

130+ Words from Editorial

(16.06.2019 - 30.06.2019)





Editorial Articles from the Hindu

- City on edge: On Hong Kong protests against extradition law
- A different tent: on SCO summit
- **Gloves off on trade: on India-U.S. tariff row**
- Preventing violence: on protection to doctors
- **Beyond Mayday: on bankruptcy code for aviation sector**
- Misplaced priorities: on simultaneous polls
- ❖ Fed's signals
- **Clouds of war: on U.S.'s 'maximum pressure' tactics with Iran**
- **❖** Down to two: U.K. Conservatives' contrasting candidates
- Lynching redux: on Jharkhand mob lynching
- **♦** Gifting a slogan
- **❖** At the high table: on India's non-permanent seat at UNSC

Vocabulary from Editorial

1. Word: Extradition (प्रत्यर्पण)

- Pronunciation: ek-struh-dish-uh n/ एक्स्ट्रेडिशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the action of extraditing (handing over) a person accused or convicted of a crime.
- Synonyms: deportation, banishment, expatriation
- Antonyms: repatriation
- Usage in a sentence: The new government will seek the extradition of the suspected terrorists.

2. Word: Loophole (बचाव का रास्ता)

- Pronunciation: loop-hohl/ ल्प्होल
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. an ambiguity or inadequacy in the law or a set of rules. (Noun)
 - b. an arrow slit in a wall. (Noun)
 - c. make arrow slits in (a wall). (Verb)
- Synonyms: hole, fault
- Antonym: correctness
- Usage in a sentence: Owing to the lack of information in a statute, many people could figure out a loophole to avoid paying a hefty fine.

3. Word: Refuge (आश्रय स्थान)

- Pronunciation: ref-yooj/ रेफ्यूज
- Part of Speech: Noun

- Meaning:
 - a. the state of being safe or sheltered from pursuit, danger, or difficulty.
 - b. a place or situation providing safety or shelter.
- Synonyms: sanctuary, shelter, asylum
- Antonyms: hazard, threat, harm
- Usage in a sentence: A police station is a refuge for people who are in trouble.

4. Word: Abduction (अपहरण)

- Pronunciation: ab-duhk-shuh n/ अब्डक्शन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the action of forcibly taking someone away against their will.
- Synonyms: kidnapping, seizure
- Antonyms: release, restore, liberation, rescue
- Usage in a sentence: Fortunately, her father heard a car drive away so the time of abduction was clearly set.

5. Word: Expel (निष्कासित करना)

- Pronunciation: ik-spel/ इक्स्पेल
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: officially make (someone) leave a school or other organization.
- Synonyms: eject, banish, discharge, dismiss
- Antonyms: absorb, welcome, admit, permit
- Usage in a Sentence: The government is trying to expel all foreign journalists.

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6. Word: Erode (काटना)

- Pronunciation: ih-rohd/ इरोड
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. (of wind, water, or other natural agents) gradually wear away (soil, rock, or land).b. gradually destroy or be gradually destroyed.
- Synonyms: corrode, diminish, wear away
- Antonyms: construct, fix, improve
- Usage in a sentence: Over time, trivial lawsuits will erode the significance of the justice system.

7. Word: Stringent (सख्त)

- Pronunciation: strin-juh nt/ स्ट्रिन्जन्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: (of regulations, requirements, or conditions) strict, precise, and exacting
- Synonyms: harsh, rigorous, severe
- Antonyms: tolerant, flexible, lenient
- Usage in a Sentence: He failed to convene the stringent selection criteria.

8. Word: Trigger (सक्रिय करना)

- Pronunciation: trig-er/ ट्रिगर
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: cause (a device) to function.
- Synonyms: activate, spark, initiate
- Antonyms: halt, block, deactivate
- Usage in a Sentence: Some people notice that certain foods trigger their headaches.

9. Word: Alleviate (घटाना)

- Pronunciation: uh-lee-vee-eyt/ अलीवीएट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: make (suffering, deficiency, or a problem) less severe.
- Synonyms: mitigate, reduce, soothe, lessen
- Antonyms: intensify, aggravate, worsen
- Usage in a sentence: He put on his sunglasses, which did little to alleviate the headache sunlight gave him.

10. Word: Repression (नियंत्रण)

- Pronunciation: ri-presh-uh n/ रीप्रेशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. the restraint, prevention, or inhibition of a feeling, quality, etc.
 - b. the action of subduing someone or something by force.

- Synonyms: control, oppression, suppression, inhibition
- Antonyms: liberty, permission
- Use in a Sentence: The political repression in this country is enforced by terror.

11. Word: Induct (नियुक्त करना)

- Pronunciation: in-duhkt/ इन्डक्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. admit (someone) formally to a post or organization.
 - b. introduce someone to (a difficult or obscure subject).
- Synonyms: install, introduce, enlist, instate, induce
- Antonyms: reject, expel, uninstall
- Usage in a sentence: He was formally inducted into the office of governor.

12. Word: Forum (संगोष्ठी)

- Pronunciation: fawr-uh m/ फोरम
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a meeting or medium where ideas and views on a particular issue can be exchanged.
- Synonyms: stage, platform, assembly, convention
- Usage in a sentence: This is the only forum where the East and the West can have a peaceful dialogue.

13. Word: Riven (चीरना)

- Pronunciation: riv-uh n/ रिवन
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: split or tear apart violently.
- Synonyms: split, torn, ripped
- Antonym: united
- Usage in a sentence: The wood was riven with deep cracks.

14. Word: Counterpart (प्रतिरूप)

- Pronunciation: koun-ter-pahrt/ काउनपीर्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a person or thing that corresponds to or has the same function as another person or thing in a different place or situation.
- Synonyms: colleagues, correspondents
- Antonyms: opposites
- Usage in a Sentence: They look enviously at the success of their counterparts.

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15. Word: Substantive (विशेष्य/ मूलभूत)

- Pronunciation: suhb-stuh n-tiv/ सब्स्टन्टिव
- · Part of Speech: Adjective, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. having a separate and independent existence. (Adjective)
 - b. a noun. (Noun)
- Synonyms: substantial, material, significant, essential
- Antonyms: wordly, inessential
- Usage in a sentence: The report concluded that no substantive changes were necessary.

16. Word: Pleasantries (प्रमोद)

- Pronunciation: plez-uh n-tree/ प्लेज़न्ट्री
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. an inconsequential remark made as part of a polite conversation.b. a mild joke.
- Synonyms: jocularities, jests, jokes
- Antonyms: tragedies, insults
- Usage in a sentence: After exchanging pleasantries, the delegation revealed the purpose of their visit.

