

Solution

1. Ans. B.

As given in the question,

$$\delta \Rightarrow <$$

$$\% \Rightarrow =$$

$$* \Rightarrow \leq$$

$$\$ \Rightarrow >$$

$$\odot \Rightarrow \geq$$

So,

$$B\%T \Rightarrow B=T$$

$$T \odot M \Rightarrow T \geq M$$

$$M*D \Rightarrow M \leq D$$

Hence,

$$B=T \geq M \leq D$$

Conclusions

$$\text{I. } D \odot B \Rightarrow D \geq B \text{ (FALSE)}$$

$$\text{II. } M*B \Rightarrow M \leq B \text{ (TRUE)}$$

Therefore only conclusion II is true.

2. Ans. E.

As given in the question,

$$\delta \Rightarrow <$$

$$\% \Rightarrow =$$

$$* \Rightarrow \leq$$

$$\$ \Rightarrow >$$

$$\odot \Rightarrow \geq$$

So,

$$B \delta A \Rightarrow B < A$$

$$A*M \Rightarrow A \leq M$$

$$W \odot M \Rightarrow W \geq M$$

Hence,

$$B < A \leq M \leq W$$

Conclusions

$$\text{I. } W\$B \Rightarrow W > B \text{ (TRUE)}$$

$$\text{II. } A*W \Rightarrow A \leq W \text{ (TRUE)}$$

Therefore both conclusions I and II are true.

3. Ans. C.

As given in the question,

$$\delta \Rightarrow <$$

$$\% \Rightarrow =$$

$$* \Rightarrow \leq$$

$$\$ \Rightarrow >$$

$$\odot \Rightarrow \geq$$

So,

$$R\$T \Rightarrow R > T$$

$$T \odot M \Rightarrow T \geq M$$

$$M\%J \Rightarrow M=J$$

Hence,

$$R > T \geq M = J$$

Conclusions

$$\text{I. } J\%T \Rightarrow J=T$$

$$\text{II. } J\delta T \Rightarrow J < T$$

Therefore Either conclusion I or conclusion II is true.

4. Ans. D.

As given in the question,

$$\delta \Rightarrow <$$

$$\% \Rightarrow =$$

$$* \Rightarrow \leq$$

$$\$ \Rightarrow >$$

$$\odot \Rightarrow \geq$$

So,

$$H \odot K \Rightarrow H \geq K$$

$$K\%R \Rightarrow K=R$$

$$R\delta N \Rightarrow R < N$$

Hence,

$$H \geq K = R < N$$

Conclusions

$$\text{I. } N \odot K \Rightarrow N \geq H \text{ (FALSE)}$$

$$\text{II. } R\%H \Rightarrow R=H \text{ (FALSE)}$$

Therefore Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II is true.

5. Ans. A.

As given in the question,

$$\delta \Rightarrow <$$

$$\% \Rightarrow =$$

$$* \Rightarrow \leq$$

$$\$ \Rightarrow >$$

$$\odot \Rightarrow \geq$$

So,

$$H*K \Rightarrow H \leq K$$

$$K\delta N \Rightarrow K < N$$

$$N\$W \Rightarrow N > W$$

Hence,

$$H \leq K < N > W$$

Conclusions

$$\text{I. } N\$H \Rightarrow N > H \text{ (TRUE)}$$

$$\text{II. } W\delta H \Rightarrow W < H \text{ (Not True)}$$

Therefore only conclusion I is true.

6. Ans. D.

Mauli is the Banker.

Person-	City -	Profession
Garima -	Kolkata -	Company Secretary
Himani -	Dehradun-	Editor
Jivika -	Bhopal -	Painter
Komal -	Agra-	Photographer
Latika-	Chandigarh-	Chartered Accountant
Mauli-	Delhi-	Banker
Nishita-	Lucknow -	Teacher

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7. Ans. E.

None of the option is true.

Person-	City -	Profession
Garima -	Kolkata -	Company Secretary
Himani -	Dehradun-	Editor
Jivika -	Bhopal -	Painter
Komal -	Agra-	Photographer
Latika-	Chandigarh-	Chartered Accountant
Mauli-	Delhi-	Banker
Nishita-	Lucknow -	Teacher

8. Ans. D.

Nishita is working in Lucknow.

