

ANSWERS

1. Ans. B.
The sentence talks about the object 'us' being the reason for the subject 'My teacher' being annoyed. So, the most appropriate option to fill the blank would be 'annoyed with'.
2. Ans. B.
The context of the statement makes it clear that the subject 'Sandhya' is doing the action (shout in this case), which is directed promptly and clearly at one person. 'At' is used when we have a definite recipient of an action, so option B is the most appropriate option.
3. Ans. D.
A verb followed by 'of' is always used in gerund form. This eliminates option B.
Option A is incorrect as it fails to convey proper meaning of the statement.
Option C is incorrect because the use of 'to' preposition would mean that 'headache' is the recipient of the complaint, which would render the statement senseless.
4. Ans. B.
The first part of the sentence uses 'want' verb form, thus the later verb too needs to be in simple present form for parallelism. This eliminates option D.
Option A is incorrect because the verb 'insists' requires a preposition to give meaning in the context of this statement.
Between 'in' and 'on', the latter is the obvious choice as 'insist in' is grammatically inaccurate.
So, the correct answer is option B.
5. Ans. A.
'To get along' phrase means to be friendly with someone.
'To get well' means to improve on someone's health.
'To get up' means to stand.
6. Ans. C.
'To get among' doesn't has a phrasal meaning.
Option A is the most suitable in the context of the statement, and so is the correct response.
6. Ans. C.
'To call on someone' means to visit someone.
'To call someone in' means to ask someone to come and help you or do something for you.
'To call at' means to stop at a place for a short time.
There is no such phrasal verb such as "call up on". So, option D is incorrect.
The context of the statement is of the diplomat making a visit to the PM, so the phrasal verb "called on" suits the context perfectly and is the correct response.
7. Ans. A.
The sentence is a past conditional sentence. Such sentence describes a situation which did not occur in real but the speaker only wishes about them to have happened. We use the past perfect tense in the sub-clause and "would have + past participle" in the main clause. See below example:
If I had known about the rainy weather, I would not have gone hiking.
So, option A is the correct Answer.
8. Ans. B.
The statement needs to be in indefinite form (past or present) to convey any meaning; this eliminates options C and D.
When used to refer to a period of time, "years" takes a singular verb.
Five years is a long time to spend in jail.
Ten years was the time he took to build the robot.



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When referring to more than one entity, "years" takes a plural verb just like other plural count nouns:

Two years are added to the training programme.

The next three years are going to pass quickly.

Besides years, other plural unit words involving money and distance also obey notional concord:

Money

Forty dollars is a good price. (one entity)

Two dollars are on her study table. (more than one entity, like two pens)

Distance

Ten kilometres is not that long. (one entity)

Five miles are to be added to this road. (more than one entity)

9. Ans. C.

"I were" is called the subjunctive mood, and is used when you're are talking about something that isn't true or when you wish something was true. This is the case here, so options A and B are eliminated. In such sentences, the first clause uses "were" and the second clause uses "would" in the sentence. For example:

If I were the president, I would ensure the safety of the women first. So, option C is the correct response.

10. Ans. C.

There are some phrases in which we commonly use subjunctive mood. Such phrases include ask that, it is important that, we insist that. In past tense, these changes to asked that, it was important that and we insisted that. If "I" is used in such sentence, we use the verb "were" with them. The given sentence starts with "My sister **asked me**" which gives us a hint that subjunctive mood will be used in the sentence. Out of the given options, only option

A uses subjunctive mood. So, it is the correct response.

11. Ans. B.

'Thrifty' means using money and other resources carefully and not wastefully.

'Reckless' means careless.

'Economical' means spending resources carefully.

'Naïve' means natural and unaffected; innocent.

'Extravagant' means lacking restraint in spending money or using resources.

12. Ans. B.

Salubrious means pleasant; not run-down.

Provoking means causing annoyance; irritating.

Pleasant means causing happiness.

Ridiculous means deserving or inviting derision or mockery; absurd.

Thanking means showing gratitude to someone or something.

13. Ans. A.

Desolated means utterly wretched and unhappy.

Deserted means feeling very unhappy and lonely.

Joyful means feeling, expressing, or causing great pleasure and happiness.