17. Word: Sidelines (उप-वृत्ति)

- Pronunciation: sahyd-lahyn/ साइड्लाइन
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. an activity done in addition to one's main job, especially to earn extra income. (Noun) b. a position where one is observing a situation rather than directly involved in it. (Noun)
 - c. remove from the centre of activity or attention; place in a less influential position. (Verb)
- Synonyms: beaten track, fringes, side
- Antonyms: centre of attention
- Usage in a sentence: You can't stay on the sidelines forever; it's time you got involved.

18. Word: Impasse (गतिरोध)

- Pronunciation: im-pas, im-pas/ इम्पैस
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a situation in which no progress is possible, especially because of disagreement; a deadlock.
- Synonyms: deadlock, stalemate, gridlock
- Antonyms: breakthrough, betterment
- Usage in a sentence: Negotiations seemed to have reached an impasse.

19. Word: Centrestage (अहम् स्थान)

- Pronunciation: सेंटरस्टेज
- Part of Speech: Noun, Adverb
- Meaning:
 - a. the centre of a stage. (Noun)
 - b. the most prominent position. (Noun)
 - c. at or towards the middle of a stage. (Adverb)
 - d. in or towards the most prominent position. (Adverb)
- Synonyms: spotlight, focus
- Antonyms: sidelines
- Usage in a sentence: Nuclear proliferation has returned to centre stage in international affairs.

20. Word: Straddle (बना रहना)

- Pronunciation: strad-l/ स्ट्रैडल
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. sit or stand with one leg on either side of. (Verb)
 - b. extend across or be situated on both sides of. (Verb)
 - c. an act of sitting or standing with one's legs wide apart. (Noun)
 - d. take up or maintain an equivocal position with regard to (a political issue). (Verb)
- · Synonyms: bestride, on either side of
- Antonyms: brink, verge
- Usage in a sentence: The mountains straddle the French-Swiss border.

21. Word: Retaliatory (प्रतिशोध का)

- Pronunciation: ri-tal-ee-eyt-ory/ रीटैल्यटॉरी
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: (of an action) characterized by a desire for revenge.
- Synonyms: vengeful, avenging, retributive
- Antonyms: forgiving, benevolent
- Usage in a Sentence: He urged people not to resort to retaliatory violence.

22. Word: Unambiguous (अमिश्रित)

- Pronunciation: uhn-am-big-yoo-uhs/ अनैम्बिग्यवस
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: not open to more than one interpretation.
- Synonyms: clear, explicit, unmistakable, obvious, distinct, definite
- Antonyms: ambiguous, dubious, indefinite, obscure

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- Usage in a sentence: He tended toward literal interpretations and preferred unambiguous answers.
- 23. Word: Proclaim (घोषित करना)
 - Pronunciation: proh-kleym, pruh-/ प्रोक्लेम
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning:
 - a. announce officially or publicly.
 - b. indicate clearly.
 - Synonyms: announce, declare, publish
 - Antonyms: conceal, hide, retract, deny
 - Usage in a sentence: Press and provincial assemblies hastened to proclaim solidarity with the Tsar.
- 24. Word: Terminate (समाप्त करना)
 - Pronunciation: tur-muh-neyt/ टर्मनेट
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning: bring to an end.
 - Synonyms: stop, end, cease, finish, discontinue
 - Antonyms: begin, continue, start, establish
 - Usage in a sentence: The customer also threatened to terminate his business relationship with the employer.
- 25. Phrase: Make no bones (ज़रा भी नहीं हिचकिचाना)
 - Pronunciation: मेक नो बोंस
 - Meaning: To say clearly what you think or feel about something, however unpleasant or awkward it is.
 - Usage in a sentence: She made no bones about telling him exactly what she thought of him.
- 26. Word: Perception (अनुभृति)
 - Pronunciation: per-sep-shuhn/ पर्सेप्शन
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning:
 - a. the ability to see, hear, or become aware of something through the senses.
 - b. the way in which something is regarded, understood, or interpreted.
 - Synonyms: understanding, impression, notion
 - Antonyms: misunderstanding, ignorance
 - Usage in a sentence: The television has irreversibly changed our perception about the Royal Family.
- 27. Word: Interlocutor (संभाषी)
 - Pronunciation: in-ter-lok-yuh-ter/ इन्टर्लाक्यटर
 - Part of Speech: Noun

- Meaning: a person who takes part in a dialogue or conversation.
- Synonyms: speaker, interrogator, discussant
- Usage in a sentence: Abraham was able to act as interpreter and interlocutor for our group.
- 28. Word: Tack (जोड़ना)
 - Pronunciation: tak/ टैक
 - Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
 - Meaning:
 - a. a small, sharp broad-headed nail.
 - b. add or append something to something already existing.
 - Synonyms: nail, pin, bind, affix
 - Antonyms: disassemble, detach, separate, unfasten
 - Usage in a sentence: They decided to tack an amendment to the bill.
- 29. Word: Conciliatory (मैत्रीपूर्ण)
 - Pronunciation: kuh n-sil-ee-uh-tawr-ee/
 कन्सिल्यटॉरी
 - Part of Speech: Adjective
 - Meaning: intended or likely to placate or pacify.
 - Synonyms: appeasing, peacemaking, agreeable
 - Antonyms: antagonistic, uncompromising
 - Usage in a sentence: The mediator made a conciliatory statement which helped the two parties find common ground.
- 30. Word: Contend (संघर्ष करना)
 - Pronunciation: kuhn-tend/ कन्टेन्ड
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning:
 - a. struggle to surmount (a difficulty).b. assert something as a position in an argument.
 - Synonyms: argue, fight, struggle, strive
 - Antonyms: collaborate, agree
 - Usage in a sentence: The firm is too small to contend against large international companies.
- 31. Word: Founder (असफल हो जाना)
 - Pronunciation: foun-der/ দাত্তল্ভব
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning: (of a plan or undertaking) fail or break down as a result of a particular problem.
 - Synonyms: fail, collapse, miscarry, break down
 - Antonyms: succeed, achieve

