

1. Who was the leader of revolutionaries in Bihar during the Revolt of 1857?

- A. Namdar Khan
- B. Babu Kunwar Singh
- C. Birsa Munda
- D. Shankar Shah
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| During the independence struggle of 1857, Babu Kunwar Singh led the battle of Ara at the age of 80.

2. Birsa was captured, while asleep, on:

- A. 1 February, 1900
- B. 2 February, 1900
- C. 3 February, 1900
- D. 4 February, 1900
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| E

Solution ||| Birsa Munda was arrested on 3 March 1900 while asleeping from Chakradharpur.

3. "The Muslims, if contented and satisfied, would become the greatest bulwark of British power in India". Who wrote it?

- A. Herbert Risley
- B. Lord Lytton
- C. W.W. Hunter
- D. H.N. Brailsford
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| W.W. Hunter was the official and historian of the Indian Civil Services. They wrote books in the name of Indian Muslim.

4. "In my belief, Congress is tottering to its fall and one of my great ambitions while in India is to assist it to a peaceful demise." Who wrote it?

- A. Lord Lytton
- B. Lord Dufferin
- C. Lord Curzon
- D. Lord Minto
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| In 1900, Lord Curzon wrote the above words to the British Foreign Minister in his letter

5. Who drew Mahatma Gandhi's attention towards the exploitation of the peasants by the European Indigo planters?

- A. Baba Ram Chandra
- B. Raja Kumar Shukla
- C. Swami Sahajananda Saraswati
- D. Sri Krishna Sinha
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| Raja Shukla met the Mahatma Gandhi on the plight of the farmers and urged Gandhi to come to Champaran.

6. Who was elected the first President of All India Kisan Sabha at Lucknow in 1936?

- A. N.G. Ranbga
- B. E.M.S. Namboodri pad
- C. Swami Sahajanand Saraswati
- D. Acharya Narendra Dev
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| The all india Kisan Sabha was a labor movement, which was started by Swami Sahajanand Saraswati from Bihar.

7. Sir Michael O'Dwyer was shot dead on 13th March 1940 in London by:

- A. Madal Lal Dhingra
- B. M.P.T. Acharya
- C. V.D. Savarkar
- D. Udham Singh
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| Udham Singh (26 December 1899 - 31 July 1940) completed the revenge of the Jallianwala Bagh massacre by killing General Dyer. Uttarakhand has been named Udham Singh Nagar in honor of one district named Udham Singh.

8. Who was the Prime Minister of England when the Montague-Chelmsford Act was passed in 1919?

- A. Lloyd George
- B. George Hamilton
- C. Sir Samuel Hoare
- D. Lord Salisbury
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| When the Montague-Chelmsford Act was passed in 1919, then Prime Minister of England Lloyd George. The Prime Minister of India, Lord Montagu, announced in the British Parliament on August 20, 1917 that the purpose of the British Government was to establish a responsible government in India.

9. Who left Patna College with just 20 days remaining for his examination during the Non-Cooperation Movement?

- A. Rajendra Prasad
- B. Braj Kishore

- C. Jai Prakash Naryana
- D. Sri Krishna Sinha
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Jai Prakash Narayan is famous as the Loknayak He was honored with the Bharat Ratna in the year 1999.

10. Who became champion of socialism and wanted to overthrow of British rule, Princely states, Landlordism and Capitalism in 1933?

- A. Rajendra Prasad
- B. Jawaharlal Nehru
- C. Bhulabhai Desai
- D. Sardar Patel
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| In 1933, Jawaharlal Nehru wrote a series of articles under the title 'Bharat kahan'. In which he wrote that why he believes in socialism.

11. Who joined Subhas Chandra Bose to found All India Forward Bloc and actively associated with the INA movement?

- A. Jai Prakash Narayan
- B. Baikunth Shukla
- C. Sheel Bhadra Yajee
- D. Ram Narain Prasad
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Sheel Bhadra Yajee in association with Subhash Chandra Bose in 1939 established All India Forward Block.

12. Who is regarded as "The Mother of Indian Revolution"?

- A. Mrs. Annie Besant
- B. Snehlata Wadekar
- C. Sarojini Naidu
- D. Madam Bhikhaji Rustom Cama
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| Madam Cama had created India's first flag . There were green, saffron and red colored straps.

13. Which journal was not associated with the revolutionary activities?

- A. Sandhya
- B. Yugantar
- C. Ghadr
- D. Young India
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| E

Solution ||| None of the above/More than one of the above

14. First Indian elected to the British House of Commons was Dadabhai Naoroji who contested on the ticket of ;

- A. Liberal Party
- B. Labour Party
- C. Conservative Party
- D. Communist Party
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| First Indian elected to the British House of Commons was Dadabhai Naoroji who contested on the ticket of Liberal Party. He struggled for the good of India and Indians during his British stay, he was the first Asian MP of the House of the Commons in 1892.

15.Swaraj Party was formed following the failure of:

- A. Non-Cooperation Movement
- B. Civil Disobedience Movement
- C. Rowlatt Bill Satyagraha
- D. Champaran Satyagraha
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| After Chauri Chaura incident in 1922 and Gandhiji withdrew the Non-Cooperation Movement. Opposing this Leaders like CR Das and Motilal Nehru organised Swaraj party.

16.The Chittagong Armoury Raid had been planned by:

- A. Surya Sen
- B. Chandan Dutta
- C. Vidhan Ghosh
- D. Jatin Das
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| On April 18, 1930, Surya Sen and his colleagues in Chittagong, had to take arms from the police.

17.The Cabinet Mission came to India in:

- A. February 1942
- B. March 1942
- C. April 1942
- D. May 1942
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| E

Solution ||| The Cabinet Mission came to India in 1946.

18. A leader of Bihar who left his lucrative practice during Non-Cooperation Movement was:

- A. Jai Prakash Narayan
- B. Rajendra Prasad
- C. Sahajanand Saraswati
- D. Raj Kumar Shukla
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| Rajendra Prasad a pleader of Bihar who left his lucrative practice during Non-Cooperation Movement.

19. The precursor of Indian National Congress was:

- A. British Indian Association
- B. Indian Association
- C. The Indian National Union
- D. Indian League
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| The precursor of Indian National Congress was Indian Association. Indian Association was established in 1876 by Surendri Nath Banerjee and Ananda Mohan Bose.

