

# English Vocabulary Revision PDF

150 Words from  
Editorial  
(10.02.2019 to 22.02.2019)

## Important Editorial Articles

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## Important Words from Editorials

### 1. Word: **Vagrant** (खानाबदोश)

- **Pronunciation:** vey-gruh nt/ वेग्रन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Adjective
- **Meaning:**
  - a. a person without a settled home or regular work who wanders from place to place and lives by begging. [Noun]
  - b. relating to or living the life of a vagrant. [Adjective]
- **Synonyms:** wanderer, traveller, nomad, homeless, tramp
- **Antonyms:** settled, resident, static, indigenous
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Away went the policeman and the **vagrant** was left alone, helpless on a cold winter night

### 2. Word: **Mendicant** (भिक्षुक)

- **Pronunciation:** men-di-kuh nt/ मेन्डिकन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - a. given to begging. [Adjective]
  - b. a beggar [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** beggar, pauper, tramp
- **Antonyms:** imperative, have, rich, permanent
- **Usage in a Sentence:** This dear little-naked **mendicant** pretends to be utterly helpless.

### 3. Phrase: **Conundrum** (समस्या)

- **Pronunciation:** kuh-nuhn-druh m/ कनन्ड्रम
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - a. a confusing and difficult problem or question.
  - b. a question asked for amusement, typically one with a pun in its answer; a riddle.
- **Synonyms:** enigma, mystery, puzzle
- **Antonyms:** clarification, obviousness
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Time will certainly provide the solution to that **conundrum**.

### 4. Word: **Refinement** (परिमार्जन)

- **Pronunciation:** ri-fahyn-muh nt/ रिफाइनमन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - a. the process of removing impurities or unwanted elements from a substance.
  - b. the improvement or clarification of something by the making of small changes.
  - c. cultured elegance in behaviour or manner.
- **Synonyms:** elegance, sophistication, polish
- **Antonyms:** bad behaviour, coarseness, crudeness, corruption
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The new plan is a **refinement** of the one made before.

### 5. Phrase: **Laze around** (समय गंवाना)

- **Pronunciation:** leyz- uh-round/ लेज़ अराउंड
- **Part of Speech:** Phrase
- **Meaning:** to do nothing in particular; to be idle

- **Synonyms:** be idle, lazing
  - **Antonyms:** toil, work hard, labour
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Take time out to sleep properly, **laze around**, listen to music or have some form of leisure activity.
6. **Word: Vestigial (अल्पविकसित)**
- **Pronunciation:** ve-stij-ee-uh l/ वेस्टिजीअल
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. forming a very small remnant of something that was once greater or more noticeable.
    - b. (of an organ or part of the body) degenerate, rudimentary
  - **Synonyms:** rudimentary, undeveloped, primitive, immature
  - **Antonyms:** developed, functional
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** They were no longer men, just the **vestigial** remains of what had once been human beings.
7. **Phrase: Notion (धारणा)**
- **Pronunciation:** noh-shuh n/ नोशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. conception of or belief about something.
    - b. an impulse or desire, especially one of a whimsical kind
  - **Synonyms:** idea, opinion, impulse, thought, inclination
  - **Antonyms:** accident, accuracy, truth
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** She was prepossessed with the **notion** of her own superiority.
8. **Word: Abode (निवास-स्थान)**
- **Pronunciation:** uh-bohd/ अबोड
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a place of residence; a house or home
  - **Synonyms:** home, residence, dwelling, habitation
  - **Antonyms:** public, homelessness
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** I had been invited to take up my **abode** at Government House.
9. **Phrase: Pin down (स्पष्ट व्याख्या करना, बाध्य करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** पिन डाउन
  - **Part of Speech:** Phrase verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. to understand or describe something exactly.

- b. to force someone to make a decision about something.
- **Synonyms:** indicate, specify, designate, determine, bind, fasten, enforce
  - **Antonyms:** uncompress, disorient, dispose
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The teacher cannot **pin down** the essence of ancient poetry.
10. **Word: Wander (विचलित होना)**
- **Pronunciation:** won-der/ वान्डर
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** walk or move in a leisurely or aimless way.
  - **Synonyms:** roam, stray
  - **Antonyms:** stay, hurry
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Try not to let your mind **wander**.
11. **Word: Itinerant ( भ्रमणकारी)**
- **Pronunciation:** ahy-tin-er-uhnt/ आइटिनरन्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. travelling from place to place. [Adjective]
    - b. a person who travels from place to place. [Noun]
  - **Synonyms:** wandering, vagabond, nomadic, vagrant
  - **Antonyms:** settled, permanent, stationary, static
  - **Usage in a Sentence:**
12. **Word: Sanctity (पवित्रता)**
- **Pronunciation:** sangk-ti-tee/ सैंगक्टिटी
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. the state or quality of being holy, sacred, or saintly.
    - b. ultimate importance and inviolability.
  - **Synonyms:** sacredness, divinity
  - **Antonyms:** vileness, impureness
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Numerous miracles were proof of his **sanctity**.
13. **Word: Plausible (विश्वसनीय)**
- **Pronunciation:** plaw-zuh-buh l/ प्लाज़बल
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** seeming, reasonable or probable
  - **Synonyms:** believable, reasonable, credible
  - **Antonyms:** unlikely, unbelievable, flimsy
  - **Use in a Sentence:** This is a very **plausible** piece of information.

## 'Writer's Corner'

Based on the words description, we have some practice questions for you. Answer these questions in the comments section. Our team will review them at the earliest!

### Exercise 1. Make your own Sentences.

Here are some of the words from the above article. Try to frame sentences from them in your own words and share them with us in the comments section!

- Laze around
- Itinerant
- Plausible
- Conundrum
- Sanctity

### Exercise 2: Precis Writing

Summarise the central theme of the article in not more than 100 words.

### Exercise 3: Tease your mind with the Crossword.

Fill out the crossword below, both down and across, with the help of the clues below. Leave your answers in the comments section!

## Important Words from the Article

### 1. Word: **Plethora** (अधिकता)

- **Pronunciation:** pleth-er-uh/ प्लथॉर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a large or excessive amount of something.
- **Synonyms:** superabundance, surplus, plenty
- **Antonyms:** scarcity, dearth, shortage
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The forensic report contains a **plethora** of detail.

### 2. Word: **Fast-track** (शीघ्रपथ)

- **Pronunciation:** fast-trak/ फ़ास्ट ट्रैक
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. a route or method which provides for more rapid results than usual [Noun]
  - b. accelerate the progress of (a person or project) [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** expedite, hasten, advance, go faster
- **Antonyms:** delay, hamper, impede
- **Usage in a Sentence:** You'll either need to adapt to her **fast-track** lifestyle or simply get out of the race and let someone else take your place.

### 3. Word: **Adjunct** (अनुबंध)

- **Pronunciation:** aj-uhngkt/ ऐजंगक्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Adjective
- **Meaning:**
  - a. a thing added to something else as a supplementary rather than an essential part [Noun]
  - b. connected or added to something [Adjective]
- **Synonyms:** appendage, accessory, addition, supplement
- **Antonyms:** lessening, detriment, degradation
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Physical therapy is an important **adjunct** to drug treatments.

### 4. Word: **Trail** (राह निकाल लेना)

- **Pronunciation:** treyl/ ट्रैल
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. draw or be drawn along behind someone or something.
  - b. walk or move slowly or wearily.
  - c. to follow the track, trail, or scent of; track.
- **Synonyms:** dawdle, trace
- **Antonyms:** surpass, anticipate
- **Usage in Sentence:** The storm left a **trail** of destruction in its wake.

### 5. Word: **Mandate** (आदेश देना)

- **Pronunciation:** man-deyt/ मैन्डेट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. an official order or commission to do something. [Noun]
  - b. give (someone) authority to act in a certain way. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** order, command, instruction
- **Antonyms:** prohibit, abolish, denial
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The organization was chosen with a **mandate** to reduce the size of government.