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- Usage in a sentence: The bilateral talks foundered on the issue of reform.
- 32. Word: Grapple (ग्थना)
 - Pronunciation: grap-uhl/ ग्रेपल
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning: engage in a close fight or struggle without weapons; wrestle.
 - Synonyms: grasp, wrestle, clutch
 - Antonyms: release, free
 - Usage in a sentence: The new government is yet to grapple with the problem of air pollution.
- 33. Word: Credible (विश्वास करने योग्य)
 - Pronunciation: kred-uh-buhl/ क्रेडबल
 - Part of Speech: Adjective
 - Meaning:
 - a. able to be believed; convincing.
 - b. capable of persuading people that something will happen or be successful.
 - Synonyms: believable, plausible, trustworthy, reliable
 - Antonyms: unbelievable, incredible, unreliable
 - Usage in a Sentence: The plot is credible but the characters lack individuality.
- 34. Word: Reprisal (प्रतिशोध)
 - Pronunciation: ri-prahy-zuhl/ रिप्राइज़ल
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: an act of retaliation.
 - Synonyms: retaliation, revenge, retribution, vengeance
 - Antonyms: pardon, kindness, sympathy
 - Usage in a Sentence: Alfred was shot in reprisal for the killing of a rival gang member.
- 35. Word: Priority (प्रधानता)
 - Pronunciation: prahy-awr-i-tee/ प्राइऑरटी
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: the fact or condition of being regarded or treated as more important than others.
 - Synonyms: preference, primacy, emphasis
 - Antonyms: unimportance, disfavour
 - Usage in a Sentence: The daily newspaper gives priority to national news over the international ones.
- 36. Word: Reluctant (अनिच्छ्क)
 - Pronunciation: ri-luhk-tuhnt/ रिलक्टन्ट
 - Part of Speech: Adjective

- Meaning: unwilling and hesitant; disinclined.
- Synonyms: unwilling, hesitant, disinclined
- Antonyms: eager, desirous, enthusiastic, willing
- Usage in a Sentence: She was reluctant to admit that she was wrong.
- 37. Word: Optimal (इष्टतम)
 - Pronunciation: op-tuh-muhl/ आप्टमल
 - Part of Speech: Adjective
 - Meaning: best or most favourable; optimum.
 - Synonyms: optimum, ideal, perfect
 - Antonym: mediocre
 - Usage in a Sentence: Under optimal circumstances, reorganizing can help a struggling organization achieve any of these ends.
- 38. Word: Envisage (परिकल्पना करना)
 - Pronunciation: en-viz-ij/ एन्विज़िज
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning:
 - a. contemplate or conceive of as a possibility or a desirable future event.
 - b. form a mental picture of (something not yet existing or known).
 - Synonyms: imagine, envision, anticipate, visualize
 - Antonym: withdraw
 - Usage in a Sentence: Nobody can envisage the consequences of a nuclear war.
- 39. Word: Perpetrator (अपराधकर्ता)
 - Pronunciation: pur-pi-trey-ter/ पर्पट्टैटर
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning: a person who carries out a harmful, illegal, or immoral act.
 - Synonyms: offender, violator, culprit
 - Antonym: victim
 - Usage in a Sentence: The perpetrators of racially motivated violence must be punished.
- 40. Word: Fraternity (भाईचारा)
 - Pronunciation: fruh-tur-ni-tee/ फ्रटर्निटी
 - Part of Speech: Noun
 - Meaning:
 - a. a group of people sharing a common profession or interests.
 b. friendship and mutual support within a group
 - Synonyms: brotherhood, fellowship, alliance
 - Usage in a Sentence: There is a strong spirit of fraternity among these isolated people.

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41. Word: Epicentre (उपरिकेंद्र)

- Pronunciation: ep-uh-sen-ter/ एपिसेन्टर
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. the central point of something, typically a difficult or unpleasant situation.
 b. the point on the earth's surface vertically above the focus of an earthquake.
- Synonyms: centre, hotbed, core, locus
- Antonyms: periphery, margin
- Usage in a Sentence: The earthquake had its epicentre two-hundred kilometres north-east of the capital.

42. Word: Cognisable (संज्ञेय)

- Pronunciation: kog-nuh-zuh-buh l/ काग्निज़बल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. perceptible; clearly identifiable.b. within the jurisdiction of a court.
- Synonyms: perceptible, indicated, evident, perceptible, likely
- Usage in a Sentence: A hieroglyph is an emblem of something not cognizable by the senses but which possesses qualities resembling those of the symbol.

43. Word: Beleaguer (अवरोध करना)

- Pronunciation: bih-lee-ger/ बिलीगर
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: put in a very difficult situation.
- Synonyms: besiege, harass, pester
- Antonyms: comfort, benefit, relax
- Usage in a Sentence: The beleaguered prime minister is coming under yet more pressure.

44. Word: Insolvency (दिवालियापन)

- Pronunciation: in-sol-vuh n-see/ इन्साल्वन्सी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the state of being insolvent.
- Synonyms: bankruptcy, poverty, failure
- Antonyms: solvency, affluence
- Usage in a sentence: The company is close to insolvency.

45. Word: Consortium (सहायता संघ)

- Pronunciation: kuh n-sawr-shee-uh m/ कन्सॉर्श्यम
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. an association, typically of several companies.
 - b. the right of association and companionship with one's husband or wife.

- Synonyms: syndicate, union, league, association
- Antonyms: isolation, detachment, antagonism
- Usage in a Sentence: Acting as a consortium, the citizens in the poor district worked together to renovate their schools.

46. Word: Shoulder (दायित्व लेना/ भार लेना)

- Pronunciation: shohl-der/ शोल्डर
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. put (something heavy) over one's shoulder or shoulders to carry.
 - b. push (someone or something) out of one's way with one's shoulder.
- Synonyms: carry, bear, accept
- Antonyms: deny, resign, refuse
- Usage in a Sentence: Since the prince was too young to shoulder the statutory responsibility, the queen was vested with regulatory powers.

47. Word: Protract (बढ़ाना)

- Pronunciation: proh-trakt/ प्रोट्रैक्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: prolong
- Synonyms: extend, lengthen, stretch
- Antonyms: curtail, contract, abbreviate, shorten
- Usage in a Sentence: The oncologist was excited when he discovered a remarkable new treatment that would protract his patients' lives.

48. Word: Clutch (जकडना)

- Pronunciation: kluhch/ क्लच
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun, Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. grasp (something) tightly. (Verb)
 - b. a tight grasp. (Noun)
 - c. (in sport) denoting or occurring at a critical situation in which the outcome of a game or competition is at stake. (Adjective)
- Synonyms: grasp, grip, hold, grab, seize
- Antonyms: unfasten, abandon, release
- Usage in a Sentence: The sudden sensation of falling made him clutch the door frame.

49. Word: Implosion (अन्तःस्फोट)

- Pronunciation: im-ploh-zhuh n/ इम्प्लोशन
- Part of Speech: Noun

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- Meaning:
 - a. an instance of something collapsing violently inwards.
 - b. a sudden failure or collapse of an organization or system.
- Synonyms: collapse, failure, breakdown
- Antonyms: explosion, burst, blast
- Usage in a Sentence: Politicians tried to calm the protesters in fear that the riots would implodeand destroy the city.