Person-	City -	Profession
Garima -	Kolkata -	Company Secretary
Himani -	Dehradun-	Editor
Jivika -	Bhopal -	Painter
Komal -	Agra-	Photographer
Latika-	Chandigarh-	Chartered Accountant
Mauli-	Delhi-	Banker
Nishita-	Lucknow -	Teacher

9. Ans. B.

Company Secretary works in Kolkata.

Person-	City -	Profession
Garima -	Kolkata -	Company Secretary
Himani -	Dehradun-	Editor
Jivika -	Bhopal -	Painter
Komal -	Agra-	Photographer
Latika-	Chandigarh-	Chartered Accountant
Mauli-	Delhi-	Banker
Nishita-	Lucknow -	Teacher

10. Ans. E.

Latika is the Chartered Accountant.

Person-	City -	Profession
Garima -	Kolkata -	Company Secretary
Himani -	Dehradun-	Editor
Jivika -	Bhopal -	Painter
Komal -	Agra-	Photographer
Latika-	Chandigarh-	Chartered Accountant
Mauli-	Delhi-	Banker
Nishita-	Lucknow -	Teacher

11. Ans. A.

As per given information coding description is as follows:

- 'business is easy to do' - 'pa ro se yo ze'.....1)
- 'business aries difficulty in life' - 'lo fe pa so te'.2)
- 'life is easy' - 'so ro yo'.3)
- 'difficulty to do work' - 'se lo ze me'4)
- 'easy business life' - 'pa yo so'.5)
- From 1) and 2) business is coded as: pa
- From 1), 2) and 5) easy is coded as: yo
- From 1), 2) and 5) life is coded as: so
- From 1) and 3) 'is' is coded as: ro

- From 2) and 4) 'difficulty' is coded as: lo
- From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'to' is coded as: Either 'se' or 'ze'
- From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'do' is coded as: Either 'se' or 'ze'
- From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'work' is coded as: me
- From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'aries' is coded as: Either 'fe' or 'te'
- From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'in' is coded as: Either 'fe' or 'te'
- 'lo, te, fe, pa' is the code for 'difficulty aries in business'. So answer is 1)

12. Ans. D.

As per given information coding description is as follows:

- 'business is easy to do' - 'pa ro se yo ze'.....1)
- 'business aries difficulty in life' - 'lo fe pa so te'.2)
- 'life is easy' - 'so ro yo'.3)
- 'difficulty to do work' - 'se lo ze me'4)
- 'easy business life' - 'pa yo so'.5)
- From 1) and 2) business is coded as: pa
- From 1), 2) and 5) easy is coded as: yo
- From 1), 2) and 5) life is coded as: so
- From 1) and 3) 'is' is coded as: ro
- From 2) and 4) 'difficulty' is coded as: lo
- From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'to' is coded as: Either 'se' or 'ze'
- From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'do' is coded as: Either 'se' or 'ze'
- From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'work' is coded as: me
- From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'aries' is coded as: Either 'fe' or 'te'
- From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'in' is coded as: Either 'fe' or 'te'
- 'life is complicated' can written as 'so fa ro' complicated is the new word for coding so we should write new code also which is fa. So answer is 4).

13. Ans. E.

As per given information coding description is as follows:

- 'business is easy to do' - 'pa ro se yo ze'.....1)
- 'business aries difficulty in life' - 'lo fe pa so te'.2)
- 'life is easy' - 'so ro yo'.3)
- 'difficulty to do work' - 'se lo ze me'4)
- 'easy business life' - 'pa yo so'.5)
- From 1) and 2) business is coded as: pa
- From 1), 2) and 5) easy is coded as: yo
- From 1), 2) and 5) life is coded as: so
- From 1) and 3) 'is' is coded as: ro
- From 2) and 4) 'difficulty' is coded as: lo



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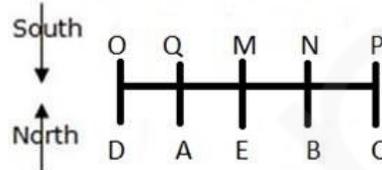
From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'to' is coded as: Either 'se' or 'ze'
 From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'do' is coded as: Either 'se' or 'ze'
 From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'work' is coded as: me
 From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'aries' is coded as: Either 'fe' or 'te'
 From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'in' is coded as: Either 'fe' or 'te'
 'aries' can be coded as Either 'fe' or 'te'. So answer is 5).