20. Who organised the "Khudai Khidmatgar" in 1929?

- A. Abdul Gaffar Khan
- B. Ali Brothers
- C. Ansari Brothers
- D. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| In 1929, Khuddai Khidmatgar was organized by Abdul Gaffar Khan. Abdul Gaffar Khan is famous as Seemant Gandhi.

21. A, B, C, Invested 20 lac rupees in a business in the ratio 7 : 2 : 1. The total profit is 20%. A has to pay 30% tax and B has to pay 20% tax. A's net profit is what percent of B's net profit.

- A. 118.8%
- B. 180.0%
- C. 306.25%
- D. 304.5%
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| invested money = 20 lac

profit gain = 18%

profit money =  $2000000 \times (20/100) = 4,00,000$  Rs.

Invested ratio of A, B, C = 7: 2: 1

profit ratio of A, B, C = 7: 2: 1

The amount of profit gets by A =  $4,00,000 \times 7/10 = 280000$  Rs.

The amount of profit gets by B =  $4,00,000 \times 2/10 = 80,000$  Rs.

Amount of tax given by A

=  $28,0000 \times \frac{30}{100} = 84,000$  Rs.

Amount of tax given by B

=  $8,0000 \times \frac{20}{100} = 16000$  Rs.

Net profit of A =  $280000 - 84000 = 1,96,000$ ,

Net profit of B =  $8,0000 - 16000 = 64,000$

Net profit of A than B =  $(196000/64000) \times 100 = 306.25\%$

22. If SURGICAL –STRIKE is coded as 13979313-129925, then METRO-TRAIN is coded as

- A. 15295-29195
- B. 45296-29195
- C. 45295-29194
- D. 15296-29195



E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

SURGICAL - STRIKE  
↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓

Solution ||| 1 3 9 7 9 3 1 3 - 1 2 9 9 2 5

Same as  
METRO - TRAIN

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓  
4 5 2 9 6 - 2 9 1 9 5

23. x is a consecutive whole number and the first four values of expression  $x^3 + 3y - 3$  are 7, 20, 45, 88, then the fifth value is

- A. 137
- B. 155
- C. 158
- D. 143
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| Given expression  $x^2 + 3y - 3$   
Put the value of X=1

$1 + 3y - 3 = 7, 3y - 2 = 7, 3y = 9, y = 3$

In Given expression Put the value of X= 2

$8 + 3y - 3 = 20, 3y + 5 = 20, 3y = 15$

$y = 5, x = 1$  then  $y = 3, x = 2, y = 5$

same as  $x = 5, y = 11$

∴ the fifth value of expression is  $5^3 + 3.11 - 3 = 125 + 33 - 3 =$

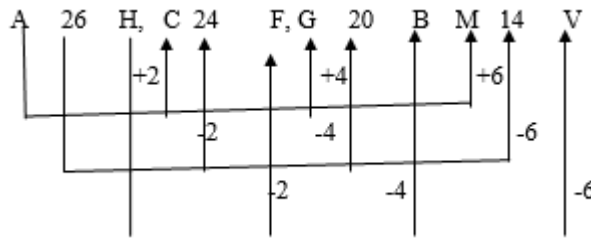
$125 + 30 = 155$

24. In the series of numbers and alphabets A26H, C24F, G20B, the next term is

- A. M13D
- B. O11C

- C. M12B
- D. M14E
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| E



Solution |||

25. The dearness-allowance of a person with basic salary Rs.7700 is increased to 132% from 125% and the tax deduction on both is increased to 22% from 20%. He got salary increased by

- A. Rs.74.00
- B. Rs.77.00
- C. Rs.385.00
- D. Rs.369.00
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

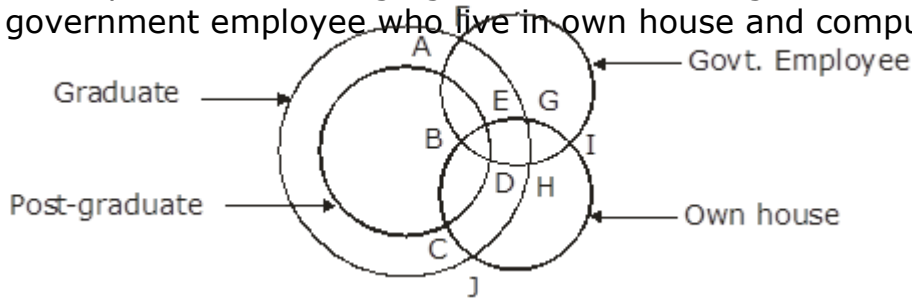
Answer ||| A

|              | I      | II              |
|--------------|--------|-----------------|
| Basic salary | 7,700  | 7,700           |
| DA@125       | 9625   | 10,164 (DA@132) |
| Gross salary | 17,325 | 17864           |
| TDS@20%      | 3465   | 3930 (TDS@20%)  |
| Net salary   | 13,860 | 13934           |

Solution |||

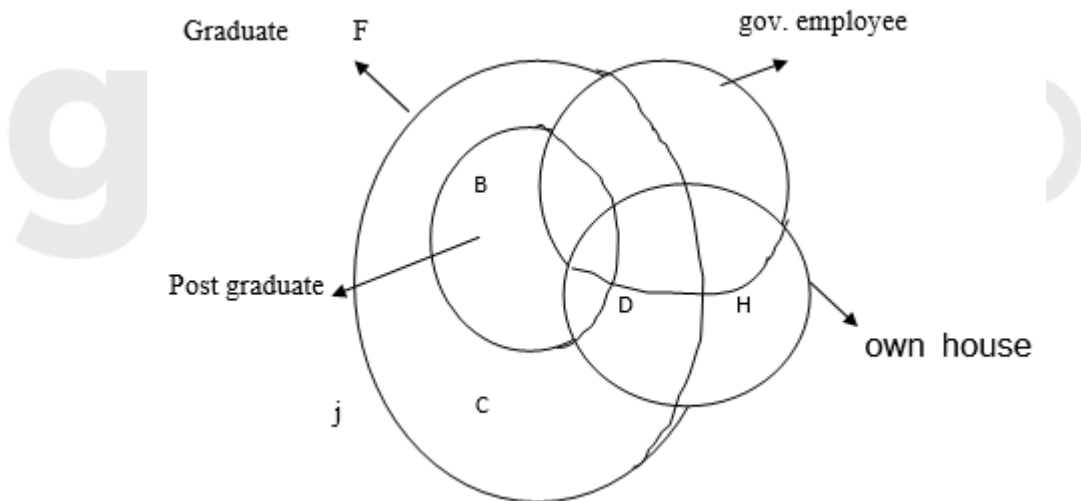
Net increased salary 13934-13860 = Rs. 74

26. Inspect the following figure and find the region which represents the government employee who live in own house and compulsorily graduate.



