaking, surprising, mind-blowing
- Antonyms: unimpressive, monotonous, uninteresting
- Usage in a sentence: His salary is nothing compared to the **mind-boggling** figures earned by some sportsmen.

89. Word: **Punctuate** (बीच में रोकना)

- Pronunciation: puhngk-choo-eyt/ पंगक्ट्युएट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
 - insert punctuation marks in (text).
 - occur at intervals throughout (an area or period).
 - interrupt or intersperse something with.
- Synonyms: emphasize, stress, interrupt
- Antonyms: combine, stultify
- Usage in a sentence: The event allows his bandmates the freedom to **punctuate** and build on his foundation at will.

90. Word: **Incisive** (तीक्ष्ण/ प्रभावशाली)

- Pronunciation: in-sahy-siv/ इन्साइसिव
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
 - (of a person or mental process) intelligently analytical and clear-thinking.
 - (of an account) accurate and sharply focused.
 - (of an action) quick and direct.
- Synonyms: keen, sharp, acute, caustic
- Antonyms: incompetent, dull, bewildered
- Usage in a sentence: The error was obvious to an **incisive** mind like his.

91. Word: **Resilience** (लचीलापन)

- Pronunciation: ri-zil-yuh ns/ रिज़िल्यन्स
- Part of Speech: Noun

- Meaning:
 - the capacity to recover quickly from difficulties; toughness.
 - the ability of a substance or object to spring back into shape; elasticity.
- Synonyms: flexibility, elasticity, pliability, endurance
- Antonyms: fragility, inflexibility frailty, weakness
- Usage in a sentence: People showed remarkable **resilience** during the war.

92. Word: **Astute** (कुटिल)

- Pronunciation: uh-stoot/ अस्टूट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: having or showing an ability to accurately assess situations or people and turn this to one's advantage.
- Synonyms: clever, sharp, shrewd, intelligent
- Antonyms: idiotic, stupid, gullible
- Usage in a sentence: She was **astute** enough to realize that all Jack wanted was her money.

93. Phrase: **Belligerence** (युद्धकारिता)

- Pronunciation: buh-lij-er-uh ns/ बलिजरन्स
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: aggressive or warlike behaviour.
- Synonyms: hostile, ready to fight
- Antonyms: amenity, benignity, civility
- Usage in a Sentence: **Belligerence** may look like the key nature of wrestlers, but in reality, most of them are really nice.

94. Word: **Beckon** (संकेत करना)

- Pronunciation: bek-uhn/ बेकन
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
 - make a gesture with the hand, arm, or head to encourage or instruct someone to approach or follow.
 - appear attractive or inviting.
- Synonyms: wave, signal, gesture, summon
- Antonyms: ignore, repel, exclude
- Usage in a sentence: His hands and voice could, at any moment, knock and **beckon** at my door.

95. Word: **Stake** (दाँव)

- Pronunciation: steyk/ स्टेक
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a strong wooden or metal post with a point at one end, driven into the ground to support a plant, form part of a fence, mark a boundary, etc. (Noun)

- b. a sum of money or something else of value gambled on the outcome of a risky game or venture. (Noun)
- c. gamble (money or something else of value) on the outcome of a game or race. (Verb)
- d. be assertive in defining and defending a position or policy. (Verb)
- Synonyms: gamble, post, risk, wager, hazard
- Antonyms: safety, certainty, guard
- Usage in a sentence: She has a **stake** in the future success of the business.

96. Word: **Brew** (तैयार करना)

- Pronunciation: broo/ ब्रू
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. make (beer) by soaking, boiling, and fermentation. (Verb)
 - b. make (tea or coffee) by mixing it with hot water. (Verb)
 - c. (of an unwelcome event or situation) begin to develop. (Verb)
 - d. a mixture of events, people, or things which interact to form a more potent whole. (Noun)
- Synonyms: drink, blend, mixture, combination
- Usage in a sentence: The film is a rich **brew** of adventure, romance and comedy.

97. Word: **Lure** (प्रलोभन/ प्रलोभन देना)

- Pronunciation: loor/ लुर
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. tempt (a person or animal) to do something or to go somewhere, especially by offering some form of reward. (Verb)
 - b. something that tempts or is used to tempt a person or animal to do something. (Noun)
 - c. a type of bait used in fishing or hunting. (Noun)
- Synonyms: attract, draw, decoy, entice, seduce
- Antonyms: repel, dissuade, appal, aversion, browbeat
- Usage in a Sentence: The **lure** of rural life is proving as strong as ever.