14. Ans. B.
 As per given information coding description is as follows:
 'business is easy to do' - 'pa ro se yo ze'.....1)
 'business aries difficulty in life' - 'lo fe pa so te'.
2)
 'life is easy' - 'so ro yo'.3)
 'difficulty to do work' - 'se lo ze me'4)
 'easy business life' - 'pa yo so'.5)
 From 1) and 2) business is coded as: pa
 From 1), 2) and 5) easy is coded as: yo
 From 1), 2) and 5) life is coded as: so
 From 1) and 3) 'is' is coded as: ro
 From 2) and 4) 'difficulty' is coded as: lo
 From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'to' is coded as: Either 'se' or 'ze'
 From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'do' is coded as: Either 'se' or 'ze'
 From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'work' is coded as: me
 From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'aries' is coded as: Either 'fe' or 'te'
 From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'in' is coded as: Either 'fe' or 'te'
 Code for 'difficulty' is 'lo'. So answer is 2).

15. Ans. E.
 As per given information coding description is as follows:
 'business is easy to do' - 'pa ro se yo ze'.....1)
 'business aries difficulty in life' - 'lo fe pa so te'.
2)
 'life is easy' - 'so ro yo'.3)
 'difficulty to do work' - 'se lo ze me'4)
 'easy business life' - 'pa yo so'.5)
 From 1) and 2) business is coded as: pa
 From 1), 2) and 5) easy is coded as: yo
 From 1), 2) and 5) life is coded as: so
 From 1) and 3) 'is' is coded as: ro
 From 2) and 4) 'difficulty' is coded as: lo
 From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'to' is coded as: Either 'se' or 'ze'
 From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'do' is coded as: Either 'se' or 'ze'

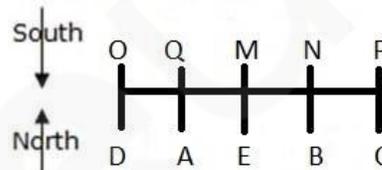
From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'work' is coded as: me
 From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'aries' is coded as: Either 'fe' or 'te'
 From 1), 2), 3) and 4) 'in' is coded as: Either 'fe' or 'te'
 Code for 'difficulty' is 'lo'. So answer is 2).
 Code for 'do' in the given code language is Either 'se' or 'ze'. So answer is 5)
 16. Ans. B.

Arrangement will be as



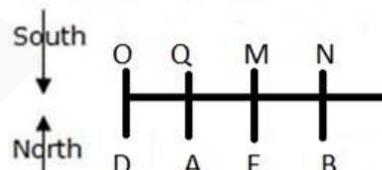
17. Ans. C.

Arrangement will be as



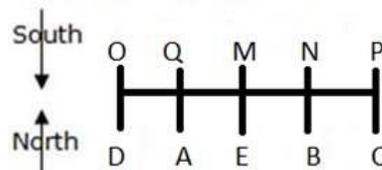
18. Ans. D.

Arrangement will be as



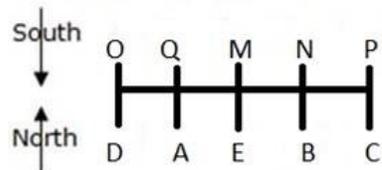
19. Ans. D.

Arrangement will be as



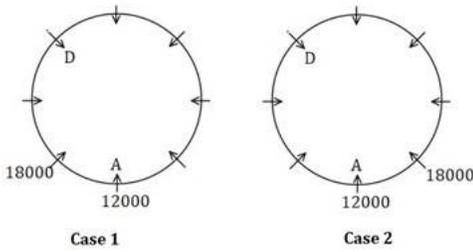
20. Ans. A.

Arrangement will be as



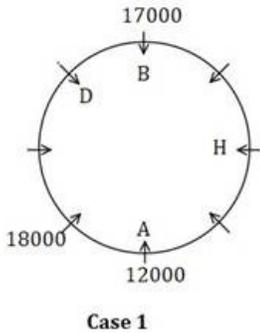
21. Ans. C.

- D sits third to the right of A who earns 12000.
- The one who earns 18000 is neighbor of A.