50. Word: Stall (रोकना)

- Pronunciation: stawl/ स्टॉल
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: stop or cause to stop making progress.
- Synonyms: obstruct, impede
- Antonyms: accelerate, actuate
- Usage in a Sentence: Fears are increasing that a tax increase may stall the economic recovery.

51. Word: Viability (व्यावहारिकता)

- Pronunciation: vahy-uh-bil-i-tee/ वाइअबिलटी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: ability to work successfully.
- Synonyms: feasibility, survival, practicability
- Antonyms: unfeasibility, impracticability
- Usage in a sentence: The company has questioned the commercial viability of the mine.

52. Word: Reappraise (प्नर्मूल्यांकन करना)

- Pronunciation: uh-preyz/ रीअप्रेज़
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: appraise or assess again or in a different way.
- Synonyms: review, reassess, reevaluate, reexamine
- Usage in a Sentence: Western leaders need to reappraise what they actually wish to achieve in Syria.

53. Word: Akin (संबंधी)

- Pronunciation: uh-kin/ अकिन
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. of similar character.
 - b. related by blood.
- Synonyms: cognate, similar, analogous
- Antonyms: different, alien, unlike
- Usage in a Sentence: The Israelites appear to have been originally a nomadic tribe akin

to the Arabs, whom they resemble in their political instinct.

54. Word: Haste (शीघ्रता)

- Pronunciation: heyst/ हेस्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning: excessive speed or urgency of movement or action; hurry.
- Synonyms: rush, hurry, hustle, bustle
- Antonyms: delay, procrastination
- Usage in a Sentence: The contract says that the work must be completed with all possible haste.

55. Word: Synchronise (संकालन/ तालमेल बनाना)

- Pronunciation: sing-kruh-nahyz/ सिंगक्रनाइज़
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. cause to occur or operate at the same time or rate.
 - b. agree with something else.
 - c. coordinate; combine.
- Synonyms: match, accord, accommodate
- Antonyms: struggle, desynchronise
- Usage in a Sentence: Chrome OS would also allow users to work offline and synchronise changes later.

56. Word: Convene (एकत्र करना)

- Pronunciation: kuhn-veen/ कन्वीन
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: come or bring together for a meeting or activity; assemble.
- Synonyms: assemble, gather, collect, muster
- Antonyms: adjourn, cancel, disperse, dismiss
- Usage in a Sentence: The supervisors may propose to convene temporary meetings of the board of supervisors.

57. Word: Stint (कार्यावधि/ सीमा बांधना)

- Pronunciation: stint/ स्टिन्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - b. restrict (someone) in the amount of something, especially money, given or permitted. (Verb) c. a person's fixed or allotted period of work.
 - (Noun)
 d. limitation of supply or effort (Noun)
- Synonyms: job, work, limit, restrain
- Synonyms. Job, work, minic, restrain
- Antonyms: free, exuberant

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 Usage in a Sentence: He has changed his schedule to a three-day stint, which starts this Friday.

58. Word: Deploy (असरदार तरीके से इस्तेमाल करना)

- Pronunciation: dih-ploi / ਭਿਪ਼ਕੀੱਡ
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. move (troops or equipment) into position for military action.
 - b. bring into effective action.
- Synonyms: install, utilize, employ
- Antonyms: uninstall, withdraw
- Usage in a sentence: The decision has been made to deploy extra troops.

59. Word: Impediment (अवरोध)

- Pronunciation: im-ped-uh-muhnt/ इम्पेडमन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. a hindrance or obstruction in doing something.
 - b. a defect in a person's speech, such as a lisp or stammer.
- Synonyms: hindrance. impediment, obstruction, barrier
- Antonyms: advantage, privilege, benefit
- Usage in a Sentence: In a number of developing countries, war has been an additional impediment progress.

60. Word: Feasibility (साध्यता)

- Pronunciation: fee-zuh-buh lity/ फीज़बिलटी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the state or degree of being easily or conveniently done.
- Synonyms: practicability, possibility, viability
- Antonyms: impossibility, implausibility, impracticality
- Usage in a Sentence: The committee will study the feasibility of setting up a national computer network.

61. Word: Curtail (घटाना)

- Pronunciation: ker-teyl/ कर्टेल
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: reduce in extent or quantity; impose a restriction on.
- Synonyms: reduce, shorten, diminish
- Antonyms: extend, prolong, increase
- Usage in a sentence: The government has taken significant attempts to curtail the spread of the disease and interrupt its course.

62. Word: Moot (विवादास्पद)

- Pronunciation: moot/ मृट
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. subject to debate, dispute, or uncertainty. (Adjective)
 - b. having little or no practical relevance, typically because the subject is too uncertain to allow a decision. (Adjective) c. raise (a question or topic) for discussion; suggest (an idea or possibility). (Verb) d. an assembly held for debate, especially in Anglo-Saxon and medieval times. (Noun)
- Synonyms: disputable, debatable, questionable, controversial
- Antonyms: certain, definite, irrefutable
- Usage in a Sentence: By the time the order took effect, the issue had already become moot.

63. Word: Repose (विश्राम/ रख देना)

- Pronunciation: ri-pohz/ रीपोज़
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. a state of rest, sleep, or tranquillity.(Noun)
 - b. be situated or kept in a particular place. (Verb)
- Synonyms: rest, ease, relaxation, serenity
- Antonyms: agitation, disturbance, commotion
- Usage in a Sentence: It was a rare delight to see her like this, in repose, her face relaxed and expressionless.

64. Word: Coincide (मेल खाना)

- Pronunciation: koh-in-sahyd/ कोइन्साइड
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. occur at the same time.
 - b. correspond in nature; tally.
 - c. be in agreement.
- Synonyms: concur, match, overlap
- Antonyms: disagree, clash, counter
- Usage in a Sentence: The show is timed to coincide with the launch of her new book.

65. Word: Subsume (सम्मिलित करना)

- Pronunciation: suh b-soom/ सब्स्म
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: include or absorb (something) in something else.

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- Synonyms: encompass, contain, include, comprise, embody
- Antonyms: surrender, release
- Usage in a Sentence: More than anything, Dennis was interested in choosing people who could subsume their egos.

66. Word: Accord (अनुबंध/ प्रदान करना)

- Pronunciation: uh-kawrd/ अकॉर्ड
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. give or grant someone (power, status, or recognition). (Verb)
 - b. an official agreement or treaty. (Noun)
- Synonyms: agreement, grant
- Antonyms: disagreement, discord
- Usage in a Sentence: The army was accused of committing violations against the accord.

67. Word: Dovish (शांतिवादी)

- Pronunciation: duhv- ish/ डविश
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: preferring to use peaceful discussion rather than military action in order to solve a political problem
- Synonyms: pacifist, peaceful, conciliatory
- Antonyms: hawkish, bloodthirsty, militarist
- Usage in a Sentence: Those with a more dovish or liberal attitude have supported dialogue while hardliners are invariably content to solve issues with force and violence.