98. Word: **Dissident** (विसम्मत्)

- Pronunciation: dis-i-duh nt/ डिसिडन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Adjective

- Meaning:
 - a. a person who opposes official policy, especially that of an authoritarian state. (Noun)
 - b. in opposition to official policy. (Adjective)
- Synonyms: rebel, nonconformist, dissenter, insurgent
- Antonyms: conforming, paragon, eligible
- Usage in a sentence: A **dissident**, recently released from detention, gave a press conference in the capital today.

99. Word: **Verdict** (निर्णय)

- Pronunciation: vur-dikt/ वर्डिक्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a decision on an issue of fact in a civil or criminal case or an inquest.
- Synonyms: decision, sentence, judgement
- Antonyms: accusation, suggestion
- Usage in a sentence: In the case of an adverse **verdict**, the company could stand to lose millions.

100. Word: **Quell** (शांत करना)

- Pronunciation: kwel/ क्वेल
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: put an end to (a rebellion or other disorder), typically by the use of force.
- Synonyms: suppress, subdue
- Antonyms: encourage, provoke
- Usage in a sentence: The President took immediate steps to **quell** the uprising.

100. Word: **Dubious** (संदेहात्मक)

- Pronunciation: doo-bee-uhs/ डूबीअस
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: hesitating or doubting.
- Synonyms: doubtful, questionable, uncertain, suspicious
- Antonyms: certain, sure, confident
- Usage in a sentence: The firm was accused of **dubious** accounting practices.

101. Word: **Taint** (विकृति)

- Pronunciation: teynt/ टेन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. a trace of a bad or undesirable substance or quality. [Noun]
 - b. contaminate or pollute (something). [Verb]
- Synonyms: tarnish, defile
- Antonyms: purify, improve

- Usage in a Sentence: The inquiry cleared him of any **taint** of mistrust/dishonesty.
102. Word: **Imprimatur** (अनुमति)
- Pronunciation: im-pri-mah-ter/ इम्प्रिमाटर
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: a person's authoritative approval.
 - Synonyms: sanction, permission, approval
 - Antonyms: disapproval, refusal, rejection, censure
 - Usage in a Sentence: The project cannot go ahead without the **imprimatur** of the Treasury.
103. Word: **Conform** (स्वीकार करना)
- Pronunciation: kuhn-fawrm/ कन्फॉर्म
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning:
 - comply with rules, standards, or laws.
 - (of a person) behave according to socially acceptable conventions or standards.
 - be similar in form or type; agree.
 - Synonyms: agree, comply, correspond, accommodate
 - Antonyms: differ, disobey, oppose, deviate
 - Usage in a sentence: He doesn't **conform** to the usual stereotype of the city businessman with a dark suit and rolled umbrella.
104. Word: **Relentless** (अनवरत)
- Pronunciation: ri-lent-lis/ रिलेन्ड्लिस
 - Part of Speech: Adjective
 - Meaning:
 - unceasingly intense.
 - harsh or inflexible.
 - Synonyms: constant, persisting, continuing, inflexible, rigid, stubborn
 - Antonyms: merciful, sympathetic, benevolent, compassionate
 - Usage in a sentence: It is easy to feel trampled by the **relentless** march of technology
105. Word: **Crumble** (टुकड़े टुकड़े करना)
- Pronunciation: kruhm-buhl/ क्रम्बल
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning: break or fall apart into small fragments, especially as part of a process of deterioration.
 - Synonyms: collapse, disintegrate, decay
 - Antonyms: build, integrate
 - Usage in a sentence: The external walls of the castle are beginning to **crumble**.