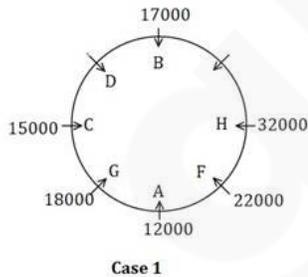


Take case 1:

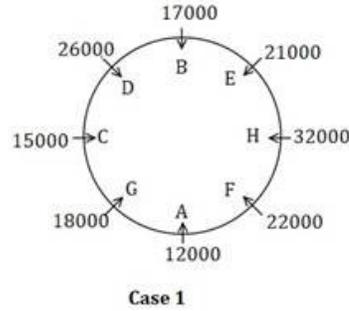
- B earns 17000 and sits immediate left of D.
- Two persons sit between the one who earns 18000 and H.



- G and C are neighbours and earn total 33000. So there is two combinations 12,21 and 15,18. We know that A earns 12000 so combination must be 15000 and 18000.
- F earns 4000 more than G. So if G earns 15000 then F must earn 19000 but this salary is not given so G must earn 18000, F must earn 22000 and C must earn 15000.
- F is neighbor of A and the one who earns the highest. So H must earn 32000.

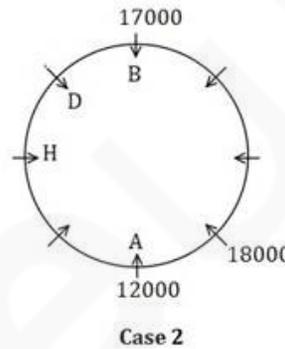


- D earns more than E. So E must earn 21000 and D must earn 26000.
- The one who earns 21000 sits 2nd to the right of the one who earns 18000. So G earns 18000. So this case gets rejected.

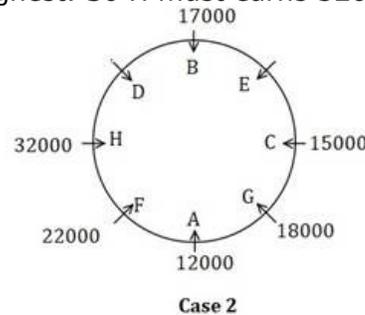


Take case 2:

- B earns 17000 and sits immediate left of D.
- Two persons sit between the one who earns 18000 and H.



- G and C are neighbours and earn total 33000. So there is two combinations 12,21 and 15,18. We know that A earns 12000 so combination must be 15000 and 18000.
- F earns 4000 more than G. So if G earns 15000 then F must earn 19000 but this salary is not given so G must earn 18000, F must earn 22000 and C must earn 15000.
- F is neighbor of A and the one who earns the highest. So H must earn 32000.



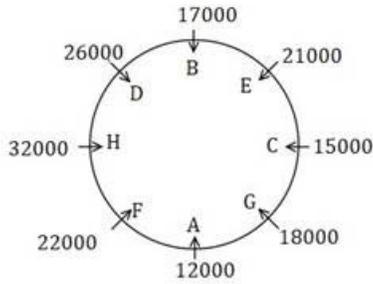
- D earns more than E. So E must earn 21000 and D must earn 26000.
- The one who earns 21000 sits 2nd to the right of the one who earns 18000. So this case is correct.



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Here is the final arrangement:

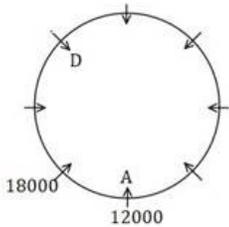


Case 2

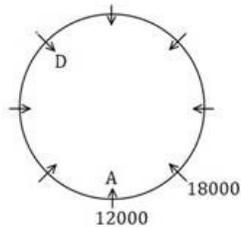
H earns the highest.

22. Ans. C.

- D sits third to the right of A who earns 12000. The one who earns 18000 is neighbor of A.



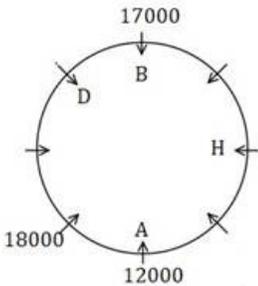
Case 1



Case 2

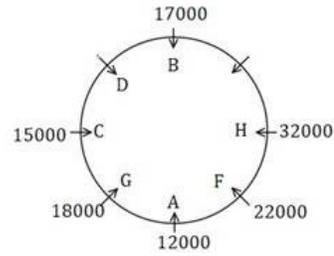
Take case 1:

- B earns 17000 and sits immediate left of D.
- Two persons sit between the one who earns 18000 and H.



