



# Indian Bank PO Prelims 2018 Memory Based Paper

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**Directions (1-5):** Study the following information and answer the questions.

In a group of seven friends P, Q, R, S, T, U and V there are four males and three females. Each of them likes different colors viz- Black, Blue, Green, White, Red, Pink and Yellow and each of them belongs to a different countries viz-India, Pakistan, China, Japan, England, France and Russia but not necessarily in the same order. None of the females likes either Black or Pink. R likes Green and she belongs to England. P belongs to France. Q doesn't like White. T like Yellow and belongs to Pakistan. U likes Black and does not belong to India. V likes Pink and belongs to China. The one who likes White belongs to Russia. The one who likes Blue belongs to India. None of the female members belongs to either Pakistan or France.

1. In which of the following color does S like?
 

A. Pink	B. White
C. Blue	D. Green
E. None of these	
2. Which of the following combinations is true?
 

A. R- Green - England - Female	B. P - Red - Pakistan - Male
C. V - Blue- India - Female	D. T - Yellow - Pakistan - Female
E. None of these	
3. Which of the following groups has only female members?
 

A. P R T	B. Q S V
C. R S Q	D. S R T
E. None of these	
4. The one who likes Black, belongs to which of the following country?
 

A. Pakistan	B. England
C. France	D. Japan
E. Can't be determined	
5. Which of the following country does T belong to?
 

A. China	B. Pakistan
C. Japan	D. Can't be determined
E. None of these	

**Direction (6-10):** Read the following information carefully and answer the following questions.

Seven persons A, B, C, D, E, F and G are born in seven different months viz. January, March, May, July, August, October and December of the same year but not in same order. Only four members are born between A and D. A born before D. C is not born on March and January. Two persons born between C and E. C born before E. G born on one of the months after July but before September. F is not born before C.

6. Who is born in the month of January?
 

A. A	B. F
C. B	D. D
E. None of these	
7. Who is born after E?
 

A. Only D	B. Both G and D
C. Only F	D. Only B
E. None of these	
8. Four of them are alike in a certain way and form a group. Which of the following does not belong to that group?
 

A. F-August	B. G-October
C. E-March	D. C-July
E. A-May	
9. Who among the following is born exactly between A and E?
 

A. G	B. F
C. C	D. B
E. None of these	
10. Who is the eldest among all the seven persons?
 

A. D	B. C
C. A	D. B
E. F	

**Directions (11-15):** Study the information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Six students A, B, C, D, E and F of Class 10 has been chosen to be the head of the class for different days of the week starting from Monday to Saturday. The roll number of the students are 17, 18, 20, 21, 23 and 24 not necessarily in the same order.

The head of the class on Wednesday is Student D and on Saturday is B. The student whose roll number is 20 becomes the head of the class on Thursday. Student C becomes the head of the class just after student A. The student with roll number 24 is the next student to become the head of the class after student C. The head of the class on Monday is neither Student E nor F. The difference of roll number of student B and student F is 4. The difference between the roll number of the head of the class on the first day of the week and last day of the week is 1.

11. The student D becomes the head on the class on which day of the week?
 

A. Thursday	B. Friday
C. Wednesday	D. Tuesday
E. None of the above	



12. Name the student who has the 20 roll number and becomes the head of the class on Thursday>
- A. Student E                      B. Student D  
C. Student F                      D. Student A  
E. None of the above
13. What is the sum of the roll number of students who becomes the head of the class on Friday and Saturday?
- A. 41                                  B. 44  
C. 47                                  D. 38  
E. None of the above
14. What is the roll number of the student C who becomes the head of the class on Tuesday?
- A. 18                                  B. 23  
C. 17                                  D. 21  
E. None of the above
15. Which among the following statement is/are true?
- A. Student A becomes the head of the class on Tuesday and he has 18 roll number.  
B. On Friday, Student F who has the roll number of 24 becomes the head of the class.  
C. Student B has the roll number of 18.  
D. The highest roll number belongs to the student who is the head of the class on Wednesday.  
E. None of the above

**Directions (16-20):** Study the following information to answer the given questions.

P, Q, R, S, T, V, X and Y are seated in a straight line facing North. P sits fourth to the left of V. V sits either sixth from the left end of the line or fourth from the right end of the line. S sits second to right of R. R is not an immediate neighbour of V. T and Q are immediate neighbours of each other but neither T nor Q sits at extreme ends of the line. Only one person sits between T and X. X does not sit at the extreme end of the line.

16. What is the position of Q with respect to P?
- A. Fifth to the right      B. Immediate neighbor  
C. Second to right      D. Third to left  
E. None of these
17. Which of the following represents persons seated at the two extreme ends of the line?
- A. P, V                                  B. Y, S  
C. R, V                                  D. Y, P  
E. R, Y
18. How many persons are seated between R and T?
- A. One                                  B. Two  
C. Three                                  D. Four  
E. None

19. If P is related to Q and S is related to T in a certain way, to which of the following would V be related to following the same pattern?
- A. Y                                      B. P  
C. R                                      D. S  
E. X
20. Who amongst the following sits exactly in the middle of the persons who sit second from the left and the person who sits fifth from the right?
- A. V                                      B. Q  
C. T                                      D. S  
E. P

21. **Directions:** In each question below are three statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the three given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the three statements disregarding commonly known facts.