68. Word: Tackle (सामना करना)

- Pronunciation: tak-uh l/ टैकल
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. the equipment required for a task or sport. (Noun)
 - b. make determined efforts to deal with (a problem or difficult task). (Verb)
- Synonyms: combat, address, confront handle, fight
- Antonyms: avoid, dodge, elude, evade, ignore
- Usage in a Sentence: We have to tackle the fundamental cause of the problem.

69. Word: Hinge (कब्जा/निर्भर होना)

- Pronunciation: hinj/ हिन्ज
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. a movable joint or mechanism on which a door, gate, or lid swings as it opens and closes or which connects linked objects.

[Noun]

- b. depend entirely on. [Verb]
- Synonyms: link, articulating, pivot, depend
- Antonyms: doubt, mistrust
- Usage in a sentence: The hinge connecting the front and rear pieces sits under the instep and lessens the chance of failure due to the metal flexing.

70. Word: Resort (सहारा लेना)

- Pronunciation: ri-zawrt/ रिज़ॉर्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. a place that is frequented for holidays or recreation or for a particular purpose. (Noun)
 - b. a course of action that is resorted to. (Noun)
 - c. turn to and adopt (a course of action, especially an extreme or undesirable one) so as to resolve a difficult situation. (Verb)
- Synonyms: hotel, refuge, fall back on
- Antonym: avoid
- Usage in a Sentence: She would never resort to the law courts to resolve her marital problems.

71. Word: Rhetoric (वाक्पट्ता)

- Pronunciation: ret-er-ik / रेटरिक
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the art of effective or persuasive speaking or writing, especially the exploitation of figures of speech and other compositional techniques.
- Synonyms: oratory, eloquence, expression
- Antonyms: quiet
- Usage in a sentence: His speech was dismissed as mere rhetoric by the opposition.

72. Word: Yield (उत्पाद/ हार मानना)

- Pronunciation: yeeld/ यील्ड
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. produce or provide (a natural, agricultural, or industrial product). (Verb) b. give way to arguments, demands, or pressure. (Verb)
 - c. an amount produced of an agricultural or industrial product. (Noun)
- Synonyms: surrender, cede, give up, produce
- Antonyms: deny, reject, oppose, disapprove, resist

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- Usage in a Sentence: Our research has only recently begun to yield important results.
- 73. Word: Exert (जोर लगाना)
 - Pronunciation: ig-zurt/ इंग्ज़र्ट
 - Part of Speech: Verb
 - Meaning:
 - a. apply or bring to bear (a force, influence, or quality)
 - b. make a physical or mental effort.
 - Synonyms: exercise, apply, strain
 - Antonyms: careless, stay still
 - Usage in a Sentence: Christopher hoped to exert his influence to make them change their minds.

74. Word: Vocal (गायन, मौखिक, म्खर)

- Pronunciation: voh-kuhl/ वोकल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. relating to the human voice. (Adjective) b. expressing opinions or feelings freely or loudly. (Adjective)
 - c. a part of a piece of music that is sung. (Noun)
- Synonyms: oral, outspoken, eloquent
- Antonyms: quiet, silent, instrumental, mute, modest
- Usage in a Sentence: He has been very vocal in his displeasure over the results.

75. Word: Boost (प्रोत्साहन)

- Pronunciation: boost/ ब्स्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. help or encourage (something) to increase or improve. (Verb)'
 - b. a source of help or encouragement leading to increase or improvement. (Noun) c. an increase or improvement. (Noun)
- Synonyms: increase, promote, enhance, encourage
- Antonyms: decrease, discourage, undermine
- Usage in a Sentence: This new funding will come as a welcome boost for the industry.

76. Word: Inject (अंतर्गत करना)

- Pronunciation: in-jekt/ इन्जेक्ट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. administer a drug or medicine by syringe to (a person or animal).
 - b. introduce (something) under pressure into a passage, cavity, or solid material.

- c. introduce (a new or different element) into something.
- Synonyms: introduce, insert, infuse, implant, insinuate
- Antonyms: remove, omit, miss out, ignore
- Usage in a Sentence: We hope to inject new life into our business.

77. Phrase: Dial down

- Pronunciation: डायल डाउन
- Meaning: to make something less forceful or extreme
- Synonym: weaken
- Antonym: improve
- Usage in a Sentence: The event organizers took the hint and dialled down the background music.

78. Word: Escalate (बढ़ाना)

- Pronunciation: es-kuh-leyt/ एस्कलैट
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: increase rapidly, make or become more intense or serious.
- Synonyms: intensify, heighten
- Antonyms: diminish, abbreviate
- Usage in a Sentence: The conflict could escalate rapidly into a full-scale war.

79. Word: Rationale (औचित्य)

- Pronunciation: rash-uh-nal/ रैशनैल
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a set of reasons or a logical basis for a course of action or belief.
- Synonyms: reason, justification, logic
- Usage in a Sentence: I don't understand the rationale behind the council's housing policy.

80. Word: Militia (नागरिक सेना)

- Pronunciation: mi-lish-uh/ मलिश
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a military force that is raised from the civil population to supplement a regular army in an emergency.
- Synonyms: military, cavalry, army
- Usage in a Sentence: The militia responded by saying it would retaliate against any attacks.

81. Word: Compliant (आज्ञाकारी)

- Pronunciation: kuh m-plahy-uh nt/ कम्प्लाइअन्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: disposed to agree with others or obey rules, especially to an excessive degree; acquiescent.
- Synonyms: pliant, amenable, obedient

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- Antonyms: stubborn, adamant
- Usage in a sentence: Patients who are less compliant, may be forced to take medication against their will.

82. Word: Breach (विच्छेद/ दरार करना)

- Pronunciation: breech/ ब्रीचPart of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:

a. an act of breaking or failing to observe a law, agreement, or code of conduct. (Noun) b. a gap in a wall, barrier, or defence, especially one made by an attacking army. (Noun)

c. make a gap in and break through (a wall, barrier, or defence). (Verb)

- d. break or fail to observe (a law, agreement, or code of conduct). (Verb)
- Synonyms: violate, break, infringe
- Antonyms: bridge, fulfil, warranty
- Usage in a Sentence: A breach in the mountain wall permits warm sea air to penetrate inland.

83. Word: Stranglehold (निरोधन)

- Pronunciation: strang-guh l-hohld/ स्ट्रैंगअल्होल्ड
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: complete or overwhelming control.
- Synonyms: grip, control
- Antonyms: pull out, free
- Usage in a Sentence: The two major companies have been tightening their stranglehold on the beer market.