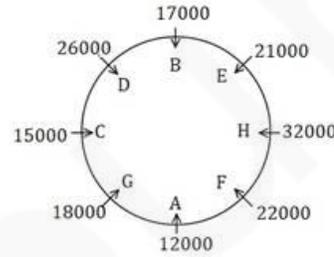
Case 1

- G and C are neighbours and earn total 33000. So there is two combinations 12,21 and 15,18. We know that A earns 12000 so combination must be 15000 and 18000.
- F earns 4000 more than G. So if G earns 15000 then F must earn 19000 but this salary is not given so G must earn 18000, F must earn 22000 and C must earn 15000.
- F is neighbor of A and the one who earns the highest. So H must earn 32000.



Case 1

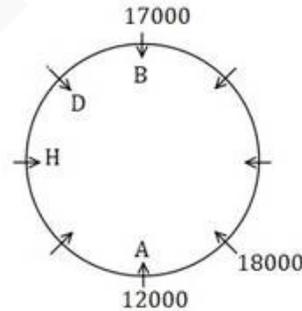
- D earns more than E. So E must earn 21000 and D must earn 26000.
- The one who earns 21000 sits 2nd to the right of the one who earns 18000. So G earns 18000. So this case gets rejected.



Case 1

Take case 2:

- B earns 17000 and sits immediate left of D.
- Two persons sit between the one who earns 18000 and H.



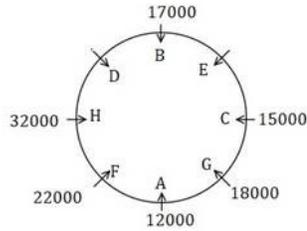
Case 2

- G and C are neighbours and earn total 33000. So there is two combinations 12,21 and 15,18. We know that A earns 12000 so combination must be 15000 and 18000.
- F earns 4000 more than G. So if G earns 15000 then F must earn 19000 but this salary is not given so G must earn 18000, F must earn 22000 and C must earn 15000.
- F is neighbor of A and the one who earns the highest. So H must earn 32000.



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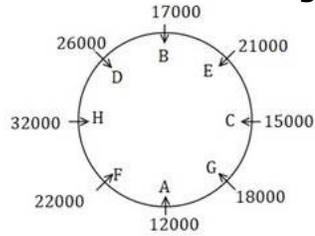
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Case 2

- D earns more than E. So E must earn 21000 and D must earn 26000.
- The one who earns 21000 sits 2nd to the right of the one who earns 18000. So this case is correct.

Here is the final arrangement:

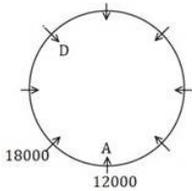


Case 2

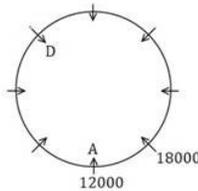
G earns 18000.

23. Ans. B.

- D sits third to the right of A who earns 12000. The one who earns 18000 is neighbor of A.



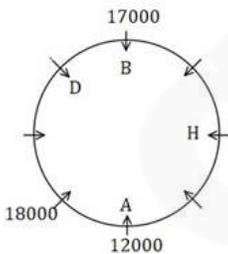
Case 1



Case 2

Take case 1:

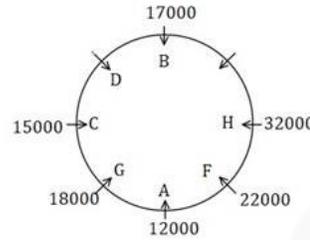
- B earns 17000 and sits immediate left of D.
- Two persons sit between the one who earns 18000 and H.



Case 1

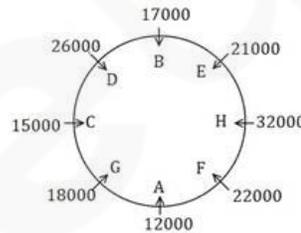
- G and C are neighbours and earn total 33000. So there are two combinations 12,21 and 15,18. We know that A earns 12000 so combination must be 15000 and 18000.

