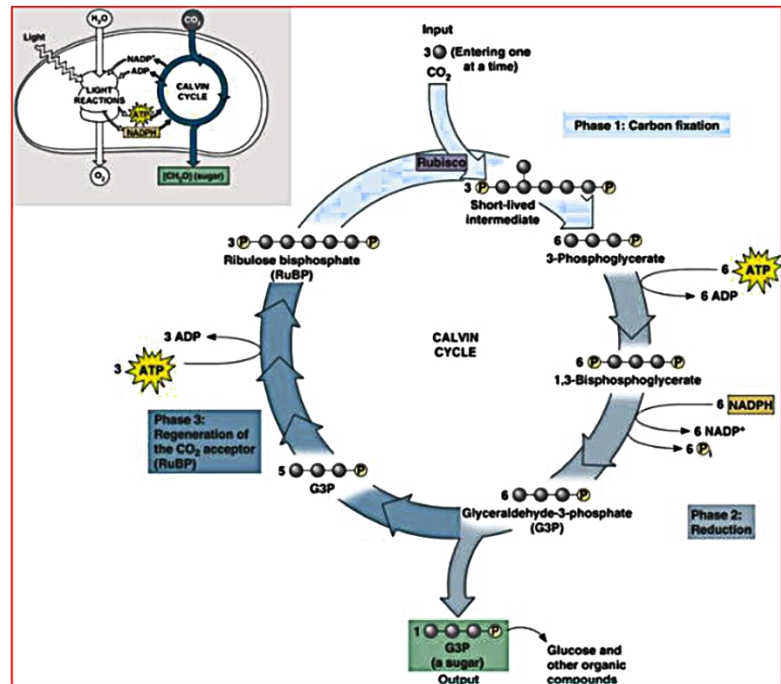


# Photosynthesis \_III

## DARK REACTION OR BIOSYNTHETIC PHASE



Q. Fixation of one  $\text{CO}_2$  molecule through Calvin cycle requires?

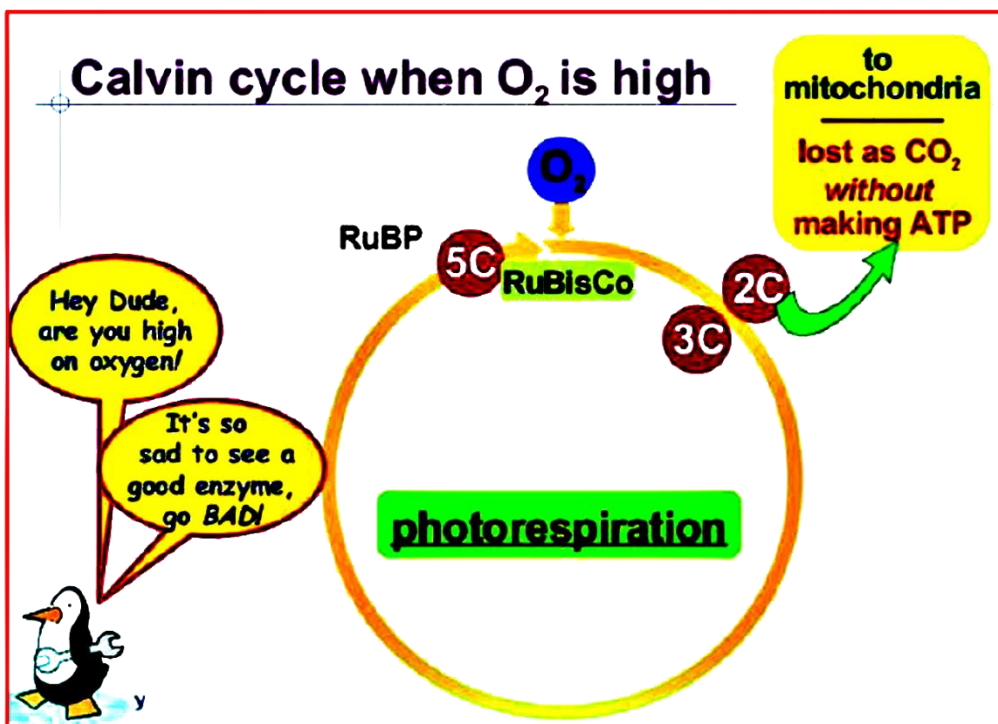
JIPMER 2017

- A. 1 ATP and 2  $\text{NADPH}_2$
- B. 2 ATP and 2  $\text{NADPH}_2$
- C. 3 ATP and 2  $\text{NADPH}_2$
- D. 2 ATP and 1  $\text{NADPH}_2$