84. Word: Warrant (अधिपत्र/ आश्वासन देना)

- Pronunciation: wawr-uh nt/ वॉरन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. a document that entitles the holder to receive goods, money, or services. (Noun) b. officially affirm or guarantee. (Verb)
- Synonyms: guarantee, justify, pledge, assure
- Antonyms: break, prohibition
- Usage in a Sentence: The case was sufficiently serious to warrant investigation by the police.

85. Word: Calibration (अंशशोधन)

- Pronunciation: kal-uh-brey shion/ कैलब्रेशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the action or process of calibrating (adjusting) something.

- Synonyms: adjustment, gradation, regulation, tuning
- Antonyms: misalignment, vindication
- Usage in a Sentence: The satellite was only launched in April and spent time undergoing commissioning and calibration.

86. Word: Reprieve (अवकाश)

- Pronunciation: ri-preev/ रिप्रीव
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. cancel or postpone the punishment of (someone, especially someone condemned to death). (Verb)
 - b. a cancellation or postponement of a punishment. (Noun)
- Synonyms: pardon, respite, release, amnesty
- Antonyms: punish, charge, blame
- Usage in a Sentence: Shoppers will get a temporary reprieve from the new sales tax.

87. Word: Whittle (छीलना)

- Pronunciation: hwit-l/ हिवटल
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. carve (wood) into an object by repeatedly cutting small slices from it.
 - b. reduce something in size, amount, or extent by a gradual series of steps.
- Synonyms: carve, cut, sculpt, reduce
- Antonyms: build, create, construct, disintegrate
- Usage in a Sentence: Your article is too long, try to whittle it down to half its length.

88. Word: Flamboyant (अत्यलंकृत)

- Pronunciation: flam-boi-uh nt/ फ्लेम्बॉइअन्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. (of a person or their behaviour) tending to attract attention because of their exuberance, confidence, and stylishness. b.bright, colourful, and very noticeable.
- Synonyms: dazzling, flashy, glamorous, glitzy
- Antonyms: dull, quiet, restrained, conservative
- Usage in a Sentence: Penny has red hair and a rather flamboyant appearance.

89. Word: Erroneous (गुलत)

- Pronunciation: uh-roh-nee-uhs/ एरोनीअस
- Part of Speech: Adjective

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- Meaning: wrong; incorrect.
- Synonyms: incorrect, false, inaccurate, invalid
- Antonyms: correct, right, accurate, precise
- Usage in a Sentence: I thought my answer was correct, but it was erroneous.

90. Word: Xenophobic (अज्ञातजनभीत)

- Pronunciation: zen-uh-foh-bik/ ज़ेनफाबिक
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: having or showing a dislike of or prejudice against people from other countries.
- Synonyms: racist, chauvinistic, ethnocentric
- Antonyms: multicultural, tolerant
- Usage in a Sentence: Xenophobic nationalism is on the rise in some West European countries.

91. Word: Venture (उदयम)

- Pronunciation: ven-cher/ वेन्चर
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. a risky or daring journey or undertaking.(Noun)
 - b. undertake a risky or daring journey or course of action. (Verb)
 - c. dare to do or say something that may be considered audacious (often used as a polite expression of hesitation or apology). (Verb)
- Synonyms: risk, hazard, adventure, attempt, enterprise, project undertaking
- Antonyms: protect, abstain, guard
- Usage in a Sentence: The joint venture ended in a legal wrangle between the two companies.

92. Word: Steer (परिचालन करना)

- Pronunciation: steer/ स्टीर
- Part of Speech: Verb, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. guide or control the movement of (a vehicle, vessel, or aircraft), for example by turning a wheel or operating a rudder. (Verb)
 - b. follow (a course) in a specified direction. (Verb)
 - c. the type of steering of a vehicle. (Noun)
 - d. a piece of advice or information concerning the development of a situation. (Noun)
- Synonyms: guide, lead, control, direct, conduct
- Antonyms: abandon, follow, trail, obey

• Usage in a Sentence: It took Mary more than a week to learn how to steer into the garage.

93. Word: Dismal (उदास)

- Pronunciation: diz-muhl/ डिज्मल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. causing a mood of gloom or depression.
 - b. (of a person or their mood) gloomy.
- Synonyms: gloomy, dreary, cheerless
- Antonyms: bright, cheerful, pleasant
- Usage in a sentence: Their recent attempt to increase sales has been a dismal failure.

94. Word: Haemorrhage (रक्तस्राव/ हानि)

- Pronunciation: हेमरिज
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: lose or expend large amounts of (something valuable) in a seemingly uncontrollable way.
- Synonyms: drain, rapid loss
- Antonyms: heal, nourish, treat, cure
- Usage in a Sentence: The higher salaries paid overseas have caused a haemorrhage of talent from this country.

95. Word: Resurrection (प्नरुत्थान)

- Pronunciation: rez-uh-rek-shuh n/ रेज़रेक्शन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the action or fact of resurrecting or being resurrected.
- Synonyms: revival, rebirth, renewal, resurgence
- Antonyms: ruin, destruction, doom, annihilation
- Usage in a Sentence: They did not believe in any form of resurrection, yet they asked a question concerning this topic.

96. Word: Contentious (विवादपूर्ण)

- Pronunciation: kuhn-ten-shuhs/ कन्टेन्शस
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: causing or likely to cause an argument; controversial.
- Synonyms: quarrelsome, combative, belligerent
- Antonyms: peaceful, agreeable, friendly
- Usage in a sentence: Sanctions are expected to be among the most contentious.

97. Word: Redux (प्न: स्थापित)

- Pronunciation: ri-duhks/ रिडक्स
- Part of Speech: Adjective

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- Meaning: brought back; revived.
- Synonyms: return, revived, reformed, recovered, reestablished
- Antonym: unrevived
- Usage in a Sentence: To settle some of the doubts, Haynes led a team of researchers in a modern redux of the experiment.

98. Word: Vigilante (निगरानी समिति सदस्य)

- Pronunciation: vij-uh-lan-tee/ विजलैन्टी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a member of a self-appointed group of citizens who undertake law enforcement in their community without legal authority, typically because the legal agencies are thought to be inadequate.
- Synonyms: guard, watchmen, avenger
- Usage in a Sentence: The growth of such vigilante gangs has worried community leaders, police and politicians.

99. Word: Sectarian (सम्प्रदायवादी)

- Pronunciation: sek-tair-ee-uh n/ सेक्टेरीअन
- Part of Speech: Adjective, Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. denoting or concerning a sect or sects. (Adjective)
 - b. rigidly following the doctrines of a sect or other group. (Adjective)
 - c. a member of a sect. (Noun)
 - d. a person who rigidly follows the doctrines of a sect or other group. (Noun)
- Synonyms: partisan, bigot, fanatic
- Antonyms: liberal, nonsectarian, unbiased
- Usage in a Sentence: The ferry was packed with refugees fleeing sectarian violence in the Moluccas.