14. Ans. D.

Condone means approve or sanction (something), especially with reluctance.

Regard means to respect and acknowledge.

Punish means to inflict a penalty or sanction on someone for (such an offence).

Overlook means to ignore or disregard (something, especially a fault or offence).

15. Ans. A.

Ineptitude means the lack of skill or ability.

Incompetence means inability to do something successfully; ineptitude.



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- Courage means the ability to do something that frightens one; bravery.
- Gossip means casual or unconstrained conversation or reports about other people, typically involving details which are not confirmed as true.
16. Ans. C.
Impede means to delay or prevent (someone or something) by obstructing them; hinder.
Facilitate means to make (an action or process) easy or easier.
Hinder means to make it difficult for (someone) to do something or for (something) to happen.
Accept means to consent to receive or undertake (something offered).
17. Ans. D.
Extradition means the action of extraditing a person accused or convicted of a crime.
Acceptance means the action of consenting to receive or undertake something offered.
Sentence means to declare the punishment decided for (an offender).
Extension means a part that is added to something to enlarge or prolong it.
Deportation means the action of deporting a foreigner from a country.
18. Ans. C.
Detrimental means tending to cause harm.
Beneficial means resulting in good; favourable or advantageous.
Harsh means unpleasantly rough or jarring to the senses.
Disadvantageous means involving or creating unfavourable circumstances that reduce the chances of success or effectiveness.
Demanding means (of a task) requiring much skill or effort.
19. Ans. D.
Derisive means expressing contempt or ridicule.
Mockery means teasing and contemptuous language or behaviour directed at a particular person or thing.
Conducive means making a certain situation or outcome likely or possible.
Encouraging means giving someone support or confidence; supportive.
Contemptuous means showing contempt; scornful.
20. Ans. B.
Engaging means charming and attractive.
Carefree means free from anxiety or responsibility.
Appealing means attractive or interesting.
Thinking means the process of considering or reasoning about something.
Dreaming means to experience dreams during sleep.
21. Ans. A.
Turmeric has been mentioned as a medical option for the persons suffering from Alzheimer's disease. In the last line it has been mentioned that as the Indian senior citizens have turmeric in their staple diet, thus the numbers of Alzheimer's patients are less. Statement 1 is in contradiction to this statement.
All the other statements have been mentioned in the passage, thus the correct response is option A.
22. Ans. C.
In the second line of the passage, it has been mentioned that the research has shown that curcumin has positive effects on the people without dementia as well as those who are suffering from the Alzheimer's disease.



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23. Ans. D.
Earlier is used to point to a time before the moment at which the sentence is being spoken. Out of the available options, only 'previously' has this effect and thus the correct response is option D.
24. Ans. A.
It has been mentioned in the passage that turmeric is a source of curcumin, which helps in countering the Alzheimer's disease, thus the correct response is option A.
25. Ans. B.
Dominance means power and influence over others.
Prevalence means commonness.
Affection means the act of affecting or the state of being affected.
In the context of the passage, we can say that the idea that the frequency with which a disease is seen amongst the people is directly dependent on the food habits of the people. For example, as the senior citizens of India consume turmeric in their staple diet thus, they have lower tendency of Alzheimer's disease.
26. Ans. A.
Irony is when a statement means the opposite of its literal meaning.
In the story, the woman returns her brother's letters, which seemed very weird as it is very obvious as a sibling to want to know about the wellbeing of the other. To the outsider, it seemed like as if she didn't care. But in reality, she was just using her intellect to avoid paying for the postage while getting the news of brother as well.
27. Ans. C.
The woman had an agreement with her brother that if the letter was blank then there is no need to pay for the postage. The woman thus already knew the content of the letter, so she returned the letter.
28. Ans. A.
Mr Hill got very anxious that the letter was from the woman's brother and yet she is returning it instead of paying for the postage. So, with an intention to help the woman he paid for the postage.
29. Ans. D.
It has been mentioned in the passage that the letter contained a blank paper.
30. Ans. B.
The agreement between the woman and her brother was that if everything was going well, then he'll just send a blank paper in the letter.
31. Ans. D.
Sympathetic means feeling, showing, or expressing sympathy.
Indifferent means having no particular interest or sympathy; unconcerned.
Admiration means respect and warm approval.
Ruthless means having or showing no pity or compassion for others.
In the passage, it has been mentioned that if one shows fear then the others tend to approach all the more mercilessly. Therefore, "ruthless" is the correct Answer.
32. Ans. D.
The author has used simile figure of speech as a means to show that if one shows fear and hesitation just like dogs, others tend to try to scare him/her further.
33. Ans. B.
The passage is woven around the idea that one is more susceptible to being attacked when they show hesitation or weakness. The comparison with dogs is a means to emphasize on the fact that the both men and dogs attack when the other person is weak.