106. Word: **Transition** (अवस्थांतर)
- Pronunciation: tran-zish-uhn/ ट्रैन्ज़िशन
 - Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
 - Meaning:
 - the process or a period of changing from one state or condition to another. (Noun)
 - undergo or cause to undergo a process or period of transition. (Verb)
 - Synonyms: shift, passage, conversion, transformation
 - Antonym: stagnation
 - Usage in a sentence: The **transition** to a multi-party democracy is proving to be difficult.
107. Word: **Incentive** (उत्साव)
- Pronunciation: in-sen-tiv/ इन्सेन्टिव
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: a thing that motivates or encourages someone to do something.
 - Synonyms: stimulus, motivation, spur
 - Antonyms: discouragement, hindrance, deterrent
 - Usage in a sentence: Workers need to be given an **incentive** to improve their performance.
108. Word: **Leapfrog** (मैडक कूद)
- Pronunciation: leep-frog/ लीप्फ्रॉग
 - Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
 - Meaning:
 - a game in which players in turn vault with parted legs over others who are bending down. (Noun)
 - surpass or overtake another to move into a leading or dominant position. (Verb)
 - Synonyms: jump, skip, spring
 - Antonym: go directly
 - Usage in a sentence: The intention was to allow London to **leapfrog** its rivals into a leading position.
109. Word: **Inevitable** (अनिवार्य)
- Pronunciation: in-ev-i-tuh-buh/ इनेविटबल
 - Part of Speech: Adjective, Noun
 - Meaning:
 - certain to happen; unavoidable. [Adjective]
 - a situation that is unavoidable. [Noun]
 - Synonyms: unavoidable, necessary, ineluctable
 - Antonyms: avoidable, preventable, evitable

- Usage in a sentence: Accidents are the **inevitable** result of driving too fast.
110. Word: **Iteration** (पुनरावृत्ति)
- Pronunciation: it-uh-rey-shuh n/ इटरेशन
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: the repetition of a process or utterance.
 - Synonyms: repetition, recurrence, replication
 - Usage in a sentence: The results from the experiment verify the veracity of the inverse **iteration** and weighted form-finding method.
111. Word: **Fillip** (प्रेरण)
- Pronunciation: fil-uh p/ फिलप
 - Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
 - Meaning:
 - a. something which acts as a stimulus or boost to an activity. (Noun)
 - propel (a small object) with a flick of the fingers. (Verb)
 - Synonyms: incentive, stimulus, boost, encouragement
 - Antonyms: deterrence, disincentive
 - Usage in a sentence: The news gave a **fillip** to the telecommunication sector.
112. Word: **Rollout** (लोकप्रण)
- Pronunciation: rohl-out/ रोलआउट
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: the official launch or introduction of a new product or service.
 - Synonyms: deployment, launch, dispersal
 - Usage in a sentence: Shaw executives hope the nationwide **rollout** of stores will revive the ailing carpet industry.
113. Word: **Retrofit** (उत्पादन के बाद लगाया गया पुर्जा)
- Pronunciation: re-troh-fit/ रेट्रोफिट
 - Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
 - Meaning:
 - a. add (a component or accessory) to something that did not have it when manufactured. (Verb)
 - b. a component or accessory added to something after manufacture.
 - Synonyms: refurbishment, upgradation, upgrade
 - Usage in a sentence: The **retrofit** program will be carried out at the Montreal facilities.
114. Word: **Turnaround** (कायापलट कर देना)
- Pronunciation: turn-uh-round/ टर्नराउन्ड

- Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: an abrupt or unexpected change, especially one that results in a more favourable situation.
 - Synonym: reversion
 - Usage in a sentence: The chairman was responsible for the **turnaround** in the company's fortunes.
115. Word: **Trailing** (अनुगामी)
- Pronunciation: treyl ing/ ट्रैलिंग
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning:
 - a. draw or be drawn along behind someone or something.
 - b. follow (a person or animal) by using marks or scent left behind.
 - Synonyms: tracking, following, pursuing
 - Antonyms: exceeding, excelling, surpassing
 - Usage in a sentence: The Nationalist Party is **trailing** the Liberals in the opinion polls.
116. Word: **Influx** (अंतर्वाह)
- Pronunciation: in-fluhks/ इन्फ्लक्स
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning:
 - a. an arrival or entry of large numbers of people or things.
 - b. an inflow of water into a river, lake, or the sea.
 - Synonyms: inflow, arrival, invasion, incursion
 - Antonyms: outflow, exodus, departure, emission
 - Usage in a sentence: The country sealed its borders to prevent the **influx** of illegal immigrants.
117. Word: **Consolidate** (संघटित करना)
- Pronunciation: kuh n-sol-i-deyt/ कन्सालिडेट
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning:
 - a. make (something) physically stronger or more solid.
 - b. combine (a number of things) into a single more effective or coherent whole.
 - Synonyms: merge, unite, combine, strengthen
 - Antonyms: separate, weaken, divide
 - Usage in a sentence: The company is planning to **consolidate** its business activities at a new site in Arizona.