- A. EGHD
- B. BED
- C. BHG
- D. HGI
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| E



Solution |||

B H E G दी गयी शर्त को पूरा करता है।

27. If sign +, represents multiplication, x addition, - division, ÷ difference > equal and = represents greater than, then which of the following relation is true?

- A.  $12 - 2 + 3 \div 8 \times 1 > 12$
- B.  $11 \times 2 \div 4 - 2 + 1 = 11$
- C.  $7 \div 2 \times 5 - 5 + 2 = 7$
- D.  $5 \times 6 - 3 \div 3 + 1 > 4$

E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution |||  $11 \times 2 + 4 - 2 + 1 = 11$

28. How many times the digit 9 occurs in the numbers from 100 to 999.

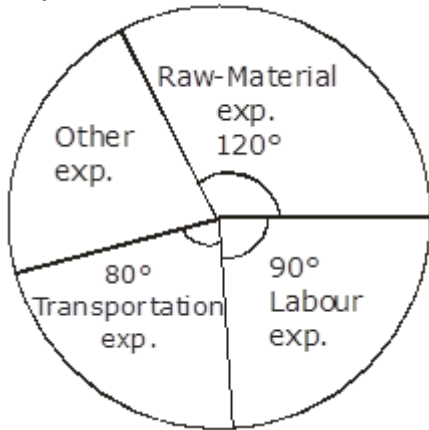
- A. 280
- B. 218
- C. 229
- D. 228
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Between 100 and 200  
NUMBER of 9 between 100 to 199 = 10  
NUMBER of 9 between 200 to 299 = 10  
300 - 399 ..... = 10  
400 - 499 ..... = 10  
500 - 599 ..... = 10  
600 - 699 ..... = 10  
700 - 799 ..... = 10  
800 - 899 ..... = 10  
900 - 999 ..... = 200  
total = 280

29. In the following pie-chart, the various expenditures of an industry are presented. Total expenditure on raw material is Rs.30 lac. If labour expenditure is increased by 5%. How much expenditure on other

expenses be reduced to maintain the profit?



- A. 5.9%
- B. 12.86%
- C. 6.43%
- D. 6.21%
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Total expenditure of labour

$$\frac{3000000}{120} \times 90 = 2250000$$

New expenditure of labour

$$\frac{2250000}{100} \times 105 = \text{Rs.} 2362500$$

Total increment of labour

$$2362500 - 2250000 = \text{Rs} 112500$$

Other expenditure

$$\frac{3000000}{120} \times 70 = \text{Rs} 1750000$$

% increased By

$$\frac{112500}{1750000} \times 100 = 6.43\%$$

30. In the bottom of a water tank, there are two drains A and B. If only A is open, it takes 30 minutes to empty a full tank and if only B is open, it takes 20 minutes. If for 10 minutes both drains are open, then B is closed, how much time it takes to empty a full tank?

- A. 18 minutes
- B. 15 minutes
- C. 17 minutes
- D. 20 minutes
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| In one min. Tank emptied by drain A=1/30  
In one min. Tank emptied by drain B=1/20

Tank emptied by drain A and B=  $10\left(\frac{1}{30} + \frac{1}{20}\right) = 10\left(\frac{2+3}{60}\right)$

$$10 \times \frac{5}{60} = \frac{5}{6}$$

Remaining part =  $1 - \frac{5}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$

Required time =  $\frac{1}{6} \times 30 + 10 = 15$  min.

31. Which of the following pairs is not correctly matched?

- A. Vitamin B1 – Oranges
- B. Vitamin D – Cod-liver oil
- C. Vitamin E – Wheat germ oil
- D. Vitamin K – Alfalfa
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| E

Solution ||| Orange are good source of vitamin C and B1.

Cod-liver oil has high levels of the omega-3 fatty acids, eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA) and docosahexaenoic acid (DHA). Cod liver oil also contains vitamin A and vitamin D.

Wheat germ oil is one of the most concentrated natural sources of vitamin E

Alfalfa contains is good source of Vitamin E, Vitamin C and Vitamin K, which is necessary for blood clotting.

32. Teflon is a polymer of which of the following monomers?

- A. Tetrafluoroethylene
- B. Vinyl chloride
- C. Chloroprene
- D. Acetylene dichloride
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Teflon is a polymer of Tetrafluoroethylene.

33. Which of the following is responsible for controlling hereditary characters of the living cells?

- A. Enzyme
- B. Hormone
- C. RNA
- D. DNA
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| D. N. A. Is responsible for controlling hereditary characters of the living cells.

34. Which of the following vitamins is known as ergocalciferol?

- A. Vitamin D2
- B. Vitamin D3
- C. Vitamin B12
- D. Vitamin B6
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Vitamin D2 is called Ergocalciferol. Argecalciferol is fat-soluble vitamin that prevents Rickets disease.

35. Which of the following pairs is not correctly matched?

- A. Retinol – Xerophthalmia
- B. Tocopherol – Beriberi
- C. Cyanocobalamin – Anaemia
- D. Ergocalciferol – Rickets
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| E

Solution ||| Retinol, also known as Vitamin A1, Xerophthalmia is a medical condition in which the eye fails to produce tears. It may be caused by vitamin A .

Beriberi occurs due to vitamin B1 deficiency. Tocopherols are a family of vitamin E so this is wrong pair.

Cyanocobalamin is Vitamin B12 whereas Anaemia occurs due to hemoglobin(Iron) or RBC deficiency so this is also not correctly matched.

36. Bakelite is formed by the condensation of

- A. Urea and formaldehyde
- B. Phenol and formaldehyde
- C. Phenol and acetaldehyde
- D. Melamine and formaldehyde
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| Bakelite is formed by the condensation of Phenol and formaldehyde.

37. Which one of the following is an antibiotic drug?

- A. Quinine
- B. Sulphaguanidine
- C. Chloramphenicol
- D. Aspirin
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Quinine is a bactericidal drug, it is used to treat malaria.



38. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct Ans using the codes given below the lists:

**List-I**

**[Applications]**

Aspartame

Freon

Neoprene

Benadryl

**List-II**

**[Substances]**

Synthetic rubber

Anti-histamine

Artificial Sweetener

Refrigerant

A. a-1, b-3, c-4, d-2

B. a-2, b-4, c-1, d-3

C. a-3, b-4, c-1, d-2

D. a-3, b-1, c-2, d-4

E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Aspartame , an artificial Sweetener discovered in 1965.

Freon - used as refrigerant .

Neoprene - is an artificial rubber.

Benadril - A histamine inhibitor. It is used to make medicines.

39. Insulin is

A. Fat

B. Vitamin

C. Carbohydrate

D. Protein

E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| E

Solution ||| Insulin is an hormone.

40. The gas used in the manufacture of Vanaspati Ghee from Vanaspati Oil is

- A. Hydrogen
- B. Oxygen
- C. Nitrogen
- D. Carbon dioxide
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| On the action of hydrogen in the presence of Ni by Vanaspati Oil, the Vanaspati Ghee is manufactured.

41. LPG used as domestic fuel chiefly contains

- A. Methane
- B. Propane
- C. Ethylene
- D. Butane
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| E

Solution ||| Liquefied natural gas chiefly contains butane and propane.

42. Soap removes grease by

- A. Coagulation
- B. Adsorption
- C. Emulsification
- D. Osmosis
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Soap removes grease by Emulsification. In emulsification, two or more immiscible liquids together form a mixture.

43. Which of the following hormones play a role in release of milk from mammary glands?

- A. Adrenaline
- B. Thyroxine
- C. Progesterone
- D. Oxytocin
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| The two main actions of oxytocin in the body are contraction of the womb (uterus) during childbirth and lactation

44. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct Ans using the codes given below the lists:

**List-I**

- a) Skin Cancer
- b) Noise Pollution
- c) Global warming
- d) Ozone Hole

**List-II**

- 1. Chlorofluorocarbons
- 2. Ultraviolet light
- 3. Decibel
- 4. Carbon dioxide

- A. a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4
- B. a-2, b-3, c-4, d-1
- C. a-2, b-3, c-1, d-4
- D. a-4, b-3, c-2, d-1
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

|                 |                     |
|-----------------|---------------------|
| Skin Cancer     | Ultraviolet light   |
| Noise Pollution | Decibel             |
| Global warming  | Carbon dioxide      |
| Ozone Hole      | Chlorofluorocarbons |

Solution |||

45. In human body, Vitamin A is stored in

- A. Liver
- B. Skin
- C. Lung
- D. Kidney
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Vitamin A is fat-soluble vitamin. Fat-soluble vitamins; Collected in the liver.

46. Which of the following vitamins is used as an antidote to anticoagulant poisons?

- A. Vitamin A
- B. Vitamin D
- C. Vitamin E
- D. Vitamin K
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| Vitamin K is anticoagulant (anti-antitoxic) drug.

47. Iodised salt contains

- A. Free iodine
- B. Calcium iodide
- C. Magnesium iodide
- D. Potassium iodide
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| E

Solution ||| Iodized salt contains Free iodine and potassium iodide.

48.

|||Common||| When sulfur dioxide is released into the air it reacts with water and oxygen to form sulfuric acid,  $H_2SO_4$ . Sulfuric acid is a strong acid. |||End|||

Which of the following is present in maximum in acid rain? A. HCl

B.  $H_2NO_3$

C.  $H_2SO_4$

D.  $H_2CO_3$

E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| In acid rain  $HNO_3$  and  $H_2SO_4$  present in maximum amount.

49. 'God Particle' is

A. Neutrino

B. Higgs Boson

C. Meson

D. Positron

E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| Higgs boson is called 'God Particle'. There is a field in every empty place in the universe which is called the Higgs field. And in this field small particles are present, which are called higgs boson or god particle.

50. Which of the following radio isotopes is used in the treatment of blood cancer [leukemia]?

A. Iodine - 131

B. Sodium-24

C. Phosphorus-32

D. Cobalt-60

E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| Cobalt -60 is used in the treatment of blood cancer.

51.The elected US President Donald Trump was the Presidential Nominee of the

- A. Democratic Party
- B. Republican Party
- C. Libertarian Party
- D. Green Party
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| President Donald Trump, elected to the United States, was presidential candidate of the Republican Party.

52.The Iran-Pakistan Gas pipeline is also called as

- A. Friendship pipeline
- B. Future pipeline
- C. Peace pipeline
- D. Unity pipeline
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| The Iran-Pakistan Gas pipeline is also called as Peace pipeline.

53.What is the India's rank in the 2016 Sustainable Development Goal Index?

- A. 110th
- B. 88th
- C. 63rd
- D. 129th
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| India's rank in the 2016 Sustainable Development Goal Index is 110th.

54.The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change deals with

- A. Reduction in fossil fuel usage
- B. SO<sub>2</sub> emissions mitigation
- C. reduction in Uranium production
- D. Greenhouse gases emissions mitigation
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change deals with Greenhouse gases emissions mitigation.

55.The 2016 Nobel Prize in Literature was won by

- A. Alice Munro
- B. Svetlana Alexievich
- C. Bob Dylan
- D. Angus Deaton
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| The Nobel Prize for Literature 2016 goes to Bob Dylan. Bob Dylan is a singer, songwriter, writer and painter.

56.Which country has the largest reserves of oil?

- A. United States
- B. China
- C. Russia
- D. Venezuela
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| Venezuela has the largest reserves of oil.

57. Who is the new Secretary General of the United Nations?

- A. Matthew Rycroft
- B. Anibal Cavaco Silva
- C. Antonio Guterres
- D. Vitaly Churkin
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Antonio Guterres is Portuguese politician and diplomat. He was the Prime Minister of Portugal from 1995 to the year 2000. Antonio Guterres is the new general secretary of the United Nations.

58. Which of the following countries has recently joined the Hague Code of Conduct [HCOC], a global initiative to prevent ballistic missile proliferation?

- A. Palestine
- B. Israel
- C. India
- D. Iran
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| India has recently joined the Hague Code of Conduct [HCOC], a global initiative to prevent ballistic missile proliferation.