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34. Ans. A.
Vulnerable means exposed to the possibility of being attacked or harmed, either physically or emotionally.
In the context of the passage, the phrase has been used to point out that if someone is showing weakness then they are vulnerable.
35. Ans. D.
The opening lines of the passage states that while there are so many constructive and humanitarian activities going on, a lot of destructive activities too are being done alongside. So, the correct response is option D.
36. Ans. D.
The author mentions that there have been instances when embassies have been attacked by students as a part of fulfilling a political agenda. The governments have been using this kind old measures to force the hands of other nations to abide by their ideologies and decisions.
37. Ans. D.
The author has very critically analysed and mentioned that the mob is constantly being used as a political tool for the destructive actions.
38. Ans. C.
Demolition means destruction, damage etc.
39. Ans. C.
The error is in part (C) of the sentence. With gerund, we use possessive pronoun. Therefore, the use of "it" is incorrect and it should be replaced by "its".
40. Ans. C.
The clause 'both of them.....' in part B deduces that number of boys is two and for two persons, we use "each other" instead of 'one another'.
41. Ans. C.
'Today night' is the incorrect usage. It needs to be replaced by 'tonight'.
42. Ans. A.
The error is the incorrect usage of possessive noun 'visitor's'; it needs to be replaced by visitors.
43. Ans. D.
There is no error in the statement. So, the correct response is option D.
44. Ans. A.
The error is in the usage of 'which'. 'Which' is used for non-living things. It needs to be replaced by 'who' as the subject is a living noun.
45. Ans. C.
Replace "preferred coffee much more than tea" with "preferred coffee much more to tea". "Prefer" takes preposition "to" with it.
46. Ans. A.
The error is in the verb form usage of 'reached'; instead of the past participle form 'reached', the base form 'reach' is used with 'did'.
47. Ans. C.
The error is in the last part has the verb 'discuss' does not require a preposition to be used after it.
48. Ans. C.
When 'between' is used to point out two terminals then the two terminals are connected using 'and' instead of 'to'.
49. Ans. A.
Option B would have been correct if 'Japan' was followed by 'and'. In this case, the first sentence would be a different sentence and would belong to simple present tense.
Option C is incorrect because it violates parallelism.
Option D is contextually incorrect.
So, the correct response is option A.
50. Ans. B.
The previous sentence has set the tense of the conversation as simple present. So, option B is the correct response.