100. Word: Apathy (उदासीनता)

- Pronunciation: ap-uh-thee/ ऐपथी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: lack of interest, enthusiasm, or concern
- Synonyms: indifference, unconcern, unresponsiveness, detachment
- Antonyms: interest, sympathy, passion
- Usage in a Sentence: The campaign failed because of public apathy.

101. Word: Tacit (निहित)

- Pronunciation: as-it/ टैसिट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: understood or implied without being stated.

- Synonyms: unspoken, implicit, implied, unexpressed
- Antonyms: spoken, explicit, blatant
- Usage in a Sentence: His answer depends on a distinction between tacit and explicit consent.

102. Word: Bigotry (कट्टरता)

- Pronunciation: big-uh-tree/ बिगदी
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: intolerance towards those who hold different opinions from oneself.
- Synonyms: intolerance, prejudice, fanaticism, discrimination
- Antonyms: tolerance, fairness, forbearance, impartiality
- Usage in a Sentence: He once called liberalism a form of bigotry, but he did not particularly mind being called a bigot himself.

103. Word: Preponderance (प्रधानता)

- Pronunciation: pri-pon-der-uhns/ / प्रीपान्ड्रन्स
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the quality or fact of being greater in number, quantity, or importance.
- Synonyms: dominance, paramountcy, prevalence, majority, supremacy
- Antonyms: disadvantage, inferiority, subordination, weakness
- Usage in a Sentence: The preponderance of evidence suggests that he's guilty.

104. Word: Punitive (दंडात्मक)

- Pronunciation: pyoo-ni-tiv/ प्यानिटिव
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. inflicting or intended as punishment.b. (of a tax or other charge) extremely high.
- Synonyms: harsh, disciplinary, penal, corrective
- Antonyms: rewarding, beneficial, compensatory
- Usage in a Sentence: The government is expected to take punitive steps against the offenders.

105. Word: Spate (अतिवृष्टि)

- Pronunciation: speyt/ स्पेट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. a large number of similar things coming in quick succession.
 - b. a sudden flood in a river.

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- Synonyms: flood, surge, tide, deluge, wave
- Antonyms: drought, shortage, paucity
- Usage in a Sentence: Police are investigating a spate of burglaries in the Kingsland Road area.

106. Word: Sinister (भयावह)

- Pronunciation: sin-uh-ster/ सिनिस्टर
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: giving the impression that something harmful or evil is happening or will happen.
- Synonyms: ominous, menacing, evil, wicked
- Antonyms: benign, benevolent, auspicious, encouraging
- Usage in a Sentence: The sinister atmosphere of the place left a permanent imprint on my memory.

107. Word: Profess (स्वीकार करना)

- Pronunciation: pruh-fes/ प्रफेस
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. claim that one has (a quality or feeling), especially when this is not the case. b. affirm one's faith in or allegiance to (a religion or set of beliefs).
 - c. teach (a subject) as a professor.
- Synonyms: declare, affirm, maintain, confess
- Antonyms: deny, conceal, disavow, refute
- Usage in a Sentence: Integrity is congruence between what you know, what you profess, and what you do.

108. Word: **Nodal** (केन्द्रीय)

- Pronunciation: nohd-l/ नोडल
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. denoting a point in a network or diagram at which lines or pathways intersect or branch.
 - b. relating to the part of a plant stem from which one or more leaves emerge, often forming a slight swelling.
- Synonyms: central, core, pivotal, focal
- Antonym: peripheral
- Usage in a Sentence: Transportation must fall under a single nodal agency, which may even be the State Government.

109. Word: Heckle (सवालों से बात काटना)

Pronunciation: hek-uhl/ हेकल
 Part of Speech: Verb, Noun

- Meaning:
 - a. interrupt (a public speaker) with derisive or aggressive comments or abuse. (Verb) b. a heckling comment. (Noun)
- Synonyms: harass, bother, tease, torment
- Antonyms: encourage, promote, support
- Usage in a Sentence: A small group of youths stayed behind to heckle and shout abuse.

110. Word: Echo (प्रतिध्वनि)

- Pronunciation: ek-oh/ एको
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. a sound or sounds caused by the reflection of sound waves from a surface back to the listener. (Noun)
 - b. a close parallel to an idea, feeling, or event. (Noun)
 - c. (of a sound) be repeated or reverberate after the original sound has stopped. (Verb)
 - d. repeat (someone's words or opinions), typically to express agreement. (Verb)
- Synonyms: reiterate, resound, repeat, imitate, reverberate
- Antonyms: silence, calmness
- Usage in a Sentence: Pinks and beiges were chosen to echo the colours of the ceiling.

111. Word: Barb (काँटा)

- Pronunciation: bahrb/ बार्ब
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning:
 - a. a cluster of spikes on barbed wire.b. a deliberately hurtful remark.
- Synonyms: spike, spine, prickle, thorn
- Antonyms: blunt, compliment, praise
- Usage in a Sentence: A fish hook has a barb to prevent the fish from escaping after being hooked.

112. Word: Anguish (संताप)

- Pronunciation: ang-gwish/ ऐंगग्विश
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. severe mental or physical pain or suffering. (Noun)
 - b. be extremely distressed about something. (Verb)
- Synonyms: distress, misery, agony, torment, suffering
- Antonyms: joy, happiness, comfort, cheer
- Usage in a Sentence: He suffered the anguish of watching his son go to prison.

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113. Word: Grievous (कष्टदायक)

- Pronunciation: gree-vuhs/ ग्रीवस
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: (of something bad) very severe or serious.
- Synonyms: sad, painful, distressing
- Antonyms: pleasant, happy, joyful, pleasing
- Usage in a Sentence: Their loss would be a grievous blow to our engineering industry.

114. Word: Implication (तात्पर्य)

- Pronunciation: im-pli-key-shuhn/ इम्प्लकेशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: the conclusion that can be drawn from something although it is not explicitly stated.
- Synonyms: significance, connotation
- Antonyms: exception, frivolity, explicit statement
- Usage in a sentence: The implication is that this battery lasts twice as long as other batteries.