118. Word: **Benign** (दयालु)

- Pronunciation: bih-nahyn/ बिनाइन
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. gentle and kind.
 - b. (of a disease) not harmful in effect.
- Synonyms: benevolent, sympathetic
- Antonyms: hostile, malignant
- Usage in a Sentence: The results of this medicine are fairly **benign**.

119. Phrase: **Bear the brunt of** (सबसे बुरा परिणाम मिलना)

- Pronunciation: बेयर द ब्रंट ऑफ
- Meaning: To suffer the worst part of an unpleasant or problematic situation.
- Synonyms: bear the burden, suffer
- Antonym: revel
- Usage in a sentence: Schools will **bear the brunt** of cuts in government spending.

120. Word: **Bailout** (जमानती रिहा)

- Pronunciation: beyl-out/ बेलाउट
- Part of Speech:
- Meaning: an act of giving financial assistance to a failing business or economy to save it from collapse.
- Synonyms: rescue, salvage, recovery
- Usage in a sentence: The **bailout** bill is a classic example of expediency over effectiveness.

121. Word: **Austerity** (कठोरता)

- Pronunciation: aw-ster-i-tee/ ऑस्टेरिटी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. sternness or severity of manner or attitude.
 - b. difficult economic conditions created by government measures to reduce public expenditure.
- Synonyms: severity, harshness, strictness
- Antonyms: luxury, extravagance, indulgence, benevolence
- Usage in a sentence: Once she took office, Ellie instituted stringent **austerity** measures.

122. Word: **Verge** (कगार)

- Pronunciation: vurj/ वर्ज
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. the limit or point beyond which something begins or occurs; brink [Noun]
 - b. be very close or similar to. [Verb]

- Synonyms: margin, incline
- Antonyms: ambit, midstream
- Usage in a Sentence: The country was on the **verge** of becoming successful.

123. Word: **Tepid** (उत्साहहीन, गुनगुना)

- Pronunciation: tep-id/ टेपिड
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. (especially of a liquid) only slightly warm; lukewarm.
 - b. showing little enthusiasm.
- Synonyms: lukewarm, unenthusiastic, indifferent, halfhearted
- Antonyms: enthusiastic, hearty, boiling, bleak
- Usage in a sentence: The critics' reaction to the film was rather **tepid**.

124. Word: **Woe** (दुःख)

- Pronunciation: woh/ वो
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. great sorrow or distress (often used hyperbolically).
 - b. things that cause sorrow or distress; troubles.
- Synonyms: misery, distress, grief, sorrow, anguish
- Antonyms: joy, happiness, cheerfulness
- Usage in a sentence: The England team's tale of **woe** continued, and they lost the next three games.

125. Word: **Heft** (भार/ वजन)

- Pronunciation: heft/ हेफ्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. lift or carry (something heavy). [Verb]
 - b. the weight of someone or something. [Noun]
- Synonyms: heave, lift, weight
- Usage in a sentence: I watched him **hefting** the heavy sack onto his shoulder.

126. Word: **Leverage** (उत्तोलन)

- Pronunciation: lev-er-ij/ लेव्रज
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. the exertion of force by means of a lever. (Noun)
 - b. use borrowed capital for (an investment), expecting the profits made to be greater than the interest payable. (Verb)