59. Which State has been declared India's first 'Open Defecation Free State'?

- A. Bihar
- B. Assam
- C. Himachal Pradesh
- D. Sikkim
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above



Answer ||| D

Solution ||| Sikkim State has been declared India's first 'Open Defecation Free State. The campaign to free India from open defecation by 2019 is in progress.

60. Which of the following is the newest member of the Eurozone?

- A. Lithuania
- B. Croatia
- C. Bulgaria
- D. Cyprus
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Newest member of the Eurozone is Lithuania. Lithuania is situated at the edge of the Baltic Sea, in Europe .its capital is Vilnius.

61. The head of state of the United Kingdom is

- A. Queen Elizabeth I
- B. Queen Elizabeth II
- C. Queen Elizabeth III
- D. Queen Elizabeth IV
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| The Queen Elizabeth II is head of the nation of the United Kingdom. Queen Elizabeth II is the Constitutional Queen of the Sovereign States of Sanctuary.

62. India's first and Asia's longest cycle highway has been opened in which State of India?

- A. Uttar Pradesh
- B. Andhra Pradesh
- C. Bihar
- D. Assam

E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| India's longest highway is National Highway 7 which connects Varanasi city of Uttar Pradesh to Kanyakumari in southern India, Tamilnadu. Its length is 2369 km.

63.India's first textile university will be set up in which of the following states ?

- A. Madhya Pradesh
- B. Bihar
- C. Gujarat
- D. Odisha
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| India's first textile university will be set up in Gujarat state.

64.What is the fiscal deficit target of India for the financial year 2016-17?

- A. 3.9% of GDP
- B. 3.5% of GDP
- C. 4.9% of GDP
- D. 4.5% of GDP
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| the fiscal deficit target of India for the financial year 2016-17 is 3.5% of GDP.

65.The 2016 joint military exercise "Maitree" has been conducted between India and which of the following countries?

- A. Indonesia
- B. Thailand

- C. Malaysia
- D. Maldives
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| The 2016 joint military exercise "Maitree" has been conducted between India and Thailand . This warfare happened at a place called Krabi in Thailand.

66.The nation-wise breastfeeding programme "MAA" has been launched by which Union Ministry?

- A. Ministry of Tribal Affairs
- B. Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
- C. Ministry of Women and Child Development
- D. Ministry of AYUSH
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| The nation-wise breastfeeding programme "MAA" has been launched by Ministry of Health and Family Welfare.

67.Which of the following is a bond through which Indian entities can raise money from foreign markets in rupees, and not in foreign currency?

- A. Corporate Bonds
- B. Masala Bonds
- C. Municipal Bonds
- D. Zero-coupon Bonds
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| Masala Bond is a bond through which Indian entities can raise money from foreign markets in rupees, and not in foreign currency .Masala Bond was first released by world Bank in November 2014.

68. Which train safety system has recently been launched by the Indian Railways to avoid train accidents?

- A. Tri-Safety
- B. Tri-Netra
- C. Tri-Network
- D. Tri-Veil
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| The Terrain Imaging for Diesel Drivers- Infrared Enhanced Optical and Radar Assisted (Tri-NETRA) system will be launched by the Indian Railways to avoid train accidents.

69. Which committee has been constituted by the Government of India to boost cashless transaction?

- A. Nachiket More Committee
- B. Shanta Kumar Committee
- C. H.R.Khan Committee
- D. Neeraj Kumar Gupta Committee
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| Neeraj Kumar Gupta Committee has been constituted by the Government of India to boost cashless transaction.

70. Which country has won the 2016 Davis Cup Tennis Tournament?

- A. Argentina
- B. Switzerland
- C. Serbia
- D. Croatia
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| The Davis Cup is the premier international team event in men's tennis.. The Davis Cup tennis tournament of 2016 won by Argentina.

71.India's first Laser Interferometer Gravitational-Wave Observatory (LIGO) laboratory will be set up in which State?

- A. Uttar Pradesh
- B. Maharashtra
- C. Andhra Pradesh
- D. Bihar
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| Laser Interferometer gravitational, Web Observatory (LIGO) Lab is located at the Hingoli of Maharashtra.

72.In Rio Olympics 2016 which country finished at the top of the table with gold medals?

- A. United States
- B. China
- C. Great Britain
- D. Russia
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| In the Rio Olympics, United States of America got the first place in the medal table by winning 46 gold 37 silver medals.

73.The FIFA World Cup 2022 will be held in

- A. Argentina
- B. Germany
- C. Qatar
- D. Russia
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| The FIFA World Cup 2022 will be held in Qatar.

74.As per Census 2011, what is the rank of Bihar State in terms of population in the country?

- A. I
- B. II
- C. III
- D. IV
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| According to the 2011 census, Bihar is in the third place after Uttarpradesh and Maharashtra.

75.Which country has won the 2016 Kabaddi World Cup?

- A. Srilanka
- B. Iran
- C. India
- D. China
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| India has won the 2016 Kabaddi World Cup.

76.Which country's women Badminton team has won the 2016 Uber Cup Tournament?

- A. Thailand
- B. India
- C. South Korea
- D. China
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| China's women Badminton team has won the 2016 Uber Cup Tournament.

77. Who has been conferred with the 2015 Gyanpith Award?

- A. Pannalal Patel
- B. Umashankar Joshi
- C. Raghuvver Chaudhari
- D. Rama Jain
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Gyanpeeth Award for the year 2015 has been given to Raghuvver Chaudhary. Raghuvver Chaudhary is the writer and poet of Gujarati language.

78. The book 'Six Machine: I Don't Like Cricket .... I Love It' is the autobiography of which cricketer?

- A. Yuvraj Singh
- B. Chris Gayle
- C. Virendra Sehwag
- D. AB de Villiers
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| The book 'Six Machine: I Don't Like Cricket .... I Love It' is the autobiography of cricketer Chris Gayle.

79. Who is the first Indian to win two Paralympic Gold Medals?

- A. Devendra Jhajharia
- B. Deepa Malik
- C. Mariyappan Thangavelu
- D. Varun Singh Bhati

E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Devendra Jhanjhariya won two Paralympic Gold Medals in javelin throw in 2004 in Athens and in 2016 in Rheeo.

80.What was the theme of the 2016 Rio Olympics ?

- A. Peace for inner soul
- B. World peace and Environment
- C. Nothing can be achieved without peace
- D. Live sports , live freedom
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| World peace and Environment was the theme of the 2016 Rio Olympics.

81.Which among the following Harappan site terracotta of 'plough' was found?