**Statements:**

All stars are planets.  
All planets are moons.  
No moon is a sun.

**Conclusions:**

- I. All stars are suns.  
II. No moon is a star  
A. If only Conclusion I follows.  
B. If only Conclusion II follows.  
C. If either Conclusion I or Conclusion II follows.  
D. If neither Conclusion I nor Conclusion II follows.  
E. If both Conclusions I and II follow.

22. **Direction:** Each question, there are three statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the three given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the three statements disregarding commonly known facts.

**Statements:**

Some computers are keyboards.  
Some keyboards are wires.  
Some wires are switches.

**Conclusions:**

- I. Some computers are switches.  
II. Some wires are computers.  
A. If only Conclusion I follows.



- B. If only Conclusion II follows.  
 C. If either Conclusion I or Conclusion II follows.  
 D. If neither Conclusion I nor Conclusion II follows.  
 E. If both Conclusions I and II follow.
23. **Directions:** In each question below are three statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the three given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the three statements disregarding commonly known facts.
- Statements:**  
 No cap is a hat.  
 All hats are feathers  
 All feathers are papers
- Conclusions:**  
 I. All hats are papers  
 II. All feathers are caps.  
 A. If only Conclusion I follows.  
 B. If only Conclusion II follows.  
 C. If either Conclusion I or Conclusion II follows.  
 D. If neither Conclusion I nor Conclusion II follows.  
 E. If both Conclusions I and II follow.
24. **Directions:** In each question below are three statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the three given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the three statements disregarding commonly known facts.
- Statements:**  
 All nylons are cottons.  
 All cottons are wools.  
 Some wools are polyesters
- Conclusions:**  
 I. Some cottons are polyesters  
 II. Some wools are nylons  
 A. If only Conclusion I follows.  
 B. If only Conclusion II follows.  
 C. If either Conclusion I or Conclusion II follows.  
 D. If neither Conclusion I nor Conclusion II follows.  
 E. If both Conclusions I and II follow.

25. **Directions:** In each question below are three statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the three given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the three statements disregarding commonly known facts.

**Statements:**

All calculators are watches.  
 All phones are watches.  
 All watches are televisions.

**Conclusions:**

- I. All phones are televisions.  
 II. Some televisions are calculators  
 A. If only Conclusion I follows.  
 B. If only Conclusion II follows.  
 C. If either Conclusion I or Conclusion II follows.  
 D. If neither Conclusion I nor Conclusion II follows.  
 E. If both Conclusions I and II follow.

- Directions (26-30):** Read the following information carefully to answer these questions.

- (i) 'A \$ B' means 'A is mother of B';  
 (ii) 'A # B' means 'A is father of B';  
 (iii) 'A @ B' means 'A is husband of B';  
 (iv) 'A % B' means 'A is daughter of B';
26. P @ Q \$ M # T indicates what relationship of P with T?  
 A. Paternal grandmother  
 B. Maternal grandmother  
 C. Paternal grandfather  
 D. Maternal grandfather  
 E. None of these
27. Which of the following expressions indicates 'R is the sister of H'?  
 A. H \$ D @ F # R      B. R % D @ F \$ H  
 C. R \$ D @ F # H      D. H % D @ F \$ R  
 E. None of these
28. If F @ D % K # H, then how is F related to H?  
 A. Brother-in-law  
 B. Sister  
 C. Sister-in-law  
 D. Cannot be determined  
 E. None of these
29. Which of the following expressions indicates 'H is the brother of N'?  
 A. H # R \$ D \$ N  
 B. N % F @ D \$ H # R  
 C. N % F @ D \$ H  
 D. N % F @ D % H  
 E. None of these



30. Q is taller than P. H is not as tall as P. J and R are shorter than H. Who among them is the tallest?  
 A. P  
 B. H  
 C. Q  
 D. Data inadequate  
 E. None of these
31. Consider five people A, B, C, D and E, each having different ages. A is younger than only B. C is older than D. D is not the youngest. Who amongst the following are older than C?  
 A. Only A and B  
 B. Only E, B and A  
 C. Only A and E  
 D. Only E and B  
 E. None of these

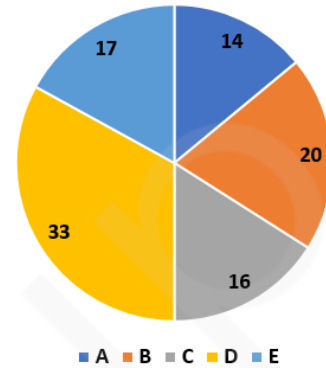
**Directions (32-36):** Study the following arrangement carefully and answer the questions given below:

P 1 % T R A 5 # D M 7 K « E G 2 8 \$ H 3 I 4 V U 6 F ° 9 Z

32. How many such symbols are there in the above arrangement, each of which is immediately preceded by a consonant and also immediately followed by a consonant?  
 A. None  
 B. One  
 C. Two  
 D. Three  
 E. More than three
33. **Direction:** Study the following arrangement carefully and answer the question.  
 M 5 1 % D R # J \* F E N 3 A @ H I © W B P U 8 \$ 2 Q V 4  
 How many such numbers are there in the above arrangement, each of which is immediately preceded by a consonant and immediately followed by a vowel?  
 A. None of these  
 B. One  
 C. Two  
 D. Three  
 E. Four
34. Town D is 12 km towards the North of town A. Town C is 15 km towards the West of town D. Town B is 15 km towards the West of town A. How far and in which direction is town B from town C?  
 A. 15 km towards North  
 B. 12 km towards North  
 C. 3 km towards South  
 D. 12 km towards South  
 E. Cannot be determined
35. Ram walks 20m towards north then he turns to his left and walks 30m. Again, he walks 25m towards north. After that he walks 30m after turning to his right. How far is he from his starting point and in which direction?  
 A. 20m, west  
 B. 45m, north  
 C. 40m, north  
 D. 35m, south  
 E. None of these

36. **Direction:** There is pie chart given in the question. Study the pie chart carefully and answer the following questions:  
 Total number of students in different schools = 25000

Percentage distribution of children in different schools



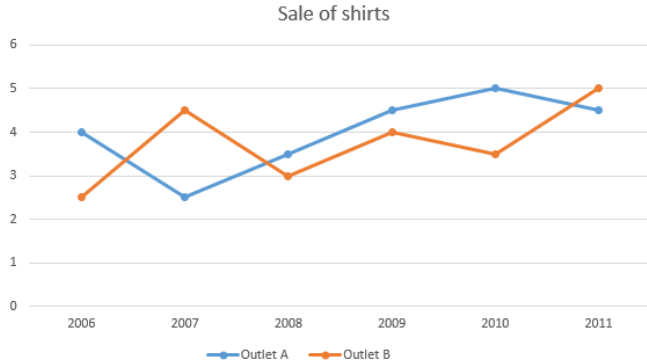
- What is the ratio of number of students in school B and number of teachers in school A, if it is known that there is one teacher per seven students.  
 A. 10:11  
 B. 1:10  
 C. 10:1  
 D. 5:6  
 E. None of these
37. What fraction of total students enrolled in class A, B and C together?  
 A. 1/3  
 B. 2/3  
 C. 1/2  
 D. 1/5  
 E. None of these
38. What is the difference between number of students enrolled in class D and the average number of students enrolled in class A and C together?  
 A. 4500  
 B. 3250  
 C. 8250  
 D. 6500  
 E. None of these
39. If school B is closed down and number of students are equally distributed among remaining schools, what would be the new percentage of students in school D?  
 A. 42  
 B. 36  
 C. 35  
 D. 38  
 E. None of these
40. If 50% students are female in A, B and C. Also in school D ratio of male to female is 2:1 and in school E ratio of female to male is 9:8. Find the percentage of female in the total number of students?  
 A. 41  
 B. 42  
 C. 33  
 D. 45  
 E. None of these



**Directions (41-45):** Refer to the graph and answer the given question.

Data related to number of shirts sold by two outlets A and B during 6 years.

Given below is a line graph between number of shirts sold (in thousands) and their respective years.



41. If the percentage of full sleeves shirts sold by store A in 2008 was 25% and percentage of full sleeves shirt sold by store B was 30% in 2008. Find the percentage by which the number of full sleeves shirts sold by A was more or less than the number of full sleeves sold by B.
- A. 12/5 %                      B. 24/7%
- C. 25/9 %                      D. 26/11%
- E. None of these
42. Find the profit% of store B in 2009 if the manufacturing price of each shirt was Rs. 250, total transportation cost was Rs. 35000 and the selling price per shirt was Rs. 480.
- A. 91.2%                      B. 85.5%
- C. 78%                      D. 82.5%
- E. 84%
43. Find the ration between the number of shirts sold by outlets A and B in 2006 and 2010.
- A. 11 : 16                      B. 12 : 19
- C. 15 : 17                      D. 15 : 19
- E. None of these
44. The selling price of shirts increased by 10% in 2010 from 2009. Find the % increase in earnings of outlet A in 2010.
- A.  $11\frac{2}{3}\%$                       B.  $21\frac{1}{3}\%$
- C.  $22\frac{5}{7}\%$                       D.  $22\frac{2}{9}\%$
- E. None of these
45. The outlets sold three variants of shirts in 2007. Selling price of the three variants were in the order Variant I > Variant III > Variant II. Maximum number of shirts of any variant he could sell was 2000. Number of shirts which were sold by outlet B was in order Variant I > Variant II > Variant III. If the earning was maximized, then how many shirts of variant II did outlet B sell?
- A. 1251                      B. 1249
- C. 2000                      D. 1240
- E. None of these
46. A and B enter into a partnership with capitals in the ratio 7:8 and at the end of 8 months A withdraws. If they receive profits in the ratio of 7:11 find how long B's capital was used?
- A. 9 months                      B. 11 months
- C. 12 months                      D. 8 months
- E. None of these
47. Three years ago, a father's age was 2 years more than 4 times the age of his son. Six years hence, the father's age will be 6 years more than thrice the age of his son. How many years from now, will the sum of their ages be 140 years?
- A. 40 years                      B. 11 years
- C. 22 years                      D. 38 years
- E. None of these
48. A man bought a bike and a car. He sold all of them at 30% profit. Bike is sold at 10% profit. Cost price of Bike is 1/10 of the cost of car. Marked price of a car is Rs. 4,50,000 if he bought bike at a discount of 20% on marked price and car at a discount of 10% on marked price then, what will be the ratio of marked price of bike to the selling price of the car.
- A. 37/264                      B. 25/264
- C. 25/268
- E. None of these
49. 6 litre is taken out from the vessel full of kerosene and substituted by pure petrol. This process is repeated two more times. Finally the ratio of petrol and kerosene in the mixture becomes 1701 : 27. Find the volume of the original solution.
- A. 14 litre                      B. 16 litre
- C. 8 litre                      D. 42 litre
- E. 24 litre



50. P can complete a task in 20 days. After working 5 days, P left the work and Q complete the rest in 12 days. In how many days will P and Q together complete the task?

A. 8  
 B.  $5\frac{2}{9}$  days  
 C.  $3\frac{4}{9}$  days  
 D.  $8\frac{8}{9}$  days  
 E. None of these

51. **Direction:** In the following question, there are two equations. Solve the equations and answer accordingly.

I.  $8x+5y=32$   
 II.  $5x+7y=20$

A.  $x>y$   
 B.  $x$   
 C.  $x\geq y$   
 D.  $x\leq y$   
 E.  $x=y$  or no relationship can be established (CND)

52. **Direction:** In the following question, there are two equations. Solve the equations and answer accordingly.

I.  $20x^2-108x+144=0$   
 II.  $3y^2-16y+21=0$

A.  $x>y$   
 B.  $x<y$   
 C.  $x\geq y$   
 D.  $x\leq y$   
 E.  $x=y$  or no relationship can be established (CND)

53. **Direction:** In the following question, there are two equations. Solve the equations and answer accordingly.

I.  $10x^2-x-119=0$   
 II.  $2y^2-15y+28=0$

A.  $x>y$   
 B.  $x<y$   
 C.  $x\geq y$   
 D.  $x\leq y$   
 E.  $x=y$  OR No relation can be established(CND)

54. **Direction:** In the following question, there are two equations. Solve the equations and answer accordingly:

I.  $x^2-16^2=23^2-56$   
 II.  $y^2-25y+156=0$

A.  $x>y$   
 B.  $x<y$   
 C.  $x\geq y$   
 D.  $x\leq y$   
 E.  $x=y$  OR No relation can be established(CND)

55. **Direction:** In the following question, there are two equations. Solve the equations and answer accordingly:

I.  $6x^2 - x - 2 = 0$   
 II.  $3y^2-4y-4=0$

A.  $x>y$   
 B.  $x<y$   
 C.  $x\geq y$   
 D.  $x\leq y$   
 E.  $x=y$  or no relation can be established(CND)

- Directions (56-60):** Study the following number series carefully and find the missing term.

56. 8, 9, 15, 32, ?, 250.5  
 A. 82.5  
 B. 47.5  
 C. 62.5  
 D. 37.5  
 E. 64.5

57. 2, 5, 9, 42, 98, ?  
 A. 233  
 B. 218  
 C. 221  
 D. 225  
 E. 242

58. 100 100 50 12.5 ?  
 A. 2.5625  
 B. 1.5625  
 C. 3.5625  
 D. 4.5625  
 E. 2.2525

59. 12, 20, 34, 57, ?  
 A. 93.5  
 B. 93  
 C. 93.2  
 D. 93.25  
 E. 94

60. 1023, 987, 915, 807, ?  
 A. 563  
 B. 543  
 C. 636  
 D. 663  
 E. 632

61. **Direction:** A question is given followed by the information in three statements. You have to decide the information in which of the statements is necessary and sufficient to answer the question and mark answer accordingly.

There are two squares P and Q of different sides then what is the area of square P?

I. The side of square Q is 30 cm.

II. The diagonal of square P is twice that of square Q.

A. Data in statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.

B. Data in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.

C. Data either in statement I alone or in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question.

D. Data in both statement I and II together are not sufficient to answer the question.

E. Data in both statement I and II together are necessary to answer the question.

62. **Direction:** A question is given followed by the information in three statements. You have to decide the information in which of the statements is necessary and sufficient to



answer the question and mark answer accordingly.

In how many years, the sum of money will become 6 times when invested at simple interest?

- I. The sum gets doubled in 4 years  
 II. The interest earned in 5 years is one fifth of the sum
- A. I alone  
 B. II alone  
 C. Either I alone or II alone  
 D. Both I and II  
 E. Both I and II are not sufficient

63. **Direction:** A question is given followed by the information in three statements. You have to decide the information in which of the statements is necessary and sufficient to answer the question and mark answer accordingly.

For positive integer  $a$ , is the product  $(a)(a + 1)(a + 2)$  divisible by 48?

(1)  $a$  is even.

(2)  $4a$  is divisible by 32

- A. Statement (1) ALONE is sufficient, but statement (2) alone is not sufficient to answer the question asked  
 B. Statement (2) ALONE is sufficient, but statement (1) alone is not sufficient to answer the question asked  
 C. BOTH statements (1) and (2) TOGETHER are sufficient to answer the question asked, but NEITHER statement ALONE is sufficient  
 D. EACH statement ALONE is sufficient to answer the question asked  
 E. Statements (1) and (2) TOGETHER are NOT sufficient to answer the question asked, and additional data are needed

64. **Direction:** A question is given followed by the information in three statements. You have to decide the information in which of the statements is necessary and sufficient to answer the question and mark answer accordingly.

Two trains A and B start together from a Station Delhi in the same direction. The first train A can cover 2.25 times the distance of second train B in the same time. Half an hour later, a third train C starts from same station and in the same direction. What is the speed of third train C?

(I) Third train C overtakes the first train A exactly 90 minutes after it overtakes the second train B.

(II) Speed of the second train B is 60 Km/hr  
 A. If the question can be answered using First alone but cannot be answered using the second statement.

- B. If the question can be answered using either statement alone  
 C. If the question can be answered using I and II together but not using alone  
 D. If the question cannot be answered even using I and II together  
 E. If the question can be answered using Second alone but cannot be answered using the second statement.

65. **Direction:** A question is given followed by the information in three statements. You have to decide the information in which of the statements is necessary and sufficient to answer the question and mark answer accordingly.

Ram purchased a mobile phone and charger during the sale. What item did he buy at a greater rupees discount?

I. Ram bought the Mobile phone at a 60 % discount.

II. He purchased the charger at 40% discount on the listed price of RS.600

- A. Statement I alone as well as statement II alone is sufficient to answer the question asked.  
 B. Both statements I & II are required to answer the question asked.  
 C. Statement I alone is sufficient to answer the question, but statement II alone is not sufficient.  
 D. The question cannot be answered even by using both statement together.  
 E. Statement I alone is not sufficient to answer the question, but statement II is sufficient.

66. In a race of one kilometre, A gives B a start of 40 meters and still wins by 20 seconds. When A gives B a start of 30 seconds, B wins by 50 meters. The time taken by A to run one kilometre is

- A. 125 seconds                      B. 120 seconds  
 C. 100 seconds                      D. 96 seconds  
 E. None of these

67. Boat A travels downstream from Point X to point Y in 3 hours less than the time taken by Boat B to travel upstream from point Y to point Z. The distance between X and Y is 20 km, which is half of the distance between Y





and Z. The speed of Boat B in still water is 10 km/h and the speed of Boat A in still water is equal to the speed of Boat B upstream. What is the speed of Boat A in still water? (Consider the speed of the current to be the same.)

- A. 10 km/h
- B. 16 km/h
- C. 12 km/h
- D. 8 km/h
- E. 15 km/h

68. Mr Ram spends 20% of his monthly income on household expenditure. Out of the remaining 25% he spends on children's education, 15% on transport, 15% on medicine and 10% on entertainment. He is left with Rs. 5600 after incurring all these expenditures. What is his monthly income?

- A. Rs. 20000
- B. Rs. 25000
- C. Rs. 35000
- D. Rs.28400
- E. None of these

69. A box contains 4 yellow and 8 blue balls. There is another box which contains 5 yellow and 5 blue balls. One ball is to drawn from either of the two box. What is the probability of drawing a yellow ball?

- A. 2/15
- B. 3/14
- C. 5/12
- D. 12/27
- E. 13/14

70. Shyam took certain amount from Ram and the difference between the compound interest and simple interest for two years on that sum at certain rate of interest is 70 Rs. Find the amount if the compound interest for two years is 770 Rs.?

- A. 1400
- B. 1600
- C. 1750
- D. 2000
- E. Cannot be determined.

**Directions (71-77):** Read the following passage carefully and answers the questions given below it.

Delays of several months in National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (NREGS) wage payments and work sites where laborers have lost all hope of being paid at all have become the norm in many states. How are workers who exist on the margins of subsistence supposed to feed their families? Under the scheme, workers must be paid within 15 days, failing which they are entitled, to compensation under the Payment of Wages Act –up

to ₹ 3000 per aggrieved worker. In reality, compensation is received in only a few isolated instances. It is often argued by officials that the main reason for the delay is the inability of banks and post offices to handle mass payments of NREGS wages. Though there is a grain of truth in this, as a diagnosis it is misleading. The 'jam' in the banking system has been the result of the hasty switch to bank payments imposed by the Central Government against the recommendation of the Central Employment Guarantee Council which advocated a gradual transition starting with villages relatively close in the nearest bank. However, delays are not confined solely to the banking system. Operational hurdles include implementing agencies taking more than fifteen days to issue payment orders, viewing of work measurement as a cumbersome process resulting in procrastination by the engineering staff and non maintenance of muster rolls and job card etc. But behind these delays lies a deeper and deliberate 'backlash' against the NREGS. With bank payments making it much harder to embezzle NREGS funds, the programme is seen as a headache by many government functionaries the workload has remained without the 'inducements". Slowing down wage payments is a convenient way of sabotaging the scheme because workers will desert NREGS worksites.

The common sense solution advocated by the government is to adopt the business correspondent model. Where in bank agents will go to villages to make cash payments and duly record them on handheld, electronic devices. This solution is based on the wrong diagnosis that distance separating villages from banks is the main issue. In order to accelerate payments, clear timelines for every step of the payment process should be incorporated into the system as Programme Officers often have no data on delays and cannot exert due pressure to remedy the situation. Workers are both clueless and powerless with no provision for them to air their grievances and seek redress. In drought affected areas the system of piece rate work can be dispensed with where work measurement is not completed within a week and wages may be paid on the basis of attendance. Buffer funds can be provided to gram panchayats and post offices to avoid bottlenecks in the flow of funds. Partial advances could also be considered provided wage payments are meticulously tracked. But failure to recognize problems and unwillingness to remedy them will remain main threats to the NREGS.



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71. What impact did late wage payments have on NREGS workers?
- A. They cannot obtain employment till their dues are cleared.
  - B. They have benefited from the compensation awarded to them.
  - C. They have been unable to provide for their families.
  - D. They have been ostracised by their families who depend on them for sustenance.
  - E. None of the above
72. Which of the following factor(s) has not been responsible for untimely payment of NREGS wages?
- A. Communication deals between agencies implementing the scheme
  - B. Improper record keeping
  - C. Payments by banks
  - D. Draught conditions prevalent in the country
  - E. Delays in work measurement
73. What has been the outcome of disbursing NREGS wages through banks?
- A. Theft of funds by administration officials responsible for the scheme has reduced.
  - B. Increased work load for local government officials
  - C. Protests by workers who have to travel long distances to the nearest bank to claim their wages
  - D. Time consuming formalities have to be completed by workers
  - E. None of the above
74. According to the passage, which of the following has/have been the consequence (s) of delayed wage payments?
- (A) Compensation to victimised workers has amounted to crores.
  - (B) Banks will no longer be entrusted with remitted wages.
  - (C) Regulations to ensure punctual wage payments have come into force.
- A. None of these
  - B. Only (A)
  - C. (A) and (C)
  - D. (A) and (B)
  - E. All (A),(B) and (C)
75. To which of the following has the author attributed the delay in wage payments?
- A. Embezzlement of funds by corrupt bank staff
  - B. Lack of monitoring by the Central Employment Guarantee Council
  - C. An attempt to derail the NREGS by vested interests
  - D. Overworked bank staff deliberately delay payments to protest against extra work
  - E. Engineers efforts to wreck the NREGS because of low wages
76. Which of the following is NOT true in context of the passage?
- (A) Workers are reluctant to open bank accounts as branches are not conveniently located.
  - (B) Local officials often delay wage payments in drought prone areas to benefit workers.
  - (C) The Government has not implemented every recommendation of the Central Employment Guarantee Council.
- A. Only (B)
  - B. (A) and (B)
  - C. (B) and (C)
  - D. (A) and (C)
  - E. All of those
77. Which of the following can be considered a deficiency in the NREGS?
- A. Lack of co-ordination among Programme Officers
  - B. Local officials are unaware of correct operational procedures
  - C. Workers have no means of obtaining redressal for untimely wage payments.
  - D. Disbursing wages through banks instead of readily accessible post offices.
  - E. The Central Employment Guarantee Council is reluctant to award compensation to workers.
78. **Direction:** In the following question, a part of the sentence is bold. Five alternatives to the bold part are given at (A), (B), (C) and (D) which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E) i.e. No correction required.  
Kindly ask his advice **regarding the various health** insurance policies presently available.
- A. regard for the various health
  - B. regarding the various healthy
  - C. over regard of various health
  - D. about various health
  - E. No correction required



79. **Direction:** In the following question, a part of the sentence is bold. Five alternatives to the bold part are given at (A), (B), (C) and (D) which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E) i.e. No correction required.

In order to **earning decent living** we need to have a good job which pays a substantial amount of money.

- A. earned decency life
- B. earning decency live
- C. earn a decent living
- D. earned decently life
- E. No correction required

80. **Direction:** In the following question, a part of the sentence is bold. Five alternatives to the bold part are given at (A), (B), (C) and (D) which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E) i.e. No correction required.

TISCO had begun to produce steel in the early twentieth century, but the Commissioner of the Indian Railways had sworn to 'eat every pound of steel Rail' they made, **if it were to meet British specifications.**

- A. if it ever met British Specifications
- B. as it never ever met British Specifications
- C. provided if it were to meet British Specifications
- D. unless it were to meet British Specifications
- E. No correction required

81. **Direction:** In the following question, a part of the sentence is bold. Five alternatives to the bold part are given at (A), (B), (C) and (D) which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E) i.e. No correction required.

If the complaint is not addressed within thirty days, bring the matter **to notice** the RBI customer service department.

- A. before noticing
- B. will be noticed by
- C. through its notice of
- D. to the notice of
- E. No correction required

82. **Direction:** In the following question, a part of the sentence is bold. Five alternatives to the bold part are given at (A), (B), (C) and (D) which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case the given sentence

is correct, your answer is (E) i.e. No correction required.

**Increasing investment in** technology will certainly help to reduce costs in the long run

- A. Increased investment in
- B. An increase investment of
- C. With increase invested in
- D. By increase investment of
- E. No correction required

83. **Direction:** In the following question, a part of the sentence is bold. Five alternatives to the bold part are given at (A), (B), (C) and (D) which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E) i.e. No correction required.

When he fell down the ditch, he shouted with all his might **so that to catch** someone's attention.

- A. such that to catch
- B. so as to catch
- C. so that to catching
- D. so then to catch
- E. No correction required

84. **Direction:** Two sentences with one blank in each, followed by five alternatives, are given. Choose that option as the answer which can fill both the blanks of both the sentences.

A) Literature is an imperishable and veritable \_\_\_\_\_ where all weapons of wit and irony are stored.

B) The youth are the \_\_\_\_\_ of all that is vital and strength-giving in life.

- A. collection B. godown
- C. depository D. heap
- E. assemble

85. **Direction:** Two sentences with one blank in each, followed by five alternatives, are given. Choose that option as the answer which can fill both the blanks of both the sentences.

A) Although it usually irritated her husband, the wife's \_\_\_\_\_ ways came in handy when there was a crisis to handle.

B) The \_\_\_\_\_ Spartans continued to conquer all that surrounded them until their defeat by Meanders in 356 B.C

- A. berserk B. bombast
- C. domineering D. palliative
- E. tortuous

86. **Direction:** Two sentences with one blank in each, followed by five alternatives, are given. Choose that option as the answer which can fill both the blanks of both the sentences.



- A) Despite knowing her financial status, Rina spends a large part of her monthly salary on \_\_\_\_\_ purchases she never uses.
- B) Silly and \_\_\_\_\_ arguments had cost them their beautiful relationship.
- A. despondent                      B. frivolous  
C. zealot                              D. garble  
E. haggard
87. **Direction:** Two sentences with one blank in each, followed by five alternatives, are given. Choose that option as the answer which can fill both the blanks of both the sentences.
- A) To ensure that all legal obligations are met, Tom must review every paragraph of the contract for \_\_\_\_\_.
- B) Because we expected the president to have a great sense of \_\_\_\_\_, we were all shocked when his wrongdoings became public knowledge.
- A. serendipity                      B. propriety  
C. zenith                              D. strut  
E. usury
88. **Direction:** Two sentences with one blank in each, followed by five alternatives, are given. Choose that option as the answer which can fill both the blanks of both the sentences.
- A) The draft report recommends measures to directly \_\_\_\_\_ the living conditions of the poor and vulnerable, such as social protection floors.
- B) These numbers are continuing to rise as we speak, and it seems that the solution is beyond our current ability to \_\_\_\_\_ this catastrophe.
- A. tarnish                              B. control  
C. vitiate                              D. ameliorate  
E. aggravate
89. **Direction:** In each question below, four words printed in bold type are given. These are numbered (A), (B), (C) and (D). One of these words printed in bold may either be wrongly spelt or inappropriate in the context of the sentence. Find out the word that is inappropriate or wrongly spelt, if any. The number of that word is your answer. If all the words printed in bold are correctly spelt and appropriate in the context of the sentence, then mark E. i.e. 'All correct' as your answer.
- Despite** (A)/ the **obviously** (B)/ **advantages**, (C)/ is it really **worth-while** to invest in the device? (D). / No error (E)
- A. A                                      B. B  
C. C                                      D. D  
E. No error
90. **Direction:** In each question below, four words printed in bold type are given. These are numbered (1), (2), (3) and (4). One of these words printed in bold may either be wrongly spelt or inappropriate in the context of the sentence. Find out the word that is inappropriate or wrongly spelt, if any. The number of that word is your answer. If all the words printed in bold are correctly spelt and appropriate in the context of the sentence then mark (5) i.e. 'All Correct', as your answer.
- He was **badly** 1)/ **shaken** by 2)/ the **news** 3)/ of her **dead**. 4)/ All correct 5)
- A. 1                                      B. 2  
C. 3                                      D. 4  
E. 5
91. **Direction:** In each question below, four words printed in bold type are given. These are numbered (1), (2), (3) and (4). One of these words printed in bold may either be wrongly spelt or inappropriate in the context of the sentence. Find out the word that is inappropriate or wrongly spelt, if any. The number of that word is your answer. If all the words printed in bold are correctly spelt and appropriate in the context of the sentence then mark (5) i.e. 'All Correct', as your answer.
- To save his own **skull** 1)/ he lied and **blamed** 2)/ the **accident** 3)/ on his **friend**. 4)/ All correct 5)
- A. 1                                      B. 2  
C. 3                                      D. 4  
E. 5
92. **Direction:** In each question below, four words printed in bold type are given. These are numbered (1), (2), (3) and (4). One of these words printed in bold may either be wrongly spelt or inappropriate in the context of the sentence. Find out the word that is inappropriate or wrongly spelt, if any. The number of that word is your answer. If all the words printed in bold are correctly spelt and appropriate in the context of the sentence then mark (5) i.e. 'All Correct', as your answer.
- He **has** 1)/ **refrain** from 2)/ **criticizing** the 3)/ **government** in the public.4)/ All correct 5)
- A. 1                                      B. 2  
C. 3                                      D. 4  
E. 5



93. **Direction:** In each question below, four words printed in bold type are given. These are numbered (1), (2), (3) and (4). One of these words printed in bold may either be wrongly spelt or inappropriate in the context of the sentence. Find out the word that is inappropriate or wrongly spelt, if any. The number of that word is your answer. If all the words printed in bold are correctly spelt and appropriate in the context of the sentence then mark (5) i.e. 'All Correct', as your answer.

Only the **golkeeper's** 1)/ **reflexes** stopped 2)/ the **ball** 3)/ from **going in.** 4)/ All correct 5)

- A. 1                                B. 2  
C. 3                                D. 4  
E. 5

94. **Direction:** In each question below a sentence with our words printed in bold type is given. These are numbered as (1), (2), (3) and (4). One of these four words printed in bold may be either wrongly spelt or inappropriate in the context of the sentence. Find out the word which is wrongly spelt or inappropriate if any. The number of that word is your answer. If all the words printed in bold are correctly spelt and also appropriate in the context of the sentence, mark (5) i.e. 'All correct' as your answer.

**Most** projects are (1)/ **delayed** because of (2)/ the **absents** of (3)/proper **planning.** (4)/ All correct (5)

- A. 1                                B. 2  
C. 3                                D. 4  
E. 5

95. **Direction:** In each question below, four words printed in bold type are given. These are numbered (1), (2), (3) and (4). One of these words printed in bold may either be wrongly spelt or inappropriate in the context of the sentence. Find out the word that is inappropriate or wrongly spelt, if any. The number of that word is your answer. If all the words printed in bold are correctly spelt and appropriate in the context of the sentence then mark (5) i.e. 'All Correct', as your answer.

The **completion** of (1)/the **tunnel** has (2)/ been **held** up (3)/ **owning** to a strike(4)/. All correct (5)

- A. 1                                B. 2  
C. 3                                D. 4  
E. 5

96. **Direction:** In the following question, the first and the last parts of a sentence/passage are numbered (1) and (6) The rest of the sentence/passage is split into four parts and named P, Q, R and S. These parts are not given in their proper order. Read the sentence/passage and find out which of the four combinations is correct.

1) We were taking tea at the Rathna Tea stall. P. We found a tourist bus which had just rammed into a tamarind tree on the road side.

Q. We rushed out of the tea stall.

R. We helped the passengers to come out of the bus.

S. Suddenly we heard a Loud noise followed by cry for help.

6) We informed the hospital and also the police about the accident.

A. SQPR

B. QSRP

C. PRSQ

D. RSQP

E. SPRQ

97. **Direction:** In the following question, the first and the last parts of a sentence/passage are numbered (1) and (6) The rest of the sentence/passage is split into four parts and named P, Q, R and S. These parts are not given in their proper order. Read the sentence/passage and find out which of the four combinations is correct.

1) According to NASA meteor expert Bill Cooke, the Perseids are perhaps the most popular meteor shower of the year.

P. In 2017, the Perseids will be a little more difficult to see due to the presence of the moon, which will be three-quarters full and will rise shortly before the shower hits its peak around midnight local time.

Q. Typical rates are about 80 meteors an hour, but in outburst years (such as in 2016) the rate can be between 150-200 meteors an hour.

R. The meteor shower's actual peak is around 1 p.m. EDT Aug. 12, which means that the night before and the night after will both have good rates; Cooke said the show would be slightly better in the predawn hours of Aug. 12, but that there'd be a decent show both nights.

S. "Rates will be about half what they would be normally, because of the bright moonlight," Cooke told Space.com.



6) "Instead of 80 to 100, [there will be] 40 to 50 per hour. And that's just because the moon's going to wash out the fainter ones." "But the good news is that the Perseids are rich in fireballs; otherwise the moon would really mess with them," Cooke added.

- A. SPQR                      B. QSRP  
C. QRPS                      D. PRSQ  
E. PQRS

98. **Direction:** In the following question, the first and the last parts of a sentence/passage are numbered (1) and (6) The rest of the sentence/passage is split into four parts and named P, Q, R and S. These parts are not given in their proper order. Read the sentence/passage and find out which of the four combinations is correct.

1) Persuading children to eat vegetables is hardly a new struggle, nor would it seem to rank high on the list of global priorities.

P. Not surprising because two-thirds of American adults are overweight.

Q. In an age of plenty, individuals have the luxury of eating what they like.

R. It has become an issue of national concern.

S. Yet America, for all its libertarian ethos is now worrying about how its citizens eat, how much exercise they take.

6) Public health is a growing concern in America.

- A. RSQP                      B. QPSR  
C. SPQR                      D. PRSQ  
E. QSRP

99. **Direction:** In the following question, the first and the last parts of a sentence/passage are numbered (1) and (6) The rest of the sentence/passage is split into four parts and named P, Q, R and S. These parts are not given in their proper order. Read the sentence/passage and find out which of the four combinations is correct.

1) In the twentieth century, John Maynard Keynes has been the most important scholar working in the tradition of the classical political economists.

P. But his interest, like theirs, was in the analysis of the great issues of his day, the greatest of which in the inter-war period was not growth but unemployment, a problem so acute at the time that in desperation, the Germans turned to Hitler and to fascism.

Q. The very future of Western democracies was placed at risk.

R. Keynes was concerned not just to understand unemployment intellectually, but to put forward practical suggestions as to how the problem could be solved.

S. This does not mean that he agreed with everything they wrote.

6) He believed fervently that, for all its faults, Western liberal democracy offered the best hope for the world, and he saw himself working to save it.

- A. SRQP                      B. QPRS  
C. QRSP                      D. SPQR  
E. SPRQ

100. **Direction:** In the following question, the first and the last parts of a sentence/passage are numbered (1) and (6) The rest of the sentence/passage is split into four parts and named P, Q, R and S. These parts are not given in their proper order. Read the sentence/passage and find out which of the four combinations is correct.

1) "We have many bones to show you," promised Kamoya as we unpacked the belly of the plane.

P. I joked, and we all laughed at the improbable prospect.

Q. "You will like the hominids."

R. I knew I would.

S. "Skeletons?"

6) With evening upon us, we drank beer by the mess tent; the darkness fell quickly, as it always does this close to the equator.

- A. QRSP                      B. PQRS  
C. SQPR                      D. RSQP  
E. PRSQ

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