### 6. Word: **Misgivings** (भय)

- **Pronunciation:** mis-giv-ing/ मिस्गिविंग
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a feeling of doubt or apprehension about the outcome or consequences of something.
- **Synonyms:** doubt, qualm, reservation, apprehensions



- **Antonyms:** confidence, belief, agreement, approval
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** He had considerable **misgivings** at the prospect of moving jobs.
7. **Word: Tamper (दखल करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** tam-per/ टैम्पर
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** interfere with (something) in order to cause damage or make unauthorized alterations.
  - **Synonyms:** meddle, tinker
  - **Antonyms:** improve, repair
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** We should not **tamper** with others' affairs.
8. **Word: Robust (मजबूत)**
- **Pronunciation:** roh-buhst/ रोबस्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** strong and healthy; vigorous.
  - **Synonyms:** powerful, persistent
  - **Antonyms:** weak, feeble
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The organization is taking a more **robust** approach to management.
9. **Word: Errant (पथभ्रष्ट)**
- **Pronunciation:** er-uh nt/ एरन्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** erring or straying from the accepted course or standards
  - **Synonyms:** sinful, devious, erring
  - **Antonyms:** correct, nice, righteous
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** He fired his pistol in the air and charged over the top as if he were chasing some **errant** fox.
10. **Word: Glitch (विधारी)**
- **Pronunciation:** glich/ ग्लिच
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a sudden, usually temporary malfunction or fault of equipment [Noun]
    - suffer a sudden malfunction or fault [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** bug, flaw, malfunction, snag
  - **Antonyms:** advantage, refinement, innovation
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The computer failure was due to a **glitch** caused by lightning.
11. **Word: Spool (रील में लपेटना)**
- **Pronunciation:** spool/ स्पूल
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb

- **Meaning:**
    - a cylindrical device on which film, magnetic tape, thread, or other flexible materials can be wound; a reel [Noun]
    - wind (magnetic tape, thread, etc.) on to a spool [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** reel, roll, coil
  - **Antonyms:** uncoil
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The water wheel was constructed from an electric cable **spool**.
12. **Word: Bridge the divide (दूरी कम करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** ब्रिज थे डिवाइड
  - **Part of Speech:** Phrase
  - **Meaning:** to bring two sides closer together, overcoming their differences
  - **Synonyms:** aid, assist, make a truce
  - **Antonyms:** hinder, hurt
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** We assumed that the minister was working to **bridge the divide** between the parties on this controversial issue.
13. **Word: Polemical (विवादात्मक)**
- **Pronunciation:** puh-lem-ik, poh/ पलेमकल
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** of or involving strongly critical or disputatious writing or speech
  - **Synonyms:** critical, hostile, bitter
  - **Antonyms:** uncontroversial, undisputed
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Setting aside the **polemical** aspects of his argument, Honderich's thesis boils down to three points.
14. **Word: Detractor (आलोचना करके कलंकित करने वाला)**
- **Pronunciation:** dih-traktor/ डिट्रैक्टर
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a person who disparages someone or something
  - **Synonyms:** critic, attacker, slanderer
  - **Antonyms:** benefactor, ally, supporter
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The **detractors** say they are relative newcomers who would have constituted a gamble.
15. **Word: Reiterate (दुहराना)**
- **Pronunciation:** ree-it-uh-reyt/ रीड्टरैट
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** say something again or a number of times, typically for emphasis or clarity.
  - **Synonyms:** repeat, iterate, duplicate

- **Antonyms:** elapse, conceal, dismiss
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Before exam, my teacher **reiterated** all the important points
16. **Word: Furlough (अवकाश)**
- **Pronunciation:** fur-loh/ फर्लो
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. leave of absence, especially that granted to a member of the services or a missionary [Noun]
    - b. grant leave of absence to [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** leave, vacation, holiday
  - **Antonyms:** rehire, recall, retain, employ
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** After this last **furlough** we paid a last sad visit to the school and found a small girl crying her heart out
17. **Word: Precipitate (असावधान)**
- **Pronunciation:** pri-sip-i-teyt/ प्रिसिपेट
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb, Adjective, Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. cause (an event or situation, typically one that is undesirable) to happen suddenly, unexpectedly, or prematurely. [Verb]
    - b. done, made, or acting suddenly or without careful consideration
    - c. a substance precipitated from a solution [Noun]
  - **Synonyms:** hasty, rash, sudden, hurried, reckless
  - **Antonyms:** slow, deliberate, unhurried
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** I don't think we should make **precipitate** decisions.
18. **Word: Exaggeration (अतिशयोक्ति)**
- **Pronunciation:** ig-zaj-uh-rey-shuh n/ इग्ज़ैजरेशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a statement that represents something as better or worse than it really is
  - **Synonyms:** overstatement, distortion
  - **Antonyms:** understatement, honesty, reduction
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** There was a degree of **exaggeration** in his description of events.
19. **Word: Espouse (अपनाना)**
- **Pronunciation:** ih-spouz/ एस्पौज
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** adopt or support (a cause, belief, or way of life)

- **Synonyms:** adopt, embrace, support, marry
  - **Antonyms:** disown, discard, reject
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Some teachers enthusiastically **espouse** the benefits to be gained from educational software.
20. **Word: Regime (शासन)**
- **Pronunciation:** ruh-zheem/ रैशीम
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. government, especially an authoritarian one.
    - b. a system or ordered way of doing things.
  - **Synonyms:** administration, jurisdiction
  - **Antonyms:** disorder, confusion
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The **regime** got rid of most of its opponents.
21. **Word: Foreboding (पूर्वाभास)**
- **Pronunciation:** fawr-boh-ding/ फॉर्बोडिंग
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Adjective, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. a feeling that something bad will happen; fearful apprehension [Noun]
    - b. implying that something bad is going to happen [Adjective]
    - c. have a presentiment of (something bad) [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** prophecy, sign, premonition
  - **Antonyms:** bright, hopeful, favourable
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** He returned, full of **foreboding**, to the scene of the accident.
22. **Word: Decry (निंदा करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** dih-krahy/ डिक्राइ
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** publicly denounce
  - **Synonyms:** denounce, condemn, criticize
  - **Antonyms:** exalt, applaud, compliment
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** He is impatient with those who **decry** the scheme.
23. **Word: Partisan (कट्टर)**
- **Pronunciation:** pahr-tuh-zuhn/पार्टिज़न
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Adjective
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. a strong supporter of a party, cause, or person. [Noun]
    - b. prejudiced in favour of a particular cause. [Adjective]
  - **Synonyms:** supporter, biased
  - **Antonyms:** opponent, unbiased

- **Usage in a Sentence:** You must listen to both points of view and try not to be **partisan**.
24. **Word: Rancour (अतिद्वेष)**
- **Pronunciation:** rang-ker/ रँगकर
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** bitterness or resentfulness, especially when long-standing
  - **Synonyms:** bitterness, spite, hate, resentment
  - **Antonyms:** benevolence, charity
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** She learned to accept criticism without **rancour**.
25. **Word: Revocation (खण्डन)**
- **Pronunciation:** rev-uh-key-shuh n/ रेवकेशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the official cancellation of a decree, decision, or promise.
  - **Synonyms:** Cancellation, Withdrawal, Repeal, Abolition
  - **Antonyms:** Appeal, Entrance, Continuation
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The owner of the Gym is going to **revoke** my membership because I haven't paid their annual dues.
26. **Word: Blow (वार)**
- **Pronunciation:** bloh/ ब्लो
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - (of wind) move creating an air current [Verb]
    - a powerful stroke with a hand, weapon, or hard object [Noun]
    - a strong wind [Noun]
    - a sudden shock or disappointment [Noun]
  - **Synonyms:** hit, stroke, shock, blast
  - **Antonyms:** blessing, calm
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** It will be a devastating **blow** to the local community if the factory closes.
27. **Word: Concession (रियायत में दी गई वस्तु)**
- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-sesh-uh n/ कन्सेशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a thing that is granted, especially in response to demands
  - **Synonyms:** allowance, privilege, grant
  - **Antonyms:** denial, difference, protest
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The former president's **concession** came even before all the votes had been counted.