Q. Phosphoenolpyruvate (PEP) is the primary  $\text{CO}_2$  acceptor in

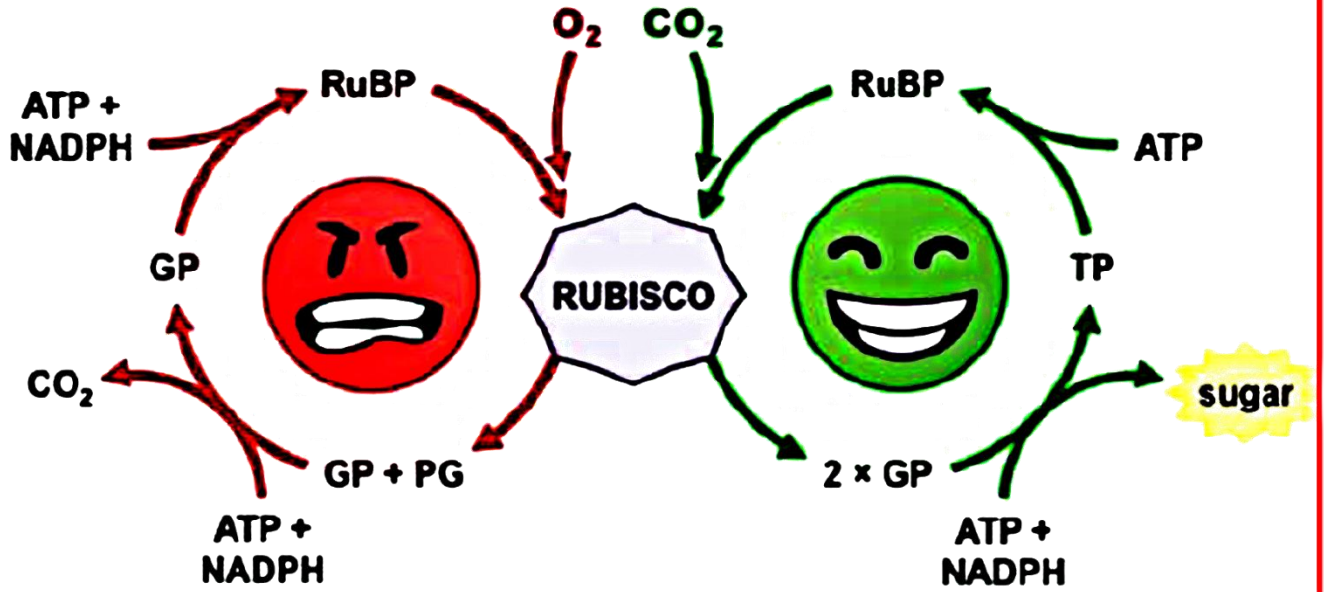
[NEET-2017]

- A.  $\text{C}_3$  plants
- B.  $\text{C}_4$  plants
- C.  $\text{C}_2$  plants
- D.  $\text{C}_3$  and  $\text{C}_4$  plants

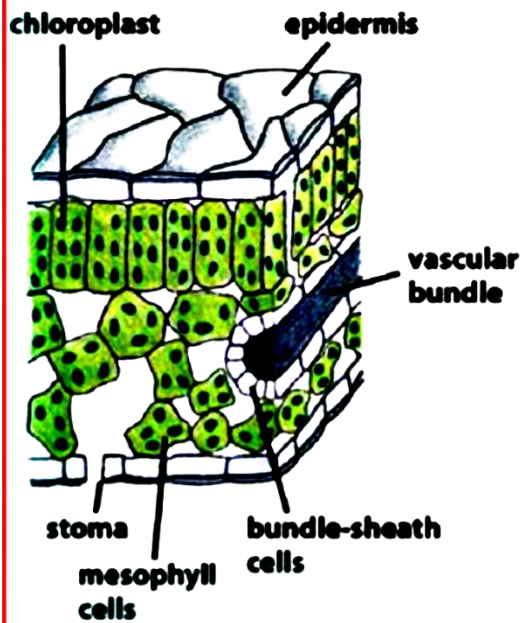


### PHOTORESPIRATION

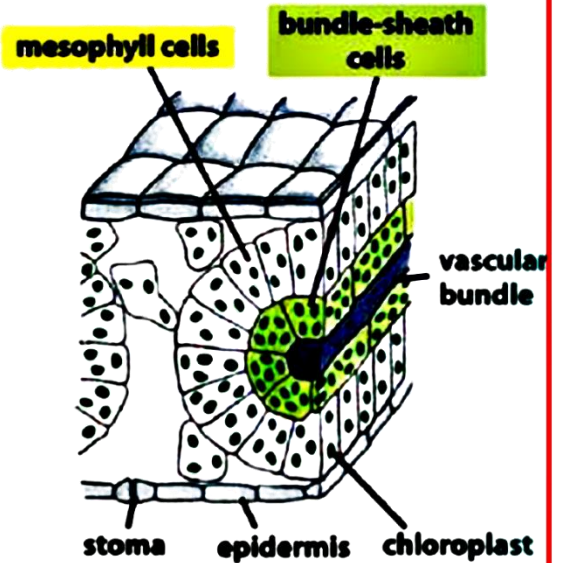
### PHOTOSYNTHESIS



### C<sub>3</sub> LEAVES



### C<sub>4</sub> LEAVES



Q. The process which makes major difference between  $C_3$  and  $C_4$  plants is

[NEET-2016]

- A. Glycolysis
- B. Calvin cycle
- C. Photorespiration
- D. Respiration

Q. A process that makes important difference between  $C_3$  and  $C_4$  plants is

[AIPMT-2012]

- A. Photosynthesis
- B. Photorespiration
- C. Transpiration
- D. Glycolysis

**Q. In Kranz anatomy, the bundle sheath cells have**

**[AIPMT-2011]**

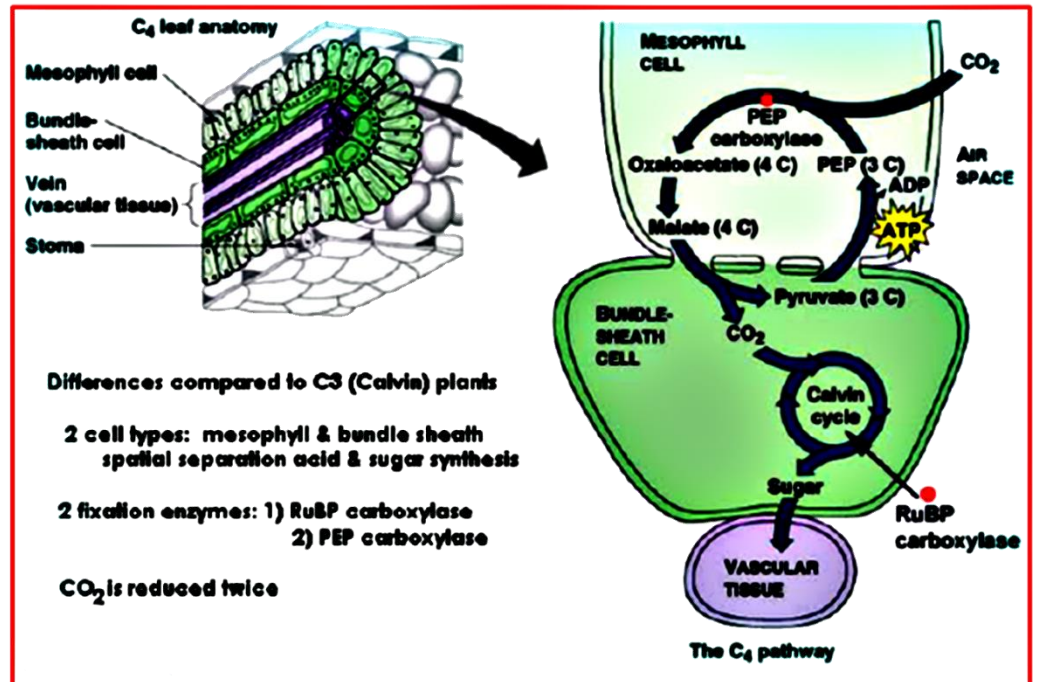
- A. Thin walls, no intercellular spaces and several chloroplast**
- B. Thick walls, many intercellular spaces and few chloroplasts**
- C. Thin walls, many intercellular spaces and no chloroplasts**
- D. Thick walls, no intercellular spaces and large number of chloroplasts**

**Q. Photosynthesis in  $C_4$  plants is relatively less limited by atmospheric  $CO_2$  levels because?**

**[AIIMS 2016]**

- A. there is effective pumping of  $CO_2$  into bundle sheath cells**
- B. RUBISCO in  $C_4$  plants has higher affinity for  $CO_2$**
- C. Six carbon acids are the primary initial  $CO_2$  fixation products**
- D. The primary fixation of  $CO_2$  is mediated via PEP carboxylase**

## C<sub>4</sub> plants



Q. A plant in your garden avoids photorespiratory losses, has improved water use efficiency, shows high rates of photosynthesis at high temperatures and has improved efficiency of nitrogen utilisation. In which of the following physiological groups would you assign this plant?

[NEET-2016]

- A. Nitrogen fixer
- B. C<sub>3</sub>
- C. C<sub>4</sub>
- D. CAM

**Q.  $C_4$  plants are more efficient in photosynthesis than  $C_3$  plants due to**

**[AIPMT-2010]**

- A. Lower rate of photorespiration**
- B. Higher leaf area**
- C. Presence of larger number of chloroplasts in the leaf cells**
- D. Presence of thin cuticle**

**Q. Which of these is incorrect for  $C_4$  plants?**

**[JIPMER 2018]**

- A. Kranz anatomy**
- B.  $CO_2$  acceptor is PEP**
- C. PEP Case in mesophyll**
- D. RUBISCO in mesophyll**

Q.  $C_4$  plants have better productivity because?

[AIIMS-2017]

- A.  $C_4$  plants absorb more light
- B.  $C_4$  plants absorb more  $CO_2$
- C.  $C_4$  plants lack photorespiration
- D. All of these

## CAM Plants