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51. Ans. A.
The context of the blank is to show the first example or occurrence of the art form. Out of the available options only 'instance' serves this purpose. Thus, option A is the correct response.
52. Ans. B.
'That' is used to point to an object or item that is away from the point of speech, which is not the case here.
'These' is used for multiple subjects, which is not the case here.
'Which' is used to introduce a non-restrictive relative clause, which is not the case here.
So, the correct response is option B.
53. Ans. D.
The context of the statement and its successor makes it clear that the idea is to create a chronological comparison. This particular blank is meant to convey a meaning of start; options B and D convey this meaning.
Looking closely, option B is eliminated as it doesn't complete the sentence grammatically. So, the correct response is option D.
54. Ans. D.
Enrage means to make (someone) very angry.
Enlarge means to make or become larger or more extensive.
Engrave means to cut or carve (a text or design) on the surface of a hard object.
The past participle form of 'enrage' will satisfy the blank grammatically and contextually. So, option D is the correct response.
55. Ans. A.
The blank points to a singular definite style of writing, so the article 'the' is the most appropriate response.
56. Ans. A.
'Different' or 'difference' can't be used in the blank as there are no comparisons made. Also, the blank needs a adverb form to make it contextually and grammatically correct. So, the correct response is option A.
57. Ans. B.
'To be' is required as the context is of an aspiration. As a rule, 'to be' is always followed by a past participle form of verb'. So, the correct response is option B.
58. Ans. B.
Options C and D are incorrect as they fail to make any sense in the context of the passage. Option B is the correct response as it uses the adverb form of noun 'quick', which is the requirement in the context of the statement.
59. Ans. A.
This blank is a phrasal filler. 'Superman of some kind' phrase is used to as a jibe to signify the level of intellect or power greater than the human standards.
60. Ans. D.
Bare means without addition; basic and simple. This fits contextually in the passage as the idea is to signify that humans are better than machines which simply follow orders and automations.
61. Ans. D.
Here, 'smiling' will take the preposition 'at' as the idea is to show the subjects are smiling towards each other.
62. Ans. D.
Option A is incorrect as it takes a plural helping verb while the object is clearly singular.
Option C is incorrect as it takes the incorrect tense.
Still is used to denote the continuity of the action at that present time and till is used to describe the action up to a definite period of time.
So, option D is the correct response.



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63. Ans. C.
The blank can be solved by comparing the numerical suitability of the blank and the subject in the statement. Only option C has plural helping verb and thus is the correct response.
64. Ans. A.
On the fly means doing something without due preparedness or thought. Thus, option A is the correct Answer.
65. Ans. C.
'To follow suit' means to emulate somebody else's actions. So, option C is the correct Answer.
66. Ans. C.
'Close shave' is a situation in which you come very close to a dangerous situation. Thus, option C is the correct Answer.
67. Ans. D.
'At the crossroads' means a situation that requires some important choice to be made. Thus, option D is the correct Answer.
68. Ans. D.
'A pearl of wisdom' means a succinct, insightful saying, piece of advice, or moral precept. Thus, option D is the correct Answer.
69. Ans. D.
S is the first statement as it mentions the subject of the statement; safety questions about cell phones.'
RQ forms a mandatory pair as R ends with 'and' and Q is the only statement that can suitably follow this connector.
Only option D satisfies both these criteria, so the correct response is option D.
Safety questions about cell phones have drawn intense interest and debate for years as the devices have become integral to most people's lives
70. Ans. A.
Using the options to check the contextual accuracy is the best way to go along in small statements like this. Out of the available options, only option A gives a proper meaning and thus is the correct response. The complete sentence is: "By means of education, it is difficult in modern civilization to bring about an integrated individual."
71. Ans. B.
Analysing the given parts of statements, only part R starts with a valid subject and thus is the opening statement. Now analyse the two options starting with part R. Only option B makes sense and thus is the correct response. The complete sentence is: "A valid criticism of the profession of politics in India is that it is not professional enough as the majority of its practitioners have not done their homework."
72. Ans. B.
The statement needs to start with part R in order to have a viable subject. RQ is a mandatory pair. Arrangement of S and P is done based on their suitability in making the sentence complete. The complete sentence is: "We are living at a time when great historical figures are appropriated, that suit partisan political objectives and reduced into stereotypes."
73. Ans. C.
Using the options to check the contextual accuracy is the best way to go along in small statements like this. Out of the available options, only option C gives a proper meaning and thus is the correct response. The complete sentence is: "It is in this context that the role of agriculture as a provider of jobs and prosperity must be viewed."



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74. Ans. D.
Out of the available parts, only parts S or Q have viable subjects, so option A is eliminated.
Only option B starts with Q, but the whole sequence fails to make sense and thus is eliminated.
S and R form a mandatory pair; thus, option D is the correct response. The complete sentence is:
"Rich materials found from excavation sites indicate that the people had a subsistence economy and they largely relied on agriculture, fishing and hunting."
75. Ans. A.
The statement can't start with P as it clearly is the follow-up part of the statement. This eliminates option D.
The statement can't start with S as the whole sequence fail to generate any viable meaning.
Now, out of the two available options, only option that makes sense as P is the follow-up statement of S. The complete sentence is:
"But surely there must be something important enough that everyone should learn it and that is 'To learn to say I am sorry.'"
76. Ans. D.
Q is the first part as it has the subject 'free press in it'; this leaves only options B and D.
RS is a mandatory pair as parliament is elected by people, while judiciary is not. So, option D is the correct response. The complete sentence is:
"A free press is as essential a limb of democracy as a parliament freely elected by the people or an independent judiciary."
77. Ans. A.
This ordering is based on the sequencing of the events in the statement. Firstly, the subject 'time' is introduced through part S. It is