28. **Word: Deficit (अभाव)**

- **Pronunciation:** def-uh-sit/ डेफसट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the amount by which something, especially a sum of money, is too small
- **Synonyms:** shortage, lack, shortfall, deficiency
- **Antonyms:** plenty, surplus, plethora, abundance
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The company has just won a mining **concession** in the north of the country.

29. **Word: Retaliation (प्रति-हिंसा)**

- **Pronunciation:** ri-tal-ee-ey-shuh n/ रीटैलीऐशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - the action of returning a military attack; counter-attack.
  - the action of harming someone because they have harmed oneself; revenge.
- **Synonyms:** revenge, punishment
- **Antonyms:** mercy, forgiveness
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The armed forces were on high alert to guard against any **retaliation**.

30. **Word: Negotiate (समझौता करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** ni-goh-shee-eyt/ निगोशिएट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** try to reach an agreement or compromise by discussion
- **Synonyms:** bargain, arrange, deal
- **Antonyms:** disclaim, devolve, disturb
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The government has refused to **negotiate** with the strikers.

31. **Word: Breakthrough (महत्वपूर्ण खोज)**

- **Pronunciation:** breyk-throo/ ब्रैक्थू
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - a sudden, dramatic, and important discovery or development.
  - an instance of achieving success in a particular sphere or activity.
- **Synonyms:** find, improvement, innovation, revolution
- **Antonyms:** throwback, decline, impasse, digress
- **Use in a Sentence:** We have achieved a real **breakthrough** in the search for peace.

32. **Word: Norms (मानक)**

- **Pronunciation:** nawrm/ नॉर्मज़
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. something that is usual, typical, or standard [Noun]
  - b. adjust (something) to conform to a norm [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** standard, usual, normal
- **Antonyms:** exceptions, aberrations
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The social **norms** cannot merely exist as constraints existing outside individuals.

33. **Word: Aggravate (बिगाड़ना)**

- **Pronunciation:** ag-ruh-veyt/ ऐग्रवेट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** make (a problem, injury, or offence) worse or more serious
- **Synonyms:** irritate, provoke, annoy
- **Antonyms:** calm, sooth, relieve, comfort
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Cigarettes can **aggravate** the symptoms of a cold.

34. **Word: Comprehensive (व्यापक)**

- **Pronunciation:** kom-pri-hen-siv/ व्यापक
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - a. including or dealing with all or nearly all elements or aspects of something [Adjective]
  - b. a comprehensive school [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** complete, inclusive, extensive
- **Antonyms:** exclusive, restricted, limited
- **Usage in a Sentence:** We offer you a **comprehensive** training in all aspects of the business.

35. **Word: Flexibility (लचीलापन)**

- **Pronunciation:** flek-suh-buhl/ फ्लेक्सबिलिटी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the quality of bending easily without breaking
- **Synonyms:** resilience, elasticity, compliance
- **Antonyms:** rigidity, inflexibility
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The **flexibility** of distance learning would be particularly suited to busy managers.

36. **Word: Deadlock (गतिरोध)**

- **Pronunciation:** ded-lok/ डेड्लोक
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb

• **Meaning:**

a. a situation, typically one involving opposing parties, in which no progress can be made [Noun]

b. cause (a situation or opposing parties) to come to a point where no progress can be made because of fundamental disagreement [Verb]

- **Synonyms:** standstill, draw, logjam
- **Antonyms:** agreement, resolution
- **Usage in a Sentence:** A **deadlock** was reached in the discussions, as neither side would give way to the other.

37. **Word: Intervention**

- **Pronunciation:** in-ter-ven-shuh n/ इन्टर्वेन्शन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the action or process of intervening
- **Synonyms:** interference, mediation, intrusion
- **Antonyms:** noninterference, nonintervention, challenge
- **Usage in a Sentence:** We would resist any armed **intervention** from outside in our country's affairs.

38. **Word: Probe (जांच करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** proh/b/ प्रोब
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. a thorough investigation into a crime or other matter. [Noun]
  - b. explore or examine (something), especially with the hands or an instrument. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** scrutinize, inquiry
- **Antonyms:** glimpse, absurd
- **Usage in a Sentence:** I don't want to **probe** too deeply into your personal affairs.

39. **Word: Destitute (विहीन)**

- **Pronunciation:** des-ti-toot/ डेस्टिटूट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** extremely poor and lacking the means to provide for oneself
- **Synonyms:** penniless, poor, impoverished
- **Antonyms:** rich, wealthy, prosperous
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Everywhere he went, people were **destitute**, and all of those people offered him something to eat.

40. **Word: Apathy (उदासीनता)**

- **Pronunciation:** ap-uh-thee/ ऐपथी



- **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** lack of interest, enthusiasm, or concern
  - **Synonyms:** indifference, unconcern, unresponsiveness, detachment
  - **Antonyms:** interest, sympathy, passion
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The campaign failed because of public **apathy**.
41. **Word: Audit (परीक्षण)**
- **Pronunciation:** aw-dit/ ऑडिट
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. an official inspection of an organization's accounts, typically by an independent body [Noun]
    - b. conduct an official financial inspection of (a company or its accounts) [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** check, review, scrutiny, suspect
  - **Antonyms:** ignore, neglect, preview
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** As usual, the yearly **audit** will take place in December.
42. **Word: Damning (घातक)**
- **Pronunciation:** dam-ing/ डैमिंग
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. (of a circumstance or piece of evidence) strongly suggesting guilt or error
    - b. extremely critical
  - **Synonyms:** condemnatory, damnatory, denunciation, critical
  - **Antonyms:** promising, blessing, propitious
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The author has delivered a **damning** counterblast to her critics.
43. **Word: Assault (दुरागतचर्च)**
- **Pronunciation:** uh-sawlt/ असॉल्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. make a physical attack on [Verb]
    - b. a physical attack [Noun]
  - **Synonyms:** attack, assail, strike, charge
  - **Antonyms:** defend, support, protect
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The organizers of the march were charged with **assault** and riotous assembly.
44. **Word: Subsequent (आगामी)**
- **Pronunciation:** suhb-si-kwuh nt/ सब्सीक्वन्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** coming after something in time; following

- **Synonyms:** following, consequent
  - **Antonyms:** prior, foregoing
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The story will be continued in **subsequent** parts of the series.
45. **Word: Stringent (सख्त)**
- **Pronunciation:** strin-juh nt/ स्ट्रिन्जन्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** (of regulations, requirements, or conditions) strict, precise, and exacting
  - **Synonyms:** harsh, rigorous, severe
  - **Antonyms:** tolerant, flexible, lenient
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** He failed to convene the **stringent** selection criteria.
46. **Word: Adverse (प्रतिकूल)**
- **Pronunciation:** ad-vurs/ ऐड्वर्स
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** preventing success or development; harmful; unfavourable
  - **Synonyms:** contrary, unfavourable, detrimental
  - **Antonyms:** favourable, helpful, good
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Despite the **adverse** conditions, the road was finished in just eight months.
47. **Word: Scrutiny (छान-बीन)**
- **Pronunciation:** skroot-n-ee/ स्कूटनी
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a critical observation or examination
  - **Synonyms:** investigation, review
  - **Antonyms:** disregard, neglect
  - **Usage in Sentence:** Their enterprises have come under police **scrutiny**.
48. **Word: Clout (पराक्रम)**
- **Pronunciation:** klout/ क्लाउट
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. influence or power, especially in politics or business. [Noun]
    - b. hit hard [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** authority, control, punch
  - **Antonyms:** weakness, failure
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** My mother carries a lot of **clout** in her opinion.
49. **Word: Disquiet (व्याकुल होना)**
- **Pronunciation:** dis-kwahy-it/ डिस्क्वाइडिट
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb

- **Meaning:**
    - a. a feeling of worry or unease. [Noun]
    - b. make (someone) worried or uneasy. [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** uneasiness, worry, anxiety, agitate, upset
  - **Antonyms:** calm, ease, comfort, peace
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** We shall find the reason for **disquiet** about this argument.
50. **Word: Exert (जोर लगाना)**
- **Pronunciation:** ig-zurt/ इग्ज़र्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. apply or bring to bear (a force, influence, or quality)
    - b. make a physical or mental effort.
  - **Synonyms:** exercise, apply, strain
  - **Antonyms:** careless, stay still
  - **Usage in a Sentence:**
51. **Word: Bestow (प्रदान करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** bih-stoh/ बिस्टो
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. confer or present (an honour, right, or gift)
    - b. put (something) in a specified place
  - **Synonyms:** give, grant, present, confer
  - **Antonyms:** deprive, take refuse
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Copperfield insists his archipelago also contains the legendary waters that **bestow** perpetual youth.
52. **Word: Inadequacy (अपर्याप्तता)**
- **Pronunciation:** in-ad-i-kwuh-see/ इनैडिक्वसी
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. the state or quality of being inadequate
    - b. inability to deal with a situation or with life
  - **Synonyms:** incompetence, insufficiency
  - **Antonyms:** skill set, plethora, adequacy
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Unemployment can cause feelings of **inadequacy** and low self-esteem.
53. **Word: Discontent (असंतुष्ट)**
- **Pronunciation:** dis-kuh n-tent/ डिस्कन्टेन्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** dissatisfaction with one's circumstances; lack of contentment.
  - **Synonyms:** unhappy, annoyed
  - **Antonyms:** happiness, satisfied
54. **Word: Despot (स्वच्छंद)**
- **Usage in a Sentence:** There was an underlying current of **discontent** among employees.
  - **Pronunciation:** dih-spot-ik/ डिस्पाटिक
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** of or typical of a despot; tyrannical
  - **Synonyms:** dictatorial, autocratic, arbitrary
  - **Antonyms:** democratic, republican, popular
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** He was **despotic**, and she liked freedom; he was worldly, and she, perhaps, romantic.
55. **Word: Dissent (एतराज करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** dih-sent/ डिसेन्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. the holding or expression of opinions at variance with those commonly or officially held. [Noun]
    - b. hold or express opinions that are at variance with those commonly or officially held. [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** conflict, disagree
  - **Antonyms:** ascent, approve
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** There were murmurs of both assent and **dissent** from the crowd.
56. **Word: Theocratic (धर्मशासित)**
- **Pronunciation:** thee-ok-ruh-see/ थीअक्रैटिक
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** relating to or denoting a system of government in which priests rule in the name of God or a god
  - **Synonyms:** clerical, priestly
  - **Antonyms:** secular, un priestly
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The undefended city and the ritual bronzes demonstrated that this kingdom was more **theocratic** than political.
57. **Word: Defiant (अवज्ञाकारी)**
- **Pronunciation:** dih-fahy-uhnt/ डिफाइअन्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** showing defiance
  - **Synonyms:** insubordinate, bold, disobedient
  - **Antonyms:** apologetic, cooperative, obedient, respectful, submissive
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The Prime Minister was in **defiant** mood in the House of Commons yesterday

58. **Phrase: Strike a note (अभिव्यक्त करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** स्ट्राइक अ नोट
- **Part of Speech:** Phrase
- **Meaning:** to express and communicate a particular opinion or feeling about something; be relevant or familiar to
- **Synonyms:** bethink, call to mind, cite
- **Antonyms:** calm, disregard, forget
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Let me **strike a note** of hopefulness: this job will not be as hard as you think.

59. **Word: Mobilise (संघटित करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** moh-buh-lahyz/ मोबलाइज़
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - (of a country or its government) prepare and organize (troops) for active service.
  - organize and encourage (a group of people) to take collective action in pursuit of a particular objective.
  - make (something) movable or capable of movement.
- **Synonyms:** rally, summon, muster
- **Antonyms:** demobilise, inactivate, bring to a halt
- **Usage in a Sentence:** India is now in a better position to **mobilise** its forces.

60. **Word: Rhetoric (शब्दाडम्बर)**

- **Pronunciation:** ret-er-ik/रेटरिक
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** language designed to have a persuasive or impressive effect, but which is often regarded as lacking in sincerity or meaningful content.
- **Synonyms:** Elocution, Discourse, Bombast
- **Antonyms:** Conciseness, Quiet
- **Usage in a Sentence:** As the elections are just one week away, the **rhetoric** on both parties is building.

61. **Word: Isolation (एकाकीपन)**

- **Pronunciation:** ahy-suh-ley-shuh n/ आइसलेशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the process or fact of isolating or being isolated
- **Synonyms:** solitude, seclusion, privacy
- **Antonyms:** amalgamation, alliance, association
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He retired and lived in relative **isolation**.

62. **Word: Multilateral (बहुपक्षीय)**

- **Pronunciation:** muhl-ti-lat-er-uh l/ मल्टीलैटरल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** agreed upon or participated in by three or more parties, especially the governments of different countries
- **Synonyms:** multifaceted, international
- **Antonyms:** unilateral, bilateral, mutual
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The first round of **multilateral** trade talks has swayed between hope and despair.

63. **Word: Elite (उच्च वर्ग)**

- **Pronunciation:** ih-leet /ऐलीट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a select group that is superior in terms of ability or qualities to the rest of a group or society.
- **Synonyms:** nobility, prime
- **Antonyms:** worst, ordinary
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Public opinion is influenced by the small **elite** who control the media.

64. **Word: Bolster (सहारा)**

- **Pronunciation:** bohl-ster/ बोल्स्टर
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** support or strengthen.
- **Synonyms:** reinforce, brace, fortify
- **Antonyms:** obstruct, weaken, hinder
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He is making a strong effort to **bolster** the territory's confidence.

65. **Phrase: Bank on (आशा करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** bangk- on/ बैंक ऑन
- **Part of Speech:** Phrasal Verb
- **Meaning:** rely on confidently
- **Synonyms:** trust, count on, rely on, depend on
- **Antonyms:** doubt, suspect
- **Usage in a Sentence:** You can **bank on** him to hand you a reasonable bill for your services.

66. **Word: Détente (दो देशों के संबंध सुधारना)**

- **Pronunciation:** dey-tahnt/ डेटान्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the easing of hostility or strained relations, especially between countries
- **Synonyms:** defusing, relaxation, easing
- **Antonyms:** disruptive, combative

- **Usage in a Sentence:** The talks are aimed at furthering **detente** between the two countries.
67. **Word: Scuttle (बिगाड़ना/तीव्र गति)**
- **Pronunciation:** skuht-l/ स्कटल
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. run hurriedly or furtively with short quick steps. [Verb]
    - b. deliberately cause (a scheme) to fail. [Verb]
    - c. a metal container with a handle used to fetch and store coal for a domestic fire. [Noun]
  - **Synonyms:** hasten, wreck
  - **Antonyms:** decelerate, resume
  - **Use in a Sentence:** The incident threatens to **scuttle** the peace process.
68. **Word: Repression (नियंत्रण)**
- **Pronunciation:** ri-presh-uh n/ रीप्रेशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. the restraint, prevention, or inhibition of a feeling, quality, etc.
    - b. the action of subduing someone or something by force.
  - **Synonyms:** control, oppression, suppression, inhibition
  - **Antonyms:** liberty, permission
  - **Use in a Sentence:** The political **repression** in this country is enforced by terror.
69. **Word: Unleash (उन्मुक्त करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** uhn-leesh/ अन्लीश
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** cause (a strong or violent force) to be released or become unrestrained.
  - **Synonyms:** release, liberate, extricate
  - **Antonyms:** restrain, control, inhibit
  - **Use in a Sentence:** The result will **unleash** the raging demands for her resignation.
70. **Word: Cap (आवरण डालना)**
- **Pronunciation:** kap/ कैप
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. a kind of soft, flat hat without a brim and typically with a peak. [Noun]
    - b. provide a fitting climax or conclusion to [Verb]