- F earns 4000 more than G. So if G earns 15000 then F must earn 19000 but this salary is not given so G must earn 18000, F must earn 22000 and C must earn 15000.
- F is neighbor of A and the one who earns the highest. So H must earn 32000.



Case 1

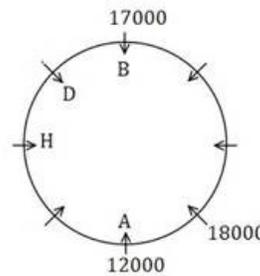
- D earns more than E. So E must earn 21000 and D must earn 26000.
- The one who earns 21000 sits 2nd to the right of the one who earns 18000. So G earns 18000. So this case gets rejected.



Case 1

Take case 2:

- B earns 17000 and sits immediate left of D.
- Two persons sit between the one who earns 18000 and H.



Case 2

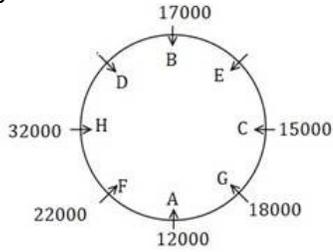
- G and C are neighbours and earn total 33000. So there are two combinations 12,21 and 15,18. We know that A earns 12000 so combination must be 15000 and 18000.
- F earns 4000 more than G. So if G earns 15000 then F must earn 19000 but this salary is not given so G must earn 18000, F must earn 22000 and C must earn 15000.



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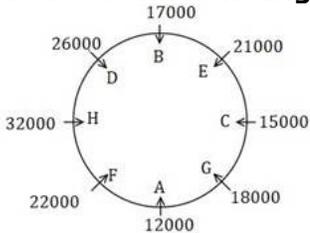
- F is neighbor of A and the one who earns the highest. So H must earn 32000.



Case 2

- D earns more than E. So E must earn 21000 and D must earn 26000.
- The one who earns 21000 sits 2nd to the right of the one who earns 18000. So this case is correct.

Here is the final arrangement:

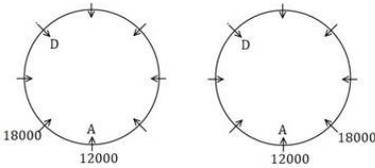


Case 2

C and H are sitting opposite.

24. Ans. D.

- D sits third to the right of A who earns 12000. The one who earns 18000 is neighbor of A.

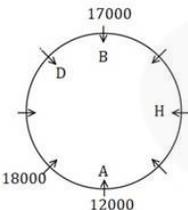


Case 1

Case 2

Take case 1:

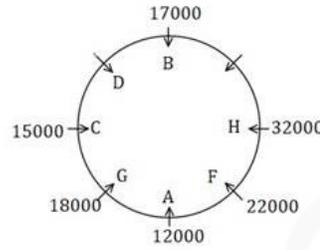
- B earns 17000 and sits immediate left of D.
- Two persons sit between the one who earns 18000 and H.



Case 1

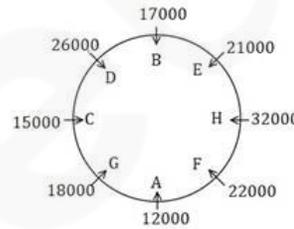
- G and C are neighbours and earn total 33000. So there is two combinations 12,21 and 15,18. We know that A earns 12000 so combination must be 15000 and 18000.

- F earns 4000 more than G. So if G earns 15000 then F must earn 19000 but this salary is not given so G must earn 18000, F must earn 22000 and C must earn 15000.
- F is neighbor of A and the one who earns the highest. So H must earn 32000.



Case 1

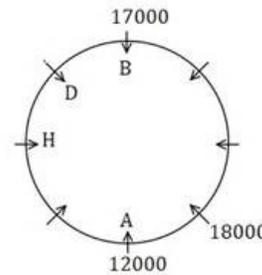
- D earns more than E. So E must earn 21000 and D must earn 26000.
- The one who earns 21000 sits 2nd to the right of the one who earns 18000. So G earns 18000. So this case gets rejected.



Case 1

Take case 2:

- B earns 17000 and sits immediate left of D.
- Two persons sit between the one who earns 18000 and H.