- A. Dholavira
- B. Banawali
- C. Kalibangan
- D. Lothal
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| Banawali Harappan site terracotta of 'plough' was found.

82.Kalinga's King Kharvel was associated with:

- A. Mahameghvahana dynasty
- B. Chedi dynasty
- C. Satvahana dynasty
- D. Rath-Bhojak dynasty



E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| Kalinga's King Kharvel was associated with Chedi dynasty.

83.Chinese traveler 'Sungyun' was came to India in:

A. 515

A. D to 520 AD

B. 525 AD to 529AD

C. 545AD to 552 AD

D. 592 AD to 597AD

E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Chinese traveler 'Sungyun' was a Buddhist monk, who had traveled to India from 515 AD to 520 AD.

84.Which type of land was called 'Aprahat'?

A. Without cultivated forest land

B. Irrigated land

C. Dense forest land

D. Cultivated land

E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Without cultivated forest land was called 'Aprahat'.

85.Which among the following state 'Odantipur' Education Centre was situated?

A. Bengal

B. Bihar

C. Gujarat

D. TamilNadu

E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| 'Odantipur' Education Centre was situated harin bi .

86.'Diwan-E-Arj' department was associated with :

- A. Royal Correspondence
- B. Foreign
- C. defence
- D. finance
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| 'Diwan-E-Arj' department was associated with defence.

87.Who was the founder of Bahamani Kingdom?

- A. Alauddin Hasan
- B. Feroz Shah
- C. Mahmud Gaonwa
- D. Asaf Khan
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| The founder of the Bahamani state was Alauddin Hasan. The ruler of the Bahamani dynasty ruled over the southern large part in the medieval period.

88.Which among the following King's reign Persian traveller 'Abdurrajjak' came to India?

- A. Dev Rai I
- B. Krishna Dev Rai I
- C. Dev Rai II
- D. Krishna Rai II

E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| 'Abdurrajjak' was a Persian historian. It came during the reign of King Dev rai II.

89.'Jaswant and Dasawan' famous painters were courtier of Mughal emperor:

- A. Akbar
- B. Jehangir
- C. Shahjahan
- D. Aurangzeb
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Famous painters 'Jaswant and Dasavan' were Mughal emperor Akbar's courtier.

90.Akhil Bhartiya Kisan Congress was founded in :

- A. 1936 AD
- B. 1939 AD
- C. 1942 AD
- D. 1945 AD
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| The All India Kisan Sabha was established by Swami sehajanand in the year 1936 AD.

91.Which among the following year 'Santhal revolt' was occurred?

- A. 1831 – 32 AD
- B. 1844 – 46 AD
- C. 1851 – 52 AD

- D. 1855 – 56 AD
- E. None of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| 'Santhal revolt' was occurred in 1855-56 AD. The leader of the 'Santhal revolt' was sindhu and Kod Murya.

92.Which among the following year Surendra Nath Banerjee was eliminated from Indian Civil Services?

- A. 1874 AD
- B. 1877 AD
- C. 1885 AD
- D. 1892 AD
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| In the year 1874, Surendra Nath Banerjee was eliminated for a small mistake.

93.Who is known as father of Dyarchy?

- A. Lord Clive
- B. Hector Munaro
- C. Lord Macaulay
- D. Sir Leonil Cartis
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| Dyarchy, system of double government introduced by the Government of India Act (1919) for the provinces of British India. It marked the first introduction of the democratic principle into the executive branch of the British administration of India. Sir Leonil Cartis is known as father of Dyarchy.

94. Which among the following viceroy period the title of 'Rai Bahadur' and 'Khan Bahadur' were began to conferred to Indian?

- A. Lord Ripon
- B. Lord Lytton
- C. Lord Mayo
- D. Lord Dufferin
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| From the viceroy period of Lord Lytton the title of 'Rai Bahadur' and 'Khan Bahadur' were began to conferred to Indian. Lord Lytton was Viceroy of India between 1876 and 1880.

95. Who was the founder of Karnata dynasty?

- A. Nanyadev
- B. Narsimhadev
- C. Vijaydev
- D. Haridev
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Nanyadev was the founder of Karnata dynasty.

96. Who was the first Muslim Conqueror of Bihar?

- A. Malik Ibrahim
- B. Iltumish
- C. Bakhtiyar Khalji
- D. Ali Mardan Khalji
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Bakhtiyar Khalji was the first Muslim Conqueror of Bihar.

97. Who was the last King of Karnata dynasty?

- A. Harisimha
- B. Ramsimha
- C. Matisimha
- D. Shyamsimha
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Harisimha was the last King of Karnata dynasty.

98. The author of 'Rajaniti Ratnakara' is

- A. Chandesvara
- B. Vidyapati
- C. Jyotiresvara
- D. Haribrahmadeva
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| The author of 'Rajaniti Ratnakara' is Chandesvara.

99. The author of 'Udwant Prakash' is

- A. Mauli Kavi
- B. Bodhraj
- C. Paramala
- D. Vidyapati
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| The author of 'Udwant Prakash' is Mauli Kavi.

100. Nalanda Vihar was destroyed by :

- A. Bakhtiyar Khalji
- B. Qutubddin Aibak
- C. Muhammad Bin Tughlaq
- D. Alauddin Khalji
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Nalanda was very likely ransacked and destroyed by an army of the Mamluk Dynasty of the Muslim Delhi Sultanate under Bakhtiyar Khilji in c. 1200 CE

101.The Great Victorian Desert is located at

- A. Australia
- B. India
- C. Egypt
- D. North Africa
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| The Great Victorian desert lies in the middle of Western and Southern Australia.

102.Which of the following activities is performed at Coolgardie?

- A. Coal mining
- B. Copper mining
- C. Gold mining
- D. Forestry
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Coolgardie is a small town in Western Australia. At this time, Coolgardie is known to mining of alluvial gold .

103.What is Particulate matter ?

- A. Solid residue
- B. Air pollutant
- C. Water pollutant
- D. Soil pollutant
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| Air pollutant is Particulate matter.

104.What is the name of mid latitude grass land in South America?

- A. Prairie
- B. Pampas
- C. Veld
- D. Steppes
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| In South America This meadow is spread over 750,000 km in South America.