- c. place a limit or restriction on (prices, expenditure, or borrowing)
  - **Synonyms:** cover, lid
  - **Antonyms:** fall down, lose, recede
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Don't forget to **cap** the tank after filling it up with petrol
71. **Word: Pursuit (अनुसरण, कोशिश)**
- **Pronunciation:** per-soot/ पर्सूट
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. the action of pursuing someone or something.
    - b. an activity of a specified kind, especially a recreational or sporting one.
  - **Synonyms:** work, enterprise, mission, seeking
  - **Antonyms:** retreat, surrender, detest
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** She travelled the world in **pursuit** of her dreams.
72. **Phrase: The new normal (नवीन अधोलंब)**
- **Pronunciation:** द न्यू नार्मल
  - **Part of Speech:** Phrase
  - **Meaning:** a previously unfamiliar or atypical situation that has become standard, usual, or expected
  - **Synonyms:** new order, new routine
  - **Antonyms:** abnormal, irregular, traditional
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Daytime sleepiness appears to be the **new normal** for adolescents
73. **Word: Sidelines (अलग रखना)**
- **Pronunciation:** sahyd-lahyn/ साइडलाइन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. an activity done in addition to one's main job, especially to earn extra income. [Noun]
    - b. remove from the centre of activity or attention; place in a less influential position [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** subsidiary, uninvolved
  - **Antonyms:** centre, core
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Our party has been on the political **sidelines** for too long - we must now work towards getting into power
74. **Word: Turnaround (अचानक परिवर्तन करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** turn-uh-round/ टर्नराउन्ड
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** an abrupt or unexpected change, especially one that results in a more favourable situation.



- **Synonyms:** reversion, lapse, regress, reversal
  - **Antonyms:** progress, advancement, headway
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** We must reduce costs and shorten **turnaround** times.
75. **Word: Underwhelm (निराशाजनक)**
- **Pronunciation:** uhn-der-hwelm/ अंडरव्हेल्म
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** fail to impress or make a positive impact on (someone); disappoint
  - **Synonyms:** unenthusiastic, ordinary, disillusion
  - **Antonyms:** heart touching, tremendous, amazing
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** We've had an **underwhelming** response to our request for help.
75. **Phrase: Faster clip (शीघ्रता से)**
- **Pronunciation:** फास्टर क्लिप
  - **Part of Speech:** Phrase
  - **Meaning:** at a fast rate
  - **Synonyms:** quickly, speedily, rapidly
  - **Antonyms:** slowly, gradually, sluggishly
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Still, investors say bonds will suffer as the economy begins to grow at a **faster clip** this year.
76. **Word: Stabilise (स्थायीकरण)**
- **Pronunciation:** stey-buh-lahyz/ स्टेबलाइज़
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** make or become unlikely to change, fail, or decline
  - **Synonyms:** steadying, rest, calm, balance
  - **Antonyms:** destabilize, work
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** With the economy **stabilising**, receipts should also stabilise soon
77. **Word: Stall (रोकना)**
- **Pronunciation:** stawl/ स्टॉल
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** stop or cause to stop making progress.
  - **Synonyms:** obstruct, impede
  - **Antonyms:** accelerate, actuate
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Fears are increasing that a tax increase may **stall** economic recovery.
78. **Word: Containment (नियंत्रण)**
- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-teyn-muh nt/ कन्टेन्मन्ट

- **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. the act of keeping something harmful under control or within limits.
    - b. the action or policy of preventing the expansion of a hostile country or influence
  - **Synonyms:** control, confinement, restriction
  - **Antonyms:** freedom, expression, appearance
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** **Containment** of crowd violence was the police's main concern.
79. **Word: Tightrope (जटिल स्थिति)**
- **Pronunciation:** tahyt-rohp/ टाइट्रोप
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. a rope or wire stretched tightly high above the ground, on which acrobats perform feats of balancing. [Noun]
    - b. to deal with a difficult situation, especially one involving making a decision between two opposing plans of action. [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** mess, complication
  - **Antonyms:** simplicity, ease
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** School administrators walk a **tightrope** between the demands of the community and the realities of how children really behave.
80. **Word: Conviction (पूर्ण विश्वास)**
- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-vik-shuh n/ कन्विकशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a firmly held belief or opinion.
  - **Synonyms:** confidence, certitude
  - **Antonyms:** disbelief, doubt
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The most fearful enemy is not having a firm **conviction**.
81. **Word: Vital (जीवनीक)**
- **Pronunciation:** vahyt-l/ वाइटल
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. absolutely necessary; essential. [Adjective]
    - b. the body's important internal organs. [Noun]
  - **Synonyms:** essential, important, necessary, critical
  - **Antonyms:** unimportant, unnecessary
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** It is absolutely **vital** that food supplies should be maintained.

82. **Word: Vagrant (खानाबदोश)**

- **Pronunciation:** vey-gruh nt/ वेग्रन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Adjective
- **Meaning:**
  - a. a person without a settled home or regular work who wanders from place to place and lives by begging. [Noun]
  - b. relating to or living the life of a vagrant. [Adjective]
- **Synonyms:** wanderer, traveller, nomad, homeless, tramp
- **Antonyms:** settled, resident, static, indigenous
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Away went the policeman and the **vagrant** was left alone, helpless on a cold winter night

83. **Word: Mendicant (भिक्षुक)**

- **Pronunciation:** men-di-kuh nt/ मेन्डिकन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - a. given to begging. [Adjective]
  - b. a beggar [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** beggar, pauper, tramp
- **Antonyms:** imperative, have, rich, permanent
- **Usage in a Sentence:** This dear little-naked **mendicant** pretends to be utterly helpless.

84. **Phrase: Conundrum (समस्या)**

- **Pronunciation:** kuh-nuhn-druh m/ कन्नुड्रम
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - a. a confusing and difficult problem or question.
  - b. a question asked for amusement, typically one with a pun in its answer; a riddle.
- **Synonyms:** enigma, mystery, puzzle
- **Antonyms:** clarification, obviousness
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Time will certainly provide the solution to that **conundrum**.

85. **Word: Refinement (परिमार्जन)**

- **Pronunciation:** ri-fahyn-muh nt/ रिफाइनमन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - a. the process of removing impurities or unwanted elements from a substance.
  - b. the improvement or clarification of something by the making of small changes.
  - c. cultured elegance in behaviour or manner.
- **Synonyms:** elegance, sophistication, polish

- **Antonyms:** bad behaviour, coarseness, crudeness, corruption
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The new plan is a **refinement** of the one made before.

86. **Phrase: Laze around (समय गंवाना)**

- **Pronunciation:** leyz- uh-round/ लेज़ अराउंड
- **Part of Speech:** Phrase
- **Meaning:** to do nothing in particular; to be idle
- **Synonyms:** be idle, lazing
- **Antonyms:** toil, work hard, labour
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Take time out to sleep properly, **laze around**, listen to music or have some form of leisure activity.

87. **Word: Vestigial (अल्पविकसित)**

- **Pronunciation:** ve-stij-ee-uh l/ वेस्टिजीअल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:**
  - a. forming a very small remnant of something that was once greater or more noticeable.
  - b. (of an organ or part of the body) degenerate, rudimentary
- **Synonyms:** rudimentary, undeveloped, primitive, immature
- **Antonyms:** developed, functional
- **Usage in a Sentence:** They were no longer men, just the **vestigial** remains of what had once been human beings.

88. **Phrase: Notion (धारणा)**

- **Pronunciation:** noh-shuh n/ नोशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - a. conception of or belief about something.
  - b. an impulse or desire, especially one of a whimsical kind
- **Synonyms:** idea, opinion, impulse, thought, inclination
- **Antonyms:** accident, accuracy, truth
- **Usage in a Sentence:** She was prepossessed with the **notion** of her own superiority.