- Synonyms: advantage, influence, benefit
 - Antonyms: weakness
 - Usage in a sentence: They are determined to gain more political **leverage**.
127. Word: **Underpin** (सहारा देना, मजबूत करना)
- Pronunciation: uhn-der-pin/ अन्डरपिन
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning: support, justify, or form the basis for.
 - Synonyms: support, sustain, bolster, reinforce
 - Antonyms: weaken, undermine, suppress, accuse
 - Usage in a sentence: He presented the figures to **underpin** his argument.
128. Word: **Thorough** (आद्योपांत)
- Pronunciation: thur-oh/ थरो
 - Part of Speech: Adjective
 - Meaning:
 - a. complete with regard to every detail; not superficial or partial.
 - b. performed or written with great care and completeness.
 - c. absolute (used to emphasize the degree of something, typically something unwelcome or unpleasant).
 - Synonyms: complete, comprehensive, careful, exhaustive, detailed
 - Antonyms: careless, partial, ambiguous, superficial, inadequate
 - Usage in a sentence: The police carried out a **thorough** investigation.
129. Word: **Vet** (जाँचना)
- Pronunciation: vet/ वेट
 - Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
 - Meaning:
 - a. make a careful and critical examination of (something). (Verb)
 - b. investigate (someone) thoroughly, especially in order to ensure that they are suitable for a job requiring secrecy, loyalty, or trustworthiness. (Verb)
 - c. a veterinary surgeon. (Noun)
 - d. a veteran (Noun)
 - Synonyms: examine, inspect, scrutinize
 - Usage in a sentence: Hughes called on ministers to **vet** the new gospel play for him.
130. Word: **Purview** (दायरा)
- Pronunciation: pur-vyoo/ पर्व्यू
 - Part of Speech: Noun

- Meaning: the scope of the influence or concerns of something.
 - Synonyms: range, reach, realm
 - Antonyms: constriction, verge
 - Usage in a Sentence: These are questions that lie outside the **purview** of our inquiry.
131. Word: **Statutory** (सांविधिक)
- Pronunciation: stach-oo-tawr-ee/स्टैचुटोरी
 - Part of Speech: Adjective
 - Meaning:
 - a. required, permitted, or enacted by statute.
 - b. having come to be required or expected through being done or made regularly.
 - Synonyms: lawful, legal, authorized
 - Antonyms: unofficial, illegal
 - Use in a Sentence: These additional guarantees do not affect your **statutory** rights.
132. Word: **Scrutinise** (बारीकी से देखना)
- Pronunciation: skroot-n-ahyz/ स्कूटनाइज़
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning: examine or inspect closely and thoroughly.
 - Synonyms: examine, investigate, inspect
 - Antonyms: ignore, neglect, reject, overlook
 - Usage in a sentence: When you have completed the whole exercise, scrutinise it and pay particular attention to your adjectives.
133. Word: **Vociferous** (कोलाहलकारी)
- Pronunciation: voh-sif-er-uhs/ वोसिफर
 - Part of Speech: Adjective
 - Meaning: expressing or characterized by vehement opinions; loud and forceful.
 - Synonyms: clamorous, noisy, blatant, strident, tumultuous
 - Antonyms: quiet, diffident, gentle, tranquil
 - Usage in a sentence: The minority population became more **vociferous** in its demands.
134. Word: **Proviso** (नियम)
- Pronunciation: pruh-vahy-zoh/ प्रोइज़ो
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: a condition or qualification attached to an agreement or statement.
 - Synonyms: condition, provision, qualification, prerequisite
 - Antonyms: deficiency, withdrawal, deficit, dispossession

- Usage in a sentence: Should not that **proviso** apply to anybody serving on any committee?
135. Word: **Stringent** (सख्त)
- Pronunciation: strin-juh nt/ स्ट्रिन्जन्ट
 - Part of Speech: Adjective
 - Meaning: (of regulations, requirements, or conditions) strict, precise, and exacting
 - Synonyms: harsh, rigorous, severe
 - Antonyms: tolerant, flexible, lenient
 - Usage in a Sentence: He failed to convene the **stringent** selection criteria.
136. Word: **Dire** (भीषण)
- Pronunciation: dahyuh r/ डाइअर
 - Part of Speech: Adjective
 - Meaning:
 - extremely serious or urgent.
 - (of a warning or threat) presaging disaster.
 - of a very poor quality.
 - Synonyms: dreadful, awful, appalling, grievous, severe
 - Antonyms: fortunate, good, favourable, promising
 - Usage in a sentence: After the war, the county's economy was in **dire** straits.
137. Word: **Retrenchment** (छंटनी)
- Pronunciation: ri-trench-muh nt/ रीट्रेन्चमन्ट
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning:
 - the reduction of costs or spending in response to economic difficulty.
 - reduction in the extent or quantity of something.
 - Synonyms: reduction, decrease, curtailment, downsizing, contraction
 - Antonyms: addition, expansion, extension, growth, increase
 - Usage in a sentence: The administration's distancing from Northern Ireland is part of a conscious pattern of diplomatic **retrenchment**.
138. Word: **Alacrity** (उत्साह)
- Pronunciation: uh-lak-ri-tee/ अलैक्रीटी
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: brisk and cheerful readiness.
 - Synonyms: willingness, eagerness, readiness, preparedness
 - Antonyms: laziness, reluctance, indifference, disinclination, aversion