105.Match the following places with industries and select the correct Ans using the code given below :

**Place**

- 1. Bengaluru
- 2. Korba
- 3. Jamhedpur
- 4. Malajkhand

**Industry**

- i. Iron & Steel
- ii. Copper
- iii. Aircraft
- iv. Aluminium

- A. a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4
- B. a-2, b-1, c-4, d-3
- C. a-4, b-3, c-2, d-1
- D. a-3, b-4, c-1, d-2
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above



Answer ||| D

Solution ||| **Place**

1. Bengaluru
2. Korba
3. Jamhedpur
4. Malajkhand

**Industry**

- Aircraft
- Aluminium
- Iron & Steel
- Copper

106. Which of the following seas has the highest average salinity?

- A. Black Sea
- B. Yellow Sea
- C. Mediterranean Sea
- D. Dead Sea
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| The average salinity in the Dead Sea is highest. It is in the west of Jordan and east of Israel and Palestinian.

107. The Dravidian races are mainly confined at which of the following parts of India?

- A. South India
- B. North-Western India
- C. North-Eastern India
- D. North India
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| The Dravidian races are mainly confined in South India.

108. At which of the following hills the Eastern Ghats join the Western Ghats ?

- A. Palani Hills
- B. Anaimudi Hills
- C. Nilgiri Hills
- D. Shervoroy Hills
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| The Eastern Ghats join the Western Ghats at Nilgiri Hills.

109. At which of the following places the Copper Industry is located?

- A. Tarapur
- B. Titagarh
- C. Ranchi
- D. Khetri
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| The copper industry is established in Khetri. Khetri is located in Jhunjhunu district of Rajasthan.

110. What is the Golden Quadrilateral ?

- A. Rail lines joining metros
- B. Major Air Routes
- C. National Highway Project
- D. Gold Trade Routes
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Golden Quadrilateral is the National Highway Project.

111. Which of the following Iron ores is mined at Bailadila?

- A. Haematite
- B. Siderite
- C. Limonite
- D. Magnetite
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Iron ore haematite is mined in Bailadila.

112.The only state which produces saffron in India is

- A. Himachal Pradesh
- B. Assam
- C. Jammu – Kashmir
- D. Meghalaya
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| The only state in India which produces saffron are J & K.

113.At which of the following towns the Alaknanda and the Bhagirathi combines to form River Ganga?

- A. Haridwar
- B. Rishikesh
- C. Rudraprayag
- D. Devprayag

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| At Devprayag town the Alaknanda and the Bhagirathi combines to form River Ganga.

114.Which of the landforms occupy the North-Western parts of Bihar State?

- A. Someshwar Hilly Range
- B. Kaimur Plateau
- C. Nawada Hilly Region
- D. Rajgir Hilly Region
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Someshwar Hilly Range occupy the North-Western parts of Bihar State.

115. River Tel is a tributary of which of the following rivers ?

- A. Bagmati
- B. Ghaghara
- C. Gandak
- D. Kamla
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| E

Solution ||| River Tel is a tributary of mahanadhi.

116. Which of the following canal systems irrigate areas of Bihar?

- A. Upper Ganga Canal
- B. Triveni Canal
- C. Sharda Canal
- D. Eastern Yamuna Canal
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| There is irrigation in the area of Bihar from Triveni canal. This canal is derived from Gandak river.

117. Which of the following is a silk textile producing centre in Bihar?

- A. Motipur
- B. Bajari
- C. Bhagalpur
- D. Dalmianagar
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Bhagalpur is a silk textile producing centre in Bihar.

118. At which of the following places Bharat Wagon and Engineering Co.Ltd. is situated?

- A. Madhepura
- B. Jamalpur
- C. Harnat
- D. Mokama
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| Bharat Wagon and Engineering Co.Ltd. is situated in Mokama.

119. Which of the following National Highways connect Chhapara and Gopalganj?

- A. National Highway No.77
- B. National Highway No.84
- C. National Highway No.85
- D. National Highway No.80
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| National Highway No.85 connect Chhapara and Gopalganj.

120. Which of the following districts record highest growth of population during 2001-11?

- A. Kishanganj
- B. Araria
- C. Madhepura
- D. Khagdia
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Madhepura districts record highest growth of population during 2001-11.

121. Which of the following is/are listed among the Directive Principles in Part-IV of the Constitution of India?

- I. Equal Pay for Equal Work
- II. Uniform Civil Code
- III. Small family norm
- IV. Education through mother tongue at primary level

- A. I, II and III
- B. I and II
- C. II and III
- D. I, II and IV
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| I and II are listed among the Directive principles given in Part IV of the Indian Constitution.

122. Vote on Account is meant for

- A. Vote on the report of CAG
- B. To meet unforeseen expenditure
- C. Appropriating funds pending passing of budget
- D. Budget
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Vote on Account is meant for Appropriating funds pending passing of budget.

123. Constitution Day of India is celebrated on

- A. 26th October
- B. 26th November
- C. 26th January
- D. 15th August
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| On 26th November 1949, India's Constitution was completed. It was implemented on January 26, 1950.

124. Which officer of the Government of India has the right to take part in the proceedings of Parliament of India even though he is not a member?

- A. Vice-President
- B. Attorney General of India
- C. Comptroller and Auditor General
- D. Election Commissioner
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| Attorney General of India has the right to take part in the proceedings of Parliament of India even though he is not a member.

125. The Supreme Court has held that hoisting the National Flag at the top of private buildings is a fundamental right of every citizen under :

- A. Article 14 of the Constitution
- B. Article 19 (1) (A) of the Constitution
- C. Article 21 of the Constitution
- D. Article 25 of the Constitution
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| The Supreme Court has held that hoisting the National Flag at the top of private buildings is a fundamental right of every citizen under Article 19 (1) (A) of the Constitution.

126. Choose the fundamental rights available to Indian Citizen but not to aliens :

- I. Freedom of Speech and Expression
- II. Equality Before the Law
- III. Right of Minorities
- IV. Protection of Life and Liberty

- A. I and III
- B. I and IV
- C. II and IV
- D. II and III
- E. None of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Fundamental Rights which are available to only citizens - 15, 16, 19, 29 and 30.

- (a) Prohibition of discrimination on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex or place of birth (Article 15).
- (b) Equality of opportunity in matters of public employment (Article 16).
- (c) Protection of six rights regarding freedom (Article 19).
- (d) Protection of language, script and culture of minorities (Article 29).
- (e) The right of minorities to establish and administer educational institutions (Article 30).