followed immediately by P as it is in continuation with the expression from Gandhi in part S. PR is a mandatory pair. So, option A is the correct response. The complete sentence is:

"There was a time when Gandhi expressed the opinion that a human life could span 125 years and that he would quite like to live that long."

78. Ans. D.
This statement is best ordered if we analyse and try to fit the given parts in the options provided. Only option D justifies the statement and thus is the correct response. The complete sentence is:
"I am a votary of truth and I must say what I feel and think at a given moment without regards to what I may have said before."
79. Ans. A.
'The man' is the fixed subject, so the first part is S and it gives a characteristic of the main subject. SP is a logical mandatory pair. Thus, option A is the correct response. The complete sentence is:
"The man in red who stood first in the competition has been elected as the chairperson of the sports committee."
80. Ans. A.
The subject is fixed, so the first part should be S as it elaborates on the subject; this leaves only options A and C in the contention.
If we put the parts in order given in option A and C, we end up realising that the sequence in option C fails to make sense. Thus, option A is the correct response. The complete sentence is:
"One of the difficulties is that we want to transform the whole of mankind or affect the masses the day after tomorrow."



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81. Ans. B.
'The speaker' is the fixed subject. Out of the available options, only part Q can follow the subject in this case.
RP is a mandatory pair as P is the explanation of R.
So, the correct response is option B.
The complete sentence is:
"The speaker has identified many issues besides charging the opponents of their inaction."
82. Ans. A.
Q is the first part as it is the logical extension of the given fixed subject. R should follow Q as the solutions are needed for 'crisis'.
So, option A is the correct response.
The complete sentence is:
"The government must offer convincing solutions to the crises in the rural economy and job markets that are causing social ferment."
83. Ans. B.
R is the first part as the fixed portion ends with 'of' and none of the statements begin in way that can be preceded by 'of'; P too seems probable till you analyse the whole sequence, which will render the complete statement illogical.
So, the correct response is option B.
The complete sentence is:
"The best part of literary flourishes long formed journalism is that it brings back the importance of writing skills and locates the story with the larger framework of our world."
84. Ans. C.
R is the first part as it derives an analogy between children and plants. P is the next statement. SQ is a mandatory sequence as Q is the logical extension of S.
So, the correct response is option C.
The complete sentence is:
"Children are like the tender samplings that grow into beautiful trees with the sunshine and rain of warm home and supportive surroundings."
85. Ans. A.
This statement should be ordered using the options. Out of the available options, only option A gives a grammatically and contextually viable output. Thus, option A is the correct response.
We tend to learn with interest when we see beauty in our work and connect learning with real life experiences.
86. Ans. D.
Q is the first part as it contains the helping verb that will follow the subject and create the first part of the statement. R is the next part as it is aligned to the ending portion of Q. P is the last statement as it is the consequence of the actions done in S.
So, the correct response is option D.
The complete sentence is:
"Elementary education is inevitable in developing the children to further education, thereby ensuring the growth of a nation."
87. Ans. D.
RQ is a mandatory pair as it talks about the functions of the subject in continuation. S is the next part as it provides an object to the functions stated in RQ. P is the last statement as it mentions the secondary subject of the subject. The complete sentence is:
"National Building Organisation collects, tabulates and disseminates the statistical information on housing and building construction activities besides conducting surveys on housing."