Case 2

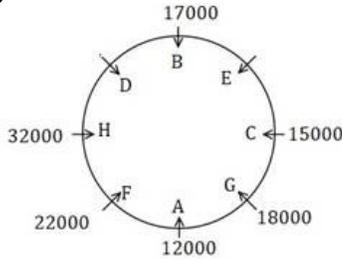
- G and C are neighbours and earn total 33000. So there is two combinations 12,21 and 15,18. We know that A earns 12000 so combination must be 15000 and 18000.
- F earns 4000 more than G. So if G earns 15000 then F must earn 19000 but this salary is not given so G must earn 18000, F must earn 22000 and C must earn 15000.



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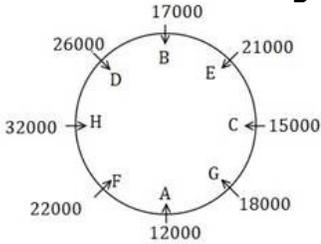
- F is neighbor of A and the one who earns the highest. So H must earn 32000.



Case 2

- D earns more than E. So E must earn 21000 and D must earn 26000.
- The one who earns 21000 sits 2nd to the right of the one who earns 18000. So this case is correct.

Here is the final arrangement:

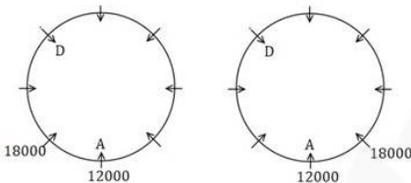


Case 2

C who earns 15000 is sitting exactly between G and E.

25. Ans. B.

- D sits third to the right of A who earns 12000.
- The one who earns 18000 is neighbor of A.

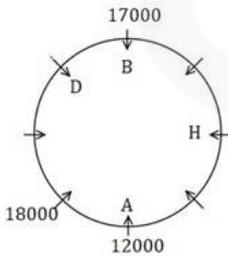


Case 1

Case 2

Take case 1:

- B earns 17000 and sits immediate left of D.
- Two persons sit between the one who earns 18000 and H.

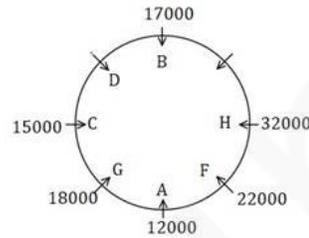


Case 1

- G and C are neighbours and earn total 33000. So there is two combinations 12,21 and 15,18. We know that A earns 12000 so combination must be 15000 and 18000.

- F earns 4000 more than G. So if G earns 15000 then F must earn 19000 but this salary is not given so G must earn 18000, F must earn 22000 and C must earn 15000.

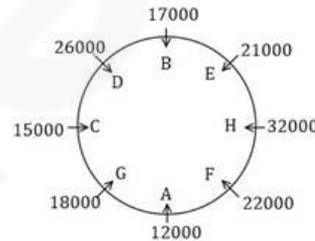
- F is neighbor of A and the one who earns the highest. So H must earn 32000.



Case 1

- D earns more than E. So E must earn 21000 and D must earn 26000.

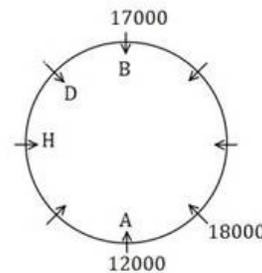
- The one who earns 21000 sits 2nd to the right of the one who earns 18000. So G earns 18000. So this case gets rejected.



Case 1

Take case 2:

- B earns 17000 and sits immediate left of D.
- Two persons sit between the one who earns 18000 and H.



Case 2

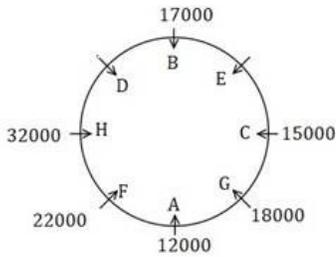
- G and C are neighbours and earn total 33000. So there is two combinations 12,21 and 15,18. We know that A earns 12000 so combination must be 15000 and 18000.



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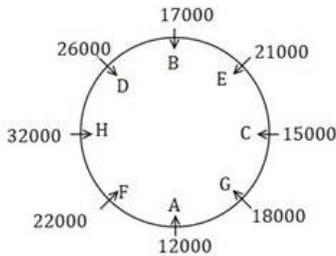
- F earns 4000 more than G. So if G earns 15000 then F must earn 19000 but this salary is not given so G must earn 18000, F must earn 22000 and C must earn 15000.
- F is neighbor of A and the one who earns the highest. So H must earn 32000.