127. A Panchayat Samiti at the block level in India is only a/an

- A. Advisory Body
- B. Consultative Committee
- C. Co-ordinating and Supervisory Authority
- D. Administrative Authority
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| A Panchayat Samiti at the block level in India is only a Co-ordinating and Supervisory Authority.



128. A seat of M.P. can be declared vacant if he absents himself from the house for a continuous period of

- A. Six months
- B. Two months
- C. Three months
- D. One year
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| A seat of M.P. can be declared vacant if he absents himself from the house, without permission, for a continuous period of Two months.

129. Match the following :

**List I**

- I. Union List
- II. State list
- III. Concurrent list

**List II**

- a. 97 entries
- b. 47 entries
- c. 66 entries

- A. I- a, II-b, III-c
- B. I-a, II-c, III-b
- C. I-c, II-a, III-b
- D. I-c, II-b, III-a
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| I. Union List - 97 entries  
II. State list - 66 entries  
III. Concurrent list - 47 entries

130. Creation of a new state requires a majority for Constitutional Amendment.

- A. Simple
- B. Two-third
- C. Three-fourth
- D. Two-third plus ratification by half of all states
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Creation of a new state requires a Simple majority for Constitutional Amendment.

131.The expression „Socialist” was introduced in the Preamble of Indian Constitution by which amendment ?

- A. 42nd amendment
- B. 44th Amendment
- C. 46th Amendment
- D. 74th Amendment
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| In the preamble of Indian Constitution the word 'socialist' was added in the 42nd Constitution Amendment. This constitution amendment was done in the year 1976.

132.President of India exercises his powers

- A. either directly or through officers subordinate to him
- B. through Ministers
- C. through Prime Minister
- D. through Cabinet
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| E

Solution ||| President excercises his powers on the aid and advice of Council of ministers headed by Prime Minister.

133.The "Ease of Doing Business Index" is prepared and published by

- A. World Trade Organisation
- B. World Bank Group
- C. United Nations
- D. European Nations
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| The "Ease of Doing Business Index" is prepared and published by World Bank Group.

134.Which one of the following measures is not likely to aid in improving India`s Balance of Payment position ?

- A. Promotion of Import Substitution Policy
- B. Devaluation of rupee
- C. Imposition of higher tariff on imports
- D. Levying of higher duties on exports
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| Levying of higher duties on exports is not likely to aid in improving India`s Balance of Payment position.

135.Service tax was introduced in India on the recommendation of :

- A. Kelkar Committee
- B. Raja J. Chaliah Committee
- C. Manmohan Singh Committee
- D. Yashwant Sinha Committee
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| King J. Chaliah Committee service tax started on 1 July 1944.

136.As per Census 2011, which state has the lowest sex-ratio ?

- A. Punjab
- B. Haryana
- C. Uttar Pradesh
- D. Bihar
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| According to the 2011 census in Haryana, there are 879 females for 1000 males.

137.The economist who for the first time scientifically determined National Income in India :

- A. D.R. Gadgil
- B. V.K.R.V. Rao
- C. Manmohan Singh
- D. Y.V.Alagh
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| The economist V.K.R.V. Rao for the first time scientifically determined National Income in India

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138.The percentage of decadal growth of population during 2001-2011 as per Census 2011 is :

- A. 21.54
- B. 17.64
- C. 15.89
- D. 19.21
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| The percentage of decadal growth of population during 2001-2011 as per Census 2011 is17.64.

139. Which of the following is not a cash crop ?

- A. Jute
- B. Groundnut
- C. Jowar
- D. Sugarcane
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Jowar is not a cash crop.

140. First Five Year Plan of India was based on the

- A. Harrod Domar Model
- B. Mahalanobis Model
- C. Dadabhai Naroji Model
- D. J.L. Nehru Model
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Harrod Domar was the basis of the first five year plan in India. The first Five Year Plan was started in the year 1951.

141. Black revolution is related to the

- A. Fish Production
- B. Coal production
- C. Crude oil production
- D. Mustard production
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Black Revolution is related to the Crude oil production.

142. Which Indian state has the largest number of Cotton Textiles Mills ?

- A. Madhya Pradesh
- B. Maharashtra
- C. Gujarat
- D. West-Bengal
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| B

Solution ||| Maharashtra. state has the largest number of Cotton Textiles Mills.

143. Which district in Bihar is poorest according to per capita income criteria ?

- A. Begusarai
- B. Madhepura
- C. Supaul
- D. Sheohar
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| Sheohar district in Bihar is poorest according to per capita income criteria.

144. Which of the following Tax is levied by Union and collected and appropriated by States ?

- A. Stamp duties
- B. Passenger & Goods Tax
- C. Estate Duty
- D. Taxes on Newspapers
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| A

Solution ||| Stamp duties is levied by Union and collected and appropriated by States.

145. Bank rate means

- A. Interest rate charged by moneylenders
- B. Interest rate charged by Scheduled Banks
- C. Rate of profit of banking institution
- D. Official rate of interest charged by Central Bank
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| D

Solution ||| Bank rate is the rate charged by the central bank for lending funds to commercial banks.

146. In Bihar, which sector recorded highest growth during 2005-06 to 2014-15 ?

- A. Agriculture
- B. Banking
- C. Registered Manufacturing
- D. Transport
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| During the period 2005-06 to 2014-15, the sectors which recorded highest growth rates are- registered manufacturing (19.31 per cent)

147. "SUPUR" project in Bihar relates to :

- A. Health
- B. Poverty
- C. Banking
- D. Municipal Finances
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| E

Solution ||| None of the above/More than one of the above

148.Total length of National Highways in Bihar is :

- A. 3410 kms
- B. 3587 kms
- C. 4595 kms
- D. 4707 kms
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| Total length of National Highways in Bihar is 4595 kms.

149.Per capita energy consumption in the state of Bihar is :

- A. 20 kWh
- B. 187 kWh
- C. 161 kWh
- D. 145 kWh
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| E

Solution ||| Per capita energy consumption in the state of Bihar is More than one of the above.

150.“JEEVIKA” is an initiative of Bihar Govt for :

- A. Employment Generation
- B. Financial Inclusion
- C. Poverty Attenuation
- D. Public Distribution
- E. None of the above/More than one of the above

Answer ||| C

Solution ||| The objective of the 'Jeevika' Project for India is to enhance social and economic empowerment of the rural poor in Bihar.



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