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88. Ans. C.
S is the first part as it mentions the characteristic of the subject. It is followed by Q. The only option that satisfies both these criteria is option C. Thus, option C is the correct response. The complete sentence is: "The Himalayan range that towers over the Kangra valley sacred to the Gaddi people is home to a chain of high-altitude lakes."
89. Ans. C.
Q provides the description of the Dhauladhar range that has been mentioned in S1. QS is a mandatory pair because they have the 'although-despite of that' pairing. S will come after P as S is the consequence of the information provided in P. Thus, the correct response is option C.
90. Ans. B.
S is the first statement as it uses the information mentioned in S1 and draws a conclusion out of it. R is the next statement as it puts the information and conclusion attained in the previous statements in a more comprehensive form. QP is a mandatory pair as P is the extension of the data provided in Q. So, the correct response is option B.
91. Ans. D.
RQ is a mandatory pair as both these statements together form an example to explain the question posed in S. P is the next statement as it is the consequence of RQ. S and S6 are effectively the extension of each other. So, the correct response is option D.
92. Ans. D.
R is the first statement as it explains the purpose of the Tolstoy Farm, which has been mentioned in S1. QPS is the logical flow of information. A person is introduced in Q, his status and contribution are mentioned in P and S respectively. So, the correct response is option D.
93. Ans. D.
This sequence can be solved in reverse order. S6 clearly tries to draw a contrast about the nature of decentralized planning; this has been discussed only in statement Q making it the last statement before S6. Out of the available options, only option D satisfies this criterion and thus is the correct response.
94. Ans. B.
Q is the first statement as it derives a contrast from the discussion in S1. P is the next statement as it collates the data from S1 and Q to give a conclusion. S points out to a process that has been mentioned in P, making R the last statement of the sequence. So, the correct response is option B.
95. Ans. A.
R is the first statement as it points out to the subject in S1 and provides some extra anecdotes about its functions. Out of the available options, only A starts with R and thus is the correct response.
96. Ans. B.
R is the first statement as it explains the equity theory which has been introduced in S1. S explains further on the concept mentioned in R and so is the next statement. QP is a mandatory pair as Q introduces the concept of equity and P elaborates on it. So, the correct response is option C.
97. Ans. B.
Q is the first statement as it the description of the characteristics of 'rumours'. S is the logical successor of Q as it further builds on the idea introduced in the previous statements. PR form the



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- chronological order and are thus the final pair.
So, the correct response is option B.
98. Ans. B.
RQ is a mandatory pair as R introduces the idea of mutual discussions before arriving to a decision, while Q mentions the contrast. S addresses the feature mentioned in Q and so is the next statement. P points out to the overall process and thus is the last statement.
So, the correct response is option B.
99. Ans. B.
Obscure means unclear, irrelevant.
Infamous means notorious and ill-famed.
Obscene means vulgar and unpleasant.
The word "clear" is the correct antonym of the given word.
100. Ans. A.
Sanguine means optimistic or positive, especially in an apparently bad or difficult situation.
Pessimistic means having a negative approach.
Optimistic means having a positive approach to something.
Humorous means happy, joyful.
Rebellious means showing a desire to resist authority, control, or convention.
Thus, the word "pessimistic" is the correct antonym of the given word.
101. Ans. B.
Woebegone means gloom or misery.
Cheerful means joyous.
Thus, the word "cheerful" is the correct antonym of the given word.
102. Ans. C.
Mutinous means rebellious.
Arrogant means rude.
Obedient means complying or willing to comply with an order or request; submissive to another's authority.
- Sincere means free from pretence or deceit; proceeding from genuine feelings.
Thus, the word "obedient" is the correct antonym of the given word.
103. Ans. C.
Foe means enemy.
Protagonist means the leading character or one of the major characters in a play, film, novel, etc.
Opponent means someone who competes with or opposes another in a contest, game, or argument.
Thus, the word "friends" is the correct antonym of the given word.
104. Ans. B.
Distinctive means characteristic of one person or thing, and so serving to distinguish it from others.
Salient means unique or characteristic feature.
Thus, the word "common" is the correct antonym of the given word.
105. Ans. A.
Inadvertently means without intention; accidentally.
Purposely means on purpose; intentionally.
Purposively is not a valid word.
Thus, the word "purposely" is the correct antonym of the given word.
106. Ans. B.
Disdainful means disgusting or hateful.
Sneering means smile or speak in a contemptuous or mocking manner.
Mocking means making fun of someone or something in a cruel way; derisive.
Cheerful means noticeably happy and optimistic.
Thus, the word "respectful" is the correct antonym of the given word.
107. Ans. A.
Efficacy means efficiency.
Inefficiency is the state of not achieving maximum productivity; failure to make the best use of time or resources.