89. **Word: Abode (निवास-स्थान)**

- **Pronunciation:** uh-bohd/ अबोड
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a place of residence; a house or home
- **Synonyms:** home, residence, dwelling, habitation
- **Antonyms:** public, homelessness

- **Usage in a Sentence:** I had been invited to take up my **abode** at Government House.
90. **Phrase: Pin down (स्पष्ट व्याख्या करना, बाध्य करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** पिन डाउन
  - **Part of Speech:** Phrase verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. to understand or describe something exactly.
    - b. to force someone to make a decision about something.
  - **Synonyms:** indicate, specify, designate, determine, bind, fasten, enforce
  - **Antonyms:** uncompress, disorient, dispose
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The teacher cannot **pin down** the essence of ancient poetry.
91. **Word: Wander (विचलित होना)**
- **Pronunciation:** won-der/ वान्डर
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** walk or move in a leisurely or aimless way.
  - **Synonyms:** roam, stray
  - **Antonyms:** stay, hurry
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Try not to let your mind **wander**.
92. **Word: Itinerant (भ्रमणकारी)**
- **Pronunciation:** ahy-tin-er-uhnt/ आइटिनरन्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. travelling from place to place. [Adjective]
    - b. a person who travels from place to place. [Noun]
  - **Synonyms:** wandering, vagabond, nomadic, vagrant
  - **Antonyms:** settled, permanent, stationary, static
  - **Usage in a Sentence:**
93. **Word: Sanctity (पवित्रता)**
- **Pronunciation:** sangk-ti-tee/ सैंगक्टिटी
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. the state or quality of being holy, sacred, or saintly.
    - b. ultimate importance and inviolability.
  - **Synonyms:** sacredness, divinity
  - **Antonyms:** vileness, impureness
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Numerous miracles were proof of his **sanctity**.
94. **Word: Plausible (विश्वसनीय)**
- **Pronunciation:** plaw-zuh-buh / प्लाज़बल

- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** seeming, reasonable or probable
  - **Synonyms:** believable, reasonable, credible
  - **Antonyms:** unlikely, unbelievable, flimsy
  - **Use in a Sentence:** This is a very **plausible** piece of information.
95. **Word: Allay (कम कर देना)**
- **Pronunciation:** uh-ley/ अलै
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. diminish or put at rest (fear, suspicion, or worry).
    - b. relieve or alleviate (pain or hunger).
  - **Synonyms:** reduce, decrease, lessen
  - **Antonyms:** provoke, intensify, aggravate
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The government is enthusiastic to **allay** the public's fears.
96. **Word: Redact (संपादन करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** ri-dakt/ रीडैक्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. edit (text) for publication
    - b. censor or obscure (part of a text) for legal or security purposes
  - **Synonyms:** edit, rewrite, correct, rectify
  - **Antonyms:** ignite, lighten, decontaminate
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** You can **redact** a word simply by selecting it with your mouse cursor.
97. **Word: Closure (समापन)**
- **Pronunciation:** kloh-zher/ क्लोशर
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. an act or process of closing something, especially an institution, thoroughfare, or frontier, or of being closed. [Noun]
    - b. apply the closure to (a debate or speaker) in a legislative assembly. [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** end, closing, stoppage
  - **Antonyms:** opening, start, beginning, introduction
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The **closure** of the export department resulted in over 100 redundancies.
98. **Word: Table (प्रस्तावित करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** tey-buh / टेबल
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. a piece of furniture. [Noun]

- b. a set of facts or figures systematically displayed, especially in columns. [Noun]  
 c. present formally for discussion or consideration at a meeting. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** board, submit, file, propose, suggest, introduce
  - **Antonyms:** vote, choice, decide
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** More than fifty amendments to the bill have been **tabled**.
99. **Word: Vigorous (मजबूत)**
- **Pronunciation:** vig-er-uhs/ विगरस
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** strong, healthy, and full of energy
  - **Synonyms:** energetic, strong, lively, robust
  - **Antonyms:** feeble, weak, lazy, lethargic
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** An extremely **vigorous** exercise can increase the risk of heart attacks.
100. **Word: Revelation (रहस्योद्घाटन)**
- **Pronunciation:** rev-uh-ley-shuh n/ रेवलैशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a surprising and previously unknown fact that has been disclosed to others.
  - **Synonyms:** declaration, exposure, disclosure
  - **Antonyms:** concealment, hidings
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The **revelation** of her disgraceful past led to her resignation.
101. **Word: Lapse (रद्द हो जाना)**
- **Pronunciation:** laps/लैप्स
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. a brief or temporary failure of concentration, memory, or judgement. [Noun]
    - b. an interval or passage of time. [Noun]
    - c. pass gradually into (an inferior state or condition). [Verb]
    - d. (of a right, privilege, or agreement) become invalid because it is not used, claimed, or renewed; expire. [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** decline, regresses
  - **Antonyms:** improvements, renews
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The booking will automatically **lapse** unless you confirm it.
102. **Word: Deviation (भटकावा)**
- **Pronunciation:** dee-vee-ey-shuh n/ डीवीएशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun

- **Meaning:** the action of departing from an established course or accepted standard
  - **Synonyms:** divergence, diversion, departure, digression
  - **Antonyms:** direction, uniformity, affinity
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Any **deviation** from the party's faith is seen as betrayal.
103. **Word: Peg (स्थिर रखना)**
- **Pronunciation:** peg/ पेग
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** fix, secure, or mark with a peg or pegs.
  - **Synonyms:** pin, nail, fasten, secure
  - **Antonyms:** detach, unfasten, glance
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** I'll **peg** out the clothes before I go to work.
104. **Word: Marginal (अत्यल्प)**
- **Pronunciation:** mahr-juh-nl/ मार्जिनल
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - relating to or at the edge or margin. [Adjective]
    - minor and not important; not central. [Adjective]
    - a plant that grows in water close to the edge of land. [Noun]
  - **Synonyms:** slight, small, tiny, minute, low, minor, insignificant
  - **Antonyms:** central, core, interior, mainstream
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The difference between the two estimates is **marginal**.
105. **Word: Streamline (सरल बनाना)**
- **Pronunciation:** streem-lahyn/ स्ट्रीमलाइन
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - make (an organization or system) more efficient and effective by employing faster or simpler working methods. [Verb]
    - a line along which the flow of a moving fluid is least turbulent. [Noun]
  - **Synonyms:** rationalisation, simplify, order
  - **Antonyms:** complexify, entangle
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** They're making efforts to **streamline** their normally cumbersome bureaucracy.
106. **Word: Agnostic (संशयवादी)**
- **Pronunciation:** ag-nos-tik/ ऐगनास्टिक
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Adjective



- **Meaning:**
    - a. a person who believes that nothing is known or can be known of the existence or nature of God. [Noun]
    - b. relating to agnostics or agnosticism. [Adjective]
  - **Synonyms:** faithless, sceptic, dubious, unbelieving
  - **Antonyms:** believer, devout, adherent
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** These notices are sometimes the only way the **agnostic** or the non-church member can find of expressing their grief.
107. **Word: Persist (डटे रहना)**
- **Pronunciation:** per-sist, -zist/ पर्सिस्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** continue in an opinion or course of action in spite of difficulty or opposition
  - **Synonyms:** continue, persevere, endure
  - **Antonyms:** quit, stop, discontinue
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Strength shows, not only in the ability to **persist**, but the ability to start over.
108. **Word: Proxy (प्रतिनिधि)**
- **Pronunciation:** prok-see/ प्राक्सी
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. the authority to represent someone else, especially in voting.
    - b. a figure that can be used to represent the value of something in a calculation.
  - **Synonyms:** substitute, alternate
  - **Antonyms:** Original
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Your **proxy** will need to sign the form on your behalf.
109. **Word: Impunity (दण्ड से मुक्ति)**
- **Pronunciation:** im-pyoo-ni-tee/ इम्प्यूनिटी
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** Exemption from punishment or freedom from the injurious consequences of an action.
  - **Synonyms:** Exemption, Rescue, Salvation
  - **Antonyms:** Custody, Committal, Bonding
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** I am surprised by the fact the man who kidnapped his wife was allowed to walk away with **impunity**!
110. **Word: Deterrence (निवारण)**
- **Pronunciation:** dih-tur-uh ns/ डिटरन्स
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun

- **Meaning:** the action of discouraging an action or event through instilling doubt or fear of the consequences.
  - **Synonyms:** obstruction, prevention, hindrance
  - **Antonyms:** motivator, incentive, encouragement
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Nuclear **deterrence** becomes nuclear holocaust when local wars get out of hand.
111. **Word: Thwart (व्यर्थ कर देना)**
- **Pronunciation:** thwawrt/ थ्वॉर्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. prevent (someone) from accomplishing something.
    - b. oppose (a plan, attempt, or ambition) successfully.
  - **Synonyms:** foil, frustrate, disappoint
  - **Antonyms:** assist, facilitate
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** As per the perfect planning, Meera knows that nobody can **thwart** her plans.
112. **Word: Coercive (बलपूर्वक)**
- **Pronunciation:** co-ar-cive/ कोअर्सिव
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. relating to or using force or threats.
  - **Synonyms:** authoritarian, imperious, high-handed.
  - **Antonyms:** conditional, constitutional, discretionary
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The president relied on the **coercive** powers of the military.
113. **Word: Massing (प्रभावान्विति)**
- **Pronunciation:** mas- sing/ मैसिंग
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** assembling or causing to assemble into a single body or mass
  - **Synonyms:** bunching, crowding, clustering, huddling
  - **Antonyms:** dashing, dispersing, dropping
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Western reports say that troops have been **massing** in the region since December.
114. **Word: Constraint (अवरोध)**
- **Pronunciation:** kuhn-streynt/ कन्स्ट्रेन्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a limitation or restriction

- **Synonyms:** restraint, coercion, pressure, compulsion, control
  - **Antonyms:** democracy, permission, madness
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** A similar **constraint** is visible in the monetary growth rates of all the advanced industrial countries.
115. **Word: Escalation (तेजी)**
- **Pronunciation:** es-kuh-le-sion/ एस्कलेशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. a rapid increase; a rise.
    - b. an increase in the intensity or seriousness of something; an intensification.
  - **Synonyms:** increase, elevation
  - **Antonyms:** reduction, decrease
  - **Usage in Sentence:** A further **escalation** of the change now seems determined.
116. **Word: Revel (आमोद-प्रमोद)**
- **Pronunciation:** rev-uhl/ रेवल
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. enjoy oneself in a lively and noisy way, especially with drinking and dancing. [Verb]
    - b. lively and noisy enjoyment, especially with drinking and dancing. [Noun]
  - **Synonyms:** carouse, frolic, celebrate, rejoice, delight
  - **Antonyms:** grieve, dislike, hate, regret
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Some will **revel** in having more time for themselves; others will feel lost.
117. **Word: Brink (कगार)**
- **Pronunciation:** bringk/ ब्रिंगक
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a point at which something is about to happen; the verge.
  - **Synonyms:** border, boundary, edge
  - **Antonyms:** middle, centre, inside
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Researchers are on the **brink** of making a new discovery.
118. **Phrase: Break out (भाग निकलना)**
- **Pronunciation:** breyk- out/ ब्रेक आउट
  - **Part of Speech:** Phrasal Verb, Noun, Adjective
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. (of war, fighting, or similarly undesirable things) start suddenly. [Phrasal Verb]
    - b. escape [Phrasal Verb]
- c. a forcible escape, especially from prison [Noun]
  - d. suddenly and extremely popular or successful. [Adjective]
- **Synonyms:** burst out, erupt, explode, escape
  - **Antonyms:** conclude, complete, end, finish
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** If her marriage becomes too restrictive, she will **break out** and seek new horizons.
119. **Word: Nudge (टहोका मारना)**
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
  - **Pronunciation:** nuhj/ नज
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. prod (someone) gently with one's elbow in order to attract attention. [Verb]
    - b. a light touch or push. [Noun]
  - **Synonyms:** push, poke
  - **Antonyms:** discourage, dissuade
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** I gave him a **nudge** to wake him up.
120. **Word: Calibration (अंशशोधन)**
- **Pronunciation:** kal-uh-breyt/ कैलब्रेशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the action or process of calibrating (adjusting) something.
  - **Synonyms:** adjustment, graduation, regulation, measure
  - **Antonyms:** unimportance, ignorance
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** But as soon as they had completed their **calibration**, Williams and Jeanloz began squeezing samples of iron in the diamond anvil.
121. **Phrase: Shore up (मजबूत करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** shohr uhp/ शोरे उप
  - **Part of Speech:** Idiom
  - **Meaning:** To give someone or something robust support in the face of difficulty or to prevent potential failure
  - **Synonyms:** support, brace, reinforce
  - **Antonyms:** abstain, cancel, cease
  - **Usage in Sentence:** They had to **shore up** the damaged wall.
122. **Word: Patriarch (कुलपति)**
- **Pronunciation:** pey-tree-ahrk/ पेटीआर्क
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the male head of a family or tribe
  - **Synonyms:** master, chief, superior
  - **Antonyms:** matriarch, offspring

- **Usage in a Sentence:** I thought of myself as a **patriarch**, dispensing words of wisdom to all my children.
123. **Word: Fissure (दरार)**
- **Pronunciation:** fish-er/ फिशर
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. a long, narrow opening or line of breakage made by cracking or splitting, especially in rock or earth. [Noun]
    - b. split or crack (something) to form a long, narrow opening. [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** split, crack, break, slit, rift
  - **Antonyms:** closing, cure, restoration
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Ahead lay a large **fissure** in the ice, three feet across.
124. **Word: Coalition (सम्मिलन)**
- **Pronunciation:** koh-uh-lish-uh n/ कोअलिशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a temporary alliance for combined action, especially of political parties forming a government.
  - **Synonyms:** alliance, union, partnership
  - **Antonyms:** isolation, discord, separation
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The two bodies have merged to form a **coalition**.
125. **Phrase: Prop up (संभालना)**
- **Pronunciation:** प्रोप उप
  - **Part of Speech:** phrasal verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. to stop something from falling by putting something under it or against it
    - b. to help a government, system, organization etc to continue to exist, especially by providing financial or military support
  - **Synonyms:** support, bolster
  - **Antonyms:** intimidate, repress
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The government introduced measures to **prop up** the stock market.
126. **Word: Immune (प्रतिरक्षित)**
- **Pronunciation:** ih-myoon/ इम्यून
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. resistant to a particular infection or toxin owing to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells.
    - b. protected or exempt, especially from an obligation or the effects of something.
- **Synonyms:** stable, strong, firm, sound
  - **Antonyms:** vulnerable, exposed, unguarded
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The nature of promises is that they remain **immune** to changing circumstances.
127. **Word: Futile (निरर्थक)**
- **Pronunciation:** fyoot-l/ फ्यूटल
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** incapable of producing any useful result; pointless
  - **Synonyms:** useless, unavailing, ineffective, fruitless
  - **Antonyms:** productive, useful, fruitful
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Trying to please other people is largely a **futile** activity.
128. **Word: Volatility (अस्थिरता)**
- **Pronunciation:** vol-uh-tl-ity/ वालटिलिटी
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** liability to change rapidly and unpredictably, especially for the worse.
  - **Synonyms:** impulsiveness, inconstancy
  - **Antonyms:** permanence, stability
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The **volatility** of the underlying agreement fell to an annual rate of 9 per cent.
129. **Word: Commemoration (स्मरणोत्सव)**
- **Pronunciation:** kuh-mem-uh-rey-shuh n/ कमेमरेशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the action or fact of commemorating a dead person or past event.
  - **Synonyms:** celebration, memorial, ceremony
  - **Antonyms:** neglect, negligence, forgetting, lament
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Thousands of veterans will take part in a **commemoration** of the battle.
130. **Word: Rapporteur (प्रतिवेदक)**
- **Pronunciation:** rap-awr-tur/ रेपोर्टर
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a person who is appointed by an organization to report on the proceedings of its meetings.
  - **Synonyms:** draftsman, protractor, reporter, authoress
  - **Antonyms:** desolater
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** It is the first time for UN Special **Rapporteur** on Torture to visit China.