115. Word: Taunt (अवमानना)

- Pronunciation: tawnt/ टॉन्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. a remark made in order to anger, wound, or provoke someone. (Noun)
 - b. provoke or challenge (someone) with insulting remarks. (Verb)
- Synonyms: tease, ridicule, gibe, insult
- Antonyms: respect, compliment, praise, admire
- Usage in a Sentence: It's too cruel to taunt
 Jim with his failure in the examination

116. Word: Raucous (कर्कश)

- Pronunciation: raw-kuhs/ रॉकस
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: making or constituting a disturbingly harsh and loud noise.
- Synonyms: harsh, rough, hoarse, cacophonous
- Antonyms: peaceful, soft, quiet, calm, tranquil
- Usage in a Sentence: He burst into raucous laughter.

117. Word: Cue (अन्संकेत)

- Pronunciation: kyoo/ क्य्
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. a thing said or done that serves as a signal to an actor or another performer to enter or to begin their speech or performance. (Noun)

- b. a signal for action. (Noun)
- c. give a cue to or for. (Verb)
- d. act as a prompt or reminder. (Verb)
- Synonyms: prompt, hint, signal, clue, suggestion
- Antonym: contraindication
- Usage in a Sentence: Her husband took the cue, and said that it was time for them to leave.

118. Word: Counterpart (प्रतिरूप)

- Pronunciation: koun-ter-pahrt/ काउनपीर्ट
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: a person or thing that corresponds to or has the same function as another person or thing in a different place or situation.
- Synonyms: colleagues, correspondents
- Antonyms: opposites
- Usage in a Sentence: They look enviously at the success of their counterparts.

119. Word: Partisan (कट्टर)

- Pronunciation: pahr-tuh-zuhn/पार्टिज़न
- Part of Speech: Noun, Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. a strong supporter of a party, cause, or person. [Noun]
 - b. prejudiced in favour of a particular cause. [Adjective]
- Synonyms: supporter, biased
- Antonyms: opponent, unbiased
- Use in a Sentence: You must listen to both points of view and try not to be partisan.

120. Word: Outrage (ਤੁਲ਼ਬਾਰ)

- Pronunciation: out-reyj/ आउट्रेज
- Part of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. an extremely strong reaction of anger, shock, or indignation. (Noun)
 - b. an action or event causing outrage. (Noun)
 - c. arouse fierce anger, shock, or indignation in (someone). (Verb)
 - d. flagrantly violate or infringe (a principle, law, etc.). (Verb)
- Synonyms: fury, savagery, brutality
- Antonyms: delight, flattery, remedy
- Usage in a Sentence: Much of the outrage was directed at foreign nationals.

121. Word: Unanimous (एक-मत)

Pronunciation: yoo-nan-uh-muh s/ यूनैनमस

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- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: (of two or more people) fully in agreement.
- Synonyms: united, solid, agreed, likeminded
- Antonyms: divided, split, conflicting, opposing
- Usage in a Sentence: The jury returned a unanimous verdict of guilty after a short deliberation.

122. Word: Hurdle (अवरोध)

- Pronunciation: hur-dl/ हर्डलPart of Speech: Noun, Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. one of a series of upright frames over which athletes in a race must jump. (Noun) b. a problem or difficulty that must be overcome. (Noun)
 - c. take part in a hurdle race. (Verb) d. enclose or fence off with hurdles. (Verb)
- Synonyms: obstacle, hindrance, obstruction, barrier
- Antonyms: advantage, assistance, promote
- Usage in a Sentence: You have already overcome the first major hurdle by passing the entrance exam.

123. Word: Pursue (अन्सरण)

- Pronunciation: per-soo/ पर्स्
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning:
 - a. follow or chase (someone or something).b. seek to attain or accomplish (a goal) over a long period.
 - c. continue or proceed along (a path or route).
 - d. continue to investigate or explore (an idea or argument).
- Synonyms: follow, chase, hunt, search
- Antonyms: ignore, give up, avoid, abandon
- Usage in a Sentence: The representative said that Japan would continue to pursue the policies laid down at the London summit.

124. Word: Polarisation (ध्वीकरण)

- Pronunciation: poh-ler-uh-zey-shuh n/ पोलरिजेशन
- Part of Speech: Noun
- Meaning: division into two sharply contrasting groups or sets of opinions or beliefs.
- Synonyms: division, discord, opposition

- Antonyms: reunion, coexistence, convergence
- Usage in a Sentence: Political polarisation in industrialised countries has fuelled a resurgence of fiscal conservatism.

125. Word: Consistent (सिलसिलेवार)

- Pronunciation: kuhn-sis-tuhnt/ कन्सिस्टन्ट
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning:
 - a. acting or done in the same way over time,especially so as to be fair or accurate.b. compatible or in agreement with something.
 - c. (of an argument or set of ideas) not containing any logical contradictions.
- Synonyms: persistent, stable, steady, constant
- Antonyms: inconsistent, irregular, varying, erratic
- Usage in a Sentence: She's one of the team's most consistent players.

126. Word: Gracious (दयाशील)

- Pronunciation: grey-shuhs/ ग्रेशस
- Part of Speech: Adjective
- Meaning: courteous, kind, and pleasant, especially towards someone of lower social status.
- Synonyms: kind, courteous, friendly, genial
- Antonyms: ungracious, discourteous, unkind
- Usage in a Sentence: Lady Caroline was gracious enough to accept our invitation.

127. Idiom: Fence-sitting (असमंजस की स्तिथि)

- Pronunciation: fens-sit-ting/ फेंस सिटिंग
- Meaning: a person's lack of decisiveness, neutrality or hesitance to choose between two sides in an argument or a competition, or inability to decide due to lack of courage
- Synonyms: indecision, inconstancy, instability
- Antonym: alacrity, decisiveness
- Usage in a Sentence: She was fence-sitting on the union issue until recently.

128. Word: Abstain (परहेज रखना)

- Pronunciation: ab-steyn/ ऐब्स्टेन
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: restrain oneself from doing or enjoying something.
- Synonyms: refrain, forbear, avoid, evade
- Antonyms: accept, consume, indulge

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• Usage in a Sentence: Patrons are requested to abstain from smoking in the restaurant.

129. Word: Recede (ਬਟਜਾ)

- Pronunciation: ri-seed/ रिसीड
- Part of Speech: Verb
- Meaning: go or move back or further away from a previous position
- Synonyms: retreat, withdraw, diminish, lessen, retire, subside
- Antonyms: approach, advance, increase, emerge, rise
- Usage in a Sentence: After the waters recede, extensive lagoons and marshes are formed as the ground gradually dries out.

130. Word: Nudge (टहोका मारना)

• Part of Speech: Verb, Noun • Pronunciation: nuhj/ ਜਗ

Meaning:

a. prod (someone) gently with one's elbowin order to attract attention. [Verb]b. a light touch or push. [Noun]

• Synonyms: push, poke

- Antonyms: discourage, dissuade
- Usage in a Sentence: I gave him a nudge to wake him up.

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