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- Thus, the word "inefficiency" is the correct antonym of the given word.
108. Ans. C.
Rebuttal means refusal.
Acceptance means the action of consenting to receive or undertake something offered.
Thus, the word "acceptance" is the correct antonym of the given word.
109. Ans. B.
Soggy means very moist; unpleasantly wet and soft.
Sodden means saturated with liquid, especially water; soaked through.
Thus, the word "dry" is the correct antonym of the given word.
110. Ans. A.
The conversion to reported speech requires the understanding of the intention and the tone of the action. The Captain is entitled to order his soldiers. So, option A is the correct response.
111. Ans. C.
The statement in the direct speech is a request made in the interrogative form, so the use of the verb 'requested' will be suitable in indirect speech. So, the correct response is option C.
112. Ans. D.
Option A is incorrect because of the use of 'our business' phrase.
Option B is incorrect on multiple counts like missing helping verb and inappropriate conversion of time.
Option C uses the verb 'said', which is inappropriate in the context of this conversion.
Option D is the correct conversion of the given sentence into indirect speech.
113. Ans. A.
The statement in direct speech is a question which Romila is asking to Rahim. So, only options A and B are suitable. The past indefinite tense in direct speech gets converted to past perfect tense in indirect speech.

- Out of the available options, only option A satisfies both these criteria and thus is the correct response.
114. Ans. D.
The direct speech statement is in the form of a question, so the verb 'ask' in past participle form is the most viable option. Thus, option D is the correct response.
115. Ans. D.
As the information in the direct speech statement is a universal fact thus it remains in simple present tense even after conversion to indirect speech. This only leaves options B and D possible. Option B is eliminated as it uses the phrase 'all of us.'
So, option D is the correct response.
116. Ans. A.
Basic rules to be followed for Active/Passive conversions are:
1. The object of the active verb becomes the subject of the passive verb.
2. The finite form of the verb is changed (to be+ past participle).
3. The subject of the active sentence becomes the object of the passive sentence (or is dropped).
4. Preposition "by" is used before object.
The given sentence is in active voice. It is simple form of present tense. The structures for active/passive voices are:
Active: Subject + verb ("s" or "es" with singular noun) + object...
Passive: Object + Is/are/am + verb (IIIrd form) + by + subject...
117. Ans. D.
The given sentence is of present perfect tense and it is in active form. The structures for active/passive voices are:
Active: Subject + has/have + verb (IIIrd form) + object...
Passive: Object + has/have + been + verb (IIIrd form) + by + subject...



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The active voice statement is in present perfect tense, thus the passive voice statement has to be in present perfect tense itself. Out of the available options, only option D satisfies this criterion and thus, is the correct response.

118. Ans. A.

The given sentence is of present perfect tense and it is in active form. The structures for active/passive voices are:

Active: Subject + has/have + verb (IIIrd form) + object...

Passive: Object + has/have + been + verb (IIIrd form) + by + subject...

Options B and D are incorrect as it uses the incorrect helping verb 'has', while the subject is plural.

Option C is incorrect as the original statement is in present perfect tense and the converted statement too needs to be in the same.

Option A is the correct Answer.

119. Ans. B.

The passive voice of imperative sentences which suggest order,

suggestion or request can be made in two ways:

Active: Verb + object

Passive: 1. Let + object + be + past participle

2. You are requested/ordered/suggested + to + verb (Ist form) + object

Going by first way of passive voice, the passive voice of the given sentence would be:

Let the door be shut.

120. Ans. C.

The given sentence is in active form of simple past tense. The structures for active/passive voices are:

Active: Subject + verb (IInd form) + object...

Passive: Object + was/were + verb (IIIrd form) + by + subject...

The question statement is in simple past tense, so the converted statement too should be in the same. This eliminates options A & B.

Out of options C and D, the latter has ambiguities in the meaning. So, the correct response is option C.



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