131. **Word: Secessionist (पृथक्तावादी)**

- **Pronunciation:** si-sesh-uh-nist/ सिसेशनिस्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Adjective
- **Meaning:**
  - a. a person who favours formal withdrawal from membership of a federation or body, especially a political state. [Noun]
  - b. favouring formal withdrawal from membership of a federation or body, especially a political state. [Adjective]
- **Synonyms:** seceding, separatist, radical
- **Antonyms:** moderate
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The government is trying to crush a **secessionist** movement.

132. **Word: Condemn (निंदा)**

- **Pronunciation:** kuhn-dem/ कन्डेम
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** reprimand harshly
- **Synonyms:** censure, criticize, castigate, attack
- **Antonyms:** admire, applaud, praise
- **Usage in a Sentence:** During his speech, the president took a moment to **condemn** those politicians who were not working to end the budget crisis.

133. **Word: Flashpoint (उत्तेजना का समय)**

- **Pronunciation:** फ्लैशपॉइन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a place, event, or time at which violence or hostility flares up.
- **Synonyms:** trouble spot, crisis point
- **Antonyms:** dreamland, utopia
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The immediate **flashpoint** was Wednesday's big rally in the city centre.

134. **Word: Defendant (प्रतिवादी)**

- **Pronunciation:** dih-fen-duh nt/ डिफेन्डन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** an individual, company, or institution sued or accused in a court of law.
- **Synonyms:** accused, suspect, litigant
- **Antonyms:** complainant, accuser
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The **defendant** broke down under cross-examination.

135. **Word: Concede (झुक जाना)**

- **Pronunciation:** kuhn-seed/ कन्सीड
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** admit or agree that something is true after first denying or resisting it

- **Synonyms:** admit, allow, acknowledge, accept, surrender
- **Antonyms:** deny, fight, refuse, contradict
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He is not willing to **concede** any of his power/authority.

136. **Word: Wafer-thin (बहुत कम)**

- **Pronunciation:** wey-fer-thin/ वेफर थिन
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Adverb
- **Meaning:** very thin or thinly
- **Synonyms:** subtle, insubstantial
- **Antonyms:** substantial
- **Usage in a Sentence:** No Government could continue on so **wafer-thin** a majority.

137. **Word: Muster (एकत्र करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** muhs-ter/ मस्टर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. a formal gathering of troops, especially for inspection, display, or exercise. [Noun]
  - b. assemble (troops), especially for inspection or in preparation for battle. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** assembly, mobilize
- **Antonyms:** separate, disperse
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The team will need all the strength they can **muster** to win this game.

138. **Word: Ruse (चाल)**

- **Pronunciation:** रूज़/ रूज
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a plan or plot to mislead someone
- **Synonyms:** tactic, trick, cunning plan.
- **Antonyms:** honesty, loyalty, truth
- **Usage in a Sentence:** According to the president's enemies, his interest in public education is a **ruse** to distract attention from the economy.

139. **Word: Appease (मनाना)**

- **Pronunciation:** uh-peeze/ अपीज़
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. pacify or placate (someone) by acceding to their demands.
  - b. satisfy (a demand or a feeling).
- **Synonyms:** mollify, sooth, placate, pacify
- **Antonyms:** irritate, annoy, aggravate, provoke
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Gandhi was accused by some of trying to **appease** both factions of the electorate



140. **Word: Applaud (सराहना)**

- **Pronunciation:** uh-plawd/ अप्लाउड
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. show approval or praise by clapping
  - b. show strong approval of (a person or action); praise
- **Synonyms:** cheer, praise, clap, compliment, commend
- **Antonyms:** complain, chide, admonish
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Every person stood to **applaud** his unforgettable act of courage.

141. **Word: Desert (त्याग देना)**

- **Pronunciation:** dez-ert/ डेज़र्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. abandon (a person, cause, or organization) in a way considered disloyal or treacherous.
  - b. (of people) leave (a place), causing it to appear empty.
  - c. (of a quality or ability) fail (someone) when most needed.
- **Synonyms:** relinquish, depart, quit
- **Antonyms:** support, aid, assist
- **Use in a Sentence:** He has become so rude that his friends are **deserting** him.

142. **Word: Vouch (समर्थन करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** vouch/ वाउच
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** assert or confirm as a result of one's own experience that something is true or accurately so described.
- **Synonyms:** attest, guarantee, certify, assure
- **Antonyms:** renounce, contradict, deny, refute
- **Usage in a Sentence:** As a medical examiner I can **vouch** from experience that his death was accidental.

143. **Word: Levy (कर लगाना)**

- **Pronunciation:** lev-ee/ लेवी
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - a. impose (a tax, fee, or fine). [Verb]
  - b. an act of levying a tax, fee, or fine [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** tax, duty, tariff, toll, charge
- **Antonyms:** demote, displace, disapprove, slash

- **Usage in a Sentence:** The parishes were required to **levy** rates to provide for the relief of the poor.

144. **Word: Litigation (मुकदमे बाजी)**

- **Pronunciation:** lit-i-gey-shuh n/ लिटिगेशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the process of taking legal action
- **Synonyms:** proceeding, dispute, contention
- **Antonyms:** compromise, accord, truce
- **Use in a Sentence:** The payment was made early to avoid **litigation**.

145. **Word: Acrimonious (कटुतापूर्ण)**

- **Pronunciation:** ak-ruh-moh-nee-uh s/ ऐक्रीमोनीअस
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** (typically of speech or discussion) angry and bitter
- **Synonyms:** bitter, caustic, sarcastic, harsh
- **Antonyms:** kind, agreeable, peaceable, pleasant
- **Use in a Sentence:** BCCI marked a closure to Anil Kumble's **acrimonious** episode by clearing the dues.

146. **Word: Restitution (क्षतिपूर्ति)**

- **Pronunciation:** res-ti-too-shuhn/ रेस्टिटूशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - a. the restoration of something lost or stolen to its proper owner
  - b. recompense for injury or loss.
- **Synonyms:** return, amends, restoration
- **Antonyms:** damage, abduction, abolition
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The chemicals company promised to make full **restitution** to the victims for the injury to their health.

147. **Word: Conjugal (दाम्पतिक)**

- **Pronunciation:** kon-juh-guh/ कान्जगल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** relating to marriage or the relationship between a married couple.
- **Synonyms:** matrimonial, spousal, nuptial, marital
- **Antonyms:** bachelor, unmarried, single
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Some prisoners who want to start a family are to be permitted **conjugal** visits.

148. **Phrase: To have skin in the game** (विपत्ति पूर्ण निवेश करना)

- **Pronunciation:** टू हैव स्किन इन थर गेम
- **Part of Speech:** Idiom
- **Meaning:** to have incurred risk (monetary or otherwise) by being involved in achieving a goal
- **Synonyms:** interests at stake, invest heavily
- **Antonyms:** withdraw, detach
- **Usage in a Sentence:** You take more ownership of something when you have some **skin in the game**.

149. **Phrase: Go-it-alone** (बिना सहयोग के कार्य करना)

- **Pronunciation:** गो इट अलोन
- **Part of Speech:** Phrase

- **Meaning:** act by oneself without assistance
- **Synonyms:** independent, unsupported, self-help, self-reliance
- **Antonyms:** dependent, supported
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He's decided to leave the band and **go it alone** as a singer.

150. **Word: Climbdown** (अपनी गलती मानना)

- **Pronunciation:** klahym-doun/ क्लाइम डाउन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a withdrawal from a position taken up in argument or negotiation
- **Synonyms:** decline, setback, recoil
- **Antonyms:** assent, move forward
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The Chancellor was forced into a humiliating **climbdown** on his economic policies.

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