Case 2

- D earns more than E. So E must earn 21000 and D must earn 26000.
- The one who earns 21000 sits 2nd to the right of the one who earns 18000. So this case is correct.

Here is the final arrangement:



Case 2

Only one person is earning more than D.

26. Ans. D.

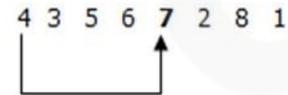
4th to the left of 10th from the right end means (10+4=14) 14th from the right end i.e. 'E'.

27. Ans. B.

There is only one combination (56*) which fulfils the given condition i.e. is immediately preceded by a number and not immediately followed by a letter.

28. Ans. D.

According to the question, the new sequence would be

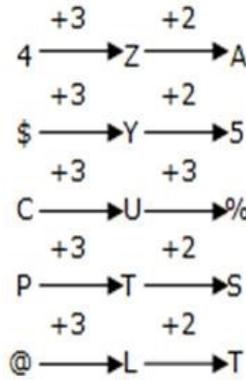


Hence 7 will be the fifth from the left end.

29. Ans. C.

There are two combinations (Z Y A and P L E) which fulfils the given condition i.e. is immediately preceded by a letter and immediately followed by a vowel.

30. Ans. C.

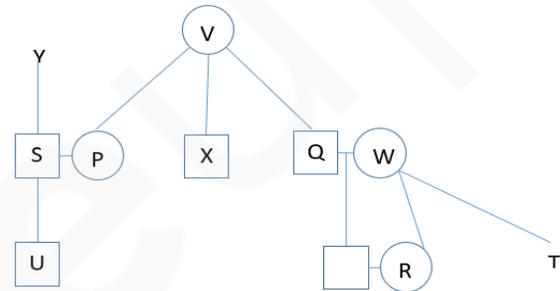


Hence CU% does not belong to that group.

31. Ans. D.

The given information can be shown as below.

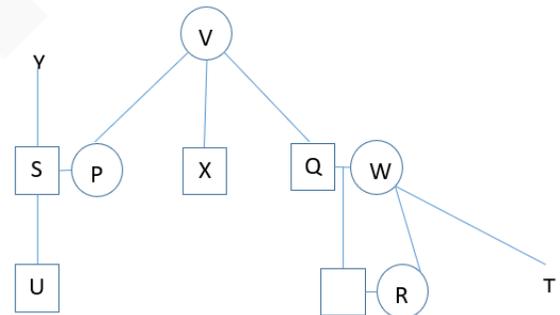
Circle represent female and square represent male.



32. Ans. D.

The given information can be shown as below.

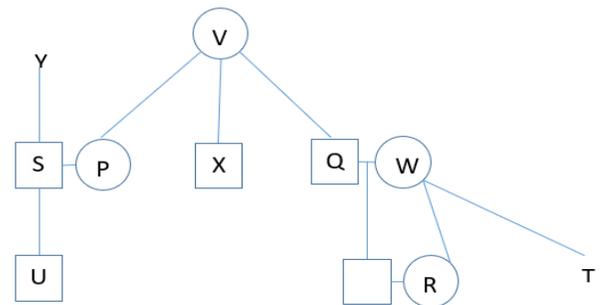
Circle represent female and square represent male.



33. Ans. C.

The given information can be shown as below.

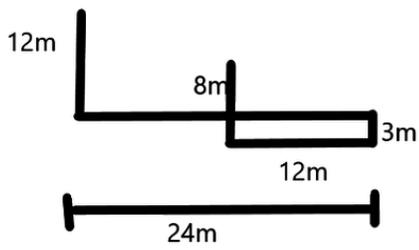
Circle represent female and square represent male.



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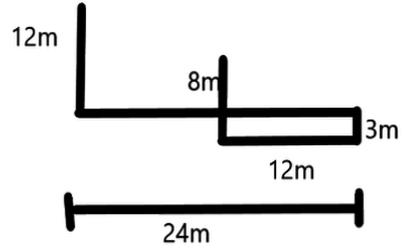
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34. Ans. D.



To travel from point A to point E in shortest possible route will be A → B → E. Hence, option D is correct.

35. Ans. D.



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