

## Physical Geography of India Questions and Answers

1. What is the area of our country?

Ans. 3.28 million sq. km

2. India is located between which of the following latitudes?

Ans. 6°45'N to 37°6'N

3. What is the length measured between the north and southernmost point of India?

Ans. 3214 km

4. What is the length measured between the west and easternmost point of India?

Ans. 2933 km

5. What is the length of the coastal boundaries of India including Island territories?

Ans. 7517 km

6. What is the length of the coastal boundaries of India without Island territories?

Ans. 6100 km

7. Which of the following countries are included in Indian Subcontinent?

Ans. India, Pakistan, Nepal, Bhutan and Bangladesh

8. With which of the following neighbour, India shares its longest border?

Ans. Bangladesh

9. Which one of the following longitude is the standard meridian of India?

Ans. 82°30'E

10. Indian Standard Time (82°30'E) passes through which of the following states of India?

Ans. Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Orissa and Andhra Pradesh h

### Trick: MOUCA

11. How many geological divisions are there of India?

Ans. Three (The Peninsular Block, the Himalayas and other Peninsula and Indo-Ganga-Brahmaputra Plain)

12. Which are the only two states of India through which Tropic of Cancer, as well as Indian Standard Time line, passes?

Ans. Madhya Pradesh and Chhattisgarh

13. Where is Rajmahal Hills located?

Ans. Jharkhand

14. Which of the following fault separate northeastern states from Chhotanagpur Plateau?

Ans. Malda fault in West Bengal

15. Nallamala Hills is located in which of the following two states of India?

Ans. Andhra Pradesh and Telangana

16. Which of the following latitude divides India into two equal parts?

Ans. Tropic of Cancer (23° 30' N)

17. Tropic of Cancer passes through which of the following states of India?

Ans. Gujarat, Rajasthan, Madhya Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, West Bengal, Tripura and Mizoram

18. In which of the following direction Himalayas lie in the Darjiling and Sikkim region?

Ans. East-west direction

19. In which of the following direction Himalayas lie in the Nagaland, Manipur and Mizoram?

Ans. North-south Direction

20. What is the approximate length of the Great Himalayan Range from east to west?

Ans. 2500 km.

21. Which of the following ranges are included in Northwestern Himalayas?

Ans. Karakoram, Ladakh, Zaskar and Pir Panjal

22. The world-famous valley of Kashmir and the Dal Lake are situated between which of the following two ranges?

Ans. The Great Himalayas and Pir Panjal

23. The Kashmir Himalayas are famous for Karewas formation, which is famous for the cultivation of which of the following?

Ans. Zafran (A variety of Saffron) also called Kashmiri Kesar.

24. Which is the highest peak in Karakoram Range?

Ans. Mount K2

25. Siachen and Baltoro Glacier are situated in which of the following mountain range?

Ans. Karakoram

26. Burji La and Zoji La passes are situated in which of the following states of India?

Ans. Jammu and Kashmir

27. Bara Lacha La and Shipki La passes are situated in which of the following states of India?

Ans. Himachal Pradesh

28. Mana and Lipulekh passes are situated in which of the following states of India?

Ans. Uttarakhand

29. Nathula and Jelep La passes are situated in which of the following states of India?

Ans. Sikkim

30. Bomdi La and Diphu La passes are situated in which of the following states of India?

Ans. Arunachal Pradesh

31. What is the height of Mount Everest?

Ans. 8848 meters

32. Northernmost belt of Great North Plain is known as?

Ans. Bhabar

33. Many rivers flowing from the Himalayas disappear when it enters in the belt of northern plain. Name the following belt of Northern plain.

Ans. Bhabar

34. Which one of the following belt in Northern Plain is the most fertile belt among all?

Ans. Khadar

35. Which of the following state of India is known as the land of five rivers?

Ans. Punjab

36. Which of the following peak is the highest peak of the Aravalli Range?

Ans. Gurushikhar (1722 mt)

37. The Hilly region of Bundelkhand is divided between which of the following states of India?

Ans. Uttar Pradesh and Madhya Pradesh

38. Which is the highest point of Vindhya Range?

Ans. Sadbhawna Shikhar (752 mt)

39. In which of the following states Western Ghat is extended?

Ans. Gujarat, Maharastra, Goa, Karnataka, Kerala and Tamilnadu

40. In which of the following states Eastern Ghat is extended?

Ans. West Bengal, Odisha, Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, and Tamilnadu

41. The highest mountain peak in Odisha is?

Ans. Deomali (1672mt)

42. Which of the following is the highest peak of the western ghat?

Ans. Anamudi (2695 mt)

43. Which of the following hill was known as Manak Parbat in ancient times?

Ans. Shiwalik Hill

44. Which of the following latitude separate the Andaman Island and Nicobar Island?

Ans. 10° N

45. The Outer Himalayan Range is also known as?

Ans. Shiwalik Range

46. Malwa plateau make a part of which of the following states?

Ans. Gujarat, Rajasthan and Madhya Pradesh

47. Satmala Hills is located in which of the following state of India?

Ans. Maharashtra

48. Which of the following plateau lie between Aravalli range and Vindhya Range?

Ans. Malwa Plateau

49. Which of the following is the highest peak of the Satpura Range?

Ans. Dhupgarh

50. Which is the highest mountain peak in Mizoram which is also known as Blue Mountain?

Ans. Phawngpui

51. Barren Island, the only active volcano in India is situated in which of the following Island?

Ans. Andaman Island

52. Which of the following is the largest Island in the Arabian sea of Indian Territory?

Ans. Minicoy

53. Dodabetta peak is situated in which of the following Hill range?

Ans. Nilgiri Hills

54. Which of the following Channel separates the Minicoy from rest of the Lakshadweep?

Ans. Nine Degree Channel

55. Which of the following Channel separates the Lakshadweep Group from the Maldives?

Ans. Eight Degree Channel