- Usage in a sentence: It was an interesting challenge and I responded with **alacrity**.
139. Word: **Incorporate** (शामिल करना)
- Pronunciation: in-kawr-puh-reyt/ इन्काॅर्परेट
 - Part of Speech: Verb, Adjective
 - Meaning:
 - take in or contain (something) as part of a whole; include. (Verb)
 - having a bodily form; embodied.
 - Synonyms: include, integrate, combine, embody
 - Antonyms: exclude, separate, divide
 - Usage in a sentence: The party vowed to **incorporate** environmental considerations into all its policies.
140. Word: **Persuade** (उकसाना)
- Pronunciation: per-sweyd/ पर्स्वेड
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning:
 - induce (someone) to do something through reasoning or argument.
 - cause (someone) to believe something, especially after a sustained effort; convince.
 - Synonyms: convince, influence, urge, coax, prompt
 - Antonyms: dissuade, discourage, prevent
 - Usage in a sentence: It is difficult to **persuade** the superpowers to disarm.
141. Word: **Onus** (दायित्व)
- Pronunciation: oh-nuh s/ ओनुस
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: something that is one's duty or responsibility.
 - Synonyms: responsibility, liability, obligation
 - Antonyms: help, irresponsibility, impassiveness
 - Usage in a Sentence: The **onus** is on employers of the company to follow all the safety laws.
142. Word: **Retrieval** (पुनरुद्धार)
- Pronunciation: ri-tree-vuh l/ रिट्रीवल
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: the process of getting something back from somewhere.
 - Synonyms: recovery, recuperation, redemption, reclamation
 - Antonyms: damage, abolition, deterioration
 - Usage in a sentence: Teaching methods for online information **retrieval** will be described in greater detail in Chapter Four.

143. Phrase: **Take off** (उड़ना/ जल्दी से चले जाना)

- Pronunciation: teyk-awf/ टेक ऑफ
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. (of an aircraft or bird) become airborne. (Verb)
 - b. depart hastily. (Verb)
 - c. an instance of becoming airborne. (Noun)
 - d. an act of mimicking someone or something. (Noun)
- Synonyms: remove, leave, depart, launch
- Antonyms: land, arrive, settle
- Usage in a sentence: Her singing career had just begun to **take off** when her sister passed away.

144. Word: **Prong** (काँटा)

- Pronunciation: prawng/ प्रॉग
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. each of two or more projecting pointed parts at the end of a fork. (Noun)
 - b. pierce or stab with a fork. (Verb)
- Synonyms: spike, barb, claw, projection
- Antonym: blunt
- Usage in a sentence: The west side of the house was built in the shape of an E without the middle **prong**.

145. Word: **Upscale** (संपन्न)

- Pronunciation: uhp-skeyl/ अप्सकेल
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Adverb, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. relatively expensive and designed to appeal to affluent consumers; upmarket. (Adjective)

b. towards the more expensive or affluent sector of the market. (Adverb)

c. increase the size or improve the quality of. (Verb)

- Synonyms: affluent, high-end, premium, luxurious, expensive
- Antonyms: frugal, tacky, inferior, impoverished, distasteful
- Usage in a sentence: The commercial streets are filled with **upscale** shops, art galleries, outdoor cafes and bookstores where poetry readings are held.

146. Word: **Incentivise** (प्रेरित करना)

- Pronunciation: in-sen-ti-vahyz/ इनसैंतिवाइस
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: motivate or encourage (someone) to do something; provide with an incentive.
- Synonyms: encourage, boost, promote, incite
- Antonym: discourage
- Usage in a sentence: We need to **incentivise** our sales managers to achieve the targets.

147. Word: **Accountable** (उत्तरदायी)

- Pronunciation: uh-koun-tuh-buh l/ अकाउन्टबल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. required or expected to justify actions or decisions; responsible.
 - b. able to be explained or understood.
- Synonyms: responsible, answerable, liable
- Antonyms: irresponsible, unaccountable
- Usage in a sentence: Local authorities should be publicly **accountable** to the communities